LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA
ONE HUNDRED SIXTH LEGISLATURE
FIRST SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 79

FINIAL READING

Introduced by Friesen, 34.
Read first time January 10, 2019
Committee: Transportation and Telecommunications

A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to transportation; to amend sections 60-107, 60-2705, 75-363, 75-364, 75-366, 75-392, and 75-393, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and sections 60-119.01, 60-302.01, 60-336.01, 60-363, 60-386, 60-3,113.04, 60-3,193.01, 60-3,198, 60-3,202, 60-462.01, 60-479.01, 60-4,111.01, 60-4,132, 60-4,134, 60-4,147.02, 60-501, 60-628.01, 60-6,265, and 60-2909.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2018; to allow for electronic images of registration certificates; to change provisions relating to the distribution of certain registration fees; to adopt and update references to certain federal provisions relating to cabin trailers, low-speed vehicles, handicapped or disabled parking, motor vehicle and trailer registration, the International Registration Plan, operators' licenses and state identification cards, persons handling source documents, commercial motor vehicles, hazardous materials, occupant protection systems and three-point safety belt systems, motor vehicle consumer informal dispute settlement procedures, disclosure of motor vehicle records, motor carrier and hazardous material regulations and their enforcement, and the unified carrier registration plan and agreement; to harmonize provisions; to repeal the original sections; and to declare an emergency.

Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,
Section 1. Section 60-107, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

60-107 Cabin trailer means a trailer or a semitrailer, which is designed, constructed, and equipped as a dwelling place, living abode, or sleeping place, whether used for such purposes or instead permanently or temporarily for the advertising, sale, display, or promotion of merchandise or services or for any other commercial purpose except transportation of property for hire or transportation of property for distribution by a private carrier. Cabin trailer does not mean a trailer or semitrailer which is permanently attached to real estate. There are four classes of cabin trailers:

(1) Camping trailer which includes cabin trailers one hundred two inches or less in width and forty feet or less in length and adjusted mechanically smaller for towing;

(2) Mobile home which includes cabin trailers more than one hundred two inches in width or more than forty feet in length;

(3) Travel trailer which includes cabin trailers not more than one hundred two inches in width nor more than forty feet in length from front hitch to rear bumper, except as provided in subdivision (2)(k) of section 60-6,288; and

(4) Manufactured home means a structure, transportable in one or more sections, which in the traveling mode is eight body feet or more in width or forty body feet or more in length or when erected on site is three hundred twenty or more square feet and which is built on a permanent frame and designed to be used as a dwelling with or without a permanent foundation when connected to the required utilities and includes the plumbing, heating, air conditioning, and electrical systems contained in the structure, except that manufactured home includes any structure that meets all of the requirements of this subdivision other than the size requirements and with respect to which the manufacturer voluntarily files a certification required by the United States Secretary
of Housing and Urban Development and complies with the standards established under the National Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974, as such act existed on January 1, 2019.

Sec. 2. Section 60-119.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2018, is amended to read:

60-119.01 Low-speed vehicle means a (1) four-wheeled motor vehicle (a) whose speed attainable in one mile is more than twenty miles per hour and not more than twenty-five miles per hour on a paved, level surface, (b) whose gross vehicle weight rating is less than three thousand pounds, and (c) that complies with 49 C.F.R. part 571, as such part existed on January 1, 2019, or (2) three-wheeled motor vehicle (a) whose maximum speed attainable is not more than twenty-five miles per hour on a paved, level surface, (b) whose gross vehicle weight rating is less than three thousand pounds, (c) which is equipped with a windshield and an occupant protection system, and (d) that complies with 49 C.F.R. part 571, as such part existed on January 1, 2019. A motorcycle with a sidecar attached is not a low-speed vehicle.

Sec. 3. Section 60-302.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2018, is amended to read:

60-302.01 Access aisle means a space adjacent to a handicapped parking space or passenger loading zone which is constructed and designed in compliance with the federal Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 and the federal regulations adopted in response to the act, as the act and the regulations existed on January 1, 2019.

Sec. 4. Section 60-336.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2018, is amended to read:

60-336.01 Low-speed vehicle means a (1) four-wheeled motor vehicle (a) whose speed attainable in one mile is more than twenty miles per hour and not more than twenty-five miles per hour on a paved, level surface, (b) whose gross vehicle weight rating is less than three thousand pounds,
and (c) that complies with 49 C.F.R. part 571, as such part existed on January 1, 2018, or (2) three-wheeled motor vehicle (a) whose maximum speed attainable is not more than twenty-five miles per hour on a paved, level surface, (b) whose gross vehicle weight rating is less than three thousand pounds, (c) which is equipped with a windshield and an occupant protection system, and (d) that complies with 49 C.F.R. part 571, as such part existed on January 1, 2018. A motorcycle with a sidecar attached is not a low-speed vehicle.

Sec. 5. Section 60-363, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2018, is amended to read:

60-363 (1) No person shall operate or park a motor vehicle on the highways unless such motor vehicle at all times carries in or upon it, subject to inspection by any peace officer, the registration certificate issued for it.

(2) No person shall tow or park a trailer on the highways unless the registration certificate issued for the trailer or a copy thereof is carried in or upon the trailer or in or upon the motor vehicle that is towing or parking the trailer, subject to inspection by any peace officer, except as provided in subsections (4) and (5) of this section and except fertilizer trailers as defined in section 60-326. The registration certificate for a fertilizer trailer shall be kept at the principal place of business of the owner of the fertilizer trailer.

(3) In the case of a motorcycle other than an autocycle, the registration certificate shall be carried either in plain sight, affixed to the motorcycle, or in the tool bag or some convenient receptacle attached to the motorcycle.

(4) In the case of a motor vehicle or trailer operated by a public power district registered pursuant to section 60-3,228, the registration certificate shall be kept at the principal place of business of the public power district.

(5) Beginning January 1, 2023, in the case of a motor vehicle or
trailer operated by a metropolitan utilities district registered pursuant to section 60-3,228, the registration certificate shall be kept at the principal place of business of the metropolitan utilities district.

