

TRANSCRIPT PREPARED BY THE CLERK OF THE LEGISLATURE
Transcriber's Office

April 5, 2000

LB 1330

CLERK: 25 ayes, 0 nays, Mr. President, on the committee amendments.

SENATOR CUDABACK: The committee amendments are adopted.

CLERK: Mr. President, Senator Raikes would move to amend the bill. Oh, Senator, I have a note you want to withdraw this? Okay. Thank you.

SENATOR CUDABACK: It is withdrawn.

CLERK: Mr. President, Senator Chambers, your first amendment, Senator. (FA371, Legislative Journal page 1547.)

SENATOR CUDABACK: Senator Chambers, to open on...

SENATOR CHAMBERS: Mr. President...

SENATOR CUDABACK: ...FA372 (sic).

SENATOR CHAMBERS: Thank you. Mr. President and members of the Legislature, this is an amendment to strike the emergency clause. The reason they want this emergency clause is so that this bill will take effect as soon as it's enacted by the Legislature, if that were to happen. What they are attempting to do with this bill is to go back and revive a bill, a piece of legislation that was enacted into law. Now, to be quite frank, there is a question in my mind as to whether a provision of law can be "unsunsetted" after the sunset date has passed. But they were not too unwise in the way they drafted the Micron bill. This is the final language in the law. Quote, and this comes from Section 77-4935: the qualification...oh, the Quality Jobs Act terminates on February 1, 1997, if no applications have been approved prior to such date. Some applications were approved, so this following paragraph comes into play. Quote: there shall be no project applications filed on or after February 1, 2000, without further authorization of the Legislature, except that all project applications and all projects...project agreements pending, approved, or entered into before such date shall continue in full force and effect. So they drafted it in such a way that even after that date has passed the Legislature can cause additional time to be granted through authorization. My