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going to have to pay wages to make it commensary (sic). I think we are going to find that they are going to force the price of our products to go out of sight and the average individual is going to have to pay for it. So I would surely endorse this amendment so that we grandfather in what we have got at the present time.

SPEAKER MARVEL: Senator Kremer.

SENATOR KREMER: Mr. Chairman, I would like to ask Senator Burrows a question, if I may, please.

SENATOR BURROWS: Certainly.

SENATOR KREMER: Senator Burrows, Senator Koch made a statement in his presentation and I think the question went something like this, where do you draw the line? I am wondering the same thing, where do you draw the line here? We are talking about family corporations. We are talking about large corporations. We are talking about conglomerates in your bill and I have not frankly had time to study it. Please share with me information relative to where do you draw the line.

SENATOR BURROWS: Well, in the bill I think there has been...I want to point out an area there has been a great deal of misunderstanding on. The bill allows family corporations, does not restrict their size when a majority of the members of the stock is owned by members in a family. It has no limitations upon numbers on this. But a majority must be held by members in a family or it is no longer a family corporation. The control is outside if a majority is elsewhere. Now one of these has to live on and I say or participate in a day to day management, or in the day to day labor of the farm. So we have it very open on this. Now it also allows for an authorized corporation and that would be a corporation, ordinarily a subchapter S, where a group of businessmen could get together but they all have to be persons not more than ten in numbers. But this is not a qualification of the family farm corporation. And actually when you get through all this, about all it stops from going into the corporation route are the large corporations that would be of multiple, multiple stockholders and usually sold on the stock exchange. There is where the line really comes down hard because they cannot qualify under it, and we do stop the large insurance companies, the large food processors, and the giants that come in. And the only practical way I feel you can stop alien ownership effectively,