LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA

ONE HUNDRED EIGHTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST SPECIAL SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 9

Introduced by Hughes, 24; Brandt, 32; Conrad, 46; Dorn, 30.

Read first time July 25, 2024

Committee: Revenue

- A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to school funding; to amend sections 1 79-1005.01, 79-1007.11, 79-1007.18, 79-1016, and 81-12,193, Revised 2 Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2022; sections 77-3442, 77-6703, 3 79-1001, 79-3402, and 79-3406, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2023; 4 5 and section 79-1021, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2023, as amended 6 by Laws 2024, LB1284, section 12; to change provisions relating to 7 property tax levies for school districts and the Nebraska Property 8 Incentive Act; to add, change, and eliminate certain Tax calculations under the Tax Equity and Educational Opportunities 9 Support Act; to state intent regarding transfers into the Education 10 Future Fund; to authorize school districts to levy taxes under 11 certain circumstances; to change provisions relating to the School 12 13 District Property Tax Limitation Act and the 14 Transformational Project Fund; to harmonize provisions; and to 15 repeal the original sections.
- 16 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

1 Section 1. Section 77-3442, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2023, is

- 2 amended to read:
- 3 77-3442 (1) Property tax levies for the support of local governments
- 4 for fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 1998, shall be limited to
- 5 the amounts set forth in this section except as provided in section
- 6 77-3444.
- 7 (2)(a) Except as provided in subdivisions (2)(b) and (2)(e) of this
- 8 section, school districts and multiple-district school systems may levy a
- 9 maximum levy of:
- 10 (i) Through fiscal year 2024-25, one dollar and five cents per one
- 11 hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy; -
- 12 <u>(ii) For fiscal years 2025-26 and 2026-27, sixty-five cents per one</u>
- 13 hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy;
- 14 (iii) For fiscal years 2027-28 and 2028-29, fifty-five cents per one
- 15 hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy;
- 16 (iv) For fiscal years 2029-30 and 2030-31, forty-five cents per one
- 17 hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy;
- 18 <u>(v) For fiscal years 2031-32 and 2032-33, thirty-five cents per one</u>
- 19 <u>hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy; and</u>
- 20 <u>(vi) For fiscal year 2033-34 and each fiscal year thereafter,</u>
- 21 twenty-five cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of
- 22 property subject to the levy.
- 23 (b) For each fiscal year prior to fiscal year 2017-18, learning
- 24 communities may levy a maximum levy for the general fund budgets of
- 25 member school districts of ninety-five cents per one hundred dollars of
- 26 taxable valuation of property subject to the levy. The proceeds from the
- 27 levy pursuant to this subdivision shall be distributed pursuant to
- 28 section 79-1073.
- 29 (c) Except as provided in subdivision (2)(e) of this section, for
- 30 each fiscal year prior to fiscal year 2017-18, school districts that are
- 31 members of learning communities may levy for purposes of such districts'

general fund budget and special building funds a maximum combined levy of the difference of one dollar and five cents on each one hundred dollars of taxable property subject to the levy minus the learning community levy

4 pursuant to subdivision (2)(b) of this section for such learning

5 community.

6 (d) Excluded from the limitations in subdivisions (2)(a) and (2)(c)7 of this section are (i) amounts levied to pay for current and future sums agreed to be paid by a school district to certificated employees in 8 9 exchange for a voluntary termination of employment occurring prior to September 1, 2017, (ii) amounts levied by a school district otherwise at 10 the maximum levy pursuant to subdivision (2)(a) of this section to pay 11 for current and future qualified voluntary termination incentives for 12 13 certificated teachers pursuant to subsection (3) of section 79-8,142 that 14 are not otherwise included in an exclusion pursuant to subdivision (2)(d) of this section, (iii) amounts levied by a school district otherwise at 15 16 the maximum levy pursuant to subdivision (2)(a) of this section to pay for seventy-five percent of the current and future sums agreed to be paid 17 to certificated employees in exchange for a voluntary termination of 18 employment occurring between September 1, 2017, and August 31, 2018, as a 19 result of a collective-bargaining agreement in force and effect on 20 September 1, 2017, that are not otherwise included in an exclusion 21 pursuant to subdivision (2)(d) of this section, (iv) amounts levied by a 22 23 school district otherwise at the maximum levy pursuant to subdivision (2) 24 (a) of this section to pay for fifty percent of the current and future sums agreed to be paid to certificated employees in exchange for a 25 voluntary termination of employment occurring between September 1, 2018, 26 and August 31, 2019, as a result of a collective-bargaining agreement in 27 force and effect on September 1, 2017, that are not otherwise included in 28 an exclusion pursuant to subdivision (2)(d) of this section, (v) amounts 29 levied by a school district otherwise at the maximum levy pursuant to 30 31 subdivision (2)(a) of this section to pay for twenty-five percent of the

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1 current and future sums agreed to be paid to certificated employees in exchange for a voluntary termination of employment occurring between 2 3 September 1, 2019, and August 31, 2020, as a result of a collectivebargaining agreement in force and effect on September 1, 2017, that are 4 not otherwise included in an exclusion pursuant to subdivision (2)(d) of 5 this section, (vi) amounts levied in compliance with sections 79-10,110 6 7 and 79-10,110.02, and (vii) amounts levied to pay for special building 8 funds and sinking funds established for projects commenced prior to April 1, 1996, for construction, expansion, or alteration of school district 9 buildings. For purposes of this subsection, commenced means any action 10 taken by the school board on the record which commits the board to expend 11 district funds in planning, constructing, or carrying out the project. 12

