

AMENDMENTS TO LB1106

Introduced by Revenue.

1           1. Strike the original sections and insert the following new  
2 sections:

3           Section 1. Section 77-201, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is  
4 amended to read:

5           77-201 (1) Except as provided in subsections (2) through (4) of this  
6 section, all real property in this state, not expressly exempt therefrom,  
7 shall be subject to taxation and shall be valued as follows: ~~at its~~  
8 ~~actual value.~~

9           (a) For tax years prior to tax year 2020, such real property shall  
10 be valued at its actual value;

11           (b) For tax year 2020, such real property shall be valued at ninety-  
12 five percent of its actual value for purposes of taxes levied by school  
13 districts and multiple-district school systems and at its actual value  
14 for purposes of taxes levied by any other political subdivision;

15           (c) For tax year 2021, such real property shall be valued at ninety-  
16 one percent of its actual value for purposes of taxes levied by school  
17 districts and multiple-district school systems and at its actual value  
18 for purposes of taxes levied by any other political subdivision; and

19           (d) For tax year 2022 and each tax year thereafter, such real  
20 property shall be valued at eighty-seven percent of its actual value for  
21 purposes of taxes levied by school districts and multiple-district school  
22 systems and at its actual value for purposes of taxes levied by any other  
23 political subdivision.

24           (2) Agricultural land and horticultural land as defined in section  
25 77-1359 shall constitute a separate and distinct class of property for  
26 purposes of property taxation, shall be subject to taxation, unless  
27 expressly exempt from taxation, and shall be valued as follows: at

1 ~~seventy-five percent of its actual value.~~

2 (a) For tax years prior to tax year 2020, such real property shall  
3 be valued at seventy-five percent of its actual value;

4 (b) For tax year 2020, such real property shall be valued at sixty-  
5 five percent of its actual value for purposes of taxes levied by school  
6 districts and multiple-district school systems and at seventy-five  
7 percent of its actual value for purposes of taxes levied by any other  
8 political subdivision;

9 (c) For tax year 2021, such real property shall be valued at sixty  
10 percent of its actual value for purposes of taxes levied by school  
11 districts and multiple-district school systems and at seventy-five  
12 percent of its actual value for purposes of taxes levied by any other  
13 political subdivision; and

14 (d) For tax year 2022 and each tax year thereafter, such real  
15 property shall be valued at fifty-five percent of its actual value for  
16 purposes of taxes levied by school districts and multiple-district school  
17 systems and at seventy-five percent of its actual value for purposes of  
18 taxes levied by any other political subdivision.

19 (3) Agricultural land and horticultural land actively devoted to  
20 agricultural or horticultural purposes which has value for purposes other  
21 than agricultural or horticultural uses and which meets the  
22 qualifications for special valuation under section 77-1344 shall  
23 constitute a separate and distinct class of property for purposes of  
24 property taxation, shall be subject to taxation, and shall be valued for  
25 taxation ~~as follows: at seventy-five percent of its special value as~~  
26 ~~defined in section 77-1343.~~

27 (a) For tax years prior to tax year 2020, such real property shall  
28 be valued at seventy-five percent of its special valuation as defined in  
29 section 77-1343;

30 (b) For tax year 2020, such real property shall be valued at sixty-  
31 five percent of its special valuation as defined in section 77-1343 for

1 purposes of taxes levied by school districts and multiple-district school  
2 systems and at seventy-five percent of its special valuation as defined  
3 in section 77-1343 for purposes of taxes levied by any other political  
4 subdivision;

5 (c) For tax year 2021, such real property shall be valued at sixty  
6 percent of its special valuation as defined in section 77-1343 for  
7 purposes of taxes levied by school districts and multiple-district school  
8 systems and at seventy-five percent of its special valuation as defined  
9 in section 77-1343 for purposes of taxes levied by any other political  
10 subdivision; and

11 (d) For tax year 2022 and each tax year thereafter, such real  
12 property shall be valued at fifty-five percent of its special valuation  
13 as defined in section 77-1343 for purposes of taxes levied by school  
14 districts and multiple-district school systems and at seventy-five  
15 percent of its special valuation as defined in section 77-1343 for  
16 purposes of taxes levied by any other political subdivision.

17 (4) Historically significant real property which meets the  
18 qualifications for historic rehabilitation valuation under sections  
19 77-1385 to 77-1394 shall be valued for taxation as provided in such  
20 sections.

21 (5) Tangible personal property, not including motor vehicles,  
22 trailers, and semitrailers registered for operation on the highways of  
23 this state, shall constitute a separate and distinct class of property  
24 for purposes of property taxation, shall be subject to taxation, unless  
25 expressly exempt from taxation, and shall be valued at its net book  
26 value. Tangible personal property transferred as a gift or devise or as  
27 part of a transaction which is not a purchase shall be subject to  
28 taxation based upon the date the property was acquired by the previous  
29 owner and at the previous owner's Nebraska adjusted basis. Tangible  
30 personal property acquired as replacement property for converted property  
31 shall be subject to taxation based upon the date the converted property

1 was acquired and at the Nebraska adjusted basis of the converted property  
2 unless insurance proceeds are payable by reason of the conversion. For  
3 purposes of this subsection, (a) converted property means tangible  
4 personal property which is compulsorily or involuntarily converted as a  
5 result of its destruction in whole or in part, theft, seizure,  
6 requisition, or condemnation, or the threat or imminence thereof, and no  
7 gain or loss is recognized for federal or state income tax purposes by  
8 the holder of the property as a result of the conversion and (b)  
9 replacement property means tangible personal property acquired within two  
10 years after the close of the calendar year in which tangible personal  
11 property was converted and which is, except for date of construction or  
12 manufacture, substantially the same as the converted property.

13 (6) For purposes of this section, taxes levied by school districts  
14 and multiple-district school systems means property taxes levied on real  
15 or personal property by any school district or multiple-district school  
16 system, regardless of the purpose for which such taxes are levied.

17 Sec. 2. Section 77-202, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is  
18 amended to read:

19 77-202 (1) The following property shall be exempt from property  
20 taxes:

21 (a) Property of the state and its governmental subdivisions to the  
22 extent used or being developed for use by the state or governmental  
23 subdivision for a public purpose. For purposes of this subdivision:

24 (i) Property of the state and its governmental subdivisions means  
25 (A) property held in fee title by the state or a governmental subdivision  
26 or (B) property beneficially owned by the state or a governmental  
27 subdivision in that it is used for a public purpose and is being acquired  
28 under a lease-purchase agreement, financing lease, or other instrument  
29 which provides for transfer of legal title to the property to the state  
30 or a governmental subdivision upon payment of all amounts due thereunder.  
31 If the property to be beneficially owned by a governmental subdivision

1 has a total acquisition cost that exceeds the threshold amount or will be  
2 used as the site of a public building with a total estimated construction  
3 cost that exceeds the threshold amount, then such property shall qualify  
4 for an exemption under this section only if the question of acquiring  
5 such property or constructing such public building has been submitted at  
6 a primary, general, or special election held within the governmental  
7 subdivision and has been approved by the voters of the governmental  
8 subdivision. For purposes of this subdivision, threshold amount means the  
9 greater of fifty thousand dollars or six-tenths of one percent of the  
10 total actual value of real and personal property of the governmental  
11 subdivision that will beneficially own the property as of the end of the  
12 governmental subdivision's prior fiscal year; and

13 (ii) Public purpose means use of the property (A) to provide public  
14 services with or without cost to the recipient, including the general  
15 operation of government, public education, public safety, transportation,  
16 public works, civil and criminal justice, public health and welfare,  
17 developments by a public housing authority, parks, culture, recreation,  
18 community development, and cemetery purposes, or (B) to carry out the  
19 duties and responsibilities conferred by law with or without  
20 consideration. Public purpose does not include leasing of property to a  
21 private party unless the lease of the property is at fair market value  
22 for a public purpose. Leases of property by a public housing authority to  
23 low-income individuals as a place of residence are for the authority's  
24 public purpose;

25 (b) Unleased property of the state or its governmental subdivisions  
26 which is not being used or developed for use for a public purpose but  
27 upon which a payment in lieu of taxes is paid for public safety, rescue,  
28 and emergency services and road or street construction or maintenance  
29 services to all governmental units providing such services to the  
30 property. Except as provided in Article VIII, section 11, of the  
31 Constitution of Nebraska, the payment in lieu of taxes shall be based on

1 the proportionate share of the cost of providing public safety, rescue,  
2 or emergency services and road or street construction or maintenance  
3 services unless a general policy is adopted by the governing body of the  
4 governmental subdivision providing such services which provides for a  
5 different method of determining the amount of the payment in lieu of  
6 taxes. The governing body may adopt a general policy by ordinance or  
7 resolution for determining the amount of payment in lieu of taxes by  
8 majority vote after a hearing on the ordinance or resolution. Such  
9 ordinance or resolution shall nevertheless result in an equitable  
10 contribution for the cost of providing such services to the exempt  
11 property;

12 (c) Property owned by and used exclusively for agricultural and  
13 horticultural societies;

14 (d) Property owned by educational, religious, charitable, or  
15 cemetery organizations, or any organization for the exclusive benefit of  
16 any such educational, religious, charitable, or cemetery organization,  
17 and used exclusively for educational, religious, charitable, or cemetery  
18 purposes, when such property is not (i) owned or used for financial gain  
19 or profit to either the owner or user, (ii) used for the sale of  
20 alcoholic liquors for more than twenty hours per week, or (iii) owned or  
21 used by an organization which discriminates in membership or employment  
22 based on race, color, or national origin. For purposes of this  
23 subdivision, educational organization means (A) an institution operated  
24 exclusively for the purpose of offering regular courses with systematic  
25 instruction in academic, vocational, or technical subjects or assisting  
26 students through services relating to the origination, processing, or  
27 guarantying of federally reinsured student loans for higher education or  
28 (B) a museum or historical society operated exclusively for the benefit  
29 and education of the public. For purposes of this subdivision, charitable  
30 organization includes an organization operated exclusively for the  
31 purpose of the mental, social, or physical benefit of the public or an

1 indefinite number of persons and a fraternal benefit society organized  
2 and licensed under sections 44-1072 to 44-10,109; and

3 (e) Household goods and personal effects not owned or used for  
4 financial gain or profit to either the owner or user.

5 (2) The increased value of land by reason of shade and ornamental  
6 trees planted along the highway shall not be taken into account in the  
7 valuation of land.

8 (3) Tangible personal property which is not depreciable tangible  
9 personal property as defined in section 77-119 shall be exempt from  
10 property tax.

11 (4) Motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers required to be  
12 registered for operation on the highways of this state shall be exempt  
13 from payment of property taxes.

14 (5) Business and agricultural inventory shall be exempt from the  
15 personal property tax. For purposes of this subsection, business  
16 inventory includes personal property owned for purposes of leasing or  
17 renting such property to others for financial gain only if the personal  
18 property is of a type which in the ordinary course of business is leased  
19 or rented thirty days or less and may be returned at the option of the  
20 lessee or renter at any time and the personal property is of a type which  
21 would be considered household goods or personal effects if owned by an  
22 individual. All other personal property owned for purposes of leasing or  
23 renting such property to others for financial gain shall not be  
24 considered business inventory.

25 (6) Any personal property exempt pursuant to subsection (2) of  
26 section 77-4105 or section 77-5209.02 shall be exempt from the personal  
27 property tax.

28 (7) Livestock shall be exempt from the personal property tax.

29 (8) Any personal property exempt pursuant to the Nebraska Advantage  
30 Act shall be exempt from the personal property tax.

31 (9) Any depreciable tangible personal property used directly in the

1 generation of electricity using wind as the fuel source shall be exempt  
2 from the property tax levied on depreciable tangible personal property.  
3 Any depreciable tangible personal property used directly in the  
4 generation of electricity using solar, biomass, or landfill gas as the  
5 fuel source shall be exempt from the property tax levied on depreciable  
6 tangible personal property if such depreciable tangible personal property  
7 was installed on or after January 1, 2016, and has a nameplate capacity  
8 of one hundred kilowatts or more. Depreciable tangible personal property  
9 used directly in the generation of electricity using wind, solar,  
10 biomass, or landfill gas as the fuel source includes, but is not limited  
11 to, wind turbines, rotors and blades, towers, solar panels, trackers,  
12 generating equipment, transmission components, substations, supporting  
13 structures or racks, inverters, and other system components such as  
14 wiring, control systems, switchgears, and generator step-up transformers.