(6) In the case of an apportionable vehicle registered under section 60-3,198, the registration certificate may be displayed as a legible paper copy or electronically as authorized by the department.

Sec. 6. Section 60-386, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2018, is amended to read:

60-386 (1) Each new application shall contain, in addition to other information as may be required by the department, the name and residential and mailing address of the applicant and a description of the motor vehicle or trailer, including the color, the manufacturer, the identification number, the United States Department of Transportation number if required by 49 C.F.R. 390.5 to 390.21 and 390.19, as such regulations existed on January 1, 2019, and the weight of the motor vehicle or trailer required by the Motor Vehicle Registration Act. Beginning on the implementation date designated by the director pursuant to subsection (4) of section 60-1508, for trailers which are not required to have a certificate of title under section 60-137 and which have no identification number, the assignment of an identification number shall be required and the identification number shall be issued by the county treasurer or department. With the application the applicant shall pay the proper registration fee and shall state whether the motor vehicle is propelled by alternative fuel and, if alternative fuel, the type of fuel. The application shall also contain a notification that bulk fuel purchasers may be subject to federal excise tax liability. The department shall include such notification in the notices required by section 60-3,186.

(2) This subsection applies beginning on an implementation date designated by the director. The director shall designate an implementation date which is on or before January 1, 2020. In addition to
the information required under subsection (1) of this section, the application for registration shall contain (a) the full legal name as defined in section 60-468.01 of each owner and (b)(i) the motor vehicle operator's license number or state identification card number of each owner, if applicable, and one or more of the identification elements as listed in section 60-484 of each owner, if applicable, and (ii) if any owner is a business entity, a nonprofit organization, an estate, a trust, or a church-controlled organization, its tax identification number.

Sec. 7. Section 60-3,113.04, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2018, is amended to read:

60-3,113.04 (1) A handicapped or disabled parking permit shall be of a design, size, configuration, color, and construction and contain such information as specified in the regulations adopted by the United States Department of Transportation in 23 C.F.R. part 1235, UNIFORM SYSTEM FOR PARKING FOR PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES, as such regulations existed on January 1, 2019.

(2) No handicapped or disabled parking permit shall be issued to any person or for any motor vehicle if any permit has been issued to such person or for such motor vehicle and such permit has been suspended pursuant to section 18-1741.02. At the expiration of such suspension, a permit may be renewed in the manner provided for renewal in sections 60-3,113.02, 60-3,113.03, and 60-3,113.05.

(3) A duplicate handicapped or disabled parking permit may be provided up to two times during any single permit period if a permit is destroyed, lost, or stolen. Such duplicate permit shall be issued as provided in section 60-3,113.02 or 60-3,113.03, whichever is applicable, except that a new certification by a physician, a physician assistant, or an advanced practice registered nurse need not be provided. A duplicate permit shall be valid for the remainder of the period for which the original permit was issued. If a person has been issued two duplicate permits under this subsection and needs another permit, such person shall
reapply for a new permit under section 60-3,113.02 or 60-3,113.03, whichever is applicable.

Sec. 8. Section 60-3,193.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2018, is amended to read:

60-3,193.01 For purposes of the Motor Vehicle Registration Act, the International Registration Plan is adopted and incorporated by reference as the plan existed on January 1, 2019.

Sec. 9. Section 60-3,198, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2018, is amended to read:

60-3,198 (1) Any owner engaged in operating a fleet of apportionable vehicles in this state in interjurisdiction commerce may, in lieu of registration of such apportionable vehicles under the general provisions of the Motor Vehicle Registration Act, register and license such fleet for operation in this state by filing a statement and the application required by section 60-3,203 with the Division of Motor Carrier Services of the department. The statement shall be in such form and contain such information as the division requires, declaring the total mileage operated by such vehicles in all jurisdictions and in this state during the preceding year and describing and identifying each such apportionable vehicle to be operated in this state during the ensuing license year. Upon receipt of such statement and application, the division shall determine the total fee payment, which shall be equal to the amount of fees due pursuant to section 60-3,203 and the amount obtained by applying the formula provided in section 60-3,204 to a fee of thirty-two dollars per ton based upon gross vehicle weight of the empty weights of a truck or truck-tractor and the empty weights of any trailer or combination thereof with which it is to be operated in combination at any one time plus the weight of the maximum load to be carried thereon at any one time, and shall notify the applicant of the amount of payment required to be made. Mileage operated in noncontracting reciprocity jurisdictions by apportionable vehicles based in Nebraska shall be applied to the portion
of the formula for determining the Nebraska injurisdiction fleet distance.

Temporary authority which permits the operation of a fleet or an addition to a fleet in this state while the application is being processed may be issued upon application to the division if necessary to complete processing of the application.

Upon completion of such processing and receipt of the appropriate fees, the division shall issue to the applicant a sufficient number of distinctive registration certificates which provide a list of the jurisdictions in which the apportionable vehicle has been apportioned, the weight for which registered, and such other evidence of registration for display on the apportionable vehicle as the division determines appropriate for each of the apportionable vehicles of his or her fleet, identifying it as a part of an interjurisdiction fleet proportionately registered. Such registration certificates may be displayed as a legible paper copy or electronically as authorized by the department. All fees received as provided in this section shall be remitted to the State Treasurer for credit to the Motor Carrier Services Division Distributive Fund.

The apportionable vehicles so registered shall be exempt from all further registration and license fees under the Motor Vehicle Registration Act for movement or operation in the State of Nebraska except as provided in section 60-3,203. The proportional registration and licensing provision of this section shall apply to apportionable vehicles added to such fleets and operated in this state during the license year except with regard to permanent license plates issued under section 60-3,203.

The right of applicants to proportional registration under this section shall be subject to the terms and conditions of any reciprocity agreement, contract, or consent made by the division.

When a nonresident fleet owner has registered his or her
apportionable vehicles, his or her apportionable vehicles shall be considered as fully registered for both interjurisdiction and intrajurisdiction commerce when the jurisdiction of base registration for such fleet accords the same consideration for fleets with a base registration in Nebraska. Each apportionable vehicle of a fleet registered by a resident of Nebraska shall be considered as fully registered for both interjurisdiction and intrajurisdiction commerce.