- (e) Federal aid school districts may exceed the maximum levy prescribed by subdivision (2)(a) or (2)(c) of this section only to the extent necessary to qualify to receive federal aid pursuant to Title VIII of Public Law 103-382, as such title existed on September 1, 2001. For purposes of this subdivision, federal aid school district means any school district which receives ten percent or more of the revenue for its general fund budget from federal government sources pursuant to Title VIII of Public Law 103-382, as such title existed on September 1, 2001.
- (f) For each fiscal year, learning communities may levy a maximum levy of one-half cent on each one hundred dollars of taxable property subject to the levy for elementary learning center facility leases, for remodeling of leased elementary learning center facilities, and for up to fifty percent of the estimated cost for focus school or program capital projects approved by the learning community coordinating council pursuant to section 79-2111.
- (g) For each fiscal year, learning communities may levy a maximum levy of one and one-half cents on each one hundred dollars of taxable property subject to the levy for early childhood education programs for children in poverty, for elementary learning center employees, for

- 1 contracts with other entities or individuals who are not employees of the
- 2 learning community for elementary learning center programs and services,
- 3 and for pilot projects, except that no more than ten percent of such levy
- 4 may be used for elementary learning center employees.
- 5 (3) For each fiscal year through fiscal year 2023-24, community
- 6 college areas may levy the levies provided in subdivisions (2)(a) through
- 7 (c) of section 85-1517, in accordance with the provisions of such
- 8 subdivisions. For fiscal year 2024-25 and each fiscal year thereafter,
- 9 community college areas may levy the levies provided in subdivisions (2)
- 10 (a) and (b) of section 85-1517, in accordance with the provisions of such
- 11 subdivisions. A community college area may exceed the levy provided in
- 12 subdivision (2)(a) of section 85-1517 by the amount necessary to generate
- 13 sufficient revenue as described in section 85-1543 or 85-2238. A
- 14 community college area may exceed the levy provided in subdivision (2)(b)
- of section 85-1517 by the amount necessary to retire general obligation
- 16 bonds assumed by the community college area or issued pursuant to section
- 17 85-1515 according to the terms of such bonds or for any obligation
- 18 pursuant to section 85-1535 entered into prior to January 1, 1997.
- 19 (4)(a) Natural resources districts may levy a maximum levy of four
- 20 and one-half cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of
- 21 property subject to the levy.
- 22 (b) Natural resources districts shall also have the power and
- 23 authority to levy a tax equal to the dollar amount by which their
- 24 restricted funds budgeted to administer and implement ground water
- 25 management activities and integrated management activities under the
- 26 Nebraska Ground Water Management and Protection Act exceed their
- 27 restricted funds budgeted to administer and implement ground water
- 28 management activities and integrated management activities for FY2003-04,
- 29 not to exceed one cent on each one hundred dollars of taxable valuation
- 30 annually on all of the taxable property within the district.
- 31 (c) In addition, natural resources districts located in a river

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2017-18.

subbasin, or reach that has been determined to be fully 1 basin, 2 appropriated pursuant to section 46-714 or designated as overappropriated pursuant to section 46-713 by the Department of Natural Resources shall 3 also have the power and authority to levy a tax equal to the dollar 4 5 amount by which their restricted funds budgeted to administer and implement ground water management activities and integrated management 6 7 activities under the Nebraska Ground Water Management and Protection Act exceed their restricted funds budgeted to administer and implement ground 8 9 water management activities and integrated management activities for FY2005-06, not to exceed three cents on each one hundred dollars of 10 taxable valuation on all of the taxable property within the district for 11

(5) Any educational service unit authorized to levy a property tax pursuant to section 79-1225 may levy a maximum levy of one and one-half cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy.

fiscal year 2006-07 and each fiscal year thereafter through fiscal year

- (6)(a) Incorporated cities and villages which are not within the 18 boundaries of a municipal county may levy a maximum levy of forty-five 19 cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to 20 the levy plus an additional five cents per one hundred dollars of taxable 21 valuation to provide financing for the municipality's share of revenue 22 23 required under an agreement or agreements executed pursuant to the 24 Interlocal Cooperation Act or the Joint Public Agency Act. The maximum 25 levy shall include amounts levied to pay for sums to support a library pursuant to section 51-201, museum pursuant to section 51-501, visiting 26 community nurse, home health nurse, or home health agency pursuant to 27 28 section 71-1637, or statue, memorial, or monument pursuant to section 80-202. 29
- 30 (b) Incorporated cities and villages which are within the boundaries 31 of a municipal county may levy a maximum levy of ninety cents per one

- hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy. The 2 maximum levy shall include amounts paid to a municipal county for county services, amounts levied to pay for sums to support a library pursuant to 3
- 4 section 51-201, a museum pursuant to section 51-501, a visiting community
- nurse, home health nurse, or home health agency pursuant to section 5
- 6 71-1637, or a statue, memorial, or monument pursuant to section 80-202.
- 7 (7) Sanitary and improvement districts which have been in existence for more than five years may levy a maximum levy of forty cents per one 8 9 hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy, and sanitary and improvement districts which have been in existence for five 10 years or less shall not have a maximum levy. Unconsolidated sanitary and 11 improvement districts which have been in existence for more than five 12 years and are located in a municipal county may levy a maximum of eighty-13 14 five cents per hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy. 15
- 16 (8) Counties may levy or authorize a maximum levy of fifty cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy, 17 except that five cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of 18 property subject to the levy may only be levied to provide financing for 19 the county's share of revenue required under an agreement or agreements 20 executed pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act or the Joint Public 21 Agency Act. The maximum levy shall include amounts levied to pay for sums 22 23 to support a library pursuant to section 51-201 or museum pursuant to 24 section 51-501. The county may allocate up to fifteen cents of its authority to other political subdivisions subject to allocation of 25 property tax authority under subsection (1) of section 77-3443 and not 26 specifically covered in this section to levy taxes as authorized by law 27 which do not collectively exceed fifteen cents per one hundred dollars of 28 taxable valuation on any parcel or item of taxable property. The county 29 may allocate to one or more other political subdivisions subject to 30 allocation of property tax authority by the county under subsection (1) 31

