

getting things in the record.

SENATOR WILL: Senator Kristensen, would you respond?

SENATOR KRISTENSEN: Yes.

SENATOR AVERY: I've been trying...looking at the implications of using the capacity for the equalization. Cities, can you generally state what cities would be negatively impacted in terms of, you know, their per capita average? Is there...

SENATOR KRISTENSEN: Do you want names of cities?

SENATOR AVERY: Well, not, I've got some of the handout. I see that, but I'm just generally looking at cities then...as I can read it, maybe this is just correct, if their per capita spending is greater than the dollars generated?

SENATOR KRISTENSEN: No, it's based on their valuation times...I'll read that. It's their average statewide levy, which is 41.1 cents. Do you see that...

SENATOR AVERY: Right.

SENATOR KRISTENSEN: ...41? Okay, you take that, and I'm going to go back to my notes and how the...you divide that...you divide the average per capita, which is that 41.46, by the population of the individual community. Okay?

SENATOR AVERY: Right.

SENATOR KRISTENSEN: And then, away from that, you take their average property tax levy, which is their general fund levy, and you divide that by the population of the town, so you're talking the same percentages. Okay?

SENATOR AVERY: Okay.

SENATOR KRISTENSEN: Then that's how the formula works and if there's a negative number there, then the municipality is not going to get any aid. All right?

SENATOR AVERY: But there is...okay, to catch that. It's subtracted from what the needs or the average per capita