SENATOR LINDSAY: (Mike not on) ...I don't think there is a definition in the bill, which would take us back to common law. Let me double-check.

SPEAKER BAACK: One minute.

SENATOR RASMUSSEN: There isn't in the bill?

SENATOR LINDSAY: Okay, yeah, we go back to the common law.

SENATOR RASMUSSEN: So is it a legal definition? Must you go through the court system if you are under a certain age in order to be declared? So if you live away from home, if you are 16, you drop out of school and you live away from home, you can make these decisions on your own and you won't have to go through parental notification?

SENATOR LINDSAY: Right.

SENATOR RASMUSSEN: Is that correct? How long does that have to occur?

SENATOR LINDSAY: I think under common law that is a fact type decision. I think it would depend like if you are living away from home for 48 hours, probably not, unless maybe it was with the intent to be emancipated. You have to look at, I think, an emancipation question on a case by case basis. There is case law that would give you some indication but I have not looked it up.

SENATOR RASMUSSEN: Okay, but it would be possible for a young person to move out, therefore, not be bound by any (interruption)...

SENATOR LINDSAY: An obvious example of emancipation would be generally marriage below the time of age majority (interruption)...

SENATOR RASMUSSEN: What if you were a parent at sixteen but not married?

SENATOR LINDSAY: Not necessarily, an example would be...I think...I guess time is out. I will give an example on my time.

SENATOR RASMUSSEN: Yes, thank you.