- 1 of section 77-3443 some or all of the county's five cents per one hundred
- 2 dollars of valuation authorized for support of an agreement or agreements
- 3 to be levied by the political subdivision for the purpose of supporting
- 4 that political subdivision's share of revenue required under an agreement
- 5 or agreements executed pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act or the
- 6 Joint Public Agency Act. If an allocation by a county would cause another
- 7 county to exceed its levy authority under this section, the second county
- 8 may exceed the levy authority in order to levy the amount allocated.
- 9 (9) Municipal counties may levy or authorize a maximum levy of one
- 10 dollar per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject
- 11 to the levy. The municipal county may allocate levy authority to any
- 12 political subdivision or entity subject to allocation under section
- 13 77-3443.
- 14 (10) Beginning July 1, 2016, rural and suburban fire protection
- 15 districts may levy a maximum levy of ten and one-half cents per one
- 16 hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy if
- 17 (a) such district is located in a county that had a levy pursuant to
- 18 subsection (8) of this section in the previous year of at least forty
- 19 cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to
- 20 the levy or (b) such district had a levy request pursuant to section
- 21 77-3443 in any of the three previous years and the county board of the
- 22 county in which the greatest portion of the valuation of such district is
- 23 located did not authorize any levy authority to such district in such
- 24 year.
- 25 (11) A regional metropolitan transit authority may levy a maximum
- 26 levy of ten cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of
- 27 property subject to the levy for each fiscal year that commences on the
- 28 January 1 that follows the effective date of the conversion of the
- 29 transit authority established under the Transit Authority Law into the
- 30 regional metropolitan transit authority.
- 31 (12) Property tax levies (a) for judgments, except judgments or

- 1 orders from the Commission of Industrial Relations, obtained against a
- 2 political subdivision which require or obligate a political subdivision
- 3 to pay such judgment, to the extent such judgment is not paid by
- 4 liability insurance coverage of a political subdivision, (b) for
- 5 preexisting lease-purchase contracts approved prior to July 1, 1998, (c)
- 6 for bonds as defined in section 10-134 approved according to law and
- 7 secured by a levy on property except as provided in section 44-4317 for
- 8 bonded indebtedness issued by educational service units and school
- 9 districts, (d) for payments by a public airport to retire interest-free
- 10 loans from the Division of Aeronautics of the Department of
- 11 Transportation in lieu of bonded indebtedness at a lower cost to the
- 12 public airport, and (e) to pay for cancer benefits provided on or after
- 13 January 1, 2022, pursuant to the Firefighter Cancer Benefits Act are not
- 14 included in the levy limits established by this section.
- 15 (13) The limitations on tax levies provided in this section are to
- 16 include all other general or special levies provided by law.
- 17 Notwithstanding other provisions of law, the only exceptions to the
- 18 limits in this section are those provided by or authorized by sections
- 19 77-3442 to 77-3444.
- 20 (14) Tax levies in excess of the limitations in this section shall
- 21 be considered unauthorized levies under section 77-1606 unless approved
- 22 under section 77-3444.
- 23 (15) For purposes of sections 77-3442 to 77-3444, political
- 24 subdivision means a political subdivision of this state and a county
- 25 agricultural society.
- 26 (16) For school districts that file a binding resolution on or
- 27 before May 9, 2008, with the county assessors, county clerks, and county
- 28 treasurers for all counties in which the school district has territory
- 29 pursuant to subsection (7) of section 79-458, if the combined levies,
- 30 except levies for bonded indebtedness approved by the voters of the
- 31 school district and levies for the refinancing of such bonded

- 1 indebtedness, are in excess of the greater of (a) one dollar and twenty
- 2 cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to
- 3 the levy or (b) the maximum levy authorized by a vote pursuant to section
- 4 77-3444, all school district levies, except levies for bonded
- 5 indebtedness approved by the voters of the school district and levies for
- 6 the refinancing of such bonded indebtedness, shall be considered
- 7 unauthorized levies under section 77-1606.
- 8 Sec. 2. Section 77-6703, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2023, is
- 9 amended to read:
- 10 77-6703 (1) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or
- 11 after January 1, 2020, <u>and before January 1, 2025,</u> under the Internal
- 12 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, there shall be allowed to each eligible
- 13 taxpayer a refundable credit against the income tax imposed by the
- 14 Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 or against the franchise tax imposed by
- 15 sections 77-3801 to 77-3807. The credit shall be equal to the credit
- 16 percentage for the taxable year, as set by the department under
- 17 subsection (2) of this section, multiplied by the amount of school
- 18 district taxes paid by the eligible taxpayer during such taxable year.
- 19 (2)(a) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin during
- 20 calendar year 2020, the department shall set the credit percentage so
- 21 that the total amount of credits for such taxable years shall be one
- 22 hundred twenty-five million dollars;
- 23 (b) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin during calendar
- 24 year 2021, the department shall set the credit percentage so that the
- 25 total amount of credits for such taxable years shall be one hundred
- 26 twenty-five million dollars plus either (i) the amount calculated for
- 27 such calendar year under subdivision (3)(b)(ii)(B) of section 77-4602 or
- 28 (ii) the amount calculated for such calendar year under subdivision (3)
- 29 (c)(ii)(B) of section 77-4602, whichever is applicable;
- 30 (c) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin during calendar
- 31 year 2022, the department shall set the credit percentage so that the

1 total amount of credits for such taxable years shall be five hundred

- 2 forty-eight million dollars;
- 3 (d) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin during calendar
- 4 year 2023, the department shall set the credit percentage so that the
- 5 total amount of credits for such taxable years shall be five hundred
- 6 sixty million seven hundred thousand dollars; and
- 7 (e) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin during calendar
- 8 year 2024 through calendar year 2028, the department shall set the credit
- 9 percentage so that the total amount of credits for such taxable years
- 10 shall be the maximum amount of credits allowed in the prior year
- increased by the allowable growth percentage. $\dot{\tau}$
- 12 (f) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin during calendar
- 13 year 2029, the department shall set the credit percentage so that the
- 14 total amount of credits for such taxable years shall be the maximum
- 15 amount of credits allowed in the prior year increased by the allowable
- 16 growth percentage plus an additional seventy-five million dollars; and
- 17 (g) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin during calendar
- 18 year 2030 and each calendar year thereafter, the department shall set the
- 19 credit percentage so that the total amount of credits for such taxable
- 20 years shall be the maximum amount of credits allowed in the prior year
- 21 increased by the allowable growth percentage.
- 22 (3) If the school district taxes are paid by a corporation having an
- 23 election in effect under subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code, a
- 24 partnership, a limited liability company, a trust, or an estate, the
- 25 amount of school district taxes paid during the taxable year may be
- 26 allocated to the shareholders, partners, members, or beneficiaries in the
- 27 same proportion that income is distributed for taxable years beginning or
- 28 deemed to begin before January 1, 2021, under the Internal Revenue Code
- 29 of 1986, as amended. The department shall provide forms and schedules
- 30 necessary for verifying eligibility for the credit provided in this
- 31 section and for allocating the school district taxes paid. For taxable

