

SENATOR SMITH: But they have to meet all that criteria in order to get that license. And if they...if the community itself has become, whatever you want to call it, prohibition, then if they decide they don't want any licenses, that is the option of that community. Of course, if it's really only the few people that sit on the governing body, and it's not the will of the body or the people I mean, those people then, when it comes up for re-election, I'm sure, if liquor is an important part of their life, can get those people out of there and get people in who support drinking.

SENATOR LYNCH: How about the appeal process, is that...would they have...

SENATOR SMITH: There is an appeal process.

SENATOR LYNCH: ...to appeal to a higher authority?

SENATOR SMITH: It goes to the district court.

SENATOR LYNCH: It goes to...they have to go to the district.

SENATOR SMITH: Yes.

SENATOR LYNCH: I see. But one of the criteria could be that any kind of grounds then, I guess I use that rather obnoxious, in some ways, as an example, but any kind of grounds could be used for not renewing someone's license.

SENATOR SMITH: No, they have to follow the standards for rejecting. And they also cannot...there are some things that are set in statute. They must...they can't arbitrarily and capriciously do anything, that is already by law, as you know. So, I mean if they...they can't, in other words, just make up some weird reason why you can't do this.

SENATOR LYNCH: But they don't have to take advantage of the law and have any control. They can continue, the county, that city, whatever it might be a township, of course...

PRESIDENT: One minute.

SENATOR LYNCH: ...would have to exist within a county, so I guess that would be county authority. But the counties