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and grandparents do have the love. I know in a lot of cases it would be much easier to talk to a grandparent. And I'm sure that if the grandparent had any idea whatsoever that there would be a problem, they would not give their approval, they would encourage the girl to get further counseling and help them. I know grandparents would be very, very concerned. And I couldn't see that they would be in any other, because they would not want to take that responsibility on, if they did not feel comfortable in it. So, with that, I do support Senator Hillman's amendment, maybe makes it just a little bit better, does not make it so "despiteful" and hateful towards that young girl, and the long-term consequences that we're talking about here today. So, with that, I support Senator Hillman, and let's try to get it as good a bill as we can and then see where we go.

PRESIDENT MOUL: Thank you, Senator Nelson. Senator Rasmussen.

SENATOR RASMUSSEN: Thank you, Madam President. Is Senator Lindsay here?

PRESIDENT MOUL: Senator Lindsay.

SENATOR RASMUSSEN: I have a question for you, Senator Lindsay, I'll string it out here so you have time to get to your mike. You said you questioned the constitutionality of this amendment, because of the court's ruling on behalf of parental rights, in terms of the discussion about parental notification. In the literature that I've been reading, a review from the University of Nebraska, suggests that none of those court rulings were on the basis of parental rights, but what was in the best interests of the young person.

SENATOR LINDSAY: I haven't seen the reviews. I honestly don't...

SENATOR RASMUSSEN: But you believe that the rulings that have supported parental notification have been on the basis of parental rights as opposed to...

SENATOR LINDSAY: I think that is one of the rights that is balanced, yes.

SENATOR RASMUSSEN: Okay.

SENATOR LINDSAY: Yeah, I have other constitutional questions, I