15 (10) Any tangible personal property that is acquired by a person  
16 operating a data center located in this state, that is assembled,  
17 engineered, processed, fabricated, manufactured into, attached to, or  
18 incorporated into other tangible personal property, both in component  
19 form or that of an assembled product, for the purpose of subsequent use  
20 at a physical location outside this state by the person operating a data  
21 center shall be exempt from the personal property tax. Such exemption  
22 extends to keeping, retaining, or exercising any right or power over  
23 tangible personal property in this state for the purpose of subsequently  
24 transporting it outside this state for use thereafter outside this state.  
25 For purposes of this subsection, data center means computers, supporting  
26 equipment, and other organized assembly of hardware or software that are  
27 designed to centralize the storage, management, or dissemination of data  
28 and information, environmentally controlled structures or facilities or  
29 interrelated structures or facilities that provide the infrastructure for  
30 housing the equipment, such as raised flooring, electricity supply,  
31 communication and data lines, Internet access, cooling, security, and

1 fire suppression, and any building housing the foregoing.

2 (11) For tax years prior to tax year 2020, each person who owns  
3 property required to be reported to the county assessor under section  
4 77-1201, ~~there~~ shall be allowed an exemption amount as provided in the  
5 Personal Property Tax Relief Act. For tax years prior to tax year 2020,  
6 each person who owns property required to be valued by the state as  
7 provided in section 77-601, 77-682, 77-801, or 77-1248, ~~there~~ shall be  
8 allowed a compensating exemption factor as provided in the Personal  
9 Property Tax Relief Act.

10 Sec. 3. Section 77-693, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is  
11 amended to read:

12 77-693 (1) The Property Tax Administrator in determining the taxable  
13 value of railroads and car lines shall determine the following ratios  
14 involving railroad and car line property and commercial and industrial  
15 property:

16 (a) The ratio of the taxable value of all commercial and industrial  
17 personal property in the state actually subjected to property tax divided  
18 by the market value of all commercial and industrial personal property in  
19 the state;

20 (b) The ratio of the taxable value of all commercial and industrial  
21 real property in the state actually subjected to property tax divided by  
22 the market value of all commercial and industrial real property in the  
23 state;

24 (c) The ratio of the taxable value of railroad personal property to  
25 the market value of railroad personal property. The numerator of the  
26 ratio shall be the taxable value of railroad personal property. The  
27 denominator of the ratio shall be the railroad system value allocated to  
28 Nebraska and multiplied by a factor representing the net book value of  
29 rail transportation personal property divided by the net book value of  
30 total rail transportation property;

31 (d) The ratio of the taxable value of railroad real property to the

1 market value of railroad real property. The numerator of the ratio shall  
2 be the taxable value of railroad real property. The denominator of the  
3 ratio shall be the railroad system value allocated to Nebraska and  
4 multiplied by a factor representing the net book value of rail  
5 transportation real property divided by the net book value of total rail  
6 transportation property; and

7 (e) Similar calculations shall be made for car line taxable  
8 properties.

9 (2) If the ratio of the taxable value of railroad and car line  
10 personal or real property exceeds the ratio of the comparable taxable  
11 commercial and industrial property by more than five percent, the  
12 Property Tax Administrator may adjust the value of such railroad and car  
13 line property to the percentage of the comparable taxable commercial and  
14 industrial property pursuant to federal statute or Nebraska federal court  
15 decisions applicable thereto.

16 (3) For purposes of this section, commercial and industrial property  
17 shall mean all real and personal property which is devoted to commercial  
18 or industrial use other than rail transportation property and land used  
19 primarily for agricultural purposes.

20 (4) For tax years prior to tax year 2020, after ~~After~~ the adjustment  
21 made pursuant to subsections (1) and (2) of this section, the Property  
22 Tax Administrator shall multiply the value of the tangible personal  
23 property of each railroad and car line by the compensating exemption  
24 factor calculated in section 77-1238.

25 Sec. 4. Section 77-801, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is  
26 amended to read:

27 77-801 (1) All public service entities shall, on or before April 15  
28 of each year, furnish a statement specifying such information as may be  
29 required by the Property Tax Administrator on forms prescribed by the Tax  
30 Commissioner to determine and distribute the entity's total taxable value  
31 including the franchise value. All information reported by the public

1 service entities, not available from any other public source, and any  
2 memorandum thereof shall be confidential and available to taxing  
3 officials only. For good cause shown, the Property Tax Administrator may  
4 allow an extension of time in which to file such statement. Such  
5 extension shall not exceed fifteen days after April 15.

6 (2) The returns of public service entities shall not be held to be  
7 conclusive as to the taxable value of the property, but the Property Tax  
8 Administrator shall, from all the information which he or she is able to  
9 obtain, find the taxable value of all such property, including tangible  
10 property and franchises, and shall assess such property on the same basis  
11 as other property is required to be assessed.

12 (3) The county assessor shall assess all nonoperating property of  
13 any public service entity. A public service entity operating within the  
14 State of Nebraska shall, on or before January 1 of each year, report to  
15 the county assessor of each county in which it has situs all nonoperating  
16 property belonging to such entity which is not subject to assessment and  
17 assessed by the Property Tax Administrator under section 77-802.

18 (4) For tax years prior to tax year 2020, the The Property Tax  
19 Administrator shall multiply the value of the tangible personal property  
20 of each public service entity by the compensating exemption factor  
21 calculated in section 77-1238.

22 Sec. 5. Section 77-1238, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is  
23 amended to read:

24 77-1238 (1) For tax years prior to tax year 2020, every Every person  
25 who is required to list his or her taxable tangible personal property as  
26 defined in section 77-105, as required under section 77-1229, shall  
27 receive an exemption from taxation for the first ten thousand dollars of  
28 valuation of his or her tangible personal property in each tax district  
29 as defined in section 77-127 in which a personal property return is  
30 required to be filed. Failure to report tangible personal property on the  
31 personal property return required by section 77-1229 shall result in a

1 forfeiture of the exemption for any tangible personal property not timely  
2 reported for that year.

3 (2) For tax years prior to tax year 2020, the The Property Tax  
4 Administrator shall reduce the value of the tangible personal property  
5 owned by each railroad, car line company, public service entity, and air  
6 carrier by a compensating exemption factor to reflect the exemption  
7 allowed in subsection (1) of this section for all other personal property  
8 taxpayers. The compensating exemption factor is calculated by multiplying  
9 the value of the tangible personal property of the railroad, car line  
10 company, public service entity, or air carrier by a fraction, the  
11 numerator of which is the total amount of locally assessed tangible  
12 personal property that is actually subjected to property tax after the  
13 exemption allowed in subsection (1) of this section, and the denominator  
14 of which is the net book value of locally assessed tangible personal  
15 property prior to the exemptions allowed in subsection (1) of this  
16 section.

17 Sec. 6. Section 77-1239, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2019, is  
18 amended to read:

19 77-1239 (1) For tax years prior to tax year 2020, reimbursement  
20 ~~Reimbursement~~ to taxing subdivisions for tax revenue that will be lost  
21 because of the personal property tax exemptions allowed in subsection (1)  
22 of section 77-1238 shall be as provided in this subsection. The county  
23 assessor and county treasurer shall, on or before November 30 of each  
24 year, certify to the Tax Commissioner, on forms prescribed by the Tax  
25 Commissioner, the total tax revenue that will be lost to all taxing  
26 subdivisions within his or her county from taxes levied and assessed in  
27 that year because of the personal property tax exemptions allowed in  
28 subsection (1) of section 77-1238. The county assessor and county  
29 treasurer may amend the certification to show any change or correction in  
30 the total tax revenue that will be lost until May 30 of the next  
31 succeeding year. The Tax Commissioner shall, on or before January 1 next

1 following the certification, notify the Director of Administrative  
2 Services of the amount so certified to be reimbursed by the state.  
3 Reimbursement of the tax revenue lost shall be made to each county  
4 according to the certification and shall be distributed in two  
5 approximately equal installments on the last business day of February and  
6 the last business day of June. The State Treasurer shall, on the business  
7 day preceding the last business day of February and the last business day  
8 of June, notify the Director of Administrative Services of the amount of  
9 funds available in the General Fund to pay the reimbursement. The  
10 Director of Administrative Services shall, on the last business day of  
11 February and the last business day of June, draw warrants against funds  
12 appropriated. Out of the amount received, the county treasurer shall  
13 distribute to each of the taxing subdivisions within his or her county  
14 the full tax revenue lost by each subdivision, except that one percent of  
15 such amount shall be deposited in the county general fund.

16 (2) For tax years prior to tax year 2020, reimbursement  
17 ~~Reimbursement~~ to taxing subdivisions for tax revenue that will be lost  
18 because of the compensating exemption factor in subsection (2) of section  
19 77-1238 shall be as provided in this subsection. The Property Tax  
20 Administrator shall establish the average tax rate that will be used for  
21 purposes of reimbursing taxing subdivisions pursuant to this subsection.  
22 The average tax rate shall be equal to the total property taxes levied in  
23 the state divided by the total taxable value of all taxable property in  
24 the state as certified pursuant to section 77-1613.01. The total  
25 valuation that will be lost to all taxing subdivisions within each county  
26 because of the compensating exemption factor in subsection (2) of section  
27 77-1238, multiplied by the average tax rate calculated pursuant to this  
28 subsection, shall be the tax revenue to be reimbursed to the taxing  
29 subdivisions by the state. Reimbursement of the tax revenue lost for  
30 public service entities shall be made to each county according to the  
31 certification and shall be distributed among the taxing subdivisions

1 within each county in the same proportion as all public service entity  
2 taxes levied by the taxing subdivisions. Reimbursement of the tax revenue  
3 lost for railroads shall be made to each county according to the  
4 certification and shall be distributed among the taxing subdivisions  
5 within each county in the same proportion as all railroad taxes levied by  
6 taxing subdivisions. Reimbursement of the tax revenue lost for car line  
7 companies shall be distributed in the same manner as the taxes collected  
8 pursuant to section 77-684. Reimbursement of the tax revenue lost for air  
9 carriers shall be distributed in the same manner as the taxes collected  
10 pursuant to section 77-1250.

11 (3) Each taxing subdivision shall, in preparing its annual or  
12 biennial budget, take into account the amounts to be received under this  
13 section.

14 Sec. 7. Section 77-1248, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is  
15 amended to read:

16 77-1248 (1) The Property Tax Administrator shall ascertain from the  
17 reports made and from any other information obtained by him or her the  
18 taxable value of the flight equipment of air carriers and the proportion  
19 allocated to this state for the purposes of taxation as provided in  
20 section 77-1245.

21 (2)(a) In determining the taxable value of the flight equipment of  
22 air carriers pursuant to subsection (1) of this section, the Property Tax  
23 Administrator shall determine the following ratios:

24 (i) The ratio of the taxable value of all commercial and industrial  
25 depreciable tangible personal property in the state actually subjected to  
26 property tax to the market value of all commercial and industrial  
27 depreciable tangible personal property in the state; and

28 (ii) The ratio of the taxable value of flight equipment of air  
29 carriers to the market value of flight equipment of air carriers.

30 (b) If the ratio of the taxable value of flight equipment of air  
31 carriers exceeds the ratio of the taxable value of commercial and

1 industrial depreciable tangible personal property by more than five  
2 percent, the Property Tax Administrator may adjust the value of such  
3 flight equipment of air carriers to the percentage of the taxable  
4 commercial and industrial depreciable tangible personal property pursuant  
5 to federal law applicable to air carrier transportation property or  
6 Nebraska federal court decisions applicable thereto.

7 (c) For purposes of this subsection, commercial and industrial  
8 depreciable tangible personal property means all personal property which  
9 is devoted to commercial or industrial use other than flight equipment of  
10 air carriers.

11 (3) For tax years prior to tax year 2020, the The Property Tax  
12 Administrator shall multiply the valuation of each air carrier by the  
13 compensating exemption factor calculated in section 77-1238.

14 Sec. 8. Section 77-1391, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is  
15 amended to read:

16 77-1391 (1) Commencing January 1, 2006, for all real property for  
17 which a final certificate of rehabilitation has been issued, the  
18 valuation for purposes of assessment shall be no more than the base-year  
19 valuation for eight years following issuance of the final certificate of  
20 rehabilitation.

21 (2) For the four years following the expiration of the eight-year  
22 period specified in subsection (1) of this section, the valuation for  
23 purposes of the assessment shall be as follows:

24 (a) For the first year, the base-year valuation plus twenty-five  
25 percent of the difference in the base-year valuation and the current year  
26 assessed ~~actual~~ value;

27 (b) For the second year, the base-year valuation plus fifty percent  
28 of the difference in the base-year valuation and the current year  
29 assessed ~~actual~~ value;

30 (c) For the third year, the base-year valuation plus seventy-five  
31 percent of the difference in the base-year valuation and the current year

1 ~~assessed actual~~ value; and

2 (d) For the fourth year, the current year ~~assessed actual~~ value.

3 (3) For purposes of sections 77-1385 to 77-1394, base-year valuation  
4 means the assessed valuation of the historically significant real  
5 property in the assessment year the preliminary certificate of  
6 rehabilitation was issued as certified in subdivision (1)(c) of section  
7 77-1388 or as finally determined if appealed.

