## LEGISLATIVE BILL 86

Approved by the Governor May 30, 2019

Introduced by Wayne, 13; Vargas, 7.

A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to community development; to amend sections 58-707 and 77-2715.07, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and sections 18-2101, 18-2103, 18-2115.01, 18-2117.04, 58-703, 58-708, and 58-711, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2018; to change provisions relating to redevelopment plans for extremely blighted areas under the Community Development Law; to define and redefine terms; to require matching funds from for-profit entities, change funding decisions, and provide additional status report information from the Department of Economic Development under the Nebraska Affordable Housing Act; to provide an income tax credit for purchase of certain residential property as prescribed; to transfer funds; to harmonize provisions; and to repeal the original sections.

Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

Section 1. Section 18-2101, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2018, is amended to read:

18-2101 Sections 18-2101 to 18-2154  $\underline{and\ section\ 2\ of\ this\ act\ }$  shall be known and may be cited as the Community Development Law.

- Sec. 2. (1) For any city that (a) intends to carry out a redevelopment project which will involve the construction of workforce housing in an extremely blighted area as authorized under subdivision (28)(g) of section 18-2103, (b) intends to declare an area as an extremely blighted area for purposes of funding decisions under subdivision (1)(b) of section 58-708, or (c) intends to declare an area as an extremely blighted area in order for individuals purchasing residences in such area to qualify for the income tax credit authorized in subsection (7) of section 77-2715.07, the governing body of such city shall first declare, by resolution adopted after the public hearings required under this section, such area to be an extremely blighted area.
- (2) Prior to making such declaration, the governing body of the city shall conduct or cause to be conducted a study or an analysis on whether the area is extremely blighted and shall submit the question of whether such area is extremely blighted to the planning commission or board of the city for its review and recommendation. The planning commission or board shall hold a public hearing on the question after giving notice of the hearing as provided in section 18-2115.01. Such notice shall include a map of sufficient size to show the area to be declared extremely blighted or information on where to find such map and shall provide information on where to find copies of the study or analysis conducted pursuant to this subsection. The planning commission or board shall submit its written recommendations to the governing body of the city within thirty days after the public hearing.
- (3) Upon receipt of the recommendations of the planning commission or board, or if no recommendations are received within thirty days after the public hearing required under subsection (2) of this section, the governing body shall hold a public hearing on the question of whether the area is extremely blighted after giving notice of the hearing as provided in section 18-2115.01. Such notice shall include a map of sufficient size to show the area to be declared extremely blighted or information on where to find such map and shall provide information on where to find copies of the study or analysis conducted pursuant to subsection (2) of this section. At the public hearing, all interested parties shall be afforded a reasonable opportunity to express their views respecting the proposed declaration. After such hearing, the governing body of the city may make its declaration.
- (4) Copies of each study or analysis conducted pursuant to subsection (2) of this section shall be posted on the city's public web site or made available for public inspection at a location designated by the city.
- for public inspection at a location designated by the city.

  (5) The study or analysis required under subsection (2) of this section may be conducted in conjunction with the study or analysis required under section 18-2109. The hearings required under this section may be held in conjunction with the hearings required under section 18-2109.
- Sec. 3. Section 18-2103, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2018, is amended to read:
- 18-2103 For purposes of the Community Development Law, unless the context otherwise requires:
- (1) Area of operation means and includes the area within the corporate limits of the city and such land outside the city as may come within the purview of sections 18-2123 and 18-2123.01;
- (2) Authority means any community redevelopment authority created pursuant to section 18-2102.01 and a city or village which has created a community development agency pursuant to the provisions of section 18-2101.01 and does not include a limited community redevelopment authority;
- (3) Blighted area means an area (a) which, by reason of the presence of a substantial number of deteriorated or deteriorating structures, existence of