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years beginning or deemed to begin on or after January 1, 2021, and 1

- 2 before January 1, 2025, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as
- amended, the refundable credit shall be claimed by the corporation having 3
- 4 an election in effect under subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code,
- 5 the partnership, the limited liability company, the trust, or the estate
- that paid the school district taxes. 6
- 7 (4) For any fiscal year or short year taxpayer, the credit may be
- claimed in the first taxable year that begins following the calendar year 8
- 9 for which the credit percentage was determined. The credit shall be taken
- for the school district taxes paid by the taxpayer during the immediately 10
- preceding calendar year. 11
- (5) For the first taxable year beginning or deemed to begin on or 12
- 13 after January 1, 2021, and before January 1, 2022, under the Internal
- Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for a corporation having an election in 14
- effect under subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code, a partnership, a 15
- limited liability company, a trust, or an estate that paid school 16
- 17 district taxes in calendar year 2020 but did not claim the credit
- directly or allocate such school district taxes to the shareholders, 18
- partners, members, or beneficiaries as permitted under subsection (3) of 19
- this section, there shall be allowed an additional refundable credit. 20
- This credit shall be equal to six percent, multiplied by the amount of 21
- 22 school district taxes paid during 2020 by the eligible taxpayer.
- 23 Sec. 3. Section 79-1001, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2023, is
- 24 amended to read:
- 79-1001 Sections 79-1001 to 79-1033 and sections 9 and 10 of this 25
- act shall be known and may be cited as the Tax Equity and Educational 26
- 27 Opportunities Support Act.
- Sec. 4. Section 79-1005.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 28
- 2022, is amended to read: 29
- 79-1005.01 (1) Not later than November 15 of each year<u>through</u> 30
- November 2024, the Tax Commissioner shall certify to the department for 31

1 the preceding tax year the income tax liability of resident individuals

- 2 for each local system.
- 3 (2) For school fiscal years prior to 2017-18, one hundred two
- 4 million two hundred eighty-nine thousand eight hundred seventeen dollars
- 5 which is equal to the amount appropriated to the School District Income
- 6 Tax Fund for distribution in school fiscal year 1992-93 shall be
- 7 disbursed as option payments as determined under section 79-1009 and as
- 8 allocated income tax funds as determined in this section and sections
- 9 79-1008.01, 79-1015.01, 79-1017.01, and 79-1018.01. For school fiscal
- 10 years prior to school fiscal year 2017-18, funds not distributed as
- 11 allocated income tax funds due to minimum levy adjustments shall not
- 12 increase the amount available to local systems for distribution as
- 13 allocated income tax funds.
- 14 (3) Using the data certified by the Tax Commissioner pursuant to
- 15 subsection (1) of this section, the department shall calculate the
- 16 allocation percentage and each local system's allocated income tax funds.
- 17 The allocation percentage shall be the amount stated in subsection (2) of
- 18 this section minus the total amount paid for option students pursuant to
- 19 section 79-1009, with the difference divided by the aggregate statewide
- 20 income tax liability of all resident individuals certified pursuant to
- 21 subsection (1) of this section. Each local system's allocated income tax
- 22 funds shall be calculated by multiplying the allocation percentage times
- 23 the local system's income tax liability certified pursuant to subsection
- 24 (1) of this section.
- 25 (4) For school fiscal year 2017-18 through and each school fiscal
- 26 year 2024-25 thereafter, each local system's allocated income tax funds
- 27 shall be calculated by multiplying the local system's income tax
- 28 liability certified pursuant to subsection (1) of this section by two and
- 29 twenty-three hundredths percent.
- 30 (5) This section shall not apply beginning with the calculations for
- 31 school fiscal year 2025-26.

1 Sec. 5. Section 79-1007.11, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,

- 2 2022, is amended to read:
- 79-1007.11 (1)(a) Through school fiscal year 2024-25, except (1)
- 4 Except as otherwise provided in this section, each school district's
- 5 formula need shall equal the difference of the sum of the school
- 6 district's basic funding, poverty allowance, limited English proficiency
- 7 allowance, focus school and program allowance, summer school allowance,
- 8 special receipts allowance, transportation allowance, elementary site
- 9 allowance, distance education and telecommunications allowance, community
- 10 achievement plan allowance, averaging adjustment, new community
- 11 achievement plan adjustment, student growth adjustment, any positive
- 12 student growth adjustment correction, and new school adjustment minus the
- 13 sum of the limited English proficiency allowance correction, poverty
- 14 allowance correction, and any negative student growth adjustment
- 15 correction.
- 16 (b) For school fiscal year 2025-26 and each school fiscal year
- 17 thereafter, except as otherwise provided in this section, each school
- 18 <u>district's formula need shall equal the difference of the sum of the</u>
- 19 school district's basic funding, poverty allowance, limited English
- 20 proficiency allowance, focus school and program allowance, summer school
- 21 allowance, special receipts allowance, transportation allowance,
- 22 elementary site allowance, distance education and telecommunications
- 23 allowance, community achievement plan allowance, new community
- 24 achievement plan adjustment, student growth adjustment, any positive
- 25 student growth adjustment correction, and new school adjustment minus the
- 26 <u>sum of the limited English proficiency allowance correction, poverty</u>
- 27 <u>allowance correction, and any negative student growth adjustment</u>
- 28 correction.
- 29 (2) If the formula need calculated for a school district pursuant to
- 30 subsection (1) of this section is less than one hundred percent of the
- 31 formula need for such district for the school fiscal year immediately

