

**SIXTY-THIRD DAY - APRIL 23, 2019**  
**LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL**  
**ONE HUNDRED SIXTH LEGISLATURE**  
**FIRST SESSION**

**SIXTY-THIRD DAY**

Legislative Chamber, Lincoln, Nebraska  
Tuesday, April 23, 2019

**PRAYER**

The prayer was offered by Pastor Kim Dunker, Geneva Methodist Church, Exeter.

**ROLL CALL**

Pursuant to adjournment, the Legislature met at 9:00 a.m., President Foley presiding.

The roll was called and all members were present except Senator Hilgers who was excused; and Senators Bolz, Hilkemann, Kolowski, Linehan, Morfeld, Pansing Brooks, Stinner, and Walz who were excused until they arrive.

**CORRECTIONS FOR THE JOURNAL**

The Journal for the sixty-second day was approved.

**RESOLUTION(S)**

Pursuant to Rule 4, Sec. 5(b), LRs 84 and 85 were adopted.

**PRESIDENT SIGNED**

While the Legislature was in session and capable of transacting business, the President signed the following: LRs 84 and 85.

**ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OPINION**

Opinion 19-005

SUBJECT:           Constitutionality of LB 183 as amended – Taxation of Agricultural and Horticultural Land at Fifty Percent of Actual Value for School District Bond Purposes.

REQUESTED BY: Senator Tom Briese  
Nebraska Legislature

WRITTEN BY Douglas J. Peterson, Attorney General  
L. Jay Bartel, Assistant Attorney General

### INTRODUCTION

LB 183, as amended by AM158 and AM517, proposes to amend the statutes governing valuation of property for taxation to provide that, for purposes of school district taxes levied to pay principal and interest on bonds, agricultural and horticultural land and land receiving special valuation will be valued at fifty percent of its actual value. The bill would also amend the acceptable range for agricultural and horticultural land and land receiving special valuation to forty-four to fifty percent of actual value for school district taxes levied to pay the principal and interest on bonds. These provisions would apply only to school district bonds issued on or after the operative date of the act.

Your request does not articulate a specific constitutional issue to be addressed, or identify any particular constitutional provision the bill may contravene. As it pertains to the valuation of agricultural and horticultural land for property tax purposes, we will limit our consideration to whether the bill, as amended, may violate the uniformity requirements in Neb. Const. art. VIII, §1.

### ANALYSIS

Neb. Const. art. VIII, § 1, provides, in part:

Notwithstanding Article I, section 16, Article III, § 18, or Article VIII, § 4, of this Constitution or any other provision of the Constitution to the contrary: (1) Taxes shall be levied by valuation uniformly and proportionately upon all real property and franchises as defined by the Legislature except as otherwise provided in or permitted by this Constitution; . . .

\* \* \*

(4) the Legislature may provide that agricultural land and horticultural land, as defined by the Legislature, shall constitute a separate and distinct class of property for purposes of taxation and may provide for a different method of taxing agricultural land and horticultural land which results in values that are not uniform and proportionate with all other real property and franchises but which results in values that are uniform and proportionate upon all property within the class of agricultural and horticultural land; (5) the Legislature may enact laws to provide that the value of land actively devoted to agricultural and horticultural use shall for property tax purposes be that value which such land has for

agricultural or horticultural use without regard to any value such land has for other purposes or uses; . . . .

Agricultural land and horticultural land is "a separate and distinct class of property for purposes of taxation . . . ." and is "valued for taxation at seventy-five percent of its actual value." Neb. Rev. Stat. § 77-201(2) (2018). Agricultural land and horticultural land that "meets the qualifications for special valuation . . ." is also a "separate and distinct class of property for purposes of taxation . . ." and is "valued for taxation at seventy-five percent of its special value . . ." Neb. Rev. Stat. § 77-202(3) (2018). All other real property that is not expressly exempt from taxation "shall be subject to taxation and shall be valued at its actual value." Neb. Rev. Stat. § 77-202(1) (2009). LB 183 would amend § 77-201(2) and (3) to provide that agricultural and horticultural land, and land qualified for special valuation, would be valued at fifty percent of its actual value for school district taxes levied to pay the principal and interest on bonds issued on or after the operative date of the act.

