

April 8, 1992

LB 719, 1019

CLERK: Mr. President, amendments to 1019 to be printed in the Journal, very quickly, if I may do that. (See Senator Wesely's AM4142 as found on pages 2074-76 of the Legislative Journal.)

Mr. President, 719 is on Select File. When we were discussing 719, Mr. President, Senator Lamb had an amendment to the bill, AM3762 that there was a request for division. Two portions were adopted. Senator Lamb, I now have pending, Senator, AM...the third part, Section 3, if you will, of AM3762. (Senator Lamb's FA356 is found on pages 1866-67 of the Legislative Journal.)

SPEAKER BAACK: Senator Lamb.

SENATOR LAMB: Yes, Mr. Speaker and members, what page is that, Mr. Clerk, if I could ask?

CLERK: I'm looking, Senator. I'll have it posted.

SENATOR LAMB: Okay, nevertheless, as you may remember, two parts of the amendment were adopted. There was a division of the question and when we...when we left the debate we were debating the third part of the amendment which is the growth provision. This provides that the growth provision is received by the schools a year earlier. This...this, I think, is fair because it seems to me that since we do have the growth provision in the distribution formula it only follows that that money should be available when those schools need it, and so that's the reason this part of the amendment is in here and it accelerates by one year the 1 and 25 growth provision. That means if the student population grows by 1 percent plus 25 students, then those schools are eligible for additional state aid. However, under the current provision, it's two years down the road. This would make it, those schools, eligible for that additional state aid one year earlier and I would...I would give the remainder of my time, if she cares to use it, to Senator Schimek, if she wants to use my time, the remainder of my time.

SPEAKER BAACK: Senator Schimek.

SENATOR SCHIMEK: Thank you, Senator Lamb. Mr. President and members of the body, I rise in support of this amendment and was just doing some quick figures here. Lincoln Public Schools is one of the schools, of course, that has the particular problem that this amendment references and we have about 700 and some