8 (4) If, during the eight-year period and the four-year period  
9 specified in subsections (1) and (2) of this section, the State Historic  
10 Preservation Officer determines that historically significant real  
11 property for which a final certificate of rehabilitation has been issued  
12 (a) has been the subject of repair, renovation, remodeling, or  
13 improvement but not in accordance with the Standards for Rehabilitation  
14 as described in 36 C.F.R. 67.7, as such regulation existed on January 1,  
15 2005, (b) is no longer of historical significance to a qualified historic  
16 district, or (c) no longer possesses the qualifications for listing in  
17 the National Register of Historic Places, he or she shall revoke the  
18 final certificate of rehabilitation by written notice to the owner and  
19 transmit a copy of the revocation to the county assessor.

20 (5) Upon disqualification of any real property receiving base-year  
21 valuation under sections 77-1385 to 77-1394, the county assessor shall  
22 change the value of such property to its ~~assessed actual~~ value in the  
23 assessment year following the revocation of the final certificate of  
24 rehabilitation.

25 Sec. 9. Section 77-1514, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is  
26 amended to read:

27 77-1514 (1) The county assessor shall prepare an abstract of the  
28 property assessment rolls of locally assessed real property of his or her  
29 county on forms prescribed and furnished by the Tax Commissioner. The  
30 county assessor shall file the abstract with the Property Tax  
31 Administrator on or before March 19, except beginning January 1, 2014, in

1 any county with a population of at least one hundred fifty thousand  
2 inhabitants according to the most recent federal decennial census, the  
3 real property abstract shall be filed on or before March 25. The abstract  
4 shall show the taxable value of real property in the county as determined  
5 by the county assessor and any other information as required by the  
6 Property Tax Administrator. The Property Tax Administrator, upon written  
7 request from the county assessor, may for good cause shown extend the  
8 final filing due date for the abstract and the statutory deadlines  
9 provided in section 77-5027. The Property Tax Administrator may extend  
10 the statutory deadline in section 77-5028 for a county if the deadline is  
11 extended for that county. Beginning January 1, 2014, in any county with a  
12 population of at least one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants according  
13 to the most recent federal decennial census, the county assessor shall  
14 request an extension of the final filing due date by March 22.

15 (2) For tax years prior to tax year 2020, ~~The~~ county assessor  
16 shall prepare an abstract of the property assessment rolls of locally  
17 assessed personal property of his or her county on forms prescribed and  
18 furnished by the Tax Commissioner. The county assessor shall  
19 electronically file the abstract with the Property Tax Administrator on  
20 or before July 20.

21 Sec. 10. Section 77-3442, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2019, is  
22 amended to read:

23 77-3442 (1) Property tax levies for the support of local governments  
24 for fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 1998, shall be limited to  
25 the amounts set forth in this section except as provided in section  
26 77-3444.

27 (2)(a) Except as provided in subdivisions (2)(b) and (2)(e) of this  
28 section:

29 (i) For fiscal years prior to fiscal year 2023-24, school districts  
30 and multiple-district school systems may levy a maximum levy of one  
31 dollar and five cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of

1 property subject to the levy; and -

2 (ii) For school fiscal year 2023-24 and each school fiscal year  
3 thereafter, school districts and multiple-district school systems may  
4 levy a maximum levy equal to five cents per one hundred dollars of  
5 taxable valuation of property subject to the levy plus a levy rate which,  
6 when applied to taxable valuation of property subject to the levy,  
7 generates an amount equal to the local formula contribution for such  
8 fiscal year calculated pursuant to section 79-1015.01.

9 (b) For each fiscal year prior to fiscal year 2017-18, learning  
10 communities may levy a maximum levy for the general fund budgets of  
11 member school districts of ninety-five cents per one hundred dollars of  
12 taxable valuation of property subject to the levy. The proceeds from the  
13 levy pursuant to this subdivision shall be distributed pursuant to  
14 section 79-1073.

15 (c) Except as provided in subdivision (2)(e) of this section, for  
16 each fiscal year prior to fiscal year 2017-18, school districts that are  
17 members of learning communities may levy for purposes of such districts'  
18 general fund budget and special building funds a maximum combined levy of  
19 the difference of one dollar and five cents on each one hundred dollars  
20 of taxable property subject to the levy minus the learning community levy  
21 pursuant to subdivision (2)(b) of this section for such learning  
22 community.

23 (d) Excluded from the limitations in subdivisions (2)(a) and (2)(c)  
24 of this section are (i) amounts levied to pay for current and future sums  
25 agreed to be paid by a school district to certificated employees in  
26 exchange for a voluntary termination of employment occurring prior to  
27 September 1, 2017, (ii) amounts levied by a school district otherwise at  
28 the maximum levy pursuant to subdivision (2)(a) of this section to pay  
29 for current and future qualified voluntary termination incentives for  
30 certificated teachers pursuant to subsection (3) of section 79-8,142 that  
31 are not otherwise included in an exclusion pursuant to subdivision (2)(d)

1 of this section, (iii) amounts levied by a school district otherwise at  
2 the maximum levy pursuant to subdivision (2)(a) of this section to pay  
3 for seventy-five percent of the current and future sums agreed to be paid  
4 to certificated employees in exchange for a voluntary termination of  
5 employment occurring between September 1, 2017, and August 31, 2018, as a  
6 result of a collective-bargaining agreement in force and effect on  
7 September 1, 2017, that are not otherwise included in an exclusion  
8 pursuant to subdivision (2)(d) of this section, (iv) amounts levied by a  
9 school district otherwise at the maximum levy pursuant to subdivision (2)  
10 (a) of this section to pay for fifty percent of the current and future  
11 sums agreed to be paid to certificated employees in exchange for a  
12 voluntary termination of employment occurring between September 1, 2018,  
13 and August 31, 2019, as a result of a collective-bargaining agreement in  
14 force and effect on September 1, 2017, that are not otherwise included in  
15 an exclusion pursuant to subdivision (2)(d) of this section, (v) amounts  
16 levied by a school district otherwise at the maximum levy pursuant to  
17 subdivision (2)(a) of this section to pay for twenty-five percent of the  
18 current and future sums agreed to be paid to certificated employees in  
19 exchange for a voluntary termination of employment occurring between  
20 September 1, 2019, and August 31, 2020, as a result of a collective-  
21 bargaining agreement in force and effect on September 1, 2017, that are  
22 not otherwise included in an exclusion pursuant to subdivision (2)(d) of  
23 this section, (vi) amounts levied in compliance with sections 79-10,110  
24 and 79-10,110.02, (vii) for fiscal year 2021-22 and each fiscal year  
25 thereafter, amounts levied by a school district in addition to the  
26 maximum levy pursuant to subdivision (2)(a) of this section, with the  
27 approval of at least two-thirds of the elected members of the school  
28 board of such school district, up to one hundred percent of any positive  
29 difference resulting from subtracting the aid certified pursuant to  
30 subsection (1) of section 79-1022 for such fiscal year from the estimate  
31 of aid without any short-term adjustment by the Legislature provided

1 pursuant to subsection (3) of section 79-1022 for such fiscal year,  
2 (viii) amounts levied pursuant to subsection (4) of section 79-10,120 for  
3 projects commenced prior to the effective date of this act, (ix) amounts  
4 levied pursuant to subsection (3) of section 79-10,120 for projects that  
5 have been commenced less the amount generated by a levy of six cents per  
6 one hundred dollars of taxable valuation, and (x) an amount equal to any  
7 loss of revenue caused by changes to section 77-201 occurring after the  
8 passage of a levy override at an election occurring prior to the  
9 effective date of this act pursuant to subdivision (1)(b) of section  
10 77-3444 for the period of years for which such override is applicable and  
11 ~~(vii) amounts levied to pay for special building funds and sinking funds~~  
12 ~~established for projects commenced prior to April 1, 1996, for~~  
13 ~~construction, expansion, or alteration of school district buildings.~~ For  
14 purposes of this subsection, commenced means any action taken by the  
15 school board on the record which commits the board to expend district  
16 funds in planning, constructing, or carrying out the project.

17 (e) Federal aid school districts may exceed the maximum levy  
18 prescribed by subdivision (2)(a) or (2)(c) of this section only to the  
19 extent necessary to qualify to receive federal aid pursuant to 20 U.S.C.  
20 7701 et seq., as such sections existed on January 1, 2020 ~~Title VIII of~~  
21 ~~Public Law 103-382, as such title existed on September 1, 2001.~~ For  
22 purposes of this subdivision, federal aid school district means any  
23 school district which receives ten percent or more of the revenue for its  
24 general fund budget from federal government sources pursuant to 20 U.S.C.  
25 7701 et seq., as such sections existed on January 1, 2020 ~~Title VIII of~~  
26 ~~Public Law 103-382, as such title existed on September 1, 2001.~~

27 (f) For each fiscal year, learning communities may levy a maximum  
28 levy of one-half cent on each one hundred dollars of taxable property  
29 subject to the levy for elementary learning center facility leases, for  
30 remodeling of leased elementary learning center facilities, and for up to  
31 fifty percent of the estimated cost for focus school or program capital

1 projects approved by the learning community coordinating council pursuant  
2 to section 79-2111.

3 (g) For each fiscal year, learning communities may levy a maximum  
4 levy of one and one-half cents on each one hundred dollars of taxable  
5 property subject to the levy for early childhood education programs for  
6 children in poverty, for elementary learning center employees, for  
7 contracts with other entities or individuals who are not employees of the  
8 learning community for elementary learning center programs and services,  
9 and for pilot projects, except that no more than ten percent of such levy  
10 may be used for elementary learning center employees.

11 (3) For each fiscal year, community college areas may levy the  
12 levies provided in subdivisions (2)(a) through (c) of section 85-1517, in  
13 accordance with the provisions of such subdivisions. A community college  
14 area may exceed the levy provided in subdivision (2)(b) of section  
15 85-1517 by the amount necessary to retire general obligation bonds  
16 assumed by the community college area or issued pursuant to section  
17 85-1515 according to the terms of such bonds or for any obligation  
18 pursuant to section 85-1535 entered into prior to January 1, 1997.

19 (4)(a) Natural resources districts may levy a maximum levy of four  
20 and one-half cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of  
21 property subject to the levy.

22 (b) Natural resources districts shall also have the power and  
23 authority to levy a tax equal to the dollar amount by which their  
24 restricted funds budgeted to administer and implement ground water  
25 management activities and integrated management activities under the  
26 Nebraska Ground Water Management and Protection Act exceed their  
27 restricted funds budgeted to administer and implement ground water  
28 management activities and integrated management activities for FY2003-04,  
29 not to exceed one cent on each one hundred dollars of taxable valuation  
30 annually on all of the taxable property within the district.

31 (c) In addition, natural resources districts located in a river

1 basin, subbasin, or reach that has been determined to be fully  
2 appropriated pursuant to section 46-714 or designated as overappropriated  
3 pursuant to section 46-713 by the Department of Natural Resources shall  
4 also have the power and authority to levy a tax equal to the dollar  
5 amount by which their restricted funds budgeted to administer and  
6 implement ground water management activities and integrated management  
7 activities under the Nebraska Ground Water Management and Protection Act  
8 exceed their restricted funds budgeted to administer and implement ground  
9 water management activities and integrated management activities for  
10 FY2005-06, not to exceed three cents on each one hundred dollars of  
11 taxable valuation on all of the taxable property within the district for  
12 fiscal year 2006-07 and each fiscal year thereafter through fiscal year  
13 2017-18.

14 (5) Any educational service unit authorized to levy a property tax  
15 pursuant to section 79-1225 may levy a maximum levy of one and one-half  
16 cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to  
17 the levy.

18 (6)(a) Incorporated cities and villages which are not within the  
19 boundaries of a municipal county may levy a maximum levy of forty-five  
20 cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to  
21 the levy plus an additional five cents per one hundred dollars of taxable  
22 valuation to provide financing for the municipality's share of revenue  
23 required under an agreement or agreements executed pursuant to the  
24 Interlocal Cooperation Act or the Joint Public Agency Act. The maximum  
25 levy shall include amounts levied to pay for sums to support a library  
26 pursuant to section 51-201, museum pursuant to section 51-501, visiting  
27 community nurse, home health nurse, or home health agency pursuant to  
28 section 71-1637, or statue, memorial, or monument pursuant to section  
29 80-202.

30 (b) Incorporated cities and villages which are within the boundaries  
31 of a municipal county may levy a maximum levy of ninety cents per one

1 hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy. The  
2 maximum levy shall include amounts paid to a municipal county for county  
3 services, amounts levied to pay for sums to support a library pursuant to  
4 section 51-201, a museum pursuant to section 51-501, a visiting community  
5 nurse, home health nurse, or home health agency pursuant to section  
6 71-1637, or a statue, memorial, or monument pursuant to section 80-202.

7 (7) Sanitary and improvement districts which have been in existence  
8 for more than five years may levy a maximum levy of forty cents per one  
9 hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy, and  
10 sanitary and improvement districts which have been in existence for five  
11 years or less shall not have a maximum levy. Unconsolidated sanitary and  
12 improvement districts which have been in existence for more than five  
13 years and are located in a municipal county may levy a maximum of eighty-  
14 five cents per hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject  
15 to the levy.

