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SENATOR FRIEND: Well, I don't...

SENATOR CHAMBERS: John...

SENATOR FRIEND: What was that? Are you messing with me, or is that...?

SENATOR CHAMBERS: ...Smith.

SENATOR FRIEND: I did not know that.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: That's what was...thank you. That's what put Patton over the deep end. Why give a child a last name for a middle name? George Smith Patton. And he never got over it. And he didn't live a long time. But Erwin Rommel was not a puppet for Hitler. But I say again, if he was, whatever could put in him that notion that there should not be racial discrimination among soldiers, I wish they would have bottled it up and sold it to the Americans over here, who were segregating the army. And when black soldiers were assigned guard duty over Nazis and Fascists, Germans and Italians, and they were going on the train, the Nazis and the Fascists rode in the white compartments of the train, and the black soldiers rode in the segregated parts. When they...

SENATOR CUDABACK: One minute.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: ...took them through the south--and they did have some prisoner of war camps down there--the black soldiers had to stand outside the restaurant while the white Nazis and the Italian Fascists went inside and ate with the white people. That is a fact. That creates some degree of bitterness. So I wish that whatever Rommel had as a military man, they could have given it to the military of the United States. The army of the military of the United States was not even technically and formally integrated or desegregated until 1948. Is that when it was? Truman did it? Because he just wanted to shake up some people. But they did not, in fact, desegregate the army. And I hope that that certain nameless person will get his facts straight, and not from some unknown writer, before he disparages