

whom the one doing the search talked, and you can run up a bill of any amount. There is no limitation, in other words. Is this language what the Department of Education asked for? About the indirect costs?

SENATOR BOHLKE: I think that it was just put in because, I've said, it's usually in other pieces of legislation to recognize that there may be some costs there that we do not presently know. They have indicated and are on record from the State Patrol what they believe the cost to be at \$33, the State Department has said that they would think it would be at \$35, then, would cover their part of the cost.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: You mean it could be sixty some odd dollars to have this done?

SENATOR BOHLKE: No, I'm sorry. That it would be \$35.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: Oh, the total.

SENATOR BOHLKE: Correct.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: Then why don't we just put a limit or strike indirect cost? I don't trust the department, I don't trust any agency of government, and especially, I wish Senator Witek would listen to this, and Senator Ben Webster, I mean Senator Ben Robinson, Senator Bud Robinson, I'm trying to get his attention because he's right in front of me. We had a hearing in the Government Committee about fees that are set in statute, and that bill that was brought by Senator Bromm had said that a fee could not exceed that amount set by the Legislature. Well, here we're having put into a bill just an open-ended opportunity, an invitation, for the Department of Education, for the State Patrol, to charge any amount...

SENATOR CROSBY: One minute.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: ...that they choose. It doesn't even say actual direct cost and reasonable indirect cost, just any indirect cost. And it can be added, without limit. It could be a thousand dollars, couldn't it, Senator Bohlke, under this language.

SENATOR BOHLKE: They would have to prove those were indirect