16 (8) Counties may levy or authorize a maximum levy of fifty cents per  
17 one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy,  
18 except that five cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of  
19 property subject to the levy may only be levied to provide financing for  
20 the county's share of revenue required under an agreement or agreements  
21 executed pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act or the Joint Public  
22 Agency Act. The maximum levy shall include amounts levied to pay for sums  
23 to support a library pursuant to section 51-201 or museum pursuant to  
24 section 51-501. The county may allocate up to fifteen cents of its  
25 authority to other political subdivisions subject to allocation of  
26 property tax authority under subsection (1) of section 77-3443 and not  
27 specifically covered in this section to levy taxes as authorized by law  
28 which do not collectively exceed fifteen cents per one hundred dollars of  
29 taxable valuation on any parcel or item of taxable property. The county  
30 may allocate to one or more other political subdivisions subject to  
31 allocation of property tax authority by the county under subsection (1)

1 of section 77-3443 some or all of the county's five cents per one hundred  
2 dollars of valuation authorized for support of an agreement or agreements  
3 to be levied by the political subdivision for the purpose of supporting  
4 that political subdivision's share of revenue required under an agreement  
5 or agreements executed pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act or the  
6 Joint Public Agency Act. If an allocation by a county would cause another  
7 county to exceed its levy authority under this section, the second county  
8 may exceed the levy authority in order to levy the amount allocated.

9 (9) Municipal counties may levy or authorize a maximum levy of one  
10 dollar per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject  
11 to the levy. The municipal county may allocate levy authority to any  
12 political subdivision or entity subject to allocation under section  
13 77-3443.

14 (10) Beginning July 1, 2016, rural and suburban fire protection  
15 districts may levy a maximum levy of ten and one-half cents per one  
16 hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy if  
17 (a) such district is located in a county that had a levy pursuant to  
18 subsection (8) of this section in the previous year of at least forty  
19 cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to  
20 the levy or (b) such district had a levy request pursuant to section  
21 77-3443 in any of the three previous years and the county board of the  
22 county in which the greatest portion of the valuation of such district is  
23 located did not authorize any levy authority to such district in such  
24 year.

25 (11) A regional metropolitan transit authority may levy a maximum  
26 levy of ten cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of  
27 property subject to the levy for each fiscal year that commences on the  
28 January 1 that follows the effective date of the conversion of the  
29 transit authority established under the Transit Authority Law into the  
30 regional metropolitan transit authority.

31 (12) Property tax levies (a) for judgments, except judgments or

1 orders from the Commission of Industrial Relations, obtained against a  
2 political subdivision which require or obligate a political subdivision  
3 to pay such judgment, to the extent such judgment is not paid by  
4 liability insurance coverage of a political subdivision, (b) for  
5 preexisting lease-purchase contracts approved prior to July 1, 1998, (c)  
6 for bonds as defined in section 10-134 approved according to law and  
7 secured by a levy on property except as provided in section 44-4317 for  
8 bonded indebtedness issued by educational service units and school  
9 districts, and (d) for payments by a public airport to retire interest-  
10 free loans from the Division of Aeronautics of the Department of  
11 Transportation in lieu of bonded indebtedness at a lower cost to the  
12 public airport are not included in the levy limits established by this  
13 section.

14 (13) The limitations on tax levies provided in this section are to  
15 include all other general or special levies provided by law.  
16 Notwithstanding other provisions of law, the only exceptions to the  
17 limits in this section are those provided by or authorized by sections  
18 77-3442 to 77-3444.

19 (14) Tax levies in excess of the limitations in this section shall  
20 be considered unauthorized levies under section 77-1606 unless approved  
21 under section 77-3444.

22 (15) For purposes of sections 77-3442 to 77-3444, political  
23 subdivision means a political subdivision of this state and a county  
24 agricultural society.

25 (16) For school districts that file a binding resolution on or  
26 before May 9, 2008, with the county assessors, county clerks, and county  
27 treasurers for all counties in which the school district has territory  
28 pursuant to subsection (7) of section 79-458, if the combined levies,  
29 except levies for bonded indebtedness approved by the voters of the  
30 school district and levies for the refinancing of such bonded  
31 indebtedness, are in excess of the greater of (a) one dollar and twenty

1 cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to  
2 the levy or (b) the maximum levy authorized by a vote pursuant to section  
3 77-3444, all school district levies, except levies for bonded  
4 indebtedness approved by the voters of the school district and levies for  
5 the refinancing of such bonded indebtedness, shall be considered  
6 unauthorized levies under section 77-1606.

7 Sec. 11. Section 77-3446, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2019, is  
8 amended to read:

9 77-3446 Base limitation means the budget limitation rate applicable  
10 to school districts and the limitation on growth of restricted funds  
11 applicable to other political subdivisions prior to any increases in the  
12 rate as a result of special actions taken by a supermajority of any  
13 governing board or of any exception allowed by law. The base limitation  
14 is two and one-half percent until adjusted, except that the base  
15 limitation for school districts ~~for school fiscal years 2017-18 and~~  
16 ~~2018-19 is one and one-half percent and for school fiscal year 2019-20~~  
17 and each school fiscal year thereafter is two percent. The base  
18 limitation may be adjusted annually by the Legislature to reflect changes  
19 in the prices of services and products used by school districts and  
20 political subdivisions.

21 Sec. 12. Section 77-5023, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is  
22 amended to read:

23 77-5023 (1) Pursuant to section 77-5022, the commission shall have  
24 the power to increase or decrease the value of a class or subclass of  
25 real property in any county or taxing authority or of real property  
26 valued by the state so that all classes or subclasses of real property in  
27 all counties fall within an acceptable range.

28 (2)(a) ~~(2)~~ An acceptable range is the percentage of variation from a  
29 standard for valuation as measured by an established indicator of central  
30 tendency of assessment. ~~Acceptable ranges are: (a) For agricultural land~~  
31 ~~and horticultural land as defined in section 77-1359, sixty-nine to~~

1 ~~seventy-five percent of actual value; (b) for lands receiving special~~  
2 ~~valuation, sixty-nine to seventy-five percent of special valuation as~~  
3 ~~defined in section 77-1343; and (c) for all other real property, ninety-~~  
4 ~~two to one hundred percent of actual value.~~

5 (b) The acceptable ranges for agricultural land and horticultural  
6 land not receiving special valuation are:

7 (i) For tax years prior to tax year 2020, sixty-nine to seventy-five  
8 percent of actual value;

9 (ii) For tax year 2020, fifty-nine to sixty-five percent of actual  
10 value for purposes of taxes levied by school districts and multiple-  
11 district school systems and sixty-nine to seventy-five percent of actual  
12 value for purposes of taxes levied by any other political subdivision;

13 (iii) For tax year 2021, fifty-four to sixty percent of actual value  
14 for purposes of taxes levied by school districts and multiple-district  
15 school systems and sixty-nine to seventy-five percent of actual value for  
16 purposes of taxes levied by any other political subdivision; and

17 (iv) For tax year 2022 and each tax year thereafter, forty-nine to  
18 fifty-five percent of actual value for purposes of taxes levied by school  
19 districts and multiple-district school systems and sixty-nine to seventy-  
20 five percent of actual value for purposes of taxes levied by any other  
21 political subdivision.

22 (c) The acceptable ranges for agricultural land and horticultural  
23 land receiving special valuation are:

24 (i) For tax years prior to tax year 2020, sixty-nine to seventy-five  
25 percent of special valuation;

26 (ii) For tax year 2020, fifty-nine to sixty-five percent of special  
27 valuation for purposes of taxes levied by school districts and multiple-  
28 district school systems and sixty-nine to seventy-five percent of special  
29 valuation for purposes of taxes levied by any other political  
30 subdivision;

31 (iii) For tax year 2021, fifty-four to sixty percent of special

1 valuation for purposes of taxes levied by school districts and multiple-  
2 district school systems and sixty-nine to seventy-five percent of special  
3 valuation for purposes of taxes levied by any other political  
4 subdivision; and

5 (iv) For tax year 2022 and each tax year thereafter, forty-nine to  
6 fifty-five percent of special valuation for purposes of taxes levied by  
7 school districts and multiple-district school systems and sixty-nine to  
8 seventy-five percent of special valuation for purposes of taxes levied by  
9 any other political subdivision.

10 (d) The acceptable ranges for all other real property are:

11 (i) For tax years prior to tax year 2020, ninety-two to one hundred  
12 percent of actual value;

13 (ii) For tax year 2020, eighty-seven to ninety-five percent of  
14 actual value for purposes of taxes levied by school districts and  
15 multiple-district school systems and ninety-two to one hundred percent of  
16 actual value for purposes of taxes levied by any other political  
17 subdivision;

18 (iii) For tax year 2021, eighty-three to ninety-one percent of  
19 actual value for purposes of taxes levied by school districts and  
20 multiple-district school systems and ninety-two to one hundred percent of  
21 actual value for purposes of taxes levied by any other political  
22 subdivision; and

23 (iv) For tax year 2022 and each tax year thereafter, seventy-nine to  
24 eighty-seven percent of actual value for purposes of taxes levied by  
25 school districts and multiple-district school systems and ninety-two to  
26 one hundred percent of actual value for purposes of taxes levied by any  
27 other political subdivision.

28 (e) For purposes of this subsection:

29 (i) Agricultural land and horticultural land has the same meaning as  
30 in section 77-1359;

31 (ii) Special valuation has the same meaning as in section 77-1343;

1 and

2 (iii) Taxes levied by school districts and multiple-district school  
3 systems has the same meaning as in section 77-201.

4 (3) Any increase or decrease shall cause the level of value  
5 determined by the commission to be at the midpoint of the applicable  
6 acceptable range.

7 (4) Any decrease or increase to a subclass of property shall also  
8 cause the level of value determined by the commission for the class from  
9 which the subclass is drawn to be within the applicable acceptable range.

10 (5) Whether or not the level of value determined by the commission  
11 falls within an acceptable range or at the midpoint of an acceptable  
12 range may be determined to a reasonable degree of certainty relying upon  
13 generally accepted mass appraisal techniques.

14 Sec. 13. Section 79-1001, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,  
15 2018, is amended to read:

16 79-1001 Sections 79-1001 to 79-1033 and section 16 of this act shall  
17 be known and may be cited as the Tax Equity and Educational Opportunities  
18 Support Act.

19 Sec. 14. Section 79-1003, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2019, is  
20 amended to read:

21 79-1003 For purposes of the Tax Equity and Educational Opportunities  
22 Support Act:

23 (1) Adjusted general fund operating expenditures means (a) ~~for~~  
24 ~~school fiscal years 2013-14 through 2015-16, the difference of the~~  
25 ~~general fund operating expenditures as calculated pursuant to subdivision~~  
26 ~~(23) of this section increased by the cost growth factor calculated~~  
27 ~~pursuant to section 79-1007.10, minus the transportation allowance,~~  
28 ~~special receipts allowance, poverty allowance, limited English~~  
29 ~~proficiency allowance, distance education and telecommunications~~  
30 ~~allowance, elementary site allowance, summer school allowance,~~  
31 ~~instructional time allowance, teacher education allowance, and focus~~

1 ~~school and program allowance, (b) for school fiscal years 2016-17 through~~  
2 ~~2018-19, the difference of the general fund operating expenditures as~~  
3 ~~calculated pursuant to subdivision (23) of this section increased by the~~  
4 ~~cost growth factor calculated pursuant to section 79-1007.10, minus the~~  
5 ~~transportation allowance, special receipts allowance, poverty allowance,~~  
6 ~~limited English proficiency allowance, distance education and~~  
7 ~~telecommunications allowance, elementary site allowance, summer school~~  
8 ~~allowance, and focus school and program allowance, and (b) (e) for school~~  
9 ~~fiscal year 2019-20 and each school fiscal year thereafter, the~~  
10 ~~difference of the general fund operating expenditures as calculated~~  
11 ~~pursuant to subdivision (23) of this section increased by the cost growth~~  
12 ~~factor calculated pursuant to section 79-1007.10, minus the~~  
13 ~~transportation allowance, special receipts allowance, poverty allowance,~~  
14 ~~limited English proficiency allowance, distance education and~~  
15 ~~telecommunications allowance, elementary site allowance, summer school~~  
16 ~~allowance, community achievement plan allowance, and focus school and~~  
17 ~~program allowance;~~

18 (2) Adjusted valuation means the assessed valuation of taxable  
19 property of each local system in the state, adjusted pursuant to the  
20 adjustment factors described in section 79-1016. Adjusted valuation means  
21 the adjusted valuation for the property tax year ending during the school  
22 fiscal year immediately preceding the school fiscal year in which the aid  
23 based upon that value is to be paid. For purposes of determining (a) for  
24 school fiscal years prior to school fiscal year 2023-24, the local effort  
25 rate yield or (b) for school fiscal year 2023-24 and each school fiscal  
26 year thereafter, the local formula contribution pursuant to section  
27 79-1015.01, adjusted valuation does not include the value of any property  
28 which a court, by a final judgment from which no appeal is taken, has  
29 declared to be nontaxable or exempt from taxation;