(2) Mileage proportions for interjurisdiction fleets not operated in this state during the preceding year shall be determined by the division upon the application of the applicant on forms to be supplied by the division which shall show the operations of the preceding year in other jurisdictions and estimated operations in Nebraska or, if no operations were conducted the previous year, a full statement of the proposed method of operation.

(3) Any owner complying with and being granted proportional registration shall preserve the records on which the application is made for a period of three years following the current registration year. Upon request of the division, the owner shall make such records available to the division at its office for audit as to accuracy of computation and payments or pay the costs of an audit at the home office of the owner by a duly appointed representative of the division if the office where the records are maintained is not within the State of Nebraska. The division may enter into agreements with agencies of other jurisdictions administering motor vehicle registration laws for joint audits of any such owner. All payments received to cover the costs of an audit shall be remitted by the division to the State Treasurer for credit to the Motor Carrier Division Cash Fund. No deficiency shall be assessed and no claim for credit shall be allowed for any license registration year for which records on which the application was made are no longer required to be maintained.

(4) If the division claims that a greater amount of fee is due under
this section than was paid, the division shall notify the owner of the additional amount claimed to be due. The owner may accept such claim and pay the amount due, or he or she may dispute the claim and submit to the division any information which he or she may have in support of his or her position. If the dispute cannot otherwise be resolved within the division, the owner may petition for an appeal of the matter. The director shall appoint a hearing officer who shall hear the dispute and issue a written decision. Any appeal shall be in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act. Upon expiration of the time for perfecting an appeal if no appeal is taken or upon final judicial determination if an appeal is taken, the division shall deny the owner the right to further registration for a fleet license until the amount finally determined to be due, together with any costs assessed against the owner, has been paid.

(5) Every applicant who licenses any apportionable vehicles under this section and section 60-3,203 shall have his or her registration certificates issued only after all fees under such sections are paid and, if applicable, proof has been furnished of payment, in the form prescribed by the director as directed by the United States Secretary of the Treasury, of the federal heavy vehicle use tax imposed by 26 U.S.C. 4481 of the Internal Revenue Code as defined in section 49-801.01.

(6)(a) In the event of the transfer of ownership of any registered apportionable vehicle, (b) in the case of loss of possession because of fire, theft, or wrecking, junking, or dismantling of any registered apportionable vehicle, (c) when a salvage branded certificate of title is issued for any registered apportionable vehicle, (d) whenever a type or class of registered apportioned vehicle is subsequently declared by legislative act or court decision to be illegal or ineligible to be operated or towed on the public roads and no longer subject to registration fees and taxes, (e) upon trade-in or surrender of a registered apportionable vehicle under a lease, or (f) in case of a
change in the situs of a registered apportionable vehicle to a location outside of this state, its registration shall expire, except that if the registered owner or lessee applies to the division after such transfer or loss of possession and accompanies the application with a fee of one dollar and fifty cents, he or she may have any remaining credit of vehicle fees and taxes from the previously registered apportionable vehicle applied toward payment of any vehicle fees and taxes due and owing on another registered apportionable vehicle. If such registered apportionable vehicle has a greater gross vehicle weight than that of the previously registered apportionable vehicle, the registered owner or lessee of the registered apportionable vehicle shall additionally pay only the registration fee for the increased gross vehicle weight for the remaining months of the registration year based on the factors determined by the division in the original fleet application.

(7) Whenever a Nebraska-based fleet owner files an application with the division to delete a registered apportionable vehicle from a fleet of registered apportionable vehicles (a) because of a transfer of ownership of the registered apportionable vehicle, (b) because of loss of possession due to fire, theft, or wrecking, junking, or dismantling of the registered apportionable vehicle, (c) because a salvage branded certificate of title is issued for the registered apportionable vehicle, (d) because a type or class of registered apportioned vehicle is subsequently declared by legislative act or court decision to be illegal or ineligible to be operated or towed on the public roads and no longer subject to registration fees and taxes, (e) because of a trade-in or surrender of the registered apportionable vehicle under a lease, or (f) because of a change in the situs of the registered apportionable vehicle to a location outside of this state, the registered owner may, by returning the registration certificate or certificates and such other evidence of registration used by the division or, if such certificate or certificates or such other evidence of registration is unavailable, then
by making an affidavit to the division of such transfer or loss, receive
a refund of that portion of the unused registration fee based upon the
number of unexpired months remaining in the registration year from the
date of transfer or loss. No refund shall be allowed for any fees paid
under section 60-3,203. When such apportionable vehicle is transferred or
lost within the same month as acquired, no refund shall be allowed for
such month. Such refund may be in the form of a credit against any
registration fees that have been incurred or are, at the time of the
refund, being incurred by the registered apportionable vehicle owner. The
Nebraska-based fleet owner shall make a claim for a refund under this
subsection within the registration period or shall be deemed to have
forfeited his or her right to the refund.

(8) In case of addition to the registered fleet during the
registration year, the owner engaged in operating the fleet shall pay the
proportionate registration fee from the date the vehicle was placed into
service or, if the vehicle was previously registered, the date the prior
registration expired or the date Nebraska became the base jurisdiction
for the fleet, whichever is first, for the remaining balance of the
registration year. The fee for any permanent license plate issued for
such addition pursuant to section 60-3,203 shall be the full fee required
by such section, regardless of the number of months remaining in the
license year.

(9) In lieu of registration under subsections (1) through (8) of
this section, the title holder of record may apply to the division for
special registration, to be known as an unladen-weight registration, for
any commercial motor vehicle or combination of vehicles which have been
registered to a Nebraska-based fleet owner within the current or previous
registration year. Such registration shall be valid only for a period of
thirty days and shall give no authority to operate the vehicle except
when empty. The fee for such registration shall be twenty dollars for
each vehicle, which fee shall be remitted to the State Treasurer for
credit to the Highway Trust Fund. The issuance of such permits shall be
governed by section 60-3,179.