defective or inadequate street layout, faulty lot layout in relation to size, adequacy, accessibility, or usefulness, insanitary or unsafe conditions, deterioration of site or other improvements, diversity of ownership, tax or special assessment delinquency exceeding the fair value of the land, defective or unusual conditions of title, improper subdivision or obsolete platting, or the existence of conditions which endanger life or property by fire and other causes, or any combination of such factors, substantially impairs or arrests the sound growth of the community, retards the provision of housing accommodations, or constitutes an economic or social liability and is detrimental to the public health, safety, morals, or welfare in its present condition and use and (b) in which there is at least one of the following conditions: (i) Unemployment in the designated area is at least one hundred twenty percent of the state or national average; (ii) the average age of the residential or commercial units in the area is at least forty years; (iii) more than half of the plotted and subdivided property in an area is unimproved land that has been within the city for forty years and has remained unimproved during that time; (iv) the per capita income of the area is lower than the average per capita income of the city or village in which the area is designated; or (v) the area has had either stable or decreasing population based on the last two decennial censuses. In no event shall a city of the metropolitan primary or first class designate more than thirty-five percent metropolitan, primary, or first class designate more than thirty-five percent of the city as blighted, a city of the second class shall not designate an area larger than fifty percent of the city as blighted, and a village shall not designate an area larger than one hundred percent of the village as blighted. A redevelopment project involving a formerly used defense site as authorized under section 18-2123.01 shall not count towards the percentage limitations contained in this subdivision;

- (4) Bonds means any bonds, including refunding bonds, notes, interim certificates, debentures, or other obligations issued pursuant to the Community
- Development Law except for bonds issued pursuant to section 18-2142.04;
  (5) Business means any private business located in an enhanced employment
  - (6) City means any city or incorporated village in the state;
  - (7) Clerk means the clerk of the city or village;
- (8) Community redevelopment area means a substandard and blighted area which the community redevelopment authority designates as appropriate for a renewal project;
- (9) Employee means a person employed at a business as a result of a redevelopment project;
- (10) Employer-provided health benefit means any item paid for by the employer in total or in part that aids in the cost of health care services, including, but not limited to, health insurance, health savings accounts, and employer reimbursement of health care costs;
- (11) Enhanced employment area means an area not exceeding six hundred acres (a) within a community redevelopment area which is designated by an authority as eligible for the imposition of an occupation tax or (b) not within
- a community redevelopment area as may be designated under section 18-2142.04;

  (12) Equivalent employees means the number of employees computed by (a) dividing the total hours to be paid in a year by (b) the product of forty times
- the number of weeks in a year;

  (13) Extremely blighted area means a substandard and blighted area in which: (a) The average rate of unemployment in the area during the period covered by the most recent federal decennial census or American Community Survey 5-Year Estimate is at least two hundred percent of the average rate of unemployment in the state during the same period; and (b) the average poverty rate in the area exceeds twenty percent for the total federal census tract or tracts or federal census block group or block groups in the area:
- tracts or federal census block group or block groups in the area;
  (14) Federal government means the United States of America, or any agency or instrumentality, corporate or otherwise, of the United States of America;
  (15) Governing body or local governing body means the city council, board of trustees, or other legislative body charged with governing the municipality;
- (16) Limited community redevelopment authority means a community redevelopment authority created pursuant to section 18-2102.01 having only one single specific limited pilot project authorized;
- (17) Mayor means the mayor of the city or chairperson of the board of trustees of the village;
  (18) New investment means the value of improvements to real estate made in
- an enhanced employment area by a developer or a business;
- (19) Number of new employees means the number of equivalent employees that are employed at a business as a result of the redevelopment project during a year that are in excess of the number of equivalent employees during the year immediately prior to the year that a redevelopment plan is adopted;

  (20) Obligee means any bondholder, agent, or trustee for any bondholder,
- or lessor demising to any authority, established pursuant to section 18-2102.01, property used in connection with a redevelopment project, or any assignee or assignees of such lessor's interest or any part thereof, and the federal government when it is a party to any contract with such authority; (21) Occupation tax means a tax imposed under section 18-2142.02;
- (22) Person means any individual, firm, partnership, limited liability company, corporation, company, association, joint-stock association, or body politic and includes any trustee, receiver, assignee, or other similar representative thereof;
  - (23) Public body means the state or any municipality, county, township,

board, commission, authority, district, or other political subdivision or public body of the state;

