

your amendment quickly. The corporate tax is for profit-making, not for nonprofits.

SENATOR HALL: That is correct.

SENATOR CROSBY: Like the zoo or someone wouldn't be who are organized under the...

SENATOR HALL: You mean the \$150 issue?

SENATOR CROSBY: Yeah.

SENATOR HALL: It would only be for a corporation, Senator Crosby, that paid income tax.

SENATOR CROSBY: Yeah, okay.

SENATOR HALL: That's correct.

SENATOR CROSBY: All right. The other thing, I still have a problem with...thank you very much. I have a problem with that depreciation surcharge at 2 percent but I guess the rest of it you have come to grips with a lot of things and I know the retailers have come to grips with the 1.5 percent of the first 1,000 and a half percent thereafter on that collection fee. So, at this moment, I guess I will support the whole thing. I did have some information on what it might do on passing...all of these costs are passed along to the consumer. We all know that. And the consumers, in the average household, will probably pay maybe 30 cents a month, 35 cents a month more in Lincoln, at least, on their utility bills, at least on electricity. So I think we should all be aware that it's easy enough to say we're taxing the corporations, and we are, that the consumers end up paying it. I have some consumers that are still upset about the fact that we allowed the 50 cents for 911 and which was supposed to be for the small towns. Cities took advantage of it too. That adds 50 cents onto people's phone bills. And when you are on a fixed income and you have a certain amount every month that you think you're going to spend, that extra 50 cents makes a little difference on the things that you can do. So I just want everybody to keep in mind the utility tax does go on the generators and so on but also the consumers will end up paying it. So, thank you. I will support the amendment.

PRESIDENT MOUL: Thank you, Senator Crosby. Senator Will.