(10) Any person may, in lieu of registration under subsections (1)
through (8) of this section or for other jurisdictions as approved by the
director, purchase a trip permit for any nonresident truck, truck-
tractor, bus, or truck or truck-tractor combination. A trip permit shall
be issued before any person required to obtain a trip permit enters this
state with such vehicle. The trip permit shall be issued by the director
through Internet sales from the department's web site. The trip permit
shall be valid for a period of seventy-two hours. The fee for the trip
permit shall be twenty-five dollars for each truck, truck-tractor, bus,
or truck or truck-tractor combination. The fee collected by the director
shall be remitted to the State Treasurer for credit to the Highway Cash
Fund.

Sec. 10. Section 60-3,202, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2018, is amended to read:

60-3,202 (1) Registration fees credited to the Motor Carrier
Services Division Distributive Fund pursuant to section 60-3,198 and
remaining in such fund at the close of each calendar month shall be
remitted to the State Treasurer for credit as follows: (a) Three percent
of thirty percent of such amount shall be credited to the Department of
Revenue Property Assessment Division Cash Fund; (b) the remainder of such
thirty percent shall be credited to the Motor Vehicle Tax Fund; and (c)
seventy percent of such amount shall be credited to the Highway Trust
Fund. As registration fees are received by the Division of Motor Carrier
Services of the department pursuant to section 60-3,198, the division
shall remit the fees to the State Treasurer, less a collection fee of
three percent of thirty percent of the registration fees collected. The
collection fee shall be credited to the Department of Revenue Property
Assessment Division Cash Fund. The State Treasurer shall credit the
remainder of the thirty percent of the fees collected to the Motor

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Vehicle Tax Fund and the remaining seventy percent of the fees collected to the Highway Trust Fund.

(2) On or before the last day of each quarter of the calendar year, the State Treasurer shall distribute all funds in the Motor Vehicle Tax Fund to the county treasurer of each county in the same proportion as the number of original motor vehicle registrations in each county bears to the total of all original registrations within the state in the registration year immediately preceding.

(3) Upon receipt of motor vehicle tax funds from the State Treasurer, the county treasurer shall distribute such funds to taxing agencies within the county in the same proportion that the levy of each such taxing agency bears to the total of such levies of all taxing agencies in the county.

(4) In the event any taxing district has been annexed, merged, dissolved, or in any way absorbed into another taxing district, any apportionment of motor vehicle tax funds to which such taxing district would have been entitled shall be apportioned to the successor taxing district which has assumed the functions of the annexed, merged, dissolved, or absorbed taxing district.

(5) On or before March 1 of each year, the department shall furnish to the State Treasurer a tabulation showing the total number of original motor vehicle registrations in each county for the immediately preceding calendar year, which shall be the basis for computing the distribution of motor vehicle tax funds as provided in subsection (2) of this section.

(6) The Motor Vehicle Tax Fund is created. Any money in the fund available for investment shall be invested by the state investment officer pursuant to the Nebraska Capital Expansion Act and the Nebraska State Funds Investment Act.

Sec. 11. Section 60-462.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2018, is amended to read:

60-462.01 For purposes of the Motor Vehicle Operator's License Act,
the following federal regulations are adopted as Nebraska law as they
existed on January 1, 2019: 2018:

The parts, subparts, and sections of Title 49 of the Code of Federal
Regulations, as referenced in the Motor Vehicle Operator's License Act.

Sec. 12. Section 60-479.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2018, is amended to read:

60-479.01 (1) All persons handling source documents or engaged in
the issuance of new, renewed, or reissued operators' licenses or state
identification cards shall have periodic fraudulent document recognition
training.

(2) All persons and agents of the department involved in the
recording of verified application information or verified operator's
license and state identification card information, involved in the
manufacture or production of licenses or cards, or who have the ability
to affect information on such licenses or cards shall be subject to a
criminal history record information check, including a check of prior
employment references, and a lawful status check as required by 6 C.F.R.
part 37, as such part existed on January 1, 2019. Such persons and
agents shall provide fingerprints which shall be submitted to the Federal
Bureau of Investigation. The bureau shall use its records for the
criminal history record information check.

(3) Upon receipt of a request pursuant to subsection (2) of this
section, the Nebraska State Patrol shall undertake a search for criminal
history record information relating to such applicant, including
transmittal of the applicant's fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of
Investigation for a national criminal history record information check.
The criminal history record information check shall include information
concerning the applicant from federal repositories of such information
and repositories of such information in other states, if authorized by
federal law. The Nebraska State Patrol shall issue a report to the
employing public agency that shall include the criminal history record
information concerning the applicant. The cost of any background check shall be borne by the employer of the person or agent.

(4) Any person convicted of any disqualifying offense as provided in 6 C.F.R. part 37, as such part existed on January 1, 2019, shall not be involved in the recording of verified application information or verified operator's license and state identification card information, involved in the manufacture or production of licenses or cards, or involved in any capacity in which such person would have the ability to affect information on such licenses or cards. Any employee or prospective employee of the department shall be provided notice that he or she will undergo such criminal history record information check prior to employment or prior to any involvement with the issuance of operators' licenses or state identification cards.

Sec. 13. Section 60-4,111.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2018, is amended to read:

60-4,111.01 (1) The Department of Motor Vehicles, the courts, or law enforcement agencies may store or compile information acquired from an operator's license or a state identification card for their statutorily authorized purposes.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3) or (4) of this section, no person having use of or access to machine-readable information encoded on an operator's license or a state identification card shall compile, store, preserve, trade, sell, or share such information. Any person who trades, sells, or shares such information shall be guilty of a Class IV felony. Any person who compiles, stores, or preserves such information except as authorized in subsection (3) or (4) of this section shall be guilty of a Class IV felony.