For statewide equalization purposes, the "acceptable range" for agricultural land and horticultural land is "sixty-nine to seventy-five percent of actual value." Neb. Rev. Stat. § 77-5023(2)(a) (2018). The acceptable range for agricultural and horticultural land receiving special valuation is "sixty-nine to seventy-five percent of special valuation . . ." Neb. Rev. Stat. § 77-5023(2)(b) (2018). For all other real property, the acceptable range is "ninety-two to one hundred percent of actual value." Neb. Rev. Stat. § 77-5023(2)(c) (2018). LB 183 would amend § 77-5023(2) to provide that the acceptable range for agricultural and horticultural land and land receiving special valuation is forty-four to fifty percent of actual value for school district taxes levied to pay the principal and interest on bonds issued on or after the effective date of the act.

The language in Article VIII, § 1(4), authorizing the separate classification and taxation of agricultural and horticultural land, was added by a constitutional amendment proposed by the Legislature in 1989 and approved by the voters in 1990. 1989 Neb. Laws LR 2CA. In *Krings v. Garfield County Bd. of Equal.*, 286 Neb. 352, 361, 835 N.W.2d 750, 76 (2013) ["*Krings*"], the Nebraska Supreme Court, discussing the effect of the amendment, stated:

The amendment clearly provided that although values of agricultural and horticultural land were to be uniform and proportionate within the class, they were not required to be uniform and proportionate with the value of other real property. Because the language of this provision, article VIII, § 1(4) is clear, it is not open to construction.

\* \* \*

[A]fter the amendments to article VIII, § 1, and the enactment of statutes pursuant to authority providing for a different method of taxing

agricultural and horticultural land, the constitution does not require uniformity between the class of agricultural and horticultural land and other types of real estate. Therefore, it is no longer required or proper to equalize the value of nonagricultural land with the value of agricultural and horticultural land. Equalization is still required within the class of agricultural and horticultural land, because the constitution still requires uniformity within that class.

*Krings* recognized that the 1990 constitutional amendment authorized the Legislature to separately classify agricultural and horticultural land, and provide a different method of taxing such land. The Court further found that the constitution, and enabling legislation, no longer required that agricultural and horticultural land be valued and taxed uniformly with other real property, although uniformity is required within the class of agricultural and horticultural land.<sup>1</sup>

Under LB 183 as amended, agricultural and horticultural land, and land qualified for special valuation, would be valued at fifty percent of its actual value for school district taxes levied to pay the principal and interest on bonds issued on or after the operative date of the act. In addition, the acceptable range for statewide equalization purposes for agricultural and horticultural land and land receiving special valuation would be reduced to forty-four to fifty percent of actual value for school district taxes levied to pay the principal and interest on bonds issued on or after the effective date of the act. For property taxes levied for other purposes, agricultural and horticultural land, and land qualified for special valuation, would be valued at seventy-five percent of its actual value, with the acceptable range falling between sixty-nine and seventy-five percent of actual value.

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<sup>1</sup> The Legislature is authorized to provide for the "special valuation" of agricultural and horticultural land under Neb. Const. art. VIII, § 1(5), which states "the Legislature may enact laws to provide that the value of land actively devoted to agricultural or horticultural use shall for property tax purposes be that value which such land has for agricultural or horticultural use without regard to any value which such land might have for other purposes or uses . . . ." The legislation initially implementing this constitutional provision reveals the intent of the "special valuation" or "Greenbelt" amendment was to protect farmers and ranchers owning land near urban areas from being taxed on the speculative market value of the land for potential non-agricultural use. *See Committee Statement on LB 359*, 83<sup>rd</sup> Leg., 1<sup>st</sup> Sess. (1973) ("[T]his bill provides for special assessment for agricultural purposes within agricultural use zones...for...the owner or such land in rural-urban fringe areas subject to high valuations because of nearby residential and industrial developments."). The Legislature currently allows the special valuation of "[a]gricultural or horticultural land which has an actual value . . . reflecting purposes or uses other than agricultural or horticultural purposes or uses . . . ." Neb. Rev. Stat. § 77-1344(1) (2018).

