

TRANSCRIPT PREPARED BY THE CLERK OF THE LEGISLATURE
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FLOOR DEBATE

May 26, 2005

LB 645

just trying to make certain that nobody expressly, impliedly, lawfully or otherwise, presumptively proceeds to offer any of those services until we get the study.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: What courts say is that when Legislatures enact laws and the wording is changed to an existing law, or adds something, that enactment by the Legislature means something.

SENATOR CUDABACK: Time, Senator Chambers.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: Is that...was that my third time?

SENATOR CUDABACK: It was, Senator.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: Okay.

SENATOR CUDABACK: Senator Beutler. This will be your third time also.

SENATOR BEUTLER: Senator Brashear, I had come to the end, really, of what I wanted to ask about. But...

SENATOR CUDABACK: Senator Brashear.

SENATOR BEUTLER: ...have you taken a look yourself, or have a sense of whether you feel comfortable that the consumer is either protected by the degree of competition that is in fact existent around the state? Or do our regulatory laws need any adjustments to provide that kind of interplay between government on behalf of the consumer and regulated industries? I mean, I'm trying to look at the big picture. And these four categories are extremely broad, confusing to most of us older guys, and probably confusing to younger people, too, because they're in such a rapid state of evolution. And maybe we're doing well to step aside and let all of this develop without getting government much involved, for a while or permanently. But historically, with these kinds of technologies that require heavy investment, there has eventually come to be seen a need for some sort of interplay with virtual monopoly situations, in order to come to a just balance between consumers and virtual