1 preceding the school fiscal year for which aid is being calculated, the

- 2 formula need for such district shall equal one hundred percent of the
- 3 formula need for such district for the school fiscal year immediately
- 4 preceding the school fiscal year for which aid is being calculated.
- 5 (3) If the formula need calculated for a school district pursuant to
- 6 subsection (1) of this section is more than one hundred twelve percent of
- 7 the formula need for such district for the school fiscal year immediately
- 8 preceding the school fiscal year for which aid is being calculated, the
- 9 formula need for such district shall equal one hundred twelve percent of
- 10 the formula need for such district for the school fiscal year immediately
- 11 preceding the school fiscal year for which aid is being calculated,
- 12 except that the formula need shall not be reduced pursuant to this
- 13 subsection for any district receiving a student growth adjustment for the
- 14 school fiscal year for which aid is being calculated.
- 15 (4) For purposes of subsections (2) and (3) of this section, the
- 16 formula need for the school fiscal year immediately preceding the school
- 17 fiscal year for which aid is being calculated shall be the formula need
- 18 used in the final calculation of aid pursuant to section 79-1065 and for
- 19 districts that were affected by a reorganization with an effective date
- 20 in the calendar year preceding the calendar year in which aid is
- 21 certified for the school fiscal year for which aid is being calculated,
- 22 the formula need for the school fiscal year immediately preceding the
- 23 school fiscal year for which aid is being calculated shall be attributed
- 24 to the affected school districts based on information provided to the
- 25 department by the school districts or proportionally based on the
- 26 adjusted valuation transferred if sufficient information has not been
- 27 provided to the department.
- Sec. 6. Section 79-1007.18, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
- 29 2022, is amended to read:
- 30 79-1007.18 (1) For school fiscal years prior to school fiscal year
- 31 2017-18:

- 1 (a) The department shall calculate an averaging adjustment for districts if the basic funding per formula student is less than the 2 averaging adjustment threshold and the general fund levy for the school 3 fiscal year immediately preceding the school fiscal year for which aid is 4 being calculated was at least one dollar per one hundred dollars of 5 taxable valuation. For the calculation of aid for school fiscal years 6 prior to school fiscal year 2018-19, the general fund levy for school 7 districts that are members of a learning community for purposes of this 8 section includes both the common general fund levy and the school 9 district general fund levy authorized pursuant to subdivisions (2)(b) and 10 (2)(c) of section 77-3442. The averaging adjustment shall equal the 11 district's formula students multiplied by the percentage specified in 12 this subsection for such district of the difference between the averaging 13 adjustment threshold minus such district's basic funding per formula 14 student; 15
- (b) The averaging adjustment threshold shall equal the aggregate basic funding for all districts with nine hundred or more formula students divided by the aggregate formula students for all districts with nine hundred or more formula students for the school fiscal year for which aid is being calculated; and
- (c) The percentage to be used in the calculation of an averaging adjustment shall be based on the general fund levy for the school fiscal year immediately preceding the school fiscal year for which aid is being calculated and shall be as follows:
- (i) If such levy was at least one dollar per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation but less than one dollar and one cent per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation, the percentage shall be fifty percent;
- (ii) If such levy was at least one dollar and one cent per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation but less than one dollar and two cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation, the percentage shall be sixty percent;

- 1 (iii) If such levy was at least one dollar and two cents per one
- 2 hundred dollars of taxable valuation but less than one dollar and three
- 3 cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation, the percentage shall
- 4 be seventy percent;
- 5 (iv) If such levy was at least one dollar and three cents per one
- 6 hundred dollars of taxable valuation but less than one dollar and four
- 7 cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation, the percentage shall
- 8 be eighty percent; and
- 9 (v) If such levy was at least one dollar and four cents per one
- 10 hundred dollars of taxable valuation, the percentage shall be ninety
- 11 percent.
- 12 (2) For school fiscal year 2017-18 through and each school fiscal
- 13 year 2024-25 thereafter, the department shall calculate an averaging
- 14 adjustment for districts with at least nine hundred formula students if
- 15 the basic funding per formula student is less than the averaging
- 16 adjustment threshold. The averaging adjustment shall equal the district's
- 17 formula students multiplied by ninety percent of the difference of the
- 18 averaging adjustment threshold minus such district's basic funding per
- 19 formula student. The averaging adjustment threshold shall equal the
- 20 aggregate basic funding for all districts with nine hundred or more
- 21 formula students divided by the aggregate formula students for all
- 22 districts with nine hundred or more formula students for the school
- 23 fiscal year for which aid is being calculated.
- 24 <u>(3) This section shall not apply beginning in school fi</u>scal year
- 25 2025-26.
- 26 Sec. 7. Section 79-1016, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
- 27 2022, is amended to read:
- 28 79-1016 (1) On or before August 20, the county assessor shall
- 29 certify to the Property Tax Administrator the total taxable value by
- 30 school district in the county for the current assessment year on forms
- 31 prescribed by the Tax Commissioner. The county assessor may amend the

