presumed and the victim would allege that he or she had been deceived by the one that they agreed to do this with. When deception occurs it is not forced.

SENATOR KRISTENSEN: That's right.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: The person's agreement or consent or ascent has been obtained or procured.

SENATOR KRISTENSEN: That's right, and that's...the law says that when we go against someone's will that is what makes it Absent going against their will, they willingly consented to doing this, but they are saying the deception is going to take the place of that threat or the actual force.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: And that would apply, under the bill we're talking about, where the victim is under 16-years-old.

SENATOR KRISTENSEN: Yeah, that goes to the underlying crime of sexual assault, Ernie.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: Okay. And when we go to first degree sexual assault we have an age limit because the person must be 19-years-old, ...

PRESIDENT: One minute.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: ...or...and the victim...

SENATOR KRISTENSEN: ...the victim.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: ...the victim...

SENATOR KRISTENSEN: ...less than 16.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: ...less than six...I think it's less than...yeah, less than 16. So, even if there is no force, no deception, no anything, if you have that age difference then that constitutes first degree sexual assault. Is that correct?

SENATOR KRISTENSEN: Right, and...

SENATOR CHAMBERS: ...we used to call it statutory rape.

SENATOR KRISTENSEN: That's right, that's the old statutory