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The Wal-Mart people that spoke to us, when we were having an informational hearing on this bill, said that it's fairly easy to come up with the ingredients in the recipe. They're on the Internet. Anybody can find that out. And also as I mentioned, there are what are precursor substances or ingredients. These are ingredients that themselves are inactive, but when they are combined with another chemical, then a new result is a new product, and that is meth. There are different common household items; lantern fuel, cleaners, acetone, muriatic acid, diet pills. And all of these are used when we go into these "mom and pop" labs, and they are highly, highly combustible. In fact, one of the things that we sometimes forget about is the toxic nature of these labs. Each pound of meth produced leaves behind five to six pounds of toxic waste. You cook the meth, and then you put the...typically the leftover chemicals and by-product sludge are poured down drains, in the storm drains, into the plumbing in the location of the lab, or directly onto the ground. These are types of ingredients that can pose long-term hazards because they will stay in the soil and they will stay in the groundwater for years. And the cleanup costs are exorbitant. Typically the cleanup of a meth lab that is found where the toxic waste has been dumped is anywhere from \$5,000 up to \$150,000, so not only do we have the problem with the drug itself being highly addictive, changing basically the brain patterns, causing for long-term destruction of the body, but in addition to that we have the explosive nature of the chemicals that are used to create the meth...

SENATOR SCHIMEK: One minute.

SENATOR C. PETERSON: ...as well as the toxic residue that is left over. This drug has the ability to put tremendous pressure on communities, not only in terms of having to provide educational awareness but in also having to provide the substance abuse counseling as well as the measures taken to make sure that when this by-product is left over, it is handled in the environmentally clean way. And still then, you still might have the problem of having a toxic dumped into the city water system. As I said, the meth labs have sprung up. There was originally one, I believe in '96, and we had eight found last year. Missouri has gone through the same process. They are finding that these small "mom and pop" labs are popping up