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Rural Affairs, and the Pork Producers, we concluded that hogs and cattle are simply marketed in completely different ways. This is why the discrimination provision now applies to swine. Sections 7 to 16 prohibit the payment of discriminatory price for swine of equal quality. These sections also require packers to report prices paid or contracted to be paid on a daily basis, and to report contracts that are offered to producers. As drafted, LB 832 created the Livestock Contract Sales Act. It would prohibit packers from entering into a contract purchase of slaughter livestock if a date of delivery is not agreed on to the purchase...not agreed to in the purchase agreement. All such contract purchases of livestock are to be written...are to be by written or oral agreement, and shall specify a calendar date for delivery, or specify a month for delivery, and allow the seller to set the week for delivery within that month. The bill also requires all contract purchases of slaughter livestock to be reported with the Department of Agriculture. These provisions, along with the need to stop all nonnegotiated sales of cattle, make up Sections 17 to 26, and relate only to cattle procurement practices. These sections also require packers to report prices paid or contracted to be paid, along with the volume of direct and contract purchases on a daily basis. The last four sections are general provisions of the act providing the funding and enforcement mechanism. The funding will consist of 2 cents per animal unit reported by packers under the reporting sections; those are Sections 13 and 23. That equates to 2 cents per beef animal, and four-tenths of a cent per hog. Market capitalism is the most efficient economic system yet devised, however market capitalism works if, and only if, economic business decisions are made by thousands of dispersed individual resource owners who are on the spot, looking out after resources they own themselves. This dispersed ownership decision-making gives market capitalism one of its strongest advantages, economic flexibility and the ability to respond quickly and correctly to changing economic circumstances. We also know that market capitalism will have an inefficient, exploitive outcome if the ownership of resources becomes concentrated in the hands of fewer and fewer larger corporations, and if economic business decisions come to be made by those relatively few individuals who own and operate large concentrated corporations. Corporate economic systems are robbing us of our markets and freedom. It is now time to