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SENATOR CHAMBERS: Well, answer it however you need to.

SENATOR LANDIS: Okay. The theory of a multiplier is this, that...those dollars that come into the community are spent, in the first instance, by the person who comes into the community, and then they go into the pockets of people here.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: Um-huh.

SENATOR LANDIS: And those people here spend those dollars as well, a second, and third, and fourth time. When they're spent a second, third, and fourth time, there's also a tax that was collected there as well, because those are public taxable exchanges. The multiplier is applied to the first instance, because those dollars will be spent a second, third, and fourth time in the community, and this is a way of recognizing that. You talk about it as if we were putting money into the pot as if it came out from a different place and it was not for this purpose. I think...the multiplier, I think, is a better...better characterized as saying this is the way of capturing the multiple tax collections that are attributable to the first exchange which occurred by somebody attending one of these conventions.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: Now, let me stop you at that point, because I'm not sure that I'm following.

SENATOR LANDIS: Okay.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: Let's say this tax amount is at \$6, so we have a figure.

SENATOR LANDIS: Okay.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: That \$6 goes into the pot. Instead of it going into the General Fund where state tax money would go, this goes...

SENATOR LANDIS: It goes into the General Fund, it goes into the General Fund.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: And then it goes into the pot?