- (24) Real property means all lands, including improvements and fixtures thereon, and property of any nature appurtenant thereto, or used in connection therewith, and every estate, interest and right, legal or equitable, therein, including terms for years and liens by way of judgment, mortgage, or otherwise, and the indebtedness secured by such liens;
- (25) Redeveloper means any person, partnership, or public or private corporation or agency which enters or proposes to enter into a redevelopment
- (26) Redevelopment contract means a contract entered into between an authority and a redeveloper for the redevelopment of an area in conformity with a redevelopment plan;
- (27) Redevelopment plan means a plan, as it exists from time to time for one or more community redevelopment areas, or for a redevelopment project, which (a) conforms to the general plan for the municipality as a whole and (b) is sufficiently complete to indicate such land acquisition, demolition and removal of structures, redevelopment, improvements, and rehabilitation as may be proposed to be carried out in the community redevelopment area, zoning and planning changes if any land uses maximum densities and building planning changes, if any, land uses, maximum densities, and building requirements;
- (28) Redevelopment project means any work or undertaking in one or more community redevelopment areas: (a) To acquire substandard and blighted areas or community redevelopment areas: (a) To acquire substandard and blighted areas or portions thereof, including lands, structures, or improvements the acquisition of which is necessary or incidental to the proper clearance, development, or redevelopment of such substandard and blighted areas; (b) to clear any such areas by demolition or removal of existing buildings, structures, streets, utilities, or other improvements thereon and to install, construct, or reconstruct streets, utilities, parks, playgrounds, public spaces, public parking facilities, sidewalks or moving sidewalks, convention and civic centers, bus stop shelters, lighting, benches or other similar furniture, trash receptacles, shelters, skywalks and pedestrian and vehicular overpasses and underpasses, enhancements to structures in the redevelopment plan area which exceed minimum building and design standards in the community and prevent the recurrence of substandard and blighted conditions, and any other necessary public improvements essential to the preparation of sites for uses in accordance with a redevelopment plan; (c) to sell, lease, or otherwise make available land in such areas for residential, recreational, commercial, industrial, or other uses, including parking or other facilities functionally related or subordinate to such uses, or for public use or to retain such land for public use, in accordance with a redevelopment plan; and may also include the preparation of the redevelopment plan, the planning, survey, and other work incident to a redevelopment project and the preparation of all plans and arrangements for carrying out a redevelopment project; (d) to dispose of all real and personal property or any interest in such property, or assets, cash, or other funds held or used in connection with residential, recreational, commercial, industrial, or other uses, including parking or other facilities portions thereof, including lands, structures, or improvements the acquisition commercial, industrial, or other uses, including parking or other facilities functionally related or subordinate to such uses, or any public use specified in a redevelopment plan or project, except that such disposition shall be at its fair value for uses in accordance with the redevelopment plan; (e) to acquire real property in a community redevelopment area which, under the redevelopment plan, is to be repaired or rehabilitated for dwelling use or related facilities, repair or rehabilitate the structures, and resell the property; (f) to carry out plans for a program of voluntary or compulsory repair, rehabilitation, or demolition of buildings in accordance with the redevelopment plan; and (g) in a rural community or in an extremely blighted area within a municipality that is not a rural community, to carry out construction of workforce housing;
- (29) Redevelopment project valuation means the valuation for assessment of the taxable real property in a redevelopment project last certified for the year prior to the effective date of the provision authorized in section 18-2147;
- (30) Rural community means any municipality in a county with a population of fewer than one hundred thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial census;
- (31) Substandard area means an area in which there is a predominance of buildings or improvements, whether nonresidential or residential in character, which, by reason of dilapidation, deterioration, age or obsolescence, inadequate provision for ventilation, light, air, sanitation, or open spaces, high density of population and overcrowding, or the existence of conditions which endanger life or property by fire and other causes, or any combination of such factors is conducive to ill health transmission of discount infert such factors, is conducive to ill health, transmission of disease, infant mortality, juvenile delinquency, and crime, (which cannot be remedied through construction of prisons), and is detrimental to the public health, safety, morals, or welfare; and
  - (32) Workforce housing means:
- (a) Housing that meets the needs of today's working families;(b) Housing that is attractive to new residents considering relocation to a rural community;
- (c) Owner-occupied housing units that cost not more than two hundred seventy-five thousand dollars to construct or rental housing units that cost not more than two hundred thousand dollars per unit to construct. For purposes of this subdivision (c), housing unit costs shall be updated annually by the

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Department of Economic Development based upon the most recent increase or decrease in the Producer Price Index for all commodities, published by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics;

- (d) Owner-occupied and rental housing units for which the cost to substantially rehabilitate exceeds fifty percent of a unit's assessed value; and
  - (e) Upper-story housing.

