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SENATOR CUDABACK: Thank you.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: Senator Brashear, I have seen various places in the bill where it will specify the nature of the offense. For example, on page 12, Section 14, it says a permit holder who violates subsection (1) or subsection (2) of Section 11 of this act, and other provisions that are specified, is guilty of a Class III misdemeanor, and so forth. A permit holder who violates Section (sic) (3) of Section 11 of this act is guilty of a Class I misdemeanor. When it comes to Section 12, listing the places where a person may not carry one of these weapons, is there a specific offense that this would constitute, and what would be the labeling of that offense? I just may have been unable to find it.

SENATOR BRASHEAR: Senator Chambers,...

SENATOR CHAMBERS: Yes.

SENATOR BRASHEAR: ...I am reliably informed that the offenses under Section 12 are cross-referenced to Section 14 on page 12 where it says, "of this act or Section 12," in line 23.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: Oh, all right. Thank you. Thank you, Senator Brashear, and I want to give thanks to that very efficient Judiciary Committee staff. The next question I don't think Senator Brashear could answer because I can't answer it. How is a determination made that a person is not carrying a concealed weapon at a school-sponsored activity or athletic event? Is everybody who comes to the football game going to be frisked, or the basketball game, or the concert? How will that determination be made? Or will it be made only after one of these weapons is produced or drops from a handbag or falls out of somebody's clothes? This language is not as protective of the public as it might appear, and people who carry guns have the type of temperament and disposition which I think would cause them to disregard these restrictions.

SENATOR CUDABACK: One minute.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: They, thereby, would cease to be these