(3)(a) For purposes of compliance with and enforcement of restrictions on the purchase of alcohol, lottery tickets, and tobacco products, a retailer who sells any of such items pursuant to a license issued or a contract under the applicable statutory provision may scan
machine-readable information encoded on an operator's license or a state
identification card presented for the purpose of such a sale. The
retailer may store only the following information obtained from the
license or card: Age and license or card identification number. The
retailer shall post a sign at the point of sale of any of such items
stating that the license or card will be scanned and that the age and
identification number will be stored. The stored information may only be
used by a law enforcement agency for purposes of enforcement of the
restrictions on the purchase of alcohol, lottery tickets, and tobacco
products and may not be shared with any other person or entity.

(b) For purposes of compliance with the provisions of sections
28-458 to 28-462, a seller who sells methamphetamine precursors pursuant
to such sections may scan machine-readable information encoded on an
operator's license or a state identification card presented for the
purpose of such a sale. The seller may store only the following
information obtained from the license or card: Name, age, address, type
of identification presented by the customer, the governmental entity that
issued the identification, and the number on the identification. The
seller shall post a sign at the point of sale stating that the license or
card will be scanned and stating what information will be stored. The
stored information may only be used by law enforcement agencies,
regulatory agencies, and the exchange for purposes of enforcement of the
restrictions on the sale or purchase of methamphetamine precursors
pursuant to sections 28-458 to 28-462 and may not be shared with any
other person or entity. For purposes of this subsection, the terms
exchange, methamphetamine precursor, and seller have the same meanings as
in section 28-458.

(c) The retailer or seller shall utilize software that stores only
the information allowed by this subsection. A programmer for computer
software designed to store such information shall certify to the retailer
that the software stores only the information allowed by this subsection.
Intentional or grossly negligent programming by the programmer which allows for the storage of more than the age and identification number or wrongfully certifying the software shall be a Class IV felony.

(d) A retailer or seller who knowingly stores more information than authorized under this subsection from the operator's license or state identification card shall be guilty of a Class IV felony.

(e) Information scanned, compiled, stored, or preserved pursuant to subdivision (a) of this subsection may not be retained longer than eighteen months unless required by state or federal law.

(4) In order to approve a negotiable instrument, an electronic funds transfer, or a similar method of payment, a person having use of or access to machine-readable information encoded on an operator's license or a state identification card may:

(a) Scan, compile, store, or preserve such information in order to provide the information to a check services company subject to and in compliance with the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. 1681 et seq., as such act existed on January 1, 2019, for the purpose of effecting, administering, or enforcing a transaction requested by the holder of the license or card or preventing fraud or other criminal activity; or

(b) Scan and store such information only as necessary to protect against or prevent actual or potential fraud, unauthorized transactions, claims, or other liability or to resolve a dispute or inquiry by the holder of the license or card.

(5) Except as provided in subdivision (4)(a) of this section, information scanned, compiled, stored, or preserved pursuant to this section may not be traded or sold to or shared with a third party; used for any marketing or sales purpose by any person, including the retailer who obtained the information; or, unless pursuant to a court order, reported to or shared with any third party. A person who violates this subsection shall be guilty of a Class IV felony.
Sec. 14. Section 60-4,132, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2018, is amended to read:

60-4,132 The purposes of sections 60-462.01, 60-4,133, and 60-4,137 to 60-4,172 are to implement the requirements mandated by the federal Commercial Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1986, 49 U.S.C. 31100 et seq., the federal Motor Carrier Safety Improvement Act of 1999, Public Law 106-159, section 1012 of the federal Uniting and Strengthening America by Providing Appropriate Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism Act of 2001, USA PATRIOT Act, 49 U.S.C. 5103a, and federal regulations as such acts and regulations existed on January 1, 2019, and to reduce or prevent commercial motor vehicle accidents, fatalities, and injuries by:
(1) Permitting drivers to hold only one operator's license; (2) disqualifying drivers for specified offenses and serious traffic violations; and (3) strengthening licensing and testing standards.

Sec. 15. Section 60-4,134, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2018, is amended to read:

60-4,134 In conformance with section 7208 of the federal Fixing America's Surface Transportation Act and 49 C.F.R. 383.3(i), as such section and regulation existed on January 1, 2019, no hazardous materials endorsement authorizing the holder of a Class A commercial driver's license to operate a commercial motor vehicle transporting diesel fuel shall be required if such driver is (1) operating within the state and acting within the scope of his or her employment as an employee of a custom harvester operation, an agrichemical business, a farm retail outlet and supplier, or a livestock feeder and (2) operating a service vehicle that is (a) transporting diesel in a quantity of one thousand gallons or less and (b) clearly marked with a flammable or combustible placard, as appropriate.

Sec. 16. Section 60-4,147.02, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2018, is amended to read:

60-4,147.02 No endorsement authorizing the driver to operate a
commercial motor vehicle transporting hazardous materials shall be
issued, renewed, or transferred by the Department of Motor Vehicles
unless the endorsement is issued, renewed, or transferred in conformance
with the requirements of section 1012 of the federal Uniting and
Strengthening America by Providing Appropriate Tools Required to
Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism Act of 2001, USA PATRIOT Act, 49 U.S.C.
5103a, including all amendments and federal regulations adopted pursuant
thereto as of January 1, 2019, for the issuance of licenses to
operate commercial motor vehicles transporting hazardous materials.

Sec. 17. Section 60-501, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2018, is amended to read:

60-501 For purposes of the Motor Vehicle Safety Responsibility Act,
unless the context otherwise requires:

(1) Department means Department of Motor Vehicles;

(2) Golf car vehicle means a vehicle that has at least four wheels,
has a maximum level ground speed of less than twenty miles per hour, has
a maximum payload capacity of one thousand two hundred pounds, has a
maximum gross vehicle weight of two thousand five hundred pounds, has a
maximum passenger capacity of not more than four persons, and is designed
and manufactured for operation on a golf course for sporting and
recreational purposes;

(3) Judgment means any judgment which shall have become final by the
expiration of the time within which an appeal might have been perfected
without being appealed, or by final affirmation on appeal, rendered by a
court of competent jurisdiction of any state or of the United States, (a)
upon a cause of action arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use
of any motor vehicle for damages, including damages for care and loss of
services, because of bodily injury to or death of any person or for
damages because of injury to or destruction of property, including the
loss of use thereof, or (b) upon a cause of action on an agreement of
settlement for such damages;
(4) License means any license issued to any person under the laws of this state pertaining to operation of a motor vehicle within this state;

