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people who fight those, but a traffic ticket, when you are found guilty and you file an appeal timely, no action is taken against you. Everything stays where it is because there is no final judgment of guilt.

SENATOR CUDABACK: It's your time now, Senator Chambers.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: Thank you, Mr. President. So if you have not been finally determined guilty, why should the punishment be imposed? I'd like to ask Senator Bromm a question. Senator Bromm, when a person...

SENATOR CUDABACK: Senator Bromm, will you yield?

SPEAKER BROMM: Yes.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: ...does file an appeal of one of these matters to the court, these cases are not expedited, are they, on appeal?

SPEAKER BROMM: No.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: So we don't know how long it would take for this matter to go through the appeals process, do we?

SPEAKER BROMM: No.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: Let's say that it goes to the district court and the district court rules against the person. Then you can appeal from the district court to the Court of Appeals, probably, rather than it going to the state Supreme Court.

SPEAKER BROMM: Probably, yes.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: And if there was some kind of issue of law, then the Supreme Court could take it and look at the matter itself. But in any case, there is an amount of time that's going to elapse before a final determination comes in. Let's say after you wind up going through your appeals and the Appellate Court is where it goes, and the Appellate Court reverses it, finding errors here, there, everywhere, during all