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SENATOR BEUTLER: I'd like to talk about this,...

SENATOR CUDABACK: You may continue, Senator Beutler.

SENATOR BEUTLER: ...in terms of some specific example, but maybe that's not possible to do today.

SENATOR LANDIS: You may like to hear...oh, wait a second. I do have the testimony of those who wanted to maintain the existing rule, if you'd like to see it or if you'd like me to read it.

SENATOR BEUTLER: For the example, or for the definition?

SENATOR LANDIS: You want some more time?

SENATOR BEUTLER: I'm sorry. Did I run out of time, Senator Cudaback?

SENATOR CUDABACK: It's your time. It's your time, Senator Beutler. And this is your third time.

SENATOR BEUTLER: Pardon me? Okay. I think my light was on again, Senator Landis, so please go on.

SENATOR LANDIS: Let me read you some of the thing...some of the material that was given to the committee. Transactions covered by Articles 2 and 2A involve individuals and nonmerchants. Revised Article 1 would apply the same good faith standard to merchants and nonmerchants, holding both merchants and others assumed to have knowledge of commercial reasonableness to a more expansive definition of "good faith" than it does nonmerchants and others assumed not to have knowledge of commercial reasonableness. We would argue that the conduct of such parties is not readily amenable to the establishment of reasonable commercial standards, because no well-defined customs and practices exist. For example, let's assume that I sign a contract to purchase a lawn mower from a local Lincoln merchant, and under the contract, I agree to make monthly payments, maintain the mower for the duration of the payment period, and to promptly notify the merchant of any nonroutine maintenance needs that arise for the duration of the expressed warranty that