(5) Low-speed vehicle means a (a) four-wheeled motor vehicle (i) whose speed attainable in one mile is more than twenty miles per hour and not more than twenty-five miles per hour on a paved, level surface, (ii) whose gross vehicle weight rating is less than three thousand pounds, and (iii) that complies with 49 C.F.R. part 571, as such part existed on January 1, 2019, or (b) three-wheeled motor vehicle (i) whose maximum speed attainable is not more than twenty-five miles per hour on a paved, level surface, (ii) whose gross vehicle weight rating is less than three thousand pounds, (iii) which is equipped with a windshield and an occupant protection system, and (iv) that complies with 49 C.F.R. part 571, as such part existed on January 1, 2019. A motorcycle with a sidecar attached is not a low-speed vehicle;

(6) Minitruck means a foreign-manufactured import vehicle or domestic-manufactured vehicle which (a) is powered by an internal combustion engine with a piston or rotor displacement of one thousand five hundred cubic centimeters or less, (b) is sixty-seven inches or less in width, (c) has a dry weight of four thousand two hundred pounds or less, (d) travels on four or more tires, (e) has a top speed of approximately fifty-five miles per hour, (f) is equipped with a bed or compartment for hauling, (g) has an enclosed passenger cab, (h) is equipped with headlights, taillights, turnsignals, windshield wipers, a rearview mirror, and an occupant protection system, and (i) has a four-speed, five-speed, or automatic transmission;

(7) Motor vehicle means any self-propelled vehicle which is designed for use upon a highway, including trailers designed for use with such vehicles, minitrucks, and low-speed vehicles. Motor vehicle does not include (a) mopeds as defined in section 60-637, (b) traction engines, (c) road rollers, (d) farm tractors, (e) tractor cranes, (f) power shovels, (g) well drillers, (h) every vehicle which is propelled by
electric power obtained from overhead wires but not operated upon rails,
(i) electric personal assistive mobility devices as defined in section
60-618.02, (j) off-road designed vehicles, including, but not limited to,
golf car vehicles, go-carts, riding lawnmowers, garden tractors, all-
terrain vehicles and utility-type vehicles as defined in section
60-6,355, minibikes as defined in section 60-636, and snowmobiles as
defined in section 60-663, and (k) bicycles as defined in section 60-611;
(8) Nonresident means every person who is not a resident of this
state;
(9) Nonresident's operating privilege means the privilege conferred
upon a nonresident by the laws of this state pertaining to the operation
by him or her of a motor vehicle or the use of a motor vehicle owned by
him or her in this state;
(10) Operator means every person who is in actual physical control
of a motor vehicle;
(11) Owner means a person who holds the legal title of a motor
vehicle, or in the event (a) a motor vehicle is the subject of an
agreement for the conditional sale or lease thereof with the right of
purchase upon performance of the conditions stated in the agreement and
with an immediate right of possession vested in the conditional vendee or
lessee or (b) a mortgagor of a vehicle is entitled to possession, then
such conditional vendee or lessee or mortgagor shall be deemed the owner
for the purposes of the act;
(12) Person means every natural person, firm, partnership, limited
liability company, association, or corporation;
(13) Proof of financial responsibility means evidence of ability to
respond in damages for liability, on account of accidents occurring
subsequent to the effective date of such proof, arising out of the
ownership, maintenance, or use of a motor vehicle, (a) in the amount of
twenty-five thousand dollars because of bodily injury to or death of one
person in any one accident, (b) subject to such limit for one person, in
the amount of fifty thousand dollars because of bodily injury to or death
of two or more persons in any one accident, and (c) in the amount of
twenty-five thousand dollars because of injury to or destruction of
property of others in any one accident;

(14) Registration means registration certificate or certificates and
registration plates issued under the laws of this state pertaining to the
registration of motor vehicles;

(15) State means any state, territory, or possession of the United
States, the District of Columbia, or any province of the Dominion of
Canada; and

(16) The forfeiture of bail, not vacated, or of collateral deposited
to secure an appearance for trial shall be regarded as equivalent to
conviction of the offense charged.

Sec. 18. Section 60-628.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2018, is amended to read:

60-628.01 Low-speed vehicle means a (1) four-wheeled motor vehicle
(a) whose speed attainable in one mile is more than twenty miles per hour
and not more than twenty-five miles per hour on a paved, level surface,
(b) whose gross vehicle weight rating is less than three thousand pounds,
and (c) that complies with 49 C.F.R. part 571, as such part existed on
January 1, 2019, or (2) three-wheeled motor vehicle (a) whose
maximum speed attainable is not more than twenty-five miles per hour on a
paved, level surface, (b) whose gross vehicle weight rating is less than
three thousand pounds, (c) which is equipped with a windshield and an
occupant protection system, and (d) that complies with 49 C.F.R. part
571, as such part existed on January 1, 2019. A motorcycle with a
sidecar attached is not a low-speed vehicle.

Sec. 19. Section 60-6,265, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2018, is amended to read:

60-6,265 For purposes of sections 60-6,266 to 60-6,273:

(1) Occupant protection system means a system utilizing a lap belt,
a shoulder belt, or any combination of belts installed in a motor vehicle
which (a) restrains drivers and passengers and (b) conforms to Federal
Motor Vehicle Safety Standards, 49 C.F.R. 571.207, 571.208, 571.209, and
571.210, as such standards existed on January 1, 2019, or, as a
minimum standard, to the federal motor vehicle safety standards for
passenger restraint systems applicable for the motor vehicle's model
year; and

(2) Three-point safety belt system means a system utilizing a
combination of a lap belt and a shoulder belt installed in a motor
vehicle which restrains drivers and passengers.

Sec. 20. Section 60-2705, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

60-2705 The Director of Motor Vehicles shall adopt standards for an
informal dispute settlement procedure which substantially comply with the
provisions of 16 C.F.R. part 703, as such part existed on January 1, 2019
in existence as of February 22, 1983.

