LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA ONE HUNDRED NINTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 136

Introduced by Holdcroft, 36.

Read first time January 13, 2025

Committee: Judiciary

- 1 A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to civil procedure; to amend sections
- 2 25-1030.01 and 25-1056, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska; to
- 3 change provisions relating to service of garnishment summons,
- 4 continuing liens, and notices upon corporate garnishees; to define
- 5 terms; and to repeal the original sections.
- 6 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

LB136 2025

- 1 Section 1. Section 25-1030.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska,
- 2 is amended to read:
- 3 25-1030.01 (1) Upon filing an application for determination of
- 4 liability of the garnishee, the plaintiff shall give the garnishee and
- 5 the defendant in the original action notice of the filing thereof and of
- 6 the time and place of trial thereon. The notice shall be given within
- 7 such time and in such manner as the court shall direct.
- 8 (2)(a) For purposes of this section, corporate entity means any
- 9 corporation, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, or
- 10 <u>series limited liability company or any other corporate entity that is</u>
- 11 <u>required by the statutes of Nebraska to have a registered agent for</u>
- 12 <u>service of process in Nebraska.</u>
- 13 <u>(b) If the garnishee is a corporate entity, such notice shall be</u>
- 14 <u>served upon the corporate entity's registered agent for service of</u>
- 15 process in this state.
- 16 Sec. 2. Section 25-1056, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 17 amended to read:
- 18 25-1056 (1) In all cases when a judgment has been entered by any
- 19 court of record and the judgment creditor or his or her agent or attorney
- 20 has filed an affidavit setting forth the amount due on the judgment,
- 21 interest, and costs in the office of the clerk of the court where the
- 22 judgment has been entered and that he or she has good reason to and does
- 23 believe that any person, partnership, limited liability company, or
- 24 corporation, naming him, her, or it, has property of and is indebted to
- 25 the judgment debtor, the clerk shall issue a summons which shall set
- 26 forth the amount due on the judgment, interest, and costs as shown in the
- 27 affidavit and require such person, partnership, limited liability
- 28 company, or corporation, as garnishee, to answer written interrogatories
- 29 to be furnished by the plaintiff and to be attached to such summons
- 30 respecting the matters set forth in section 25-1026. The summons shall be
- 31 returnable within ten days from the date of its issuance and shall

require the garnishee to answer within ten days from the date of service 1 2 upon him or her. Except when wages are involved, the garnishee shall hold the property of every description and the credits of the defendant in his 3 4 or her possession or under his or her control at the time of the service 5 of the summons and interrogatories until the further order of the court. If the only property in the possession or under the control of the 6 7 garnishee at the time of the service of the summons and interrogatories is credits of the defendant and the amount of such credits is not in 8 9 dispute by the garnishee, then such garnishee shall only hold the credits of the defendant in his or her possession or under his or her control at 10 the time of the service of the summons and interrogatories to the extent 11 of the amount of the judgment, interest, and costs set forth in the 12 13 summons until further order of the court. When wages are involved, the garnishee shall pay to the employee all disposable earnings exempted from 14 garnishment by statute, and any disposable earnings remaining after such 15 16 payment shall be retained by the garnishee until further order of the 17 court. Thereafter, the service of the summons and interrogatories and all further proceedings shall be in all respects the same as is provided for 18 19 in sections 25-1011 and 25-1026 to 25-1031.01 unless inconsistent with this section. 20

(2) If it appears from the answer of the garnishee that the judgment 21 debtor was an employee of the garnishee, that the garnishee otherwise 22 owed earnings to the judgment debtor when the garnishment order was 23 24 served, or that earnings would be owed within sixty days thereafter and 25 there is not a successful written objection to the order or the answer of the garnishee filed, on application by the judgment creditor, the court 26 27 shall order that the nonexempt earnings, if any, withheld by the 28 garnishee after service of the order be transferred to the court for delivery to the judgment creditor who is entitled to such earnings. 29 Except for garnishments in support of a person, the payments may be made 30 payable to the judgment creditor or assignee and shall be forwarded to 31

- 1 the issuing court to record the judgment payment prior to the court
- 2 delivering the payment to the judgment creditor or assignee. The court
- 3 shall, upon application of the judgment creditor, further order that the
- 4 garnishment is a continuing lien against the nonexempt earnings of the
- 5 judgment debtor. An order of continuing lien on nonexempt earnings
- 6 entered pursuant to this section shall require the garnishee to continue
- 7 to withhold the nonexempt earnings of the judgment debtor for as long as
- 8 the continuing lien remains in effect.
- 9 Beginning with the pay period during which the writ was served and
- 10 while the continuing lien remains in effect, the garnishee shall deliver
- 11 the nonexempt earnings to the court from which the garnishment was issued
- 12 for each pay period or on a monthly basis if the garnishee so desires and
- 13 shall deliver to the judgment debtor his or her exempt earnings for each
- 14 pay period.
- 15 (3) A continuing lien ordered pursuant to this section shall be
- 16 invalid and shall have no force and effect upon the occurrence of any of
- 17 the following:
- 18 (a) The underlying judgment is satisfied in full or vacated or
- 19 expires;
- 20 (b) The judgment debtor leaves the garnishee's employ for more than
- 21 sixty days;
- (c) The judgment creditor releases the garnishment;
- 23 (d) The proceedings are stayed by a court of competent jurisdiction,
- 24 including the United States Bankruptcy Court;
- 25 (e) The judgment debtor has not earned any nonexempt earnings for at
- 26 least sixty days;
- 27 (f) The court orders that the garnishment be quashed; or
- 28 (g) Ninety days have expired since service of the writ. The judgment
- 29 creditor may extend the lien for a second ninety-day period by filing
- 30 with the court a notice of extension during the fifteen days immediately
- 31 prior to the expiration of the initial lien, and the continuing lien in

