that individuals know and are aware of it so that they can take advantage of it.

SENATOR HABERMAN: Will the low income people who have trouble with their telephone bills be assessed this also?

SENATOR HALL: It will be assessed across the board.

SENATOR HABERMAN: Everybody, but the industry is going to carry the brunt of it, is that correct, or the (inaudible) of the line?

SENATOR HALL: Industry tends to have more lines than you and I do  $\,$ 

SENATOR HABERMAN: Thank you, Senator Hall, thank you, Mr President.

PRESIDENT: Thank you. Senator Schmit, please.

SENATOR SCHMIT: Yes, Senator Hall, would you yield to a question, please?

SENATOR HALL: Sure.

PRESIDENT: Senator Hall.

SENATOR SCHMIT: I'm sorry, Senator Hall, I did not hear how many people will be served by this service.

SENATOR HALL: Senator Schmit, out estimate at present is that we can identify approximately between 10 and 12,000 people that will automatically from day one begin to use the system. Currently there is a system that is in use in Omaha and in Lincoln that allows these individuals to access a dual party relay system. This would expand it to the entire state, make it a statewide system that would be uniform.

SENATOR SCHMIT: And the system will cost 375 annually?

SENATOR HALL: That's what our current estimate is, is that it will take an access charge of about four cents a line to cover the cost at present.

SENATOR SCHMIT Okay. Under the new deregulated telephone