30 (3) Allocated income tax funds means the amount of assistance paid  
31 to a local system pursuant to section 79-1005.01 for school fiscal years

1 prior to school fiscal year 2020-21;

2 (4) Average daily membership means the average daily membership for  
3 grades kindergarten through twelve attributable to the local system, as  
4 provided in each district's annual statistical summary, and includes the  
5 proportionate share of students enrolled in a public school instructional  
6 program on less than a full-time basis;

7 (5) Base fiscal year means the first school fiscal year following  
8 the school fiscal year in which the reorganization or unification  
9 occurred;

10 (6) Board means the school board of each school district;

11 (7) Categorical funds means funds limited to a specific purpose by  
12 federal or state law, including, but not limited to, Title I funds, Title  
13 VI funds, federal vocational education funds, federal school lunch funds,  
14 Indian education funds, Head Start funds, and funds from the Education  
15 Innovation Fund;

16 (8) Consolidate means to voluntarily reduce the number of school  
17 districts providing education to a grade group and does not include  
18 dissolution pursuant to section 79-498;

19 (9) Converted contract means an expired contract that was in effect  
20 for at least fifteen school years beginning prior to school year 2012-13  
21 for the education of students in a nonresident district in exchange for  
22 tuition from the resident district when the expiration of such contract  
23 results in the nonresident district educating students, who would have  
24 been covered by the contract if the contract were still in effect, as  
25 option students pursuant to the enrollment option program established in  
26 section 79-234;

27 (10) Converted contract option student means a student who will be  
28 an option student pursuant to the enrollment option program established  
29 in section 79-234 for the school fiscal year for which aid is being  
30 calculated and who would have been covered by a converted contract if the  
31 contract were still in effect and such school fiscal year is the first

1 school fiscal year for which such contract is not in effect;

2 (11) Department means the State Department of Education;

3 (12) District means any school district or unified system as defined  
4 in section 79-4,108;

5 (13) Ensuing school fiscal year means the school fiscal year  
6 following the current school fiscal year;

7 (14) Equalization aid means the amount of assistance calculated to  
8 be paid to a local system pursuant to section 79-1008.01;

9 (15) Fall membership means the total membership in kindergarten  
10 through grade twelve attributable to the local system as reported on the  
11 fall school district membership reports for each district pursuant to  
12 section 79-528;

13 (16) Fiscal year means the state fiscal year which is the period  
14 from July 1 to the following June 30;

15 (17) Formula students means:

16 (a) For state aid certified pursuant to section 79-1022, the sum of  
17 the product of fall membership from the school fiscal year immediately  
18 preceding the school fiscal year in which the aid is to be paid  
19 multiplied by the average ratio of average daily membership to fall  
20 membership for the second school fiscal year immediately preceding the  
21 school fiscal year in which the aid is to be paid and the prior two  
22 school fiscal years plus sixty percent of the qualified early childhood  
23 education fall membership plus tuitioned students from the school fiscal  
24 year immediately preceding the school fiscal year in which aid is to be  
25 paid minus the product of the number of students enrolled in kindergarten  
26 that is not full-day kindergarten from the fall membership multiplied by  
27 0.5; and

28 (b) For the final calculation of state aid pursuant to section  
29 79-1065, the sum of average daily membership plus sixty percent of the  
30 qualified early childhood education average daily membership plus  
31 tuitioned students minus the product of the number of students enrolled

1 in kindergarten that is not full-day kindergarten from the average daily  
2 membership multiplied by 0.5 from the school fiscal year immediately  
3 preceding the school fiscal year in which aid was paid;

4 (18) Free lunch and free milk calculated students means, using the  
5 most recent data available on November 1 of the school fiscal year  
6 immediately preceding the school fiscal year in which aid is to be paid,  
7 (a) for schools that did not provide free meals to all students pursuant  
8 to the community eligibility provision, students who individually  
9 qualified for free lunches or free milk pursuant to the federal Richard  
10 B. Russell National School Lunch Act, 42 U.S.C. 1751 et seq., and the  
11 federal Child Nutrition Act of 1966, 42 U.S.C. 1771 et seq., as such acts  
12 and sections existed on January 1, 2015, and rules and regulations  
13 adopted thereunder, plus (b) for schools that provided free meals to all  
14 students pursuant to the community eligibility provision, (i) for school  
15 fiscal year 2016-17, the product of the students who attended such school  
16 multiplied by the identified student percentage calculated pursuant to  
17 such federal provision or (ii) for school fiscal year 2017-18 and each  
18 school fiscal year thereafter, the greater of the number of students in  
19 such school who individually qualified for free lunch or free milk using  
20 the most recent school fiscal year for which the school did not provide  
21 free meals to all students pursuant to the community eligibility  
22 provision or one hundred ten percent of the product of the students who  
23 qualified for free meals at such school pursuant to the community  
24 eligibility provision multiplied by the identified student percentage  
25 calculated pursuant to such federal provision, except that the free lunch  
26 and free milk students calculated for any school pursuant to subdivision  
27 (18)(b)(ii) of this section shall not exceed one hundred percent of the  
28 students qualified for free meals at such school pursuant to the  
29 community eligibility provision;

30 (19) Free lunch and free milk student means, for school fiscal years  
31 prior to school fiscal year 2016-17, a student who qualified for free

1 lunches or free milk from the most recent data available on November 1 of  
2 the school fiscal year immediately preceding the school fiscal year in  
3 which aid is to be paid;

4 (20) Full-day kindergarten means kindergarten offered by a district  
5 for at least one thousand thirty-two instructional hours;

6 (21) General fund budget of expenditures means the total budget of  
7 disbursements and transfers for general fund purposes as certified in the  
8 budget statement adopted pursuant to the Nebraska Budget Act, except that  
9 for purposes of the limitation imposed in section 79-1023, the general  
10 fund budget of expenditures does not include any special grant funds,  
11 exclusive of local matching funds, received by a district;

12 (22) General fund expenditures means all expenditures from the  
13 general fund;

14 (23) General fund operating expenditures means for state aid  
15 calculated for school fiscal years 2012-13 and each school fiscal year  
16 thereafter, as reported on the annual financial report for the second  
17 school fiscal year immediately preceding the school fiscal year in which  
18 aid is to be paid, the total general fund expenditures minus (a) the  
19 amount of all receipts to the general fund, to the extent that such  
20 receipts are not included in local system formula resources, from early  
21 childhood education tuition, summer school tuition, educational entities  
22 as defined in section 79-1201.01 for providing distance education courses  
23 through the Educational Service Unit Coordinating Council to such  
24 educational entities, private foundations, individuals, associations,  
25 charitable organizations, the textbook loan program authorized by section  
26 79-734, federal impact aid, and levy override elections pursuant to  
27 section 77-3444, (b) the amount of expenditures for categorical funds,  
28 tuition paid, transportation fees paid to other districts, adult  
29 education, community services, redemption of the principal portion of  
30 general fund debt service, retirement incentive plans authorized by  
31 section 79-855, and staff development assistance authorized by section

1 79-856, (c) the amount of any transfers from the general fund to any bond  
2 fund and transfers from other funds into the general fund, (d) any legal  
3 expenses in excess of fifteen-hundredths of one percent of the formula  
4 need for the school fiscal year in which the expenses occurred, (e)(i)  
5 for state aid calculated for school fiscal years prior to school fiscal  
6 year 2018-19, expenditures to pay for sums agreed to be paid by a school  
7 district to certificated employees in exchange for a voluntary  
8 termination occurring prior to July 1, 2009, occurring on or after the  
9 last day of the 2010-11 school year and prior to the first day of the  
10 2013-14 school year, or, to the extent that a district has demonstrated  
11 to the State Board of Education pursuant to section 79-1028.01 that the  
12 agreement will result in a net savings in salary and benefit costs to the  
13 school district over a five-year period, occurring on or after the first  
14 day of the 2013-14 school year or (ii) for state aid calculated for  
15 school fiscal year 2018-19 and each school fiscal year thereafter,  
16 expenditures to pay for incentives agreed to be paid by a school district  
17 to certificated employees in exchange for a voluntary termination of  
18 employment for which the State Board of Education approved an exclusion  
19 pursuant to subdivision (1)(h), (i), (j), or (k) of section 79-1028.01,  
20 (f)(i) expenditures to pay for employer contributions pursuant to  
21 subsection (2) of section 79-958 to the School Employees Retirement  
22 System of the State of Nebraska to the extent that such expenditures  
23 exceed the employer contributions under such subsection that would have  
24 been made at a contribution rate of seven and thirty-five hundredths  
25 percent or (ii) expenditures to pay for school district contributions  
26 pursuant to subdivision (1)(c)(i) or (1)(d)(i) of section 79-9,113 to the  
27 retirement system established pursuant to the Class V School Employees  
28 Retirement Act to the extent that such expenditures exceed the school  
29 district contributions under such subdivision that would have been made  
30 at a contribution rate of seven and thirty-seven hundredths percent, and  
31 (g) any amounts paid by the district for lobbyist fees and expenses

1 reported to the Clerk of the Legislature pursuant to section 49-1483, and  
2 (h) for state aid calculated for school fiscal year 2021-22 and each  
3 school fiscal year thereafter, any amount received pursuant to  
4 subdivision (2)(d)(vii) of section 77-3442.

5 For purposes of this subdivision (23) of this section, receipts from  
6 levy override elections shall equal ninety-nine percent of the difference  
7 of the total general fund levy minus the maximum levy permitted under  
8 subdivision (2)(a) of section 77-3442 for such local system a levy of one  
9 dollar and five cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation  
10 multiplied by the assessed valuation for school districts that have voted  
11 pursuant to section 77-3444 to override the maximum levy provided  
12 pursuant to section 77-3442;

13 (24) Income tax liability means the amount of the reported income  
14 tax liability for resident individuals pursuant to the Nebraska Revenue  
15 Act of 1967 less all nonrefundable credits earned and refunds made;

16 (25) Income tax receipts means the amount of income tax collected  
17 pursuant to the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 less all nonrefundable  
18 credits earned and refunds made;

19 (26) Limited English proficiency students means the number of  
20 students with limited English proficiency in a district from the most  
21 recent data available on November 1 of the school fiscal year preceding  
22 the school fiscal year in which aid is to be paid plus the difference of  
23 such students with limited English proficiency minus the average number  
24 of limited English proficiency students for such district, prior to such  
25 addition, for the three immediately preceding school fiscal years if such  
26 difference is greater than zero;

27 (27) Local formula contribution means the amount included in formula  
28 resources pursuant to section 79-1015.01;

29 (28) (27) Local system means a unified system or a school district;

30 (29) (28) Low-income child means (a) for school fiscal years prior  
31 to 2016-17, a child under nineteen years of age living in a household

1 having an annual adjusted gross income for the second calendar year  
2 preceding the beginning of the school fiscal year for which aid is being  
3 calculated equal to or less than the maximum household income that would  
4 allow a student from a family of four people to be a free lunch and free  
5 milk student during the school fiscal year immediately preceding the  
6 school fiscal year for which aid is being calculated and (b) for school  
7 fiscal year 2016-17 and each school fiscal year thereafter, a child under  
8 nineteen years of age living in a household having an annual adjusted  
9 gross income for the second calendar year preceding the beginning of the  
10 school fiscal year for which aid is being calculated equal to or less  
11 than the maximum household income pursuant to sections 9(b)(1) and 17(c)  
12 (4) of the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act, 42 U.S.C.  
13 1758(b)(1) and 42 U.S.C. 1766(c)(4), respectively, and sections 3(a)(6)  
14 and 4(e)(1)(A) of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966, 42 U.S.C. 1772(a)(6)  
15 and 42 U.S.C. 1773(e)(1)(A), respectively, as such acts and sections  
16 existed on January 1, 2015, for a household of that size that would have  
17 allowed the child to meet the income qualifications for free meals during  
18 the school fiscal year immediately preceding the school fiscal year for  
19 which aid is being calculated;

20 (30) ~~(29)~~ Low-income students means the number of low-income  
21 children within the district multiplied by the ratio of the formula  
22 students in the district divided by the total children under nineteen  
23 years of age residing in the district as derived from income tax  
24 information;

25 (31) ~~(30)~~ Most recently available complete data year means the most  
26 recent single school fiscal year for which the annual financial report,  
27 fall school district membership report, annual statistical summary,  
28 Nebraska income tax liability by school district for the calendar year in  
29 which the majority of the school fiscal year falls, and adjusted  
30 valuation data are available;