If a manufacturer has established or participates in a dispute
settlement procedure certified by the Director of Motor Vehicles within
the guidelines of such standards, the provisions of section 60-2703
concerning refunds or replacement shall not apply to any consumer who has
not first resorted to such a procedure.

Sec. 21. Section 60-2909.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2018, is amended to read:

60-2909.01 The department and any officer, employee, agent, or
contractor of the department having custody of a motor vehicle record
shall, upon the verification of identity and purpose of a requester,
disclose and make available the requested motor vehicle record, including
the sensitive personal information in the record, other than the social
security number, for the following purposes:

(1) For use by any federal, state, or local governmental agency,
including any court or law enforcement agency, in carrying out the

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agency's functions or by a private person or entity acting on behalf of a governmental agency in carrying out the agency's functions;

(2) For use in connection with any civil, criminal, administrative, or arbitral proceeding in any federal, state, or local court or governmental agency or before any self-regulatory body, including service of process, investigation in anticipation of litigation, and execution or enforcement of judgments and orders, or pursuant to an order of a federal, state, or local court, an administrative agency, or a self-regulatory body;

(3) For use by any insurer or insurance support organization, or by a self-insured entity, or its agents, employees, or contractors, in connection with claims investigation activities, anti-fraud activities, rating, or underwriting;

(4) For use by an employer or the employer's agent or insurer to obtain or verify information relating to a holder of a commercial driver's license or CLP-commercial learner's permit that is required under the Commercial Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1986, 49 U.S.C. 31301 et seq., as such act existed on January 1, 2019, or pursuant to sections 60-4,132 and 60-4,141; and

(5) For use by employers of a holder of a commercial driver's license or CLP-commercial learner's permit and by the Commercial Driver License Information System as provided in section 60-4,144.02 and 49 C.F.R. 383.73, as such regulation existed on January 1, 2019.

Sec. 22. Section 75-363, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

75-363 (1) The parts, subparts, and sections of Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations listed below, as modified in this section, or any other parts, subparts, and sections referred to by such parts, subparts, and sections, in existence and effective as of January 1, 2019 2018, are adopted as Nebraska law.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the regulations
shall be applicable to:

(a) All motor carriers, drivers, and vehicles to which the federal regulations apply; and

(b) All motor carriers transporting persons or property in intrastate commerce to include:

(i) All vehicles of such motor carriers with a gross vehicle weight rating, gross combination weight rating, gross vehicle weight, or gross combination weight over ten thousand pounds;

(ii) All vehicles of such motor carriers designed or used to transport more than eight passengers, including the driver, for compensation, or designed or used to transport more than fifteen passengers, including the driver, and not used to transport passengers for compensation;

(iii) All vehicles of such motor carriers transporting hazardous materials required to be placarded pursuant to section 75-364; and

(iv) All drivers of such motor carriers if the drivers are operating a commercial motor vehicle as defined in section 60-465 which requires a commercial driver's license.

(3) The Legislature hereby adopts, as modified in this section, the following parts of Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations:

(a) Part 382 - CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES AND ALCOHOL USE AND TESTING;

(b) Part 385 - SAFETY FITNESS PROCEDURES;

(c) Part 386 - RULES OF PRACTICE FOR FMCSA PROCEEDINGS;

(d) Part 387 - MINIMUM LEVELS OF FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR MOTOR CARRIERS;

(e) Part 390 - FEDERAL MOTOR CARRIER SAFETY REGULATIONS; GENERAL;

(f) Part 391 - QUALIFICATIONS OF DRIVERS AND LONGER COMBINATION VEHICLE (LCV) DRIVER INSTRUCTORS;

(g) Part 392 - DRIVING OF COMMERCIAL MOTOR VEHICLES;

(h) Part 393 - PARTS AND ACCESSORIES NECESSARY FOR SAFE OPERATION;

(i) Part 395 - HOURS OF SERVICE OF DRIVERS;
(j) Part 396 - INSPECTION, REPAIR, AND MAINTENANCE;

(k) Part 397 - TRANSPORTATION OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS; DRIVING AND PARKING RULES; and

(l) Part 398 - TRANSPORTATION OF MIGRANT WORKERS.

(4) The provisions of subpart E - Physical Qualifications And Examinations of 49 C.F.R. part 391 - QUALIFICATIONS OF DRIVERS AND LONGER COMBINATION VEHICLE (LCV) DRIVER INSTRUCTORS shall not apply to any driver subject to this section who: (a) Operates a commercial motor vehicle exclusively in intrastate commerce; and (b) holds, or has held, a commercial driver's license issued by this state prior to July 30, 1996.

(5) The regulations adopted in subsection (3) of this section shall not apply to farm trucks registered pursuant to section 60-3,146 with a gross weight of sixteen tons or less. The following parts and sections of 49 C.F.R. chapter III shall not apply to drivers of farm trucks registered pursuant to section 60-3,146 and operated solely in intrastate commerce:

(a) All of part 391;

(b) Section 395.8 of part 395; and

(c) Section 396.11 of part 396.

(6) The following parts and subparts of 49 C.F.R. chapter III shall not apply to the operation of covered farm vehicles:

(a) Part 382 - CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES AND ALCOHOL USE AND TESTING;

(b) Part 391, subpart E - Physical Qualifications and Examinations;

(c) Part 395 - HOURS OF SERVICE OF DRIVERS; and

(d) Part 396 - INSPECTION, REPAIR, AND MAINTENANCE.

(7) Part 393 - PARTS AND ACCESSORIES NECESSARY FOR SAFE OPERATION and Part 396 - INSPECTION, REPAIR, AND MAINTENANCE shall not apply to fertilizer and agricultural chemical application and distribution equipment transported in units with a capacity of three thousand five hundred gallons or less.

(8) For purposes of this section, intrastate motor carriers shall
not include any motor carrier or driver excepted from 49 C.F.R. chapter III by section 390.3(f) of part 390.