Sec. 4. Section 18-2115.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2018, is amended to read:

18-2115.01 (1) Public notice of any hearing required under section 18-2109 or 18-2115 or section 2 of this act shall be given by publication at least once a week for two consecutive weeks in a legal newspaper in or of general circulation in the community. The time of the hearing shall be at least ten days from the last publication.

days from the last publication.
(2)(a) Notice of any hearing required under section 18-2109 or 18-2115 or section 2 of this act shall be given to neighborhood associations that have registered under subsection (5) of this section as follows:

(i) For a hearing under section 18-2109, notice shall be given to each registered neighborhood association whose area of representation is located in whole or in part within a one-mile radius of the area to be declared substandard and blighted;—and

(ii) For a hearing under section 2 of this act, notice shall be given to each registered neighborhood association whose area of representation is located in whole or in part within a one-mile radius of the area to be declared extremely blighted; and

(iii) (ii) For a hearing under section 18-2115, notice shall be given to each registered neighborhood association whose area of representation is located in whole or in part within a one-mile radius of the area to be redeveloped.

(b) Notice under this subsection shall be given at least ten days prior to the hearing in the manner requested by the neighborhood association. The notice shall be deemed given on the date it is sent.

(3)(a) Notice of any hearing required under section 18-2109 or 18-2115 or section 2 of this act shall be given to political subdivisions as follows:

(i) For a hearing under section 18-2109, notice shall be given to the president or chairperson of the governing body of each county, school district, community college area, educational service unit, and natural resources district in which the real property to be declared substandard and blighted is located:—and

(ii) For a hearing under section 2 of this act, notice shall be given to the president or chairperson of the governing body of each county, school district, community college area, educational service unit, and natural resources district in which the real property to be declared extremely blighted is located: and

is located; and

(iii) (iii) For a hearing under section 18-2115, notice shall be given to the president or chairperson of the governing body of each county, school district, community college area, educational service unit, and natural resources district in which the real property subject to the redevelopment plan or substantial modification thereof is located.

(b) Notice under this subsection shall be given at least ten days prior to the hearing by certified mail, return receipt requested. The notice shall be deemed given on the date it is mailed by certified mail.

(4) All notices given under this section shall describe the time, date, place, and purpose of the hearing.

(5) Each neighborhood association desiring to receive notice of any hearing required under section 18-2109 or 18-2115 or section 2 of this act shall register with the city's planning department or, if there is no planning department, with the city clerk. The registration shall include a description of the area of representation of the association, the name of and contact information for the individual designated by the association to receive the notice on its behalf, and the requested manner of service, whether by email, first-class mail, or certified mail. Registration of the neighborhood association for purposes of this section shall be accomplished in accordance with such other rules and regulations as may be adopted and promulgated by the city.

Sec. 5. Section 18-2117.04, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2018, is amended to read:

18-2117.04 (1) On and after October 1, 2018, each city that has approved one or more redevelopment plans or redevelopment projects that are financed in whole or in part through the division of taxes as provided in section 18-2147 shall retain copies of (a) all such redevelopment plans and (b) all supporting documents associated with the redevelopment plans or redevelopment projects, and with any related substandard and blighted declaration under section 18-2109, and with any related extremely blighted declaration under section 2 of this act that are received or generated by the city.

(2) The city shall retain the redevelopment plans and supporting documents

(2) The city shall retain the redevelopment plans and supporting documents described in subsection (1) of this section for the period of time required under any applicable records retention schedule adopted under the Records Management Act or for three years following the end of the last fiscal year in which ad valorem taxes are divided, whichever period is longer

which ad valorem taxes are divided, whichever period is longer.

