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only look at how successful the efforts of the federal government have been in this regard and what they've done to assist the state in improving the system. And, as I said before, since 1991, when wage withholding was instituted, we have increased child support collections in this state from \$30 million to \$120 million. Think of the number of families that are now receiving assistance that weren't. And so I choose to construe it as whether we're going to live up to our part of the bargain when we accepted the money. And if we don't want this system that has improved so dramatically, and if we are so sure that there are going to be problems, then don't take the money. Don't take the money. Don't put your hand out and say, give me the money, federal government, and then say, how dare you expect that I'm going to live up to certain criteria. Now as far as some of the issues that have been raised about the study and about the impact to the court system, this is not about enforcement. The reason that county attorneys were not included in the study is because there's no change. The same amount of federal money that currently goes to county attorneys for enforcement will continue to go to county attorneys for enforcement. This is not about enforcement. And if we...it's like the issue that Senator Schmitt brought up. We currently have a system where, on the state level, we allocate the points that are taken away from drivers' licenses, and then that information from the state level is conveyed to the court system, and licenses can be suspended on the basis of that information. This is going to be no different. It is going to be the court system...it's going to be different in that the information is going to come from the court system in terms of the amounts of court ordered support or any modifications, and those are going to be put into the state system, and then the state system is going to receipt and disburse the money. Now there was some discussion about whether we couldn't use direct deposit and some other technological advances. That is a big piece of the federal legislation. That is a big piece that is driving this, making it as technologically advanced as possible, so that you're not having somebody doing a whole lot of handwritten work on the checks. That as much as possible you're going to have electronic transfer, and that's why making it easier for business, encouraging more wage withholding,...

PRESIDENT MAURSTAD: One minute.