31 (32) ~~(31)~~ Poverty students means (a) for school fiscal years prior

1 to 2016-17, the number of low-income students or the number of students  
2 who are free lunch and free milk students in a district plus the  
3 difference of the number of low-income students or the number of students  
4 who are free lunch and free milk students in a district, whichever is  
5 greater, minus the average number of poverty students for such district,  
6 prior to such addition, for the three immediately preceding school fiscal  
7 years if such difference is greater than zero and (b) for school fiscal  
8 year 2016-17 and each school fiscal year thereafter, the unadjusted  
9 poverty students plus the difference of such unadjusted poverty students  
10 minus the average number of poverty students for such district, prior to  
11 such addition, for the three immediately preceding school fiscal years if  
12 such difference is greater than zero;

13 (33) ~~(32)~~ Qualified early childhood education average daily  
14 membership means the product of the average daily membership for school  
15 fiscal year 2006-07 and each school fiscal year thereafter of students  
16 who will be eligible to attend kindergarten the following school year and  
17 are enrolled in an early childhood education program approved by the  
18 department pursuant to section 79-1103 for such school district for such  
19 school year multiplied by the ratio of the actual instructional hours of  
20 the program divided by one thousand thirty-two if: (a) The program is  
21 receiving a grant pursuant to such section for the third year; (b) the  
22 program has already received grants pursuant to such section for three  
23 years; or (c) the program has been approved pursuant to subsection (5) of  
24 section 79-1103 for such school year and the two preceding school years,  
25 including any such students in portions of any of such programs receiving  
26 an expansion grant;

27 (34) ~~(33)~~ Qualified early childhood education fall membership means  
28 the product of membership on October 1 of each school year of students  
29 who will be eligible to attend kindergarten the following school year and  
30 are enrolled in an early childhood education program approved by the  
31 department pursuant to section 79-1103 for such school district for such

1 school year multiplied by the ratio of the planned instructional hours of  
2 the program divided by one thousand thirty-two if: (a) The program is  
3 receiving a grant pursuant to such section for the third year; (b) the  
4 program has already received grants pursuant to such section for three  
5 years; or (c) the program has been approved pursuant to subsection (5) of  
6 section 79-1103 for such school year and the two preceding school years,  
7 including any such students in portions of any of such programs receiving  
8 an expansion grant;

9 (35) ~~(34)~~ Regular route transportation means the transportation of  
10 students on regularly scheduled daily routes to and from the attendance  
11 center;

12 (36) ~~(35)~~ Reorganized district means any district involved in a  
13 consolidation and currently educating students following consolidation;

14 (37) ~~(36)~~ School year or school fiscal year means the fiscal year of  
15 a school district as defined in section 79-1091;

16 (38) ~~(37)~~ Sparse local system means a local system that is not a  
17 very sparse local system but which meets the following criteria:

18 (a)(i) Less than two students per square mile in the county in which  
19 each high school is located, based on the school district census, (ii)  
20 less than one formula student per square mile in the local system, and  
21 (iii) more than ten miles between each high school attendance center and  
22 the next closest high school attendance center on paved roads;

23 (b)(i) Less than one and one-half formula students per square mile  
24 in the local system and (ii) more than fifteen miles between each high  
25 school attendance center and the next closest high school attendance  
26 center on paved roads;

27 (c)(i) Less than one and one-half formula students per square mile  
28 in the local system and (ii) more than two hundred seventy-five square  
29 miles in the local system; or

30 (d)(i) Less than two formula students per square mile in the local  
31 system and (ii) the local system includes an area equal to ninety-five

1 percent or more of the square miles in the largest county in which a high  
2 school attendance center is located in the local system;

3 (39) ~~(38)~~ Special education means specially designed kindergarten  
4 through grade twelve instruction pursuant to section 79-1125, and  
5 includes special education transportation;

6 (40) ~~(39)~~ Special grant funds means the budgeted receipts for  
7 grants, including, but not limited to, categorical funds, reimbursements  
8 for wards of the court, short-term borrowings including, but not limited  
9 to, registered warrants and tax anticipation notes, interfund loans,  
10 insurance settlements, and reimbursements to county government for  
11 previous overpayment. The state board shall approve a listing of grants  
12 that qualify as special grant funds;

13 (41) ~~(40)~~ State aid means the amount of assistance paid to a  
14 district pursuant to the Tax Equity and Educational Opportunities Support  
15 Act;

16 (42) ~~(41)~~ State board means the State Board of Education;

17 (43) ~~(42)~~ State support means all funds provided to districts by the  
18 State of Nebraska for the general fund support of elementary and  
19 secondary education;

20 (44) ~~(43)~~ Statewide average basic funding per formula student means  
21 the statewide total basic funding for all districts divided by the  
22 statewide total formula students for all districts;

23 (45) ~~(44)~~ Statewide average general fund operating expenditures per  
24 formula student means the statewide total general fund operating  
25 expenditures for all districts divided by the statewide total formula  
26 students for all districts;

27 (46) ~~(45)~~ Teacher has the definition found in section 79-101;

28 (47) ~~(46)~~ Temporary aid adjustment factor means (a) for school  
29 fiscal years before school fiscal year 2007-08, one and one-fourth  
30 percent of the sum of the local system's transportation allowance, the  
31 local system's special receipts allowance, and the product of the local

1 system's adjusted formula students multiplied by the average formula cost  
2 per student in the local system's cost grouping and (b) for school fiscal  
3 year 2007-08, one and one-fourth percent of the sum of the local system's  
4 transportation allowance, special receipts allowance, and distance  
5 education and telecommunications allowance and the product of the local  
6 system's adjusted formula students multiplied by the average formula cost  
7 per student in the local system's cost grouping;

8 ~~(48)~~ ~~(47)~~ Tuition receipts from converted contracts means tuition  
9 receipts received by a district from another district in the most  
10 recently available complete data year pursuant to a converted contract  
11 prior to the expiration of the contract;

12 ~~(49)~~ ~~(48)~~ Tuitioned students means students in kindergarten through  
13 grade twelve of the district whose tuition is paid by the district to  
14 some other district or education agency;

15 ~~(50)~~ ~~(49)~~ Unadjusted poverty students means, for school fiscal year  
16 2016-17 and each school fiscal year thereafter, the greater of the number  
17 of low-income students or the free lunch and free milk calculated  
18 students in a district; and

19 ~~(51)~~ ~~(50)~~ Very sparse local system means a local system that has:

20 (a)(i) Less than one-half student per square mile in each county in  
21 which each high school attendance center is located based on the school  
22 district census, (ii) less than one formula student per square mile in  
23 the local system, and (iii) more than fifteen miles between the high  
24 school attendance center and the next closest high school attendance  
25 center on paved roads; or

26 (b)(i) More than four hundred fifty square miles in the local  
27 system, (ii) less than one-half student per square mile in the local  
28 system, and (iii) more than fifteen miles between each high school  
29 attendance center and the next closest high school attendance center on  
30 paved roads.

31 Sec. 15. Section 79-1005.01, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2019, is

1 amended to read:

2 79-1005.01 (1) Not later than November 15 of each year through 2019,  
3 the Tax Commissioner shall certify to the department for the preceding  
4 tax year the income tax liability of resident individuals for each local  
5 system.

6 ~~(2) For school fiscal years prior to 2017-18, one hundred two~~  
7 ~~million two hundred eighty-nine thousand eight hundred seventeen dollars~~  
8 ~~which is equal to the amount appropriated to the School District Income~~  
9 ~~Tax Fund for distribution in school fiscal year 1992-93 shall be~~  
10 ~~disbursed as option payments as determined under section 79-1009 and as~~  
11 ~~allocated income tax funds as determined in this section and sections~~  
12 ~~79-1008.01, 79-1015.01, 79-1017.01, and 79-1018.01. For school fiscal~~  
13 ~~years prior to school fiscal year 2017-18, funds not distributed as~~  
14 ~~allocated income tax funds due to minimum levy adjustments shall not~~  
15 ~~increase the amount available to local systems for distribution as~~  
16 ~~allocated income tax funds.~~

17 ~~(3) Using the data certified by the Tax Commissioner pursuant to~~  
18 ~~subsection (1) of this section, the department shall calculate the~~  
19 ~~allocation percentage and each local system's allocated income tax funds.~~  
20 ~~The allocation percentage shall be the amount stated in subsection (2) of~~  
21 ~~this section minus the total amount paid for option students pursuant to~~  
22 ~~section 79-1009, with the difference divided by the aggregate statewide~~  
23 ~~income tax liability of all resident individuals certified pursuant to~~  
24 ~~subsection (1) of this section. Each local system's allocated income tax~~  
25 ~~funds shall be calculated by multiplying the allocation percentage times~~  
26 ~~the local system's income tax liability certified pursuant to subsection~~  
27 ~~(1) of this section.~~

28 ~~(2) (4) For school fiscal years year 2017-18, 2018-19, and 2019-20~~  
29 ~~and each school fiscal year thereafter, each local system's allocated~~  
30 ~~income tax funds shall be calculated by multiplying the local system's~~  
31 ~~income tax liability certified pursuant to subsection (1) of this section~~

1 by two and twenty-three hundredths percent.

2 Sec. 16. (1)(a) On or before April 15, 2020, for the calculation of  
3 aid for school fiscal year 2020-21, the Tax Commissioner shall certify to  
4 the department:

5 (i) The net income tax collections under the Nebraska Revenue Act of  
6 1967 for the calendar year ending on December 31, 2018;

7 (ii) The net corporate tax collections under the Nebraska Revenue  
8 Act of 1967 for the calendar year ending on December 31, 2018; and

9 (iii) The net state sales and use tax collections under the Nebraska  
10 Revenue Act of 1967 for calendar year 2018.

11 (b) On or before November 1, 2020, and on or before November 1 of  
12 each year thereafter, for the calculation of aid for the following school  
13 fiscal year, the Tax Commissioner shall certify to the department:

14 (i) The net income tax collections under the Nebraska Revenue Act of  
15 1967 for the most recently completed calendar year;

16 (ii) The net corporate tax collections under the Nebraska Revenue  
17 Act of 1967 for the most recently completed calendar year; and

18 (iii) The net state sales and use tax collections under the Nebraska  
19 Revenue Act of 1967 for the most recently completed calendar year.

20 (2) For school fiscal year 2020-21, the department shall calculate  
21 the foundation aid to be paid to each local system for such school fiscal  
22 year. The foundation aid for each local system shall equal (a) the (i)  
23 fall membership for the certification of state aid pursuant to section  
24 79-1022 or (ii) average daily membership for the final calculation of  
25 state aid pursuant to section 79-1065 for such local system multiplied by  
26 (b) the ratio of five percent of the sum of the amounts certified  
27 pursuant to subsection (1) of this section divided by the statewide (i)  
28 fall membership for the certification of state aid pursuant to section  
29 79-1022 or (ii) average daily membership for the final calculation of  
30 state aid pursuant to section 79-1065.

31 (3) For school fiscal year 2021-22, the department shall calculate

1 the foundation aid to be paid to each local system for such school fiscal  
2 year. The foundation aid for each local system shall equal (a) the (i)  
3 fall membership for the certification of state aid pursuant to section  
4 79-1022 or (ii) average daily membership for the final calculation of  
5 state aid pursuant to section 79-1065 for such local system multiplied by  
6 (b) the ratio of ten percent of the sum of the amounts certified pursuant  
7 to subsection (1) of this section divided by the statewide (i) fall  
8 membership for the certification of state aid pursuant to section 79-1022  
9 or (ii) average daily membership for the final calculation of state aid  
10 pursuant to section 79-1065.

11 (4)(a) For school fiscal year 2022-23 and each school fiscal year  
12 thereafter, the department shall calculate the foundation aid to be paid  
13 to each local system for such school fiscal year. Except as otherwise  
14 provided in subdivision (4)(b) of this section, the foundation aid for  
15 each local system shall equal (i) the (A) fall membership for the  
16 certification of state aid pursuant to section 79-1022 or (B) average  
17 daily membership for the final calculation of state aid pursuant to  
18 section 79-1065 for such local system multiplied by (ii) the ratio of  
19 fifteen percent of the sum of the amounts certified pursuant to  
20 subsection (1) of this section divided by the statewide (A) fall  
21 membership for the certification of state aid pursuant to section 79-1022  
22 or (B) average daily membership for the final calculation of state aid  
23 pursuant to section 79-1065.

24 (b) If foundation aid calculated pursuant to subdivision (4)(a) of  
25 this section for any local system is not equal to or greater than fifteen  
26 percent of the basic funding calculated for such local system for such  
27 school fiscal year, such foundation aid shall be increased to equal  
28 fifteen percent of such basic funding.

