

cations that Senator Beutler offered that requires they be full time employees with at least a minimum of five years experience.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: Well, in the first part of your amendment, you mentioned organized fire department in line 4, but then in lines 9 and 10, you say organized and paid fire department. So I am wondering if there is a difference between an organized fire department and one which is organized and paid?

SENATOR NEWELL: Senator Chambers, when you look at the entire bill, you will see that the very definition is, this bill would authorize for cities in the metropolitan class with an organized fire department and they are paid...and it says paid, so frankly all the way through the bill with these amendments, we have got to look at both the bill and the amendments, it is clear that we are talking about only Omaha and paid employees who have to be full time with five years experience at the minimum. They all, in fact, have twenty years of experience, but this says five years minimum experience.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: But when we deal with the part of a minimum and you changed it to six years in your amendment, that is what I am looking at, it just says organized fire department and not organized fire department of the metropolitan class. So you could get six years of experience on an organized fire department without having been paid wherever and then come to a metropolitan class and be qualified to hold this position?

SENATOR NEWELL: Senator Chambers, I appreciate your questions. I think they are intended more to create doubts but, frankly, the bill, as you read the bill in conjunction with the amendments, Senator Chambers, you will see that it is five years experience in an organized and paid fire department. It is a metropolitan class city. Everything is, Senator Chambers, as clear as it possibly can be in terms of who would be authorized and how they would be authorized, and, in fact, the individuals involved have twenty years experience or more. The minimum is twenty years.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: Senator Newell, what is the difference between a warrant and a subpoena?

SENATOR NEWELL: I don't know that I can define the difference between a warrant and a subpoena. What we are authorizing here is subpoena powers. The warrant may in fact be another way of determining a specific article, I think, that