LB 183 is limited to reducing the value of agricultural and horticultural land, including land subject to special valuation, to fifty percent only for purposes of property taxes levied to payment of school district bonds issued after the bill's operative date. There is no question that the Legislature is constitutionally authorized to separately classify agricultural and horticultural land and value such land in a manner that is not uniform in relation to other real property. By limiting its effect to property taxes levied for payment of school district bonds, and establishing a different level of value for property taxes levied on agricultural and horticultural land for this purpose alone, it could be argued that the bill goes beyond the Constitution's intent to allow the Legislature to separately classify agricultural and horticultural land for taxation and establish a non-uniform method of valuing such land. LB 183 establishes a different value for agricultural and horticultural land for one purpose (taxes levied to pay school district bonds) than the value used for all other property tax purposes. While it is true that this results in uniform taxable levels of value of agricultural and horticultural land for these different purposes, there is no precedent for creating such different levels of value within the class of agricultural and horticultural land based on the purpose for which property taxes are levied. Given the broad authority granted the Legislature to tax and value agricultural and horticultural land in a way that results in values that are not uniform with other real property, however, we cannot say that LB 183 as amended clearly violates art. VIII, § 1.<sup>2</sup>

Very truly yours,  
DOUGLAS J. PETERSON  
Attorney General  
(Signed) L. Jay Bartel  
Assistant Attorney General

pc Patrick J. O'Donnell  
Clerk of the Nebraska Legislature

07-1255-29

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<sup>2</sup> The uniformity clause also requires that taxes be levied at the same rate on property throughout the taxing district. *Sarpy County Farm Bureau v. Learning Community of Douglas*, 283 Neb. 212, 246, 808 N.W.2d 598, 622 (2012). We understand that, while the tax rate required for school bond payment purposes under LB 183 will be impacted if agricultural and horticultural land, including land subject to special valuation, is valued at only fifty percent of actual value, the rate would be the same for all taxable real property and thus uniform throughout the school district.

**SELECT FILE**

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 177.** Senator Erdman renewed his amendment, FA50, found on page 1238.

Pending.

**AMENDMENT(S) - Print in Journal**

Senator Wayne filed the following amendment to LB496:  
AM1430

(Amendments to Standing Committee amendments, AM787)

- 1 1. On page 2, line 31; and page 3, line 24, after "classification"
- 2 insert "or a violation of a city or village ordinance".
- 3 2. On page 3, line 6, strike beginning with "I" through "felony" and
- 4 insert "II felony or a higher classification".

**SELECT FILE**

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 428.** ER77, found on page 1159, was adopted.

Advanced to Enrollment and Review for Engrossment.

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 31.** ER79, found on page 1159, was adopted.

Advanced to Enrollment and Review for Engrossment.

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 31A.** Advanced to Enrollment and Review for Engrossment.

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 638.** ER78, found on page 1159, was adopted.

Advanced to Enrollment and Review for Engrossment.

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 556.** ER67, found on page 1114, was adopted.

Advanced to Enrollment and Review for Engrossment.

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 556A.** Advanced to Enrollment and Review for Engrossment.

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 252.** ER71, found on page 1131, was adopted.

Advanced to Enrollment and Review for Engrossment.

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 304.** ER73, found on page 1131, was adopted.

Advanced to Enrollment and Review for Engrossment.

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 698.** Senator Bostelman offered his amendment, AM1288, found on page 1243.

The Bostelman amendment was adopted with 35 ayes, 0 nays, 9 present and not voting, and 5 excused and not voting.

Advanced to Enrollment and Review for Engrossment.

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 616.** ER81, found on page 1165, was adopted.

Speaker Scheer requested to pass over LB616.

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 585.** ER82, found on page 1176, was adopted.

Senator Friesen offered his amendment, AM1419, found on page 1207.

The Friesen amendment was adopted with 30 ayes, 0 nays, 14 present and not voting, and 5 excused and not voting.

Advanced to Enrollment and Review for Engrossment.

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 641.** ER83, found on page 1176, was adopted.

Senator McDonnell withdrew his amendment, AM1397, found on page 1197.

Senator McDonnell offered his amendment, AM1421, found on page 1209.

The McDonnell amendment was adopted with 29 ayes, 0 nays, 15 present and not voting, and 5 excused and not voting.

Advanced to Enrollment and Review for Engrossment.

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 663.** Advanced to Enrollment and Review for Engrossment.

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 445.** ER68, found on page 1118, was adopted.

Advanced to Enrollment and Review for Engrossment.

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 222.** Advanced to Enrollment and Review for Engrossment.

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 180.** Advanced to Enrollment and Review for Engrossment.

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 23.** Considered.

