

me, but I believe it's 90...it's over 20,000. But for 1990, any parent, and it goes down in increments, making \$19,325, or it starts at about 10,250. There's \$908 given back to you, or as a tax credit. So there are opportunities now. A little help on the taxes for this young family, or the ones that are raising and supporting it. I...this is a deduction, and if you have four children in school, in essence, you're picking up 2, 3, 4 hundred dollars simply at the 17 or the 1,100 dollar level. It is entirely too wide open, and no one denies that the private schools are not helping us out tremendously in that support. But, as I say, it is a choice. I know Senator Hall maybe used the 1.8 million dollars, which is not a lot in the cost of education, I certainly admit that. I did say something at home about a figure being \$250,000 is a pittance amount in education, and I was comparing that to the 280 some million dollar budget of the University of Nebraska, and I got chewed up one side, down the other whenever I thought that 250,000 dollars was only a pittance amount. And I was talking about higher extended education. Also, if you believe in polls or not, I'm currently taking one right now in my district...

PRESIDENT MOUL: One minute.

SENATOR NELSON: This was one of my questions, only 21 percent of the people supported it, and of that there were a number of them that remarked, I do send my children to private school, but I'm not in favor of this, and that's my choice. And even though I do, and I may benefit, I certainly am not for it. So with that, I don't think things have hardly changed at all from what we had last year, or the year before. Thank you.

PRESIDENT MOUL: Thank you, Senator Nelson. Before I recognize the next speaker, I would like to direct your attention to the south balcony, special guests today of Senator Robinson are 32 seniors from Ft. Calhoun High School in Ft. Calhoun, Nebraska with their teacher. Would you rise and be recognized and welcomed to the chambers this morning. Thank you. I'll now recognize Senator Warner, followed by Senators Schellpeper, Will and Bernard-Stevens. Senator Warner.

SENATOR WARNER: Madam President, members of the Legislature, I would rise to oppose the adoption of the amendment. This is another one of these exemptions, in effect, that if you oppose it, you are opposed to the purpose that is attempting to be addressed in the is...in the amendment, or in the bill. To