

SENATOR BROWN: And in how many of those states has the law been upheld?

SENATOR BEUTLER: Senator, I'm a little lacking on information on that. I know of no state where the law, in effect, has been stricken. But I don't pretend to have a broad view of that at the moment. The only cases I'm aware of are just two or three in number, and they all uphold well drafted provisions. And I think ours are very well drafted.

SENATOR BROWN: Would you think it fair to say that the states that have had license revocation for the longest period of time are the ones that are higher up on the list in terms of child support collections?

SENATOR BEUTLER: Senator, if folks looked at the little American pie chart that was passed out to them, and looked for Maine, and South Dakota, and Massachusetts, all of which have the best laws, at least in my opinion, they will see whereas Nebraska's collections are at 20.3 percent, Massachusetts is at 25.4, South Dakota is at 28.8, and Maine is at 32.7, all considerably higher.

PRESIDENT ROBAK: One minute.

SENATOR BROWN: I will yield the rest of my time to Senator Beutler.

PRESIDENT ROBAK: Senator Beutler, you have one minute.

SENATOR BEUTLER: I think I would take that last minute, and I thank you, Senator, just to make...to point out one more thing to you all, in case you're interested. We were talking about access to the courts, the ability of the noncustodial parent to access the court for child support purposes, modifications of orders if they were excessive. That same access without cost is available for visitation. And I would reference you to page 31, Section 36 of the bill. Senator Crosby, I know you were interested in those particular provisions. But, basically, what that says is that that same kind of nonlawyer access to the process is there, not only for child support, with respect to the noncustodial parent, but also is there to get a better enforcement of visitation, and not only is it there,...