

SENATOR ROGERS: This is the way it comes from the factory.

SENATOR WESELY: Oh, I see.

SENATOR ROGERS: This isn't something that is pasted on.

SENATOR WESELY: Okay. So as a result...

SENATOR ROGERS: It comes that way from the factory.

SENATOR WESELY: Right. As a result you couldn't take out the window and put in something else, so that there is no...

SENATOR ROGERS: Right.

SENATOR WESELY: Okay, thank you.

SPEAKER BARRETT: Thank you. Any other discussion? Those in favor of the advancement of LB 1119 vote yes, opposed no. Shall LB 1119 be advanced? Please record.

CLERK: 25 ayes, 0 nays, Mr. President, on the advancement of 1119.

SPEAKER BARRETT: LB 1119 advances. LB 853.

CLERK: 853, Mr. President, offered by Senators Nelson and Smith. (Read title.) The bill was introduced on January 3, referred to Urban Affairs, advanced to General File. I have no amendments to the bill.

SPEAKER BARRETT: The Chair recognizes Senator Nelson.

SENATOR NELSON: Mr. Speaker, members of the body, 853 would put in place the same thing for first class cities as we currently have for our metropolitan or cities the size of Lincoln, primary cities. What happens is if you take a city the size of Grand Island where there are ten council members, currently five of those council members are appointed by the current mayor. Many, many people feel that this is not representative form of government. Some of those appointments, one of them particularly, was made three months afterwards, so that person would serve over 75 percent of the term as an appointed member. This change just simply makes more representative and more