- 1 filing for changes made to the taxable valuation of the school district
- 2 in the county if corrections or errors on the original certification are
- 3 discovered. Amendments shall be certified to the Property Tax
- 4 Administrator on or before August 31.
- 5 (2) On or before October 10, the Property Tax Administrator shall
- 6 compute and certify to the State Department of Education the adjusted
- 7 valuation for the current assessment year for each class of property in
- 8 each school district and each local system. The adjusted valuation of
- 9 property for each school district and each local system, for purposes of
- 10 determining state aid pursuant to the Tax Equity and Educational
- 11 Opportunities Support Act, shall reflect as nearly as possible state aid
- 12 value as defined in subsection (3) of this section. The Property Tax
- 13 Administrator shall notify each school district and each local system of
- 14 its adjusted valuation for the current assessment year by class of
- property on or before October 10. Establishment of the adjusted valuation
- shall be based on the taxable value certified by the county assessor for
- 17 each school district in the county adjusted by the determination of the
- 18 level of value for each school district from an analysis of the
- 19 comprehensive assessment ratio study or other studies developed by the
- 20 Property Tax Administrator, in compliance with professionally accepted
- 21 mass appraisal techniques, as required by section 77-1327. The Tax
- 22 Commissioner shall adopt and promulgate rules and regulations setting
- 23 forth standards for the determination of level of value for state aid
- 24 purposes.
- 25 (3) For purposes of this section, state aid value means:
- 26 (a) For real property other than agricultural and horticultural
- 27 land: -
- 28 (i) For the adjusted valuation used for the calculation of aid for
- 29 <u>school fiscal years prior to school fiscal year 2025-26,</u> ninety-six
- 30 percent of actual value; and
- 31 (ii) For the adjusted valuation used for the calculation of aid for

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1 school fiscal year 2025-26 and each school fiscal year thereafter,

- 2 eighty-six percent of actual value;
- 3 (b) For agricultural and horticultural land: T
- 4 (i) For the adjusted valuation used for the calculation of aid for
- 5 <u>school fiscal years prior to school fiscal year 2025-26</u>, seventy-two
- 6 percent of actual value as provided in sections 77-1359 and to 77-1363;
- $7 \quad and \quad -$
- 8 (ii) For the adjusted valuation used for the calculation of aid for
- 9 school fiscal year 2025-26 and each school fiscal year thereafter, forty-
- 10 two percent of actual value as provided in sections 77-1359 and 77-1363;
- 11 <u>(c)</u> For agricultural and horticultural land that receives special
- 12 valuation pursuant to section 77-1344: τ
- 13 <u>(i) For the adjusted valuation used for the calculation of aid for</u>
- 14 school fiscal years prior to school fiscal year 2025-26, seventy-two
- 15 percent of special valuation as defined in section 77-1343; and
- 16 (ii) For the adjusted valuation used for the calculation of aid for
- 17 school fiscal year 2025-26 and each school fiscal year thereafter, forty-
- 18 two percent of special valuation as defined in section 77-1343; and
- 19 <u>(d) (c)</u> For personal property, the net book value as defined in
- 20 section 77-120.
- 21 (4) On or before November 10, any local system may file with the Tax
- 22 Commissioner written objections to the adjusted valuations prepared by
- 23 the Property Tax Administrator, stating the reasons why such adjusted
- 24 valuations are not the valuations required by subsection (3) of this
- 25 section. The Tax Commissioner shall fix a time for a hearing. Either
- 26 party shall be permitted to introduce any evidence in reference thereto.
- 27 On or before January 1, the Tax Commissioner shall enter a written order
- 28 modifying or declining to modify, in whole or in part, the adjusted
- 29 valuations and shall certify the order to the State Department of
- 30 Education. Modification by the Tax Commissioner shall be based upon the
- 31 evidence introduced at hearing and shall not be limited to the

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modification requested in the written objections or at hearing. A copy of the written order shall be mailed to the local system within seven days after the date of the order. The written order of the Tax Commissioner may be appealed within thirty days after the date of the order to the Tax

Equalization and Review Commission in accordance with section 77-5013.

(5) On or before November 10, any local system or county official 6 may file with the Tax Commissioner a written request for a nonappealable 7 correction of the adjusted valuation due to clerical error as defined in 8 9 section 77-128 or, for agricultural and horticultural land, assessed value changes by reason of land qualified or disqualified for special use 10 valuation pursuant to sections 77-1343 to 77-1347.01. On or before the 11 following January 1, the Tax Commissioner shall approve or deny the 12 request and, if approved, certify the corrected adjusted valuations 13

resulting from such action to the State Department of Education.

- (6) On or before May 31 of the year following the certification of 15 16 adjusted valuation pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, any local system or county official may file with the Tax Commissioner a written 17 request for a nonappealable correction of the adjusted valuation due to 18 changes to the tax list that change the assessed value of taxable 19 property. Upon the filing of the written request, the Tax Commissioner 20 shall require the county assessor to recertify the taxable valuation by 21 in the county on forms prescribed 22 school district by Commissioner. The recertified valuation shall be the valuation that was 23 certified on the tax list, pursuant to section 77-1613, increased or 24 25 decreased by changes to the tax list that change the assessed value of taxable property in the school district in the county in the prior 26 assessment year. On or before the following July 31, the Tax Commissioner 27 shall approve or deny the request and, if approved, certify the corrected 28 29 adjusted valuations resulting from such action to the State Department of Education. 30
 - (7) No injunction shall be granted restraining the distribution of

- 1 state aid based upon the adjusted valuations pursuant to this section.
- 2 (8) A school district whose state aid is to be calculated pursuant
- 3 to subsection (5) of this section and whose state aid payment is
- 4 postponed as a result of failure to calculate state aid pursuant to such
- 5 subsection may apply to the state board for lump-sum payment of such
- 6 postponed state aid. Such application may be for any amount up to one
- 7 hundred percent of the postponed state aid. The state board may grant the
- 8 entire amount applied for or any portion of such amount. The state board
- 9 shall notify the Director of Administrative Services of the amount of
- 10 funds to be paid in a lump sum and the reduced amount of the monthly
- 11 payments. The Director of Administrative Services shall, at the time of
- 12 the next state aid payment made pursuant to section 79-1022, draw a
- 13 warrant for the lump-sum amount from appropriated funds and forward such
- 14 warrant to the district.
- 15 Sec. 8. Section 79-1021, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2023, as
- 16 amended by Laws 2024, LB1284, section 12, is amended to read:
- 17 79-1021 (1) The Education Future Fund is created. The fund shall be
- 18 administered by the department and shall consist of money transferred to
- 19 the fund by the Legislature. Transfers may be made from the Education
- 20 Future Fund to the Computer Science and Technology Education Fund at the
- 21 direction of the Legislature. Any money in the Education Future Fund
- 22 available for investment shall be invested by the state investment
- 23 officer pursuant to the Nebraska Capital Expansion Act and the Nebraska
- 24 State Funds Investment Act.
- 25 (2) The fund shall be used only for the following purposes, in order
- 26 of priority:
- 27 (a) To fully fund equalization aid under the Tax Equity and
- 28 Educational Opportunities Support Act;
- 29 (b) To fund reimbursements related to special education under
- 30 section 79-1142;
- 31 (c) To fund foundation aid under the Tax Equity and Educational

