

LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA
ONE HUNDRED SIXTH LEGISLATURE
SECOND SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 997

Introduced by Morfeld, 46.

Read first time January 14, 2020

Committee: Banking, Commerce and Insurance

- 1 A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to insurance; to adopt the Out-of-Network
- 2 Emergency Medical Care Act; and to provide an operative date.
- 3 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

1 Section 1. Sections 1 to 17 of this act shall be known and may be
2 cited as the Out-of-Network Emergency Medical Care Act.

3 Sec. 2. For purposes of the Out-of-Network Emergency Medical Care
4 Act, the definitions found in sections 3 to 13 of this act apply.

5 Sec. 3. Carrier means an entity that contracts to provide, deliver,
6 arrange for, pay for, or reimburse any of the costs of health care
7 services under a health benefits plan.

8 Sec. 4. Covered person means a person on whose behalf a carrier is
9 obligated to pay health care expense benefits or provide health care
10 services.

11 Sec. 5. Emergency medical condition means a medical or behavioral
12 condition, the onset of which is sudden, that manifests itself by
13 symptoms of sufficient severity, including, but not limited to, severe
14 pain, that a prudent layperson, possessing an average knowledge of
15 medicine and health, could reasonably expect the absence of immediate
16 medical attention to result in (1) placing the health of the person
17 afflicted with such condition in serious jeopardy or, in the case of a
18 behavioral condition, placing the health of such persons or others in
19 serious jeopardy, (2) serious impairment to such person's bodily
20 functions, (3) serious impairment of any bodily organ or part of such
21 person, or (4) serious disfigurement of such person.

22 Sec. 6. Emergency services means health care services medically
23 necessary to screen and stabilize a covered person in connection with an
24 emergency medical condition.

25 Sec. 7. (1) Health benefits plan means a benefits plan which pays
26 or provides hospital and medical expense benefits for covered services
27 and is delivered or issued for delivery in this state by or through a
28 carrier.

29 (2) Health benefits plan does not include the medical assistance
30 program, medicare, medicare advantage, accident-only, credit, disability,
31 or long-term care coverage, TRICARE supplement coverage, coverage arising

1 out of a workers' compensation or similar law, automobile medical payment
2 insurance, personal injury protection insurance, and hospital confinement
3 indemnity coverage.

4 Sec. 8. Health care facility means a general acute hospital,
5 satellite emergency department, or ambulatory surgical center licensed
6 pursuant to the Health Care Facility Licensure Act.

7 Sec. 9. Health care professional means an individual who is
8 credentialed pursuant to the Uniform Credentialing Act, who is acting
9 within the scope of his or her credential, and who provides a covered
10 service defined by the health benefits plan.

11 Sec. 10. Health care provider means a health care professional or
12 health care facility.

13 Sec. 11. Medical assistance program means the medical assistance
14 program established pursuant to the Medical Assistance Act.

15 Sec. 12. Medically necessary means a health care service that a
16 health care provider, exercising his or her prudent clinical judgment,
17 would provide to a covered person for the purpose of evaluating,
18 diagnosing, or treating an illness, an injury, or a disease, or its
19 symptoms, and that is in accordance with the generally accepted standards
20 of medical practice; that is clinically appropriate, in terms of type,
21 frequency, extent, site, and duration, and considered effective for the
22 covered person's illness, injury, or disease; that is not primarily for
23 the convenience of the covered person or the health care provider; and
24 that is not more costly than an alternative service or sequence of
25 services at least as likely to produce equivalent therapeutic or
26 diagnostic results as to the diagnosis or treatment of that covered
27 person's illness, injury, or disease.

28 Sec. 13. TRICARE means a health care program of the United States
29 Department of Defense Military Health System.

30 Sec. 14. If a covered person receives emergency services at any
31 health care facility, the facility shall not bill the covered person in

1 excess of any deductible, copayment, or coinsurance amount applicable to
2 in-network services pursuant to the covered person's health benefits
3 plan.

4 Sec. 15. If a covered person receives emergency services at an in-
5 network or out-of-network health care facility, the health care provider
6 performing those services shall not bill the covered person in excess of
7 any deductible, copayment, or coinsurance amount applicable to in-network
8 services pursuant to the covered person's health benefits plan.

9 Sec. 16. (1) If a covered person receives emergency services at an
10 in-network or out-of-network health care facility, the carrier shall
11 ensure that the covered person incurs no greater out-of-pocket costs than
12 the covered person would have incurred with an in-network health care
13 provider for covered services.

14 (2) With respect to emergency services at an in-network or out-of-
15 network health care facility, benefits provided by a carrier that the
16 covered person receives for health care services shall be assigned to the
17 out-of-network health care provider, which shall require no action on the
18 part of the covered person.

19 (3) Once the benefit is assigned, any reimbursement paid by the
20 carrier shall be paid directly to the out-of-network health care
21 provider. The carrier shall provide the out-of-network health care
22 provider with a written remittance of payment that specifies the proposed
23 reimbursement and the applicable deductible, copayment, or coinsurance
24 amounts owed by the covered person.

25 (4) If emergency services provided at an in-network or out-of-
26 network health care facility are performed, the out-of-network health
27 care provider may bill the carrier for the services rendered. The carrier
28 may pay the billed amount or notify the health care provider within
29 twenty days after the date of the receipt of the claim that the carrier
30 considers the claim to be excessive. A claim shall be presumed reasonable
31 if it is based on the higher of the carrier's contracted rate or one

1 hundred twenty-five percent of the payment rate received from the federal
2 Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services for the same or similar
3 services in the same geographic area.

4 Sec. 17. (1) If the carrier provides notification that the carrier
5 considers the claim to be excessive, the carrier and the health care
6 provider shall have thirty days after the date of this notification to
7 negotiate a settlement or engage in mediation in accordance with the
8 Uniform Mediation Act. The carrier and the health care provider shall
9 reach agreement through the mediation process. The carrier may attempt to
10 negotiate a final reimbursement amount with the out-of-network health
11 care provider which differs from the amount paid by the carrier pursuant
12 to this section.

13 (2) Following completion of the mediation process, the cost of
14 mediation shall be split evenly and paid by the carrier and the health
15 care provider.

16 (3) Mediation shall not be used when the carrier and the health care
17 provider agree to a separate payment arrangement.

18 Sec. 18. This act becomes operative on January 1, 2021.