Advanced to Enrollment and Review for Engrossment.

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 356.** ER75, found on page 1157, was adopted.

Senator Friesen offered his amendment, AM1325, found on page 1185.

The Friesen amendment was adopted with 30 ayes, 0 nays, 14 present and not voting, and 5 excused and not voting.

Advanced to Enrollment and Review for Engrossment.

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 6.** ER74, found on page 1158, was adopted.

Advanced to Enrollment and Review for Engrossment.

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 524.** Advanced to Enrollment and Review for Engrossment.

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 405.** Advanced to Enrollment and Review for Engrossment.

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 130.** ER55, found on page 956, was adopted.

Senator DeBoer offered her amendment, AM1107, found on page 1031.

The DeBoer amendment was adopted with 30 ayes, 0 nays, 15 present and not voting, and 4 excused and not voting.

Advanced to Enrollment and Review for Engrossment.

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 130A.** Advanced to Enrollment and Review for Engrossment.

#### **GENERAL FILE**

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 600.** Title read. Considered.

#### **SPEAKER SCHEER PRESIDING**

Senator Bolz offered her amendment, AM1241, found on page 1120.

The Bolz amendment was adopted with 26 ayes, 0 nays, 20 present and not voting, and 3 excused and not voting.

Advanced to Enrollment and Review Initial with 30 ayes, 0 nays, 16 present and not voting, and 3 excused and not voting.



**PRESIDENT FOLEY PRESIDING**

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 460.** Title read. Considered.

Committee AM1211, found on page 1099, was offered.

Senator Howard offered the following amendment to the committee amendment:

AM1396

(Amendments to Standing Committee amendments, AM1211)

- 1 1. On page 9, lines 4 and 5, strike "other than a family child care
- 2 home I" and insert "required to be licensed under the Child Care
- 3 Licensing Act".

The Howard amendment was adopted with 39 ayes, 0 nays, 7 present and not voting, and 3 excused and not voting.

The committee amendment, as amended, was adopted with 40 ayes, 0 nays, 6 present and not voting, and 3 excused and not voting.

Advanced to Enrollment and Review Initial with 38 ayes, 0 nays, 8 present and not voting, and 3 excused and not voting.

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 460A.** Title read. Considered.

Advanced to Enrollment and Review Initial with 36 ayes, 0 nays, 10 present and not voting, and 3 excused and not voting.

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 184.** Senator Wayne withdrew his motion, MO35, found on page 1005, to indefinitely postpone pursuant to Rule 6, Sec. 3(f).

Title read. Considered.

Committee AM1252, found on page 1138, was adopted with 32 ayes, 1 nay, 13 present and not voting, and 3 excused and not voting.

Advanced to Enrollment and Review Initial with 35 ayes, 1 nay, 10 present and not voting, and 3 excused and not voting.

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 700.** Senator Wayne withdrew his motion, MO36, found on page 1006, to indefinitely postpone pursuant to Rule 6, Sec. 3(f).

Title read. Considered.

Committee AM1098, found on page 1086, was offered.

Pending.

**COMMITTEE REPORT(S)**

Enrollment and Review

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 610.** Placed on Select File with amendment.  
ER90 is available in the Bill Room.

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 155.** Placed on Select File with amendment.  
ER89

1 1. In the Brewer amendment, AM1380, on page 5, line 31; and page 6,  
2 line 14, strike the new matter and reinstate the stricken matter.  
3 2. On page 1, line 2, strike "section 70-1014.02" and insert  
4 "sections 70-1014.02 and 70-1015"; in line 3 strike "eliminate" and  
5 insert "change"; and in line 4 after the semicolon insert "to harmonize  
6 provisions;" and strike "section" and insert "sections".

(Signed) Julie Slama, Chairperson

**COMMITTEE REPORT(S)**

Government, Military and Veterans Affairs

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 123.** Placed on General File.

