we are going to find that it's going to cost us an awful lot because we are going to lose a lot of tax revenue from the people that ask for the refunds because...we are going to lose it because most of these people would make those corrections themselves anyhow. If they are not, they are pretty stupid and the public is not that stupid. I think this bill has gone far enough and I think 't should be indefinitely postponed.

SENATOR NICHOL: Senator Wesely.

SENATOR WESELY: Mr. President and members of the Legislature, I do oppose the kill motion by Senator Remmers and I think that I understand where he is coming from but nevertheless I think all of us understand the serious energy crisis that this country still faces. I passed around the clever little cartoon of the Arab waiting to pounce on our unsuspecting car motorists in this country that think that the low gasoline prices are going to continue for some period of time. They are not and the energy increases that you have seen in this last year with the heating bills is going to continue to go up, and the prices you are paying for electricity are going to go up, and everything else you are paying for utilities is going to go up. And this state is going to be just like every other state, in pretty bad shape unless we start to do something about the situation. Now the tax credits which I know some people are concerned about I was concerned about as well but research study investigation finds clearly they are effective and you can do a comparison, a very simple one that will tell you that in a very vivid way by just looking at Kansas. Kansas has a state solar tax credit. Kansas isn't a whole lot different than Nebraska but that is one difference that they have from our state. But in Kansas their solar industry has about a \$50 million activity level while our solar industry is about less than a million dollars in terms of sales. That means they are 50 to 1 greater in terms of what they are able to do in that state versus our state and the difference is clearly the fact that that state showed some leadership on the energy question and adopted some solar tax credits to work with the solar industry to develop that industry so it would provide consumers of that state with more choices to then develop solar energy for their homes and businesses. It seems clear when you look at that situation, when you look at California, you look at the other twenty some states that have adopted some income tax credits that it works and that it works to the benefit of the general public because it increases the independence of our state and our nation on energy resources outside of the state and nation and I think that is important to know when you look at Nebraska's situation where 96 percent