

the prevention and early treatment and early evaluation has got to be a bargain if it will work and to a large degree perhaps we can only hope that it will work. But this is an effort, it is, as Senator Bernard-Stevens said, a result of 988 which many of you participated in the debate the last two or three years on this. So this is this early funding. We did put instead of a million each year, it's 2 million in the first year with federal funds the last two years so that we're sure, we're reasonably sure we're going to get those dollars. And with the issue at the national level as it is in the state, I think it is probable that we will. So I'd oppose this, remembering there's going to be more crime issues coming, my opposition will be much the same. We've got the problem, we've got to face it. This is hopefully a good way that will help.

SPEAKER WITHEM: Thank you, Senator Wehrbein. Senator Avery, you are recognized to close.

SENATOR AVERY: Mr. Speaker, and I do realize the importance of these but I think we also must look at areas that really we have to hold down and we just have to consider everything seriously. With that, and I do know and I guess I realize the difficulty there, I would ask to get to another point, to substitute AM1985 for this one.

SPEAKER WITHEM: A request has been made to make a substitution. Is there any objection? Senator Bernard-Stevens.

SENATOR BERNARD-STEVENS: Again, reserving the right to object, Mike, if you could let us know what the amendment you're going to substitute is.

SENATOR AVERY: This deals with the university, one of the amendments that I had had earlier on that had failed. I reworked some figures looking at some situations.

SENATOR BERNARD-STEVENS: This time I do not object.

SPEAKER WITHEM: There...Senator Crosby.

SENATOR CROSBY: We've already gone through that issue once.

SPEAKER WITHEM: There is an objection. There will be no substitution. Next item. Excuse me, Senator Avery, we would be back I guess to your amendment then at this point.