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 267.** Placed on General File with amendment.  
AM1245

1 1. Strike the original sections and insert the following new  
2 sections:  
3 Section 1. Section 23-120, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is  
4 amended to read:  
5 23-120 (1) The county board (a) shall, pursuant to a two-thirds  
6 majority vote, acquire, purchase, construct, renovate, remodel, furnish,  
7 equip, add to, improve, or provide a suitable courthouse, jail, and other  
8 county buildings and a site or sites therefor, and (b) may, pursuant to a  
9 two-thirds majority vote and a declaration by resolution that an  
10 emergency exists, repair, retrofit, reconstruct, or replace any bridge  
11 owned by the county which is (i) destroyed or damaged as a result of a  
12 natural disaster for which a federal disaster declaration was issued by  
13 the President of the United States or (ii) designated as scour critical  
14 or structurally deficient pursuant to Department of Transportation  
15 standards, and for such purposes borrow money and issue the bonds of the  
16 county to pay for the same. Agreements entered into under section  
17 25-412.03 shall be deemed to be in compliance with this section. The  
18 board shall keep such buildings and bridges in repair and provide  
19 suitable rooms and offices for the accommodation of the several courts of  
20 record, Nebraska Workers' Compensation Court or any judge thereof,  
21 Commissioner of Labor for the conduct and operation of the state free  
22 employment service, county board, county clerk, county treasurer, county  
23 sheriff, clerk of the district court, county surveyor, county  
24 agricultural agent, and county attorney if the county attorney holds his  
25 or her office at the county seat and shall provide suitable furniture and

26 equipment therefor. All such courts which desire such accommodation shall  
27 be suitably housed in the courthouse.

1 (2) No levy exceeding (a) two million dollars in counties having in  
2 excess of two hundred fifty thousand inhabitants, (b) one million dollars  
3 in counties having in excess of one hundred thousand inhabitants and not  
4 in excess of two hundred fifty thousand inhabitants, (c) three hundred  
5 thousand dollars in counties having in excess of thirty thousand  
6 inhabitants and not in excess of one hundred thousand inhabitants, or (d)  
7 one hundred fifty thousand dollars in all other counties shall be made  
8 within a one-year period for any of the purposes specified in subsection  
9 (1) of this section without first submitting the proposition to a vote of  
10 the people of the county at a general election or a special election  
11 ordered by the board for that purpose and obtaining the approval of a  
12 majority of the legal voters thereon.

13 (3)(a) The county board of any county in this state may, when  
14 requested so to do by petition signed by at least a majority of the legal  
15 voters in the county based on the average vote of the two preceding  
16 general elections, make an annual levy of not to exceed seventeen and  
17 five-tenths cents on each one hundred dollars upon the taxable value of  
18 all the taxable property in the county for any of the purposes specified  
19 in subsection (1) of this section.

20 (b) If a county on the day it first initiates a project for any of  
21 the purposes specified in subsection (1) of this section had no bonded  
22 indebtedness payable from its general fund levy, the county board may  
23 make an annual levy of not to exceed five and two-tenths cents on each  
24 one hundred dollars upon the taxable value of all the taxable property of  
25 the county for a project or projects for any of the purposes specified in  
26 subsection (1) of this section without the filing of a petition described  
27 in subdivision (3)(a) of this section. The county board shall designate  
28 the particular project for which such levy shall be expended, the period  
29 of years, which shall not exceed twenty, for which the tax will be levied  
30 for such project, and the number of cents of the levy for each year  
31 thereof. The county board may designate more than one project and levy a  
1 tax pursuant to this section for each such project, concurrently or  
2 consecutively, as the case may be, if the aggregate levy in each year and  
3 the duration of each levy will not exceed the limitations specified in  
4 this subsection. Each levy for a project which is authorized by this  
5 subdivision may be imposed for such duration specified by the county  
6 board notwithstanding the contemporaneous existence or subsequent  
7 imposition of any other levy or levies for another project or projects  
8 imposed pursuant to this subdivision and notwithstanding the subsequent  
9 issuance by the county of bonded indebtedness payable from its general  
10 fund levy.

11 Sec. 2. Original section 23-120, Reissue Revised Statutes of  
12 Nebraska, is repealed.

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 337.** Placed on General File with amendment.

AM971

1 1. On page 2, line 1, strike "The" and insert "Except as otherwise  
 2 provided in subsection (2) of this section, the".  
 3 2. On page 3, line 13, after "(2)" insert "The office shall not be  
 4 required to include information described in subsection (1) of this  
 5 section for any agency which (a) had less than five million dollars in  
 6 expenditures of federal funds in each of the previous three fiscal years,  
 7 (b) had expenditures of federal funds which were less than twenty-five  
 8 percent of the total expenditures for the agency for each of the previous  
 9 three fiscal years, or (c) remains eligible to participate in and  
 10 receives federal student financial aid under Title IV of the federal  
 11 Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended.  
 12 (3)".