- 1 favor of the initial judgment creditor shall continue for a second
- 2 ninety-day period.
- 3 (4)(a) To determine priority, garnishments and liens shall rank 4 according to time of service.
- (b) Garnishments, liens, and wage assignments which are not for the support of a person shall be inferior to wage assignments for the support of a person. Garnishments which are not for the support of a person and liens shall be inferior to garnishments for the support of a person.
- 9 (5) Only one order of continuing lien against earnings due the judgment debtor shall be in effect at one time. If an employee's wages 10 are already being garnished pursuant to a continuing lien at the time of 11 service of a garnishment upon an employer, the answer to garnishment 12 interrogatories shall include such information along with the date of 13 termination of such continuing lien and the title of the case from which 14 such garnishment is issued. Except as provided in subsection (4) of this 15 16 section, a continuing lien obtained pursuant to this section shall have 17 priority over any subsequent garnishment or wage assignment.
- (6)(a) In any case involving service of a garnishment summons on a 18 19 financial institution where deposits are received within this state, the financial institution shall (i) if its main chartered office is located 20 in this state, designate its main chartered office for the service of 21 summons or (ii) if its main chartered office is located in another state, 22 23 designate any one of its offices or branches or its agent for service of 24 process in this state for service of summons. The designation of a main 25 chartered office or an office or branch or the agent for service of process under this subdivision shall be made by filing a notice of 26 designation with the Department of Banking and Finance, shall contain the 27 physical address of the main chartered office or the office or branch or 28 the agent for service of process designated, and shall be effective upon 29 placement on the department website. The department shall post the list 30 of such designated main chartered offices and offices or branches or 31

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1 agents for service of process on its website for access by the public. A

2 financial institution may modify or revoke a designation made under this

3 subdivision by filing the modification or revocation with the department.

4 The modification or revocation shall be effective when the department's

5 website has been updated to reflect the modification or revocation,

except that the judgment creditor may rely upon the designation that was

7 modified or revoked during the thirty-day period following the effective

8 date of the modification or revocation if the summons is timely served

9 upon the financial institution. The department shall update its website

10 to reflect a filing by a financial institution pursuant to this

subdivision or a modification or revocation filed by a financial

12 institution pursuant to this subdivision within ten business days

13 following the filing by the financial institution. The department website

shall reflect the date its online records for each financial institution

have most recently been updated.

(b) If a financial institution where deposits are received has designated its main chartered office or one of its offices or branches or its agent for service of process for the service of summons, service made on the main chartered office or the office or branch or the agent for service of process so designated shall be valid and effective as to any property or credits of the defendant in the possession or control of the main chartered office of the financial institution in this state and any of the financial institution offices or branches located within this state. If service of summons is not made on the main chartered office or the office or branch or the agent for service of process designated by the financial institution, but instead is made at another office or branch of the financial institution located in Nebraska, the financial institution, in its discretion, and without violating any obligation to its customer, may elect to treat the service of summons as valid and effective as to any property or credits of the defendant in the possession or control of the main chartered office of the financial

- 1 institution in this state and any of the financial institution offices or
- 2 branches located within this state. In the absence of such an election,
- 3 the financial institution shall file a statement with the interrogatories
- 4 that the summons was not served at the financial institution's designated
- 5 location for receiving service of summons and, therefore, was not
- 6 processed, and shall provide the address at which the financial
- 7 institution is to receive service of summons.
- 8 (c) For purposes of this subsection, financial institution means a
- 9 bank, savings bank, building and loan association, savings and loan
- 10 association, or credit union whether chartered by the United States, the
- 11 Department of Banking and Finance, or a foreign state agency.
- 12 (d) The notice of designation, modification, or revocation shall be
- 13 made by a financial institution on forms prescribed by the <u>Department of</u>
- 14 Banking and Finance department.
- 15 (e) The Department of Banking and Finance, any employee of the
- 16 department, or any person acting on behalf of the department shall be
- 17 immune from civil and criminal liability for any acts or omissions which
- 18 occur as a result of the requirements of this subsection.
- 19 (7)(a) For purposes of this section:
- 20 <u>(i) Corporate entity means any corporation, limited liability</u>
- 21 <u>company</u>, <u>limited liability partnership</u>, <u>or series limited liability</u>
- 22 company or any other corporate entity that is required by the statutes of
- 23 Nebraska to have a registered agent for service of process in Nebraska;
- 24 and
- 25 (ii) Corporate entity does not include any financial institution
- 26 <u>described in subsection (6) of this section.</u>
- 27 <u>(b) In any case involving service of a garnishment summons or</u>
- 28 continuing lien on a corporate entity against wages due to a judgment
- 29 <u>debtor from the corporate entity, service shall be made by serving the</u>
- 30 corporate entity's registered agent for service of process in this state.
- 31 Sec. 3. Original sections 25-1030.01 and 25-1056, Reissue Revised

1 Statutes of Nebraska, are repealed.