(9)(a) Part 395 - HOURS OF SERVICE OF DRIVERS shall apply to motor carriers and drivers who engage in intrastate commerce as defined in section 75-362, except that no motor carrier who engages in intrastate commerce shall permit or require any driver used by it to drive nor shall any driver drive:

(i) More than twelve hours following ten consecutive hours off duty;

or

(ii) For any period after having been on duty sixteen hours following ten consecutive hours off duty.

(b) No motor carrier who engages in intrastate commerce shall permit or require a driver of a commercial motor vehicle, regardless of the number of motor carriers using the driver's services, to drive, nor shall any driver of a commercial motor vehicle drive, for any period after:

(i) Having been on duty seventy hours in any seven consecutive days if the employing motor carrier does not operate every day of the week; or

(ii) Having been on duty eighty hours in any period of eight consecutive days if the employing motor carrier operates motor vehicles every day of the week.

(10) Part 395 - HOURS OF SERVICE OF DRIVERS, as adopted in subsections (3) and (9) of this section, shall not apply to drivers transporting agricultural commodities or farm supplies for agricultural purposes during planting and harvesting season when:

(a) The transportation of such agricultural commodities is from the source of the commodities to a location within a one-hundred-fifty-air-mile radius of the source of the commodities;

(b) The transportation of such farm supplies is from a wholesale or retail distribution point of the farm supplies to a farm or other location where the farm supplies are intended to be used which is within a one-hundred-fifty-air-mile radius of the wholesale or retail...
distribution point; or

(c) The transportation of such farm supplies is from a wholesale
distribution point of the farm supplies to a retail distribution point of
the farm supplies which is within a one-hundred-fifty-air-mile radius of
the wholesale distribution point.

(11) 49 C.F.R. 390.21 - Marking of self-propelled CMVs and
intermodal equipment shall not apply to farm trucks and farm truck-
tractors registered pursuant to section 60-3,146 and operated solely in
intrastate commerce.

(12) 49 C.F.R. 392.9a - Operating authority shall not apply to
Nebraska motor carriers operating commercial motor vehicles solely in
intrastate commerce.

(13) No motor carrier shall permit or require a driver of a
commercial motor vehicle to violate, and no driver of a commercial motor
vehicle shall violate, any out-of-service order.

Sec. 23. Section 75-364, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

75-364 The parts, subparts, and sections of Title 49 of the Code of
Federal Regulations listed below, or any other parts, subparts, and
sections referred to by such parts, subparts, and sections, in existence
and effective as of January 1, 2019, are adopted as part of Nebraska
law and shall be applicable to all motor carriers whether engaged in
interstate or intrastate commerce, drivers of such motor carriers, and
vehicles of such motor carriers:

(1) Part 107 - HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PROGRAM PROCEDURES, subpart F -
Registration of Cargo Tank and Cargo Tank Motor Vehicle Manufacturers,
Assemblers, Repairers, Inspectors, Testers, and Design Certifying
Engineers;

(2) Part 107 - HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PROGRAM PROCEDURES, subpart G -
Registration of Persons Who Offer or Transport Hazardous Materials;

(3) Part 171 - GENERAL INFORMATION, REGULATIONS, AND DEFINITIONS;
Part 172 - HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE, SPECIAL PROVISIONS, HAZARDOUS MATERIALS COMMUNICATIONS, EMERGENCY RESPONSE INFORMATION, TRAINING REQUIREMENTS, AND SECURITY PLANS;

Part 173 - SHIPPERS - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR SHIPMENTS AND PACKAGINGS;

Part 177 - CARRIAGE BY PUBLIC HIGHWAY;

Part 178 - SPECIFICATIONS FOR PACKAGINGS; and

Part 180 - CONTINUING QUALIFICATION AND MAINTENANCE OF PACKAGINGS.

Sec. 24. Section 75-366, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

75-366 For the purpose of enforcing Chapter 75, article 3, any officer of the Nebraska State Patrol may, upon demand, inspect the accounts, records, and equipment of any motor carrier or shipper. Any officer of the Nebraska State Patrol shall have the authority to enforce the federal motor carrier safety regulations, as such regulations existed on January 1, 2019 2018, and federal hazardous materials regulations, as such regulations existed on January 1, 2019 2018, and is authorized to enter upon, inspect, and examine any and all lands, buildings, and equipment of any motor carrier, any shipper, and any other person subject to the federal Interstate Commerce Act, the federal Department of Transportation Act, and other related federal laws and to inspect and copy any and all accounts, books, records, memoranda, correspondence, and other documents of a motor carrier, a shipper, and any other person subject to Chapter 75, article 3, for the purposes of enforcing Chapter 75, article 3. To promote uniformity of enforcement, the carrier enforcement division of the Nebraska State Patrol shall cooperate and consult with the Public Service Commission and the Division of Motor Carrier Services.

Sec. 25. Section 75-392, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
75-392 For purposes of sections 75-392 to 75-399:

(1) Director means the Director of Motor Vehicles;

(2) Division means the Division of Motor Carrier Services of the
Department of Motor Vehicles; and

(3) Unified carrier registration plan and agreement means the plan
and agreement established and authorized pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 14504a, as
such section existed on January 1, 2019 2018.

Sec. 26. Section 75-393, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

75-393 The director may participate in the unified carrier
registration plan and agreement pursuant to the Unified Carrier
Registration Act of 2005, 49 U.S.C. 13908, as the act existed on January
1, 2019 2018, and may file on behalf of this state the plan required by
such plan and agreement for enforcement of the act in this state.

Sec. 27. Original sections 60-107, 60-2705, 75-363, 75-364, 75-366,
75-392, and 75-393, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and sections
60-119.01, 60-302.01, 60-336.01, 60-363, 60-386, 60-3,113.04,
60-3,193.01, 60-3,198, 60-3,202, 60-462.01, 60-479.01, 60-4,111.01,
60-4,132, 60-4,134, 60-4,147.02, 60-501, 60-628.01, 60-6,265, and
60-2909.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2018, are repealed.

Sec. 28. Since an emergency exists, this act takes effect when
passed and approved according to law.