(3) For purposes of this section, supporting document includes any substandard and blighted study or analysis conducted pursuant to section 18-2109, any extremely blighted study or analysis conducted pursuant to section

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<u>2 of this act,</u> any cost-benefit analysis conducted pursuant to section 18-2113, and any invoice, receipt, claim, or contract received or generated by the city that provides support for receipts or payments associated with the redevelopment plan or redevelopment project.

Sec. 6. Section 58-703, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2018, is amended to read:

58-703 The Affordable Housing Trust Fund is created. The fund shall receive money pursuant to section 76-903 and may include revenue from sources recommended by the housing advisory committee established in section 58-704, appropriations from the Legislature, transfers authorized by the Legislature, grants, private contributions, repayment of loans, and all other sources. The Department of Economic Development as part of its comprehensive housing affordability strategy shall administer the Affordable Housing Trust Fund.

Department of Economic Development as part of its comprehensive housing affordability strategy shall administer the Affordable Housing Trust Fund.

Transfers may be made from the Affordable Housing Trust Fund to the General Fund, the Behavioral Health Services Fund, the Lead-Based Paint Hazard Control Cash Fund, the Rural Workforce Housing Investment Fund, and the Site and Building Development Fund at the direction of the Legislature.

The State Treasurer shall transfer fifty-eight thousand one hundred eighty-eight dollars from the Affordable Housing Trust Fund to the General Fund on or before September 15, 2019, on such date as directed by the budget administrator of the budget division of the Department of Administrative Services.

Sec. 7. Section 58-707, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

58-707 Organizations which may receive assistance under the Nebraska Affordable Housing Act are governmental subdivisions, local housing authorities, community action agencies, community-based or neighborhood-based or reservation-based nonprofit organizations, and for-profit entities working in conjunction with one of the other eligible organizations. For-profit entities that are eligible under this section and shall be required to provide, or cause to be provided, matching funds for the eligible activity in an amount determined by the Department of Economic Development, which amount shall be at least equal to ten percent of the amount of assistance provided by the Affordable Housing Trust Fund. Political subdivisions, local housing authorities, community action agencies, and community-based, neighborhood-based, and reservation-based nonprofit organizations shall not be required to provide, or cause to be provided, such matching funds. Nothing in the act shall be construed to allow individuals to receive direct loans from the Affordable Housing Trust Fund.

Sec. 8. Section 58-708, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2018, is amended to read:

58-708 (1) During each calendar year in which funds are available from the Affordable Housing Trust Fund for use by the Department of Economic Development, the department shall make its best efforts to allocate not less than thirty percent of such funds to each congressional district. The department shall announce a grant and loan application period of at least ninety days duration for all projects. In selecting projects to receive trust fund assistance, the department shall develop a qualified allocation plan and give first priority to financially viable projects that serve the lowest income occupants for the longest period of time. The qualified allocation plan shall:

(a) Set forth selection criteria to be used to determine housing

(a) Set forth selection criteria to be used to determine housing priorities of the housing trust fund which are appropriate to local conditions, including the community's immediate need for affordable housing, proposed increases in home ownership, private dollars leveraged, level of local government support and participation, and repayment, in part or in whole, of financial assistance awarded by the fund: and

government support and participation, and repayment, in part of in whole, of financial assistance awarded by the fund; and

(b) Give first priority in allocating trust fund assistance among selected projects to those projects which are located in whole or in part within an enterprise zone designated pursuant to the Enterprise Zone Act, serve the lowest income occupant, are located in an area that has been declared an extremely blighted area under section 2 of this act, and are obligated to serve qualified occupants for the longest period of time.

(2) The department shall fund in order of priority as many applications as will utilize available funds less actual administrative costs of the department in administering the program. In administering the program the department may contract for services or directly provide funds to other governmental entities or instrumentalities.

(3) The department may recapture any funds which were allocated to a qualified recipient for an eligible project through an award agreement if such funds were not utilized for eligible costs within the time of performance under the agreement and are therefor no longer obligated to the project. The recaptured funds shall be credited to the Affordable Housing Trust Fund.

