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Unless you pass that one high stakes test, you cannot practice law. It doesn't matter if you have gotten your degree from the law school. And you know what? I haven't heard any complaints from law professors about the fact that there is only one test. They seem very comfortable with that system, and I think most of the public is comfortable with that system because they want to know that when they hire an attorney that the attorney knows the law, that they all know the same general body of law. And they're not so concerned about whether all the multiple tests that they took while they were in school are there in place. They want to know if that person passed the bar exam. If you want to practice medicine, you take the state boards. Why? Because when they take a scalpel to your body, you want to know that they know every single part that goes into that body and into that surgery. You want a guarantee that they know their business. Is that high stakes? Yes, it is. Is it tough? Absolutely, and I don't think the public wants it any other way. If you want to be a CPA, you take an exam, four-part exam. It's tough. Do you know why? Because when you hire someone to fill out your income taxes, you don't want to think that they only got 76 percent of the blanks filled in correctly. You want to be sure that every line that they fill in on your income tax is correct so that you are not in trouble with the IRS. When we give a driver's license in the state of Nebraska, we take the same test throughout the state, and I guess there are three or four different versions but they are all very similar and they all follow the same rules and set the same standards. Why? Because we all drive on the same roads and we want to make sure we're all following the same rules. If you want to sell real estate in the state of Nebraska, you take an exam and you must pass it or you can't sell real estate. I am somewhat concerned when I hear all of the opposition to having one test because it doesn't bother me at all. Marva Collins is a person, a teacher, who started a school in Chicago. It was an inner city school. The students that came to her school were disadvantaged economically. They came from single-parent homes. They didn't have a good situation and they didn't have a lot of money or a lot of things. She started her school in one bedroom in her home, and when she was informed that she would have to take a test, you would have thought that she'd be very concerned because her students probably couldn't measure up to all the advantages that kids had in other schools. But do you know what