

TRANSCRIPT PREPARED BY THE CLERK OF THE LEGISLATURE
Transcriber's Office
FLOOR DEBATE

February 5, 2004 LB 906

each client, comply with other standards adopted and promulgated by the board in rules and regulations. Section 36 requires licensure of all body art facilities. And in order to maintain licensure in good standing, body art facilities must comply at all times with the act and rules and regulations adopted and promulgated by the...under the act, and then also notify the department at least 30 days in advance of any changes in ownership, name, address, and within one week after permanently closing the facility, except in an emergency. It would also not permit anyone other than appropriate licensed, registered persons to perform body art. And they would also comply with all safety, sanitation, sterilizing standards; permit any agent of the department to conduct an inspection at business hours without prior notice. Section 39 provides licenses of body art facilities expire and need to be renewed on March 31 of each odd-numbered year. A facility cannot be renewed unless the facility has attained a rating of satisfactory on its most recent operation inspection. Section 40 provides that a body art facility license attaches only to the owner or owners of the premise of the...on the licensee...or on, excuse me, on the license. Then Section 45 provides that an unprofessional conduct under the act, if a person violates any rule, regulation relating to the practice or instruction or practice of body art, and two, performs body art on any person under the age of 18 without meeting the requirements of the section of the amendment. Section 47 provides anyone performing body art on or on any person under 18 without the prior written and notarized consent of the person's parent or court-appointed guardian, the person must...the person giving consent must be present during the procedure, and the written permission and copy of the letters of the guardianship when permission is given by a guardian. Section...also underneath that section, there is, a violation of that act would be a Class III misdemeanor. Section 48 provides the bill does authorize a person performing body art piercing to implant or embed foreign objects into the human body or otherwise to engage in the practice of medicine and surgery...it doesn't authorize a person to do that. The amendment also permits the governing body of a county, city, or village to impose further requirements on the performance of body art, or the operation of body art facility that are at least as stringent or more stringent than those of the act.