

so.

SENATOR WEHRBEIN: Okay. So, well, if it isn't a problem I'm not about to make it a problem. But I was kind of interested in...

SENATOR WESELY: Yeah, I don't know of one case where this has even come up yet.

SENATOR WEHRBEIN: All right.

SENATOR WESELY: Where this exemption has been used.

SENATOR WEHRBEIN: Thank you.

SPEAKER WITHEM: Senator, Senator Wehrbein is directing a question to Senator Wesely, I believe.

SENATOR WESELY: Yeah, the thing I want to emphasize, and I, again, I probably didn't make this clear. EPCs are just individuals that have had a mental health flare up and they haven't committed any crime. If they've committed any kind of crime, they can be put in jail. So, obviously,...

SENATOR WEHRBEIN: Okay.

SENATOR WESELY: ...let's be frank, if they've got a situation and it's three in the morning and they'll probably charge them with something, and that would allow them to do that. But essentially, if they've committed no crime, they need to go to these other facilities.

SENATOR WEHRBEIN: Okay, thank you.

SPEAKER WITHEM: Senator Beutler.

SENATOR BEUTLER: Senator Wesely, a quick question if I may. Under the...pages 30-31 in there in the bill that provides for the seizure without warrant of one of these persons who is absent without authorization from a hospital or treatment program, just quickly reading it, it seems to provide for that kind of a process in a situation where the person is considered to be dangerous to others. And the rationale for that is, is very obvious and appropriate, of course. Another type of danger