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policy by this state and other states to restrict the number of licenses to sell alcohol by requiring an individual not simply to go to some outlet and say, I want to purchase a license, but by requiring individuals to go through certain hoops before obtaining a license? Does that show society's intent to regulate or limit the number of such licenses?

SENATOR JANSSEN: There, yes, anyone wishing a liquor license has to get the approval of the Liquor Commission, for one.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: So if you were a holder of such license, such a license, I could not just observe the amount of clientele you have going in and out, egressing and exiting, ingressing and egressing, and decide that this is where I can make some money so I decide to just open a storefront next to you and sell liquor. I could not do that legally, could I?

SENATOR JANSSEN: No, Senator Chambers, you would have to obtain a license first and you would all...one of the...one of the things that would prohibit you from having a liquor license would be if you ever had any felony conviction.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: But if I had no felony convictions, I still couldn't just decide to open a store next to yours and start selling liquor, could I?

SENATOR JANSSEN: No, you have to have a license.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: Could you, as a licensee, authorize me to sell liquor under your license in a store next door to yours?

SENATOR JANSSEN: I'm not sure of that, Senator Chambers. I think you have to have a license for each location.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: So that gives the license holder a privilege that a "nonholder" would not have. Is that true?

SENATOR JANSSEN: That's true.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: And that benefits that license holder and shields him or her from competition which otherwise might develop if just anybody could decide to open a liquor