- 1 Opportunities Support Act;
- 2 (d) To increase funding for school districts in a way that results
- 3 in direct property tax relief, which means a dollar-for-dollar
- 4 replacement of property taxes by a state funding source;
- 5 (e) To provide funding for a grant program created by the
- 6 Legislature to address teacher turnover rates and keep existing teachers
- 7 in classrooms;
- 8 (f) To provide funding to increase career and technical educational
- 9 classroom opportunities for students, including, but not limited to,
- 10 computer science education. Such funding must provide students with the
- 11 academic and technical skills, knowledge, and training necessary to
- 12 succeed in future careers;
- 13 (g) To provide funding for a grant program created by the
- 14 Legislature to provide students the opportunity to have a mentor who will
- 15 continuously engage with the student directly to aid in the student's
- 16 professional growth and give ongoing support and encouragement to the
- 17 student;
- 18 (h) To provide funding for extraordinary increases in special
- 19 education expenditures to allow school districts with large, unexpected
- 20 special education expenditures to more easily meet the needs of all
- 21 students;
- 22 (i) To provide funding to help recruit teachers throughout the state
- 23 by utilizing apprenticeships through a teacher apprenticeship program and
- 24 an alternative certification process;
- 25 (j) To provide funding to develop and implement a professional
- 26 learning system to help provide sustained professional learning and
- 27 training regarding evidence-based reading instruction and for a grant
- 28 program relating to dyslexia research; and
- 29 (k) To provide funding for a pilot project administered by the State
- 30 Department of Education to provide menstrual products to school
- 31 districts.

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1 (3)(a) The State Treasurer shall transfer one billion dollars from

- 2 the General Fund to the Education Future Fund in fiscal year 2023-24, on
- 3 such dates and in such amounts as directed by the budget administrator of
- 4 the budget division of the Department of Administrative Services.
- 5 (b) The State Treasurer shall transfer two hundred fifty million
- 6 dollars from the General Fund to the Education Future Fund in fiscal year
- 7 2024-25, on such dates and in such amounts as directed by the budget
- 8 administrator of the budget division of the Department of Administrative
- 9 Services.
- 10 (c) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
- 11 (i) One billion two hundred <u>fifty-five</u> fifty million dollars be
- 12 transferred from the General Fund to the Education Future Fund in fiscal
- 13 year 2025-26 and each fiscal year 2026-27; thereafter.
- (ii) One billion five hundred eight million dollars be transferred
- 15 <u>from the General Fund to the Education Future Fund in fiscal year 2027-28</u>
- 16 and fiscal year 2028-29;
- 17 <u>(iii) One billion seven hundred sixty-one million dollars be</u>
- 18 transferred from the General Fund to the Education Future Fund in fiscal
- 19 year 2029-30 and fiscal year 2030-31;
- 20 <u>(iv) Two billion fourteen million dollars be transferred from the</u>
- 21 General Fund to the Education Future Fund in fiscal year 2031-32 and
- 22 fiscal year 2032-33; and
- 23 <u>(v) Two billion two hundred sixty-seven million dollars be</u>
- 24 transferred from the General Fund to the Education Future Fund in fiscal
- 25 year 2033-34 and each fiscal year thereafter.
- Sec. 9. For fiscal year 2025-26 and each fiscal year thereafter, if
- 27 the amount of money transferred from the General Fund to the Education
- 28 Future Fund does not equal the amounts described in subdivision (3)(c) of
- 29 <u>section 79-1021 and is insufficient for any fiscal year to fully fund</u>
- 30 equalization aid under the Tax Equity and Educational Opportunities
- 31 Support Act, each school district may, if approved by a majority vote of

- 1 the school board, levy an amount for such fiscal year sufficient to
- 2 generate revenue equal to the amount of equalization aid that should have
- 3 been provided to the school district for such fiscal year. The property
- 4 tax levy provided in this section is in addition to the maximum allowable
- 5 property tax levy described in subdivision (2)(a) of section 77-3442 and
- 6 any property tax levied for funding accessibility barrier elimination
- 7 project costs and abatement of environmental hazards as such terms are
- 8 defined in section 79-10,110.
- 9 Sec. 10. (1) For school fiscal year 2025-26 and each school fiscal
- 10 year thereafter, the department shall calculate a base levy adjustment
- 11 pursuant to subsection (3) of this section for each school district to
- 12 <u>adjust the calculated state aid amount for the ensuing school fiscal year</u>
- 13 prior to certification.
- 14 (2) For purposes of the calculation of the base levy adjustment
- 15 pursuant to this section:
- 16 (a) Base levy shall equal fifty percent of the ensuing school fiscal
- 17 year's local effort rate determined pursuant to section 79-1015.01 for
- 18 state aid certified pursuant to section 79-1022;
- 19 (b) The potential general fund levy for the ensuing school fiscal
- 20 year shall equal the general fund levy for the school fiscal year
- 21 immediately preceding the school fiscal year for which aid is being
- 22 calculated minus the potential general fund levy change calculated in
- 23 subdivision (c) of this subsection; and
- 24 (c) The potential general fund levy change shall equal the
- 25 difference between the amount of state aid for the school fiscal year
- 26 <u>immediately preceding the school fiscal year for which aid is being</u>
- 27 <u>calculated and the state aid calculated for the ensuing school fiscal</u>
- 28 year divided by the adjusted valuation and multiplied by one hundred.
- 29 (3) If the potential general fund levy for the ensuing school fiscal
- 30 year is less than the base levy, the difference between such amounts
- 31 shall be multiplied by the adjusted valuation and divided by one hundred.

