

April 4, 1989

LB 285A

SENATOR PIRSCH: Senator Lamb, there are federal funds that are involved in this, is that correct?

SENATOR LAMB: There are federal funds involved in the whole program but not specifically for this purpose, is my understanding.

SENATOR PIRSCH: Not for the addition, for the amendment, then?

SENATOR LAMB: Not for this hardware, this computerization we are talking about here.

SENATOR PIRSCH: And that was an extra, how much, again?

SENATOR LAMB: The total of what we are talking about, a total of \$228,100.

SENATOR PIRSCH: Just for hardware and...

SENATOR LAMB: No, \$180,000 for hardware, and the other \$130,000 is transmission cost that we are going to have to absorb continuously as we get into the electronic transmission of data.

SENATOR PIRSCH: For...

SENATOR LAMB: ...ever.

SENATOR PIRSCH: Well, I mean, these are, what, for stations across the state?

SENATOR LAMB: Oh, we will have...well, we will have, each county will issue licenses. Now under the system that we are starting with, in most counties they will have a temporary license because they don't have the capability to instantaneously check nationwide, with DMV or nationwide about whether this person has other convictions in other states or whether he is eligible for a license. So they issue the temporary license. Then they mail the information down to Lincoln to the DMV. DMV checks it out, and sends it back, and when it gets back, then the county treasurer will issue the permanent license. In the meantime, that driver has been using this 30 day temporary license. Now one of the amendments that was adopted earlier stated that, though some counties are computerized now and can handle it, so the amendment would allow