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that sometimes occurs in the Post Office, for more people to get it, say five days before. I'm just curious as to why the ten day was selected.

SENATOR CUDABACK: It's ten days before now, and this is what the bill says, ten days. I guess that's just a...it didn't come down from God or anybody else, we just set ten days. I guess...

SENATOR CHAMBERS: Well, I know it didn't do that because I wasn't even at the hearing and nobody consulted with me on it, so that's why I'm asking where it did come from because I know it didn't come from me. Why was it ten rather than five, for example?

SENATOR CUDABACK: I guess there was no real good reason. But you want a time there to give the...so the ballot gets there.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: Um-hum.

SENATOR CUDABACK: You mail it out five days. I'm not saying the mail's slow, I would never say that, but it may take some days, sometimes three or four days for that particular letter to get to your door...

SENATOR CHAMBERS: Okay.

SENATOR CUDABACK: ...and we didn't want to make it to where the postman did not deliver it and have time to get it back. You see what I mean?

SENATOR CHAMBERS: Well, when we...the way the bill is drafted now, but it would change with Senator Schimek's amendment, which I hope will be adopted, if we're talking about a relatively small community, at least in terms of population. In those communities, is the mail delivered the same way it is in a city? Do they have...do they have a time during which somebody who works for the Post Office is supposed to deliver mail or does the mail carrier just decide I'm going to deliver for, maybe a couple of hours today and then I'll deliver the rest of it tomorrow? Or are they supposed to deliver whatever mail is placed in their hands that day on that day?

SENATOR CUDABACK: No, up in Senator Jones' district, his son, I think, receives mail three times a week only. So it is not a