

themselves. The court reporter shall report faithfully and accurately the proceedings. Section 9, parties filing an application for a review must submit a brief statement of the review sought. The application must be specific as to each finding of fact and conclusion of law urged as an error and the reason for it. No general allegations are allowed. Parties will be bound by the error allegations made in the application and will be deemed to waive all others. No motion for a new trial, reconsideration or a petition for rehearing will be allowed. And then it repeals some obsolete hearing language. No new evidence is allowed at a review hearing. The review panel may write an opinion or may make a decision by summary order. The review panel may reverse or modify the original hearing by hearing decision only if the judge was clearly wrong or the decision was contrary to law, and the review panel may affirm, modify, reverse or remand the original hearing decision. Section 10 provides that the workers' compensation will be able to correct plain errors made if some correction is done within ten days of the original decision. Section 11 provides that the parties appealing the original hearing decision have 14 days to file the application for review by the workers' compensation review panel. Section 12 provides that appeal from the review panel shall be to the Court of Appeals the same as a district court case may be appealed to the Court of Appeals. Section 13 provides that applications for rehearing pending on the effective date of this act in cases in which a hearing has been held prior to the effective date of this act, but in which no award has been issued, shall not be affected by any changes made by 360. Any action not filed or in which a hearing has not been held prior to the effective date of this act shall follow the procedures of 360. And then the following two sections are the repealer and the enacting. A brief description of what the current process is, the current process is that if a plaintiff, an injured party, does not receive satisfaction as to the payment of the costs of their injury, they may on their own or with the benefit and advice of counsel petition for a hearing before a one-judge panel. This hearing has developed over the last number of years into basically a discovery process and then almost all of the cases, not all, but almost all of the cases are then appealed within the system to the three-judge review panel which reviews all of the evidence on the record. And then from there an appeal from the three-judge panel may be taken our of the Workers' Compensation Court to the Supreme Court. The amendment 3362 provides that, number one, a pretrial conference may be held. Number two, the one-judge hearing will be a court