Sec. 9. Section 58-711, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2018, is amended to read:

58-711 (1) The Department of Economic Development shall submit, as part of the department's annual status report under section 81-1201.11, the following information regarding detailing the status of the Affordable Housing Trust Fund: (a) — The status report shall list (1) the applications funded during the previous calendar year; (b) — (2) the applications funded in previous years; (c) — (3) the identity of the organizations receiving funds; (d) — (4) the location of each project; (e) — (5) the amount of funding provided to each the project; (f) — (6) the amount of funding leveraged as a result of each the project; (g) — (7) the number of units of housing created by

each the project and the occupancy rate; (h) , (8) the expected cost of rent or monthly payment of those units; (i)  $\frac{1}{1}$ , (9) the projected number of new employees and community investment as a result of each the project; (j)  $\frac{1}{1}$ , and (10) the amount of revenue deposited into the Affordable Housing Trust Fund pursuant to section 76-903; (k) the total amount of funds for which applications were received during the previous calendar year, the year-end fund balance, and, if all available funds have not been committed, an explanation of the reasons why all such funds have not been so committed; (1) the amount of appropriated funds actually expended by the department for the previous calendar year; (m) the department's current budget for administration of the Nebraska Affordable Housing Act and the department's planned use and distribution of funds, including details on the amount of funds to be expended on projects and the amount of funds to be expended by the department for administrative purposes; and (n) project summaries, including the applicant municipality, project description, grant amount requested, amount and type of matching funds, and reasons for approval or denial for every application seeking funds during the previous calendar year.

(2) The status report shall contain no information that is protected by state or federal confidentiality laws.

Sec. 10. Section 77-2715.07, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

77-2715.07 (1) There shall be allowed to qualified resident individuals as a nonrefundable credit against the income tax imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967:

- (a) A credit equal to the federal credit allowed under section 22 of the Internal Revenue Code; and
- (b) A credit for taxes paid to another state as provided in section 77-2730.
- (2) There shall be allowed to qualified resident individuals against the income tax imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967:
  (a) For returns filed reporting federal adjusted gross incomes of greater
- than twenty-nine thousand dollars, a nonrefundable credit equal to twenty-five percent of the federal credit allowed under section 21 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, except that for taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after January 1, 2015, such nonrefundable credit shall be allowed only if the individual would have received the federal credit allowed under section 21 of the code after adding back in any carryforward of a net operating loss that was deducted pursuant to such section in determining eligibility for the federal credit;
- (b) For returns filed reporting federal adjusted gross income of twentynine thousand dollars or less, a refundable credit equal to a percentage of the federal credit allowable under section 21 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, whether or not the federal credit was limited by the federal tax liability. The percentage of the federal credit shall be one hundred percent for incomes not greater than twenty-two thousand dollars, and the percentage shall be reduced by ten percent for each one thousand dollars, or fraction thereof, by which the reported federal adjusted gross income exceeds twenty-two thousand dollars, except that for taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after January 1, 2015, such refundable credit shall be allowed only if the individual would have received the federal credit allowed under section 21 of the code after adding back in any carryforward of a net operating loss that was deducted pursuant to such section in determining eligibility for the federal deducted pursuant to such section in determining eligibility for the federal credit;
- (c) A refundable credit as provided in section 77-5209.01 for individuals who qualify for an income tax credit as a qualified beginning farmer or livestock producer under the Beginning Farmer Tax Credit Act for all taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after January 1, 2006, under the
- years beginning or deemed to begin on or after January 1, 2006, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;

  (d) A refundable credit for individuals who qualify for an income tax credit under the Angel Investment Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Advantage Microenterprise Tax Credit Act, the Nebraska Advantage Research and Development Act, or the Volunteer Emergency Responders Incentive Act; and

  (e) A refundable credit equal to ten percent of the federal credit allowed under section 32 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, except that for taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after January 1, 2015, such refundable credit shall be allowed only if the individual would have received the federal credit allowed under section 32 of the code after adding back in any carryforward of a net operating loss that was deducted pursuant to back in any carryforward of a net operating loss that was deducted pursuant to such section in determining eligibility for the federal credit.

