

clearly but I think it is fairly standard numbers. I think...

SENATOR KORSHOJ: Well, the 160 square feet, I understand. Are we talking perimeter measurement? I don't...get in here, Hannibal, we'd be glad to have your...I don't understand it.

PRESIDENT: Senator Hannibal, are you going to respond on it?

SENATOR HANNIBAL: I will try. I also see it being confusing but I think what you really should be doing is looking at 160 (sic) linear feet, and then before 160 square feet, which to me is interpreted that it has to be under 160 square feet and it can be 260 feet long, but still has to be under 160 square feet. However, it does say or as opposed to and, and so it is confusing to me also, but it is federal language and we know what the feds do with language.

SENATOR KORSHOJ: Well, see, that was confusing to me because it is really a very small area, then, if we are talking 160 square feet, 10 by 16 is a fraction of any size room, but I can get this definition, then, if I'd find what the federal definition of that linear is.

PRESIDENT: Senator Wesely.

SENATOR WESELY: Yeah, I think Senator Hannibal is right, the 260 is in combination with the 160 square feet, and so, yeah, I know it is kind of confusing but that is what the standard policy has been.

SENATOR KORSHOJ: But, see, if it would give us the "or", the building could be 100 feet wide and 260 feet long, it would be able to get thrcv'n out with the square footage?

SENATOR WESELY: Right.

SENATOR KORSHOJ: But now Lowell is going to explain it to me, but I don't know how we will get it in the record.

PRESIDENT: Senators, would you please speak into your microphone and we will identify you for the record so that we will know what is going on.

SENATOR KORSHOJ: So it is in the record, they say it is like a coving. I do understand what they said, I hope you do, too.