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any money with that. So every sheriff that has a district court, and they all do, as far as I know, is paying those costs, even though in most cases there's no real need. With juveniles you also, when you're transporting them you have a constant expense, and some of them are transported over fairly good distances. This is a serious problem and I think LB 652 is a good solution, and I want to tell Senator Thompson that I appreciate very much her working with me on LB 850. That having been said, I think we're going to have to come back another year, if this depends on my vote, because I'm going to vote to sustain the Governor's veto. It is a lot of money, it's \$8 million, it's about 25 percent of the total, pardon me, 33 and 1/3 percent of the total amount that was vetoed, and here again it's a matter, I think, of in the interim hoping to work with the Governor's Office and see if it can be included in his budget next year. The costs are not going to be one penny less, they'll probably be more, because the longer we put off this problem the higher the cost is going to be when we finally do address it. It's with a great deal of reluctance that I vote to sustain the Governor's veto, but I think it has to be done, and I'm sorry about that. But I think again we have to maintain some balance in the equation, and because of that I'm going to ask you, please, vote to sustain the veto, vote against overriding the veto on this measure. Thank you.

SENATOR CUDABACK: Thank you, Senator Tyson. Senator Hudkins.

SENATOR HUDKINS: Thank you, Mr. President and members of the body. The general rule in the juvenile justice system is that the counties are responsible for the cost of "preadjudication" detention, and the state is responsible for the costs after adjudication, except if there are no monies, if the parents don't have enough money, if there are no private funds or other public funds then it falls upon the counties to appropriate a reasonable sum to take care of the care, custody, education and maintenance. Well, in recent years, however, the amount of state funding has remained relatively constant and the number of juvenile cases has been rising dramatically. But why should the state ever find other ways for funding, because they know that under the present circumstances the counties have to do it. The burden of covering these additional costs has fallen on the counties to do. Potential...a prior speaker said that