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by allowing them to know that these products are contained. Now, all gasoline is going to contain a certain amount of these products. This amendment calls for the amount at which the gasoline would need to be labeled to be above 25 percent, which is a guideline that will be in...eventually be in...required federally under the values as they're phased in at the federal level, that it would be at 25 percent. But currently the range of aromatics is between 30 and 50 percent, with the average being 36 percent. And so this amendment calls for anything over 20 percent (sic--25) to be labeled. I will read you from the...and this is in all deference to Senator Chambers, who read to us earlier today. And since he read to us, I thought maybe he would like to be...have the response, the opportunity to hear his statements read to us. Mr. Chairman and members of the Legislature, this is truly a friendly amendment. I have talked to Senator Schmitt and others who have an interest in the bill. All this does is require the labeling of fuel dispensing pumps to indicate whether they have ethanol, methanol, or a combination of the substances, or any other type of mixture. And it makes the violation an infraction, which is the mildest type of punishment you can have, because in the end it is not to punish but to get to the labeling. In order that people will have time to be aware that this is in the law, it will not take effect, this particular provision, until January 1st, 1986. So I'm asking you that you return the bill and attach the amendment. Now, in my amendment that requires the labeling for these aromatic hydrocarbons that are carcinogens, I am having the enactment not take place until March 1st of next year, so that we would have time, if there were an outcome that we have not anticipated by virtue of having this labeling, that we could address it early in the session next year. But I do think that if we are going to move forward with the banning of MTBE, which we all know is a problem for groundwater, and by virtue of that ban we are going to have more additions to the gasoline that we have sold in Nebraska that are carcinogens, that are chemicals that cause genetic mutations, that we ought to have that, in the same way that we let people know that they're buying ethanol, we need to let them know that they're purchasing something that has these aromatic hydrocarbons in them. And so that is the purpose of the amendment. As I said, it has the safeguards of the date to become effective, and that the amount, as compared...in Senator Chambers' amendment on ethanol, it was any product that