  (3) There shall be allowed to all individuals as a nonrefundable credit
- against the income tax imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967:
- (a) A credit for personal exemptions allowed under section 77-2716.01;(b) A credit for contributions to certified community betterment programs as provided in the Community Development Assistance Act. Each partner, each shareholder of an electing subchapter S corporation, each beneficiary of an estate or trust, or each member of a limited liability company shall report his or her share of the credit in the same manner and proportion as he or she reports the partnership, subchapter S corporation, estate, trust, or limited
- liability company income; (c) A credit for investment in a biodiesel facility as provided in section 77-27, 236;
  - (d) A credit as provided in the New Markets Job Growth Investment Act;
  - (e) A credit as provided in the Nebraska Job Creation and Mainstreet

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- (f) A credit to employers as provided in section 77-27,238; and
- (g) A credit as provided in the Affordable Housing Tax Credit Act.
- (4) There shall be allowed as a credit against the income tax imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967:
- (a) A credit to all resident estates and trusts for taxes paid to another state as provided in section 77-2730;
- (b) A credit to all estates and trusts for contributions to certified community betterment programs as provided in the Community Development Assistance Act; and
- (c) A refundable credit for individuals who qualify for an income tax credit as an owner of agricultural assets under the Beginning Farmer Tax Credit Act for all taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after January 1, 2009, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. The credit allowed for each partner, shareholder, member, or beneficiary of a partnership, corporation, limited liability company, or estate or trust qualifying for an income tax credit as an owner of agricultural assets under the Beginning Farmer Tax Credit Act shall be equal to the partner's, shareholder's, member's, or beneficiary's portion of the amount of tax credit distributed pursuant to subsection (4) of section 77-5211.
- (5)(a) For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, and before January 1, 2009, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, there shall be allowed to each partner, shareholder, member, or beneficiary of a partnership, subchapter S corporation, limited liability company, or estate or trust a nonrefundable credit against the income tax imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 equal to fifty percent of the partner's, shareholder's, member's, or beneficiary's portion of the amount of franchise tax paid to the state under sections 77-3801 to 77-3807 by a financial institution.
- (b) For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, there shall be allowed to each partner, shareholder, member, or beneficiary of a partnership, subchapter S corporation, limited liability company, or estate or trust a nonrefundable credit against the income tax imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 equal to the partner's, shareholder's, member's, or beneficiary's portion of the amount of franchise tax paid to the state under sections 77-3801 to 77-3807 by a financial institution.
- (c) Each partner, shareholder, member, or beneficiary shall report his or her share of the credit in the same manner and proportion as he or she reports the partnership, subchapter S corporation, limited liability company, or estate or trust income. If any partner, shareholder, member, or beneficiary cannot fully utilize the credit for that year, the credit may not be carried forward or back.
- (6) There shall be allowed to all individuals nonrefundable credits against the income tax imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 as provided in section 77-3604 and refundable credits against the income tax imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 as provided in section 77-3605.
- (7)(a) For taxable years beginning or deemed to begin on or after January 1, 2020, and before January 1, 2026, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, a nonrefundable credit against the income tax imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 in the amount of five thousand dollars shall be allowed to any individual who purchases a residence during the taxable year if such residence:
- (i) Is located within an area that has been declared an extremely blighted area under section 2 of this act;
  - (ii) Is the individual's primary residence; and
- (iii) Was not purchased from a family member of the individual or a family member of the individual's spouse.
- (b) The credit provided in this subsection shall be claimed for the taxable year in which the residence is purchased. If the individual cannot fully utilize the credit for such year, the credit may be carried forward to subsequent taxable years until fully utilized.
- (c) No more than one credit may be claimed under this subsection with respect to a single residence.
- (d) The credit provided in this subsection shall be subject to recapture by the Department of Revenue if the individual claiming the credit sells or otherwise transfers the residence or quits using the residence as his or her primary residence within five years after the end of the taxable year in which the credit was claimed.
- (e) For purposes of this subsection, family member means an individual's spouse, child, parent, brother, sister, grandchild, or grandparent, whether by blood, marriage, or adoption.
- Sec. 11. Original sections 58-707 and 77-2715.07, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and sections 18-2101, 18-2103, 18-2115.01, 18-2117.04, 58-703, 58-708, and 58-711, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2018, are repealed.