(Signed) Tom Brewer, Chairperson

**UNANIMOUS CONSENT - Add Cointroducer(s)**

Unanimous consent to add Senator(s) as cointroducer(s). No objections. So ordered.

Senator Hunt name added to LB517.

**VISITOR(S)**

Visitors to the Chamber were students and teachers from Maywood and Hayes Center; Isaac Else from Belvidere; students from Betz Elementary School, Bellevue; Senator Arch's son, Nicholas Arch, daughter-in-law, Shannon Arch, and grandchildren, Brooklyn and Preston Arch, from Indianapolis, IN; students from Sterling Public Schools; and students from St. Paul's Lutheran School, Plymouth.

**RECESS**

At 11:50 a.m., on a motion by Senator Vargas, the Legislature recessed until 1:30 p.m.

**AFTER RECESS**

The Legislature reconvened at 1:30 p.m., President Foley presiding.

**ROLL CALL**

The roll was called and all members were present except Senator Hilgers who was excused; and Senators Bolz, Brandt, Briese, Clements, Dorn, Erdman, Groene, B. Hansen, Hilkemann, Linehan, McDonnell, Morfeld, Pansing Brooks, Stinner, Vargas, Wayne, and Wishart who were excused until they arrive.

**MESSAGE(S) FROM THE GOVERNOR**

April 22, 2019

Mr. President, Speaker Scheer  
and Members of the Legislature  
State Capitol  
Lincoln, NE 68509

Dear Mr. President, Speaker Scheer and Members of the Legislature:

This letter is to inform you that the request for confirmation of the appointment of Dustin Hoefs as a member of the Nebraska Niobrara Council is respectfully withdrawn.

Sincerely,  
(Signed) Pete Ricketts  
Governor

**GENERAL FILE**

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 700.** Committee AM1098, found on page 1086 and considered in this day's Journal, was renewed.

Senator Bostelman offered the following motion:  
MO66  
Bracket until April 24, 2019.

Senator Bostelman withdrew his motion to bracket.

Pending.

**BILL ON FIRST READING**

The following bill was read for the first time by title:

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 538A.** Introduced by Lathrop, 12.

A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to appropriations; to appropriate funds to aid in carrying out the provisions of Legislative Bill 538, One Hundred Sixth Legislature, First Session, 2019.

**AMENDMENT(S) - Print in Journal**

Senator Brewer filed the following amendment to LB411:  
AM1379 is available in the Bill Room.

**GENERAL FILE**

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 478.** Title read. Considered.

Committee AM1216, found on page 1174, was offered.

**SPEAKER SCHEER PRESIDING**

The committee amendment was adopted with 36 ayes, 0 nays, 9 present and not voting, and 4 excused and not voting.

Advanced to Enrollment and Review Initial with 37 ayes, 0 nays, 8 present and not voting, and 4 excused and not voting.

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 595.** Senator Wayne withdrew his motion, MO31, found on page 1005, to indefinitely postpone pursuant to Rule 6, Sec. 3(f).

Title read. Considered.

Committee AM1164, found on page 1175, was adopted with 38 ayes, 0 nays, 6 present and not voting, and 5 excused and not voting.

Advanced to Enrollment and Review Initial with 38 ayes, 0 nays, 6 present and not voting, and 5 excused and not voting.

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 96.** Title read. Considered.

Committee AM497, found on page 704, was adopted with 36 ayes, 0 nays, 8 present and not voting, and 5 excused and not voting.

Advanced to Enrollment and Review Initial with 37 ayes, 0 nays, 7 present and not voting, and 5 excused and not voting.

**VISITOR(S)**

Visitors to the Chamber were Jack Snyder from Lincoln; students from Ackerman Elementary School, Millard; students from Crete Middle School; Judy Templeman from Windsor, CO; students from Allen Consolidated Schools; students, teacher, and sponsors from Kimball Public School; and students from Wood River Rural Elementary School.

The Doctor of the Day was Dr. David Hoelting from Pender.

**ADJOURNMENT**

At 4:44 p.m., on a motion by Senator Vargas, the Legislature adjourned until 9:00 a.m., Wednesday, April 24, 2019.

Patrick J. O'Donnell  
Clerk of the Legislature