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of life, you were a being that was an unborn child?

SENATOR FOLEY: That's right, and that gets right to the heart of what is discussed in every embryology textbook that's used, not only at the University of Nebraska, but other textbooks used across the country, that there has to be a beginning for each of us. And that beginning is the moment of fertilization, when the male sperm unites with the female ovum, or egg, to perform...to form a single cell, 46 chromosomes. That is the beginning of a new human life.

SENATOR STUTHMAN: Okay, thank you, Senator Foley. And I'll return the balance of my time to the Chair.

SENATOR CUDABACK: Thank you, Senator Stuthman. Further discussion? There are no lights on. Senator Chambers, the Chair recognizes you to close on your motion to reconsider the vote taken on FA199.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: Thank you, Mr. President, members of the Legislature. I think that what Senator Foley did was to put his foot in it, but in order that I'm clear on what he responded to Senator Stuthman, I'm going to ask him a question or two. Senator Foley,...

SENATOR CUDABACK: Senator Foley.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: ...at what time in your stage of development were you an unborn child, the earliest stage?

SENATOR FOLEY: I came into being when my father's sperm united with my mother's ovum to perform...to form a single cell.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: Okay.

SENATOR FOLEY: At that point, I began.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: Were you a full-fledged human being then?

SENATOR FOLEY: Yes.