29 Sec. 17. Section 79-1007.11, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,  
30 2018, is amended to read:

31 79-1007.11 (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, for

1 ~~school fiscal years 2013-14 through 2015-16, each school district's~~  
2 ~~formula need shall equal the difference of the sum of the school~~  
3 ~~district's basic funding, poverty allowance, limited English proficiency~~  
4 ~~allowance, focus school and program allowance, summer school allowance,~~  
5 ~~special receipts allowance, transportation allowance, elementary site~~  
6 ~~allowance, instructional time allowance, teacher education allowance,~~  
7 ~~distance education and telecommunications allowance, averaging~~  
8 ~~adjustment, new learning community transportation adjustment, student~~  
9 ~~growth adjustment, any positive student growth adjustment correction, and~~  
10 ~~new school adjustment, minus the sum of the limited English proficiency~~  
11 ~~allowance correction, poverty allowance correction, and any negative~~  
12 ~~student growth adjustment correction.~~

13 ~~(2) Except as otherwise provided in this section, for school fiscal~~  
14 ~~year 2016-17, each school district's formula need shall equal the~~  
15 ~~difference of the sum of the school district's basic funding, poverty~~  
16 ~~allowance, limited English proficiency allowance, focus school and~~  
17 ~~program allowance, summer school allowance, special receipts allowance,~~  
18 ~~transportation allowance, elementary site allowance, distance education~~  
19 ~~and telecommunications allowance, averaging adjustment, new learning~~  
20 ~~community transportation adjustment, student growth adjustment, any~~  
21 ~~positive student growth adjustment correction, and new school adjustment,~~  
22 ~~minus the sum of the limited English proficiency allowance correction,~~  
23 ~~poverty allowance correction, and any negative student growth adjustment~~  
24 ~~correction.~~

25 ~~(3) Except as otherwise provided in this section, for school fiscal~~  
26 ~~years 2017-18 and 2018-19, each school district's formula need shall~~  
27 ~~equal the difference of the sum of the school district's basic funding,~~  
28 ~~poverty allowance, poverty allowance adjustment, limited English~~  
29 ~~proficiency allowance, focus school and program allowance, summer school~~  
30 ~~allowance, special receipts allowance, transportation allowance,~~  
31 ~~elementary site allowance, distance education and telecommunications~~

1 ~~allowance, averaging adjustment, new community achievement plan~~  
2 ~~adjustment, student growth adjustment, any positive student growth~~  
3 ~~adjustment correction, and new school adjustment minus the sum of the~~  
4 ~~limited English proficiency allowance correction, poverty allowance~~  
5 ~~correction, and any negative student growth adjustment correction.~~

6       (1) ~~(4)~~ Except as otherwise provided in this section, for school  
7 fiscal year 2019-20 and each school fiscal year thereafter, each school  
8 district's formula need shall equal the difference of the sum of the  
9 school district's basic funding, poverty allowance, limited English  
10 proficiency allowance, focus school and program allowance, summer school  
11 allowance, special receipts allowance, transportation allowance,  
12 elementary site allowance, distance education and telecommunications  
13 allowance, community achievement plan allowance, averaging adjustment,  
14 new community achievement plan adjustment, student growth adjustment, any  
15 positive student growth adjustment correction, and new school adjustment  
16 minus the sum of the limited English proficiency allowance correction,  
17 poverty allowance correction, and any negative student growth adjustment  
18 correction.

19       (2) Except as otherwise provided in this section, for school fiscal  
20 year 2020-21 and each school fiscal year thereafter, each school  
21 district's formula need shall equal the difference of the sum of the  
22 school district's basic funding, poverty allowance, limited English  
23 proficiency allowance, focus school and program allowance, summer school  
24 allowance, special receipts allowance, transportation allowance,  
25 elementary site allowance, distance education and telecommunications  
26 allowance, community achievement plan allowance, new community  
27 achievement plan adjustment, student growth adjustment, any positive  
28 student growth adjustment correction, and new school adjustment minus the  
29 sum of the limited English proficiency allowance correction, poverty  
30 allowance correction, and any negative student growth adjustment  
31 correction.

1           (3) ~~(5)~~ If the formula need calculated for a school district  
2 pursuant to subsections (1) and (2) ~~through (4)~~ of this section is less  
3 than one hundred percent of the formula need for such district for the  
4 school fiscal year immediately preceding the school fiscal year for which  
5 aid is being calculated, the formula need for such district shall equal  
6 one hundred percent of the formula need for such district for the school  
7 fiscal year immediately preceding the school fiscal year for which aid is  
8 being calculated.

9           (4) ~~(6)~~ If the formula need calculated for a school district  
10 pursuant to subsections (1) and (2) ~~through (4)~~ of this section is more  
11 than one hundred twelve percent of the formula need for such district for  
12 the school fiscal year immediately preceding the school fiscal year for  
13 which aid is being calculated, the formula need for such district shall  
14 equal one hundred twelve percent of the formula need for such district  
15 for the school fiscal year immediately preceding the school fiscal year  
16 for which aid is being calculated, except that the formula need shall not  
17 be reduced pursuant to this subsection for any district receiving a  
18 student growth adjustment for the school fiscal year for which aid is  
19 being calculated.

20           (5) ~~(7)~~ For purposes of subsections (3) ~~(5)~~ and (4) ~~(6)~~ of this  
21 section, the formula need for the school fiscal year immediately  
22 preceding the school fiscal year for which aid is being calculated shall  
23 be the formula need used in the final calculation of aid pursuant to  
24 section 79-1065 and for districts that were affected by a reorganization  
25 with an effective date in the calendar year preceding the calendar year  
26 in which aid is certified for the school fiscal year for which aid is  
27 being calculated, the formula need for the school fiscal year immediately  
28 preceding the school fiscal year for which aid is being calculated shall  
29 be attributed to the affected school districts based on information  
30 provided to the department by the school districts or proportionally  
31 based on the adjusted valuation transferred if sufficient information has

1 not been provided to the department.

2 Sec. 18. Section 79-1007.18, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,  
3 2018, is amended to read:

4 79-1007.18 ~~(1) For school fiscal years prior to school fiscal year~~  
5 ~~2017-18:~~

6 ~~(a) The department shall calculate an averaging adjustment for~~  
7 ~~districts if the basic funding per formula student is less than the~~  
8 ~~averaging adjustment threshold and the general fund levy for the school~~  
9 ~~fiscal year immediately preceding the school fiscal year for which aid is~~  
10 ~~being calculated was at least one dollar per one hundred dollars of~~  
11 ~~taxable valuation. For the calculation of aid for school fiscal years~~  
12 ~~prior to school fiscal year 2018-19, the general fund levy for school~~  
13 ~~districts that are members of a learning community for purposes of this~~  
14 ~~section includes both the common general fund levy and the school~~  
15 ~~district general fund levy authorized pursuant to subdivisions (2)(b) and~~  
16 ~~(2)(c) of section 77-3442. The averaging adjustment shall equal the~~  
17 ~~district's formula students multiplied by the percentage specified in~~  
18 ~~this subsection for such district of the difference between the averaging~~  
19 ~~adjustment threshold minus such district's basic funding per formula~~  
20 ~~student;~~

21 ~~(b) The averaging adjustment threshold shall equal the aggregate~~  
22 ~~basic funding for all districts with nine hundred or more formula~~  
23 ~~students divided by the aggregate formula students for all districts with~~  
24 ~~nine hundred or more formula students for the school fiscal year for~~  
25 ~~which aid is being calculated; and~~

26 ~~(c) The percentage to be used in the calculation of an averaging~~  
27 ~~adjustment shall be based on the general fund levy for the school fiscal~~  
28 ~~year immediately preceding the school fiscal year for which aid is being~~  
29 ~~calculated and shall be as follows:~~

30 ~~(i) If such levy was at least one dollar per one hundred dollars of~~  
31 ~~taxable valuation but less than one dollar and one cent per one hundred~~

1 ~~dollars of taxable valuation, the percentage shall be fifty percent;~~

2 ~~(ii) If such levy was at least one dollar and one cent per one~~  
3 ~~hundred dollars of taxable valuation but less than one dollar and two~~  
4 ~~cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation, the percentage shall~~  
5 ~~be sixty percent;~~

6 ~~(iii) If such levy was at least one dollar and two cents per one~~  
7 ~~hundred dollars of taxable valuation but less than one dollar and three~~  
8 ~~cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation, the percentage shall~~  
9 ~~be seventy percent;~~

10 ~~(iv) If such levy was at least one dollar and three cents per one~~  
11 ~~hundred dollars of taxable valuation but less than one dollar and four~~  
12 ~~cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation, the percentage shall~~  
13 ~~be eighty percent; and~~

14 ~~(v) If such levy was at least one dollar and four cents per one~~  
15 ~~hundred dollars of taxable valuation, the percentage shall be ninety~~  
16 ~~percent.~~

17 ~~(2) For school fiscal years year 2017-18 through 2019-20 and each~~  
18 ~~school fiscal year thereafter, the department shall calculate an~~  
19 ~~averaging adjustment for districts with at least nine hundred formula~~  
20 ~~students if the basic funding per formula student is less than the~~  
21 ~~averaging adjustment threshold. The averaging adjustment shall equal the~~  
22 ~~district's formula students multiplied by ninety percent of the~~  
23 ~~difference of the averaging adjustment threshold minus such district's~~  
24 ~~basic funding per formula student. The averaging adjustment threshold~~  
25 ~~shall equal the aggregate basic funding for all districts with nine~~  
26 ~~hundred or more formula students divided by the aggregate formula~~  
27 ~~students for all districts with nine hundred or more formula students for~~  
28 ~~the school fiscal year for which aid is being calculated.~~

29 Sec. 19. Section 79-1009, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,  
30 2018, is amended to read:

31 79-1009 (1)(a) A district shall receive net option funding if (i)

1 option students as defined in section 79-233 were actually enrolled in  
2 the school year immediately preceding the school year in which the aid is  
3 to be paid, (ii) option students as defined in such section will be  
4 enrolled in the school year in which the aid is to be paid as converted  
5 contract option students, or (iii) for the calculation of aid for school  
6 fiscal year 2017-18 for school districts that are members of a learning  
7 community, open enrollment students were actually enrolled for school  
8 year 2016-17 pursuant to section 79-2110.

9 (b) The determination of the net number of option students shall be  
10 based on (i) the number of students enrolled in the district as option  
11 students and the number of students residing in the district but enrolled  
12 in another district as option students as of the day of the fall  
13 membership count pursuant to section 79-528, for the school fiscal year  
14 immediately preceding the school fiscal year in which aid is to be paid,  
15 (ii) the number of option students that will be enrolled in the district  
16 or enrolled in another district as converted contract option students for  
17 the fiscal year in which the aid is to be paid, and (iii) for the  
18 calculation of aid for school fiscal year 2017-18 for school districts  
19 that are members of a learning community, the number of students enrolled  
20 in the district as open enrollment students and the number of students  
21 residing in the district but enrolled in another district as open  
22 enrollment students as of the day of the fall membership count pursuant  
23 to section 79-528 for school fiscal year 2016-17.

24 (c) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, net number of  
25 option students means the difference of the number of option students  
26 enrolled in the district minus the number of students residing in the  
27 district but enrolled in another district as option students. For  
28 purposes of the calculation of aid for school fiscal year 2017-18 for  
29 school districts that are members of a learning community, net number of  
30 option students means the difference of the number of students residing  
31 in another school district who are option students or open enrollment

1 students enrolled in the district minus the number of students residing  
2 in the district but enrolled in another district as option students or  
3 open enrollment students.

4 ~~(2)(a) For all school fiscal years except school fiscal years~~  
5 ~~2017-18 and 2018-19, net option funding shall be the product of the net~~  
6 ~~number of option students multiplied by the statewide average basic~~  
7 ~~funding per formula student.~~

8 (2)(a) (b) For school fiscal years 2017-18 and 2018-19, net option  
9 funding shall be the product of the net number of option students  
10 multiplied by ninety-five and five-tenths percent of the statewide  
11 average basic funding per formula student.

12 (b) For school fiscal year 2019-20 and 2020-21, net option funding  
13 shall be the product of the net number of option students multiplied by  
14 the statewide average basic funding per formula student.

15 (c) For school fiscal year 2021-22, net option funding shall be the  
16 product of the net option students multiplied by eight thousand dollars.

17 (d) For school fiscal year 2022-23 and each school fiscal year  
18 thereafter, net option funding shall be the product of the net number of  
19 option students multiplied by the statewide average general fund property  
20 taxes per formula student. The statewide average general fund property  
21 taxes per formula student shall be calculated by dividing (i) the  
22 aggregate receipts for all school districts for the most recently  
23 available complete data year from general fund property tax levies, the  
24 Property Tax Credit Cash Fund, homestead exemption reimbursements, and  
25 personal property tax exemption reimbursements by (ii) the aggregate  
26 formula students for all local systems for the school fiscal year for  
27 which aid is being calculated.

28 (3) A district's net option funding shall be zero if the calculation  
29 produces a negative result.

30 ~~Payments made under this section for school fiscal years prior to~~  
31 ~~school fiscal year 2017-18 shall be made from the funds to be disbursed~~

1 ~~under section 79-1005.01.~~

2 Such payments shall go directly to the option school district but  
3 shall count as a formula resource for the local system.