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1 Such amount shall then be subtracted from the state aid calculated for

- 2 the ensuing school fiscal year to determine the adjusted amount of state
- 3 aid to be distributed to the school district in the ensuing school fiscal
- 4 <u>year.</u>
- 5 Sec. 11. Section 79-3402, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2023, is
- 6 amended to read:
- 7 79-3402 For purposes of the School District Property Tax Limitation
- 8 Act, unless the context otherwise requires:
- 9 (1) Approved bonds means (a) bonds that are issued by a school
- 10 district after the question of issuing such bonds has been approved by
- 11 the voters of such school district and (b) bonds that are issued by a
- 12 school district pursuant to section 79-10,110, 79-10,110.01, or
- 13 79-10,110.02;
- 14 (2) Average daily membership has the same meaning as in section
- 15 79-1003;
- 16 (3) Base growth percentage means the sum of:
- 17 (a) Three percent;
- 18 (b) The annual percentage increase in the student enrollment of the
- 19 school district multiplied by:
- 20 (i) One if the school district's student enrollment has grown by an
- 21 average of at least three percent and by at least one hundred fifty
- 22 students over the preceding three years;
- (ii) Seven-tenths if the school district's student enrollment has
- 24 grown by an average of at least three percent over the preceding three
- 25 years; or
- 26 (iii) Four-tenths if subdivisions (3)(b)(i) and (3)(b)(ii) of this
- 27 section do not apply;
- 28 (c) The percentage obtained by first dividing the annual increase in
- 29 the total number of limited English proficiency students in the school
- 30 district by the student enrollment of the school district and then
- 31 multiplying the quotient by fifteen hundredths; and

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1 (d) The percentage obtained by first dividing the annual increase in

- 2 the total number of poverty students in the school district by the
- 3 student enrollment of the school district and then multiplying the
- 4 quotient by fifteen hundredths;
- 5 (4) Department means the State Department of Education;
- 6 (5) Non-property-tax revenue means revenue of a school district from
- 7 all state and local sources other than real and personal property taxes.
- 8 Non-property-tax revenue does not include grants, donations, bonds, all
- 9 revenue from a school district that has been merged into another school
- 10 district or dissolved, activity funds, bond funds, cooperative funds,
- 11 depreciation funds, employee benefit funds, nutrition funds, qualified
- 12 capital purpose undertaking funds, or student fee funds, insurance
- 13 proceeds, proceeds from the sale of property including land, buildings,
- 14 or capital assets in special building funds, or proceeds of financing;
- 15 (6) Property tax request means the total amount of property taxes
- 16 for the general <u>fund</u> and special building funds requested to be raised
- 17 for a school district through the levy imposed pursuant to section
- 18 77-1601;
- 19 (7) Property tax request authority means the amount that may be
- 20 included in a property tax request for the general <u>fund</u> or special
- 21 building funds of the school district as determined pursuant to the
- 22 School District Property Tax Limitation Act;
- 23 (8) School board has the same meaning as in section 79-101;
- 24 (9) School district has the same meaning as in section 79-101; and
- 25 (10) Student enrollment means the total number of students in the
- 26 school district according to the fall school district membership report
- 27 described in subsection (4) of section 79-528.
- 28 Sec. 12. Section 79-3406, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2023, is
- 29 amended to read:
- 30 79-3406 A school district may choose not to increase its property
- 31 tax request by the full amount allowed by the school district's property

- 1 tax request authority in a particular year. In such cases, the school
- 2 district may carry forward to future years the amount of unused property
- 3 tax request authority, excluding any unused amounts obtained pursuant to
- 4 <u>subsection (2) of section 79-3405</u>. The department shall calculate each
- 5 school district's unused property tax request authority and shall submit
- 6 an accounting of such amount to the school board of the school district.
- 7 Such unused property tax request authority may then be used in later
- 8 years for increases in the school district's property tax request.
- 9 Sec. 13. Section 81-12,193, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
- 10 2022, is amended to read:
- 11 81-12,193 (1) The Nebraska Transformational Project Fund is hereby
- 12 created. The fund shall receive money from application fees paid under
- 13 the Nebraska Transformational Projects Act and from appropriations from
- 14 the Legislature, grants, private contributions, repayments of matching
- 15 funds, and all other sources. Any money in the fund available for
- 16 investment shall be invested by the state investment officer pursuant to
- 17 the Nebraska Capital Expansion Act and the Nebraska State Funds
- 18 Investment Act.
- 19 (2) It is the intent of the Legislature that the State Treasurer
- 20 shall transfer an amount not to exceed three hundred million dollars to
- 21 the Nebraska Transformational Project Fund. Such transfers shall only
- 22 occur after the applicant has been selected for participation in the
- 23 program described in Title VII, Subtitle C, section 740 of Public Law
- 24 116-92 and commitments totaling one billion three hundred million dollars
- 25 in total investment, including only federal dollars and private
- 26 donations, have been secured. In no case shall any transfer occur before
- 27 fiscal year 2025-26 or before the total amount of refundable credits
- 28 granted annually under the Nebraska Property Tax Incentive Act reaches
- 29 three hundred seventy-five million dollars. Distributions shall only be
- 30 made from the fund in amounts equal to the amount of private dollars
- 31 received by the applicant for the project.

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1 (3) Any money remaining in the fund after all obligations have been

- 2 met shall be transferred to the General Fund.
- 3 Sec. 14. Original sections 79-1005.01, 79-1007.11, 79-1007.18,
- 4 79-1016, and 81-12,193, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2022;
- 5 sections 77-3442, 77-6703, 79-1001, 79-3402, and 79-3406, Revised
- 6 Statutes Supplement, 2023; and section 79-1021, Revised Statutes
- 7 Supplement, 2023, as amended by Laws 2024, LB1284, section 12, are
- 8 repealed.