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SENATOR SYNOWIECKI: And that's the information I've received from the probation officers that I've discussed this with and my reading of the bill, does not give them any insulation whatsoever from potential civil liability with regard to their decision making under the administrative sanction provisions, right.

SENATOR BEUTLER: Okay. And in the short 30 seconds that I have left, I might ask Senator Brashear to take a look at the definition of substance abuse violation on page 18, and I want to ask further questions about that. Does an activity associated with the use of a chemical substance, I assume that can be the use of various chemical substances--cocaine, heroin, whatever--as determined by testing that can be done under a probation program,...

SENATOR CUDABACK: Time.

SENATOR BEUTLER: ...or...

SENATOR CUDABACK: Thank you, Senator Beutler. (Visitors introduced.) Mr. Clerk, item on the desk.

CLERK: Mr. President, Senator Brashear would move to amend the committee amendments with AM1002. (Legislative Journal page 1035.)

SENATOR CUDABACK: Senator Brashear, to open on your amendment to the committee amendments.

SENATOR BRASHEAR: Thank you, Mr. Speaker, members of the body. The amendment to the committee amendment relates to the probation fees and parole fees, and the "waiverability" of those fees when there is an undue hardship or an indigency that exists. The amendment specifies that the fees shall be waived when there is an undue hardship that exists. In addition, there's a clarification made by providing that a parolee who is unable to pay parole fees, because he or she is financially unable to do so, shall not be incarcerated because of nonpayment, nor shall their parole be revoked. In other words,