4 Sec. 20. Section 79-1015.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,  
5 2018, is amended to read:

6 79-1015.01 (1) Local system formula resources for each local system  
7 shall include (a) for school fiscal years prior to 2023-24, the local  
8 effort rate yield or (b) for school fiscal year 2023-24 and each school  
9 fiscal year thereafter, the local formula contribution which shall be  
10 computed as prescribed in this section.

11 (2) For ~~each school fiscal year except school fiscal years 2019-20,~~  
12 ~~2020-21, 2021-22, and 2022-23 2017-18 and 2018-19:~~ (a) For state aid  
13 certified pursuant to section 79-1022, the local effort rate shall be the  
14 maximum levy, for the school fiscal year for which aid is being  
15 certified, authorized pursuant to subdivision (2)(a) of section 77-3442  
16 less five cents; (b) for the final calculation of state aid pursuant to  
17 section 79-1065, the local effort rate shall be the rate which, when  
18 multiplied by the total adjusted valuation of all taxable property in  
19 local systems receiving equalization aid pursuant to the Tax Equity and  
20 Educational Opportunities Support Act, will produce the amount needed to  
21 support the total formula need of such local systems when added to state  
22 aid appropriated by the Legislature and other actual receipts of local  
23 systems described in section 79-1018.01; and (c) the local effort rate  
24 yield for such school fiscal years shall be determined by multiplying  
25 each local system's total adjusted valuation by the local effort rate.

26 (3) For school fiscal years 2017-18 and 2018-19: (a) For state aid  
27 certified pursuant to section 79-1022, the local effort rate shall be the  
28 maximum levy, for the school fiscal year for which aid is being  
29 certified, authorized pursuant to subdivision (2)(a) of section 77-3442  
30 less two and ninety-seven hundredths cents; (b) for the final calculation  
31 of state aid pursuant to section 79-1065, the local effort rate shall be

1 the rate which, when multiplied by the total adjusted valuation of all  
2 taxable property in local systems receiving equalization aid pursuant to  
3 the Tax Equity and Educational Opportunities Support Act, will produce  
4 the amount needed to support the total formula need of such local systems  
5 when added to state aid appropriated by the Legislature and other actual  
6 receipts of local systems described in section 79-1018.01; and (c) the  
7 local effort rate yield for such school fiscal years shall be determined  
8 by multiplying each local system's total adjusted valuation by the local  
9 effort rate.

10 (4)(a) For school fiscal year 2023-24 and each school fiscal year  
11 thereafter, for both state aid certified pursuant to section 79-1022 and  
12 for the final calculation of state aid pursuant to section 79-1065, the  
13 local formula contribution for each local system shall equal the lesser  
14 of the local effort rate yield or the new growth yield.

15 (b) The local effort rate yield for each local system shall equal  
16 the product of the local system's total adjusted valuation multiplied by  
17 a local effort rate of one dollar per one hundred dollars of adjusted  
18 valuation.

19 (c) The new growth yield for each local system shall equal:

20 (i) For school fiscal year 2023-24, the sum of (A) the local effort  
21 rate yield for such local system for the school fiscal year immediately  
22 preceding the school fiscal year for which aid is being calculated  
23 adjusted by two percent plus (B) the product of the local system's  
24 adjusted valuation for the total real property growth value multiplied by  
25 a local effort rate of one dollar per one hundred dollars of adjusted  
26 valuation; and

27 (ii) For school fiscal year 2024-25 and each school fiscal year  
28 thereafter, the sum of (A) the local formula contribution for such local  
29 system for the school fiscal year immediately preceding the school fiscal  
30 year for which aid is being calculated adjusted by two percent plus (B)  
31 the product of the local system's adjusted valuation for the total real

1 property growth value multiplied by a local effort rate of one dollar per  
2 one hundred dollars of adjusted valuation.

3 Sec. 21. Section 79-1016, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,  
4 2018, is amended to read:

5 79-1016 (1) On or before August 20 of each year, the county assessor  
6 shall certify to the Property Tax Administrator the total taxable value  
7 and, beginning in 2022, the total real property growth value by school  
8 district in the county for the current assessment year on forms  
9 prescribed by the Tax Commissioner. The county assessor may amend the  
10 filing for changes made to the taxable valuation of the school district  
11 in the county if corrections or errors on the original certification are  
12 discovered. Amendments shall be certified to the Property Tax  
13 Administrator on or before August 31.

14 (2) On or before April 15, 2020, October 10, 2020, and each October  
15 10 thereafter, the Property Tax Administrator shall compute and certify  
16 to the State Department of Education the adjusted valuation to be used  
17 for the calculation of aid for the immediately following school fiscal  
18 for the current assessment year for each class of property and, beginning  
19 in 2022, for the total real property growth value in each school district  
20 and each local system. The adjusted valuation of property for each school  
21 district and each local system, for purposes of determining state aid  
22 pursuant to the Tax Equity and Educational Opportunities Support Act,  
23 shall reflect as nearly as possible state aid value as defined in  
24 subsection (3) of this section. The Property Tax Administrator shall  
25 notify each school district and each local system of its adjusted  
26 valuation for the current assessment year by class of property on or  
27 before October 10. Establishment of the adjusted valuation shall be based  
28 on the taxable value certified by the county assessor for each school  
29 district in the county adjusted by the determination of the level of  
30 value for each school district from an analysis of the comprehensive  
31 assessment ratio study or other studies developed by the Property Tax

1 Administrator, in compliance with professionally accepted mass appraisal  
2 techniques, as required by section 77-1327. The Tax Commissioner shall  
3 adopt and promulgate rules and regulations setting forth standards for  
4 the determination of level of value and for the determination of total  
5 real property growth value for state aid purposes.

6 (3) For purposes of this section, state aid value means:

7 (a) For real property other than agricultural and horticultural  
8 land, (i) for school fiscal years prior to school fiscal year 2020-21,  
9 ninety-six percent of actual value, (ii) for school fiscal year 2020-21,  
10 ninety-one percent of actual value, (iii) for school fiscal year 2021-22,  
11 eighty-seven percent of actual value, and (iv) for school fiscal year  
12 2022-23 and each school fiscal year thereafter, eighty-three percent of  
13 actual value;

14 (b) For agricultural and horticultural land, (i) for school fiscal  
15 years prior to school fiscal year 2020-21, seventy-two percent of actual  
16 value as provided in sections 77-1359 and ~~to~~ 77-1363, (ii) for school  
17 fiscal year 2020-21, sixty-two percent of actual value as provided in  
18 sections 77-1359 and 77-1363, (iii) for school fiscal year 2021-22,  
19 fifty-seven percent of actual value as provided in sections 77-1359 and  
20 77-1363, and (iv) for school fiscal year 2022-23 and each school fiscal  
21 year thereafter, fifty-two percent of actual value as provided in  
22 sections 77-1359 and 77-1363; -

23 (c) For agricultural and horticultural land that receives special  
24 valuation pursuant to section 77-1344, (i) for school fiscal years prior  
25 to school fiscal year 2020-21, seventy-two percent of special valuation  
26 as defined in section 77-1343, (ii) for school fiscal year 2020-21,  
27 sixty-two percent of special valuation as defined in section 77-1343,  
28 (iii) for school fiscal year 2021-22, fifty-seven percent of special  
29 valuation as defined in section 77-1343, and (iv) for school fiscal year  
30 2022-23 and each school fiscal year thereafter, fifty-two percent of  
31 special valuation as defined in section 77-1343; and

1           (d) ~~(e)~~ For personal property, the net book value as defined in  
2 section 77-120.

3           (4) On or before November 10, any local system may file with the Tax  
4 Commissioner written objections to any ~~the~~ adjusted valuations prepared  
5 by the Property Tax Administrator, stating the reasons why such adjusted  
6 valuations are not the valuations required by subsection (3) of this  
7 section. The Tax Commissioner shall fix a time for a hearing. Either  
8 party shall be permitted to introduce any evidence in reference thereto.  
9 On or before January 1, the Tax Commissioner shall enter a written order  
10 modifying or declining to modify, in whole or in part, the adjusted  
11 valuations and shall certify the order to the State Department of  
12 Education. Modification by the Tax Commissioner shall be based upon the  
13 evidence introduced at hearing and shall not be limited to the  
14 modification requested in the written objections or at hearing. A copy of  
15 the written order shall be mailed to the local system within seven days  
16 after the date of the order. The written order of the Tax Commissioner  
17 may be appealed within thirty days after the date of the order to the Tax  
18 Equalization and Review Commission in accordance with section 77-5013.

19           (5) On or before November 10, any local system or county official  
20 may file with the Tax Commissioner a written request for a nonappealable  
21 correction of an ~~the~~ adjusted valuation due to clerical error as defined  
22 in section 77-128 or, for agricultural and horticultural land, assessed  
23 value changes by reason of land qualified or disqualified for special use  
24 valuation pursuant to sections 77-1343 to 77-1347.01. On or before the  
25 following January 1, the Tax Commissioner shall approve or deny the  
26 request and, if approved, certify the corrected adjusted valuations  
27 resulting from such action to the State Department of Education.

28           (6) On or before May 31 of the year following the certification of  
29 adjusted valuations ~~valuation~~ pursuant to subsection (2) of this section,  
30 any local system or county official may file with the Tax Commissioner a  
31 written request for a nonappealable correction of an ~~the~~ adjusted

1 valuation due to changes to the tax list that change the assessed value  
2 of taxable property. Upon the filing of the written request, the Tax  
3 Commissioner shall require the county assessor to recertify the taxable  
4 valuation and, beginning in 2022, total real property growth value by  
5 school district in the county on forms prescribed by the Tax  
6 Commissioner. The recertified valuations ~~valuation~~ shall be the  
7 valuations ~~valuation~~ that were ~~was~~ certified on the tax list, pursuant to  
8 section 77-1613, increased or decreased by changes to the tax list that  
9 change the assessed value of taxable property or, beginning in 2022, the  
10 total real property growth value in the school district in the county in  
11 the prior assessment year. On or before the following July 31, the Tax  
12 Commissioner shall approve or deny the request and, if approved, certify  
13 the corrected adjusted valuations resulting from such action to the State  
14 Department of Education.

15 (7) No injunction shall be granted restraining the distribution of  
16 state aid based upon the adjusted valuations pursuant to this section.

17 (8) A school district whose state aid is to be calculated pursuant  
18 to subsection (5) of this section and whose state aid payment is  
19 postponed as a result of failure to calculate state aid pursuant to such  
20 subsection may apply to the state board for lump-sum payment of such  
21 postponed state aid. Such application may be for any amount up to one  
22 hundred percent of the postponed state aid. The state board may grant the  
23 entire amount applied for or any portion of such amount. The state board  
24 shall notify the Director of Administrative Services of the amount of  
25 funds to be paid in a lump sum and the reduced amount of the monthly  
26 payments. The Director of Administrative Services shall, at the time of  
27 the next state aid payment made pursuant to section 79-1022, draw a  
28 warrant for the lump-sum amount from appropriated funds and forward such  
29 warrant to the district.

30 Sec. 22. Section 79-1017.01, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2019, is  
31 amended to read:

1           79-1017.01   (1) For state aid calculated for each school fiscal  
2 years prior to school fiscal year 2020-21 year, local system formula  
3 resources includes other actual receipts determined pursuant to section  
4 79-1018.01, net option funding determined pursuant to section 79-1009,  
5 allocated income tax funds determined pursuant to section 79-1005.01, and  
6 community achievement plan aid determined pursuant to section 79-1005,  
7 and is reduced by amounts paid by the district in the most recently  
8 available complete data year as property tax refunds pursuant to or in  
9 the manner prescribed by section 77-1736.06.

10           (2) For state aid calculated for school fiscal year 2020-21 and each  
11 school fiscal year thereafter, local system formula resources includes  
12 other actual receipts determined pursuant to section 79-1018.01, net  
13 option funding determined pursuant to section 79-1009, foundation aid  
14 determined pursuant to section 16 of this act, and community achievement  
15 plan aid determined pursuant to section 79-1005, and is reduced by  
16 amounts paid by any school district in the local system in the most  
17 recently available complete data year as property tax refunds pursuant to  
18 or in the manner prescribed by section 77-1736.06.

19           Sec. 23. Section 79-1022, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2019, is  
20 amended to read:

21           79-1022   (1)(a) ~~(1)~~ On or before ~~May 1, 2020~~ ~~June 10, 2019~~, and on  
22 or before March 1 of each year thereafter, the department shall determine  
23 the amounts to be distributed to each local system for the ensuing school  
24 fiscal year pursuant to the Tax Equity and Educational Opportunities  
25 Support Act and shall certify the amounts to the Director of  
26 Administrative Services, the Auditor of Public Accounts, and each local  
27 system.

28           (b) For school fiscal year 2020-21 and each school fiscal year  
29 thereafter, the amount to be distributed to each local system shall equal  
30 the sum of the equalization aid determined pursuant to section  
31 79-1008.01, net option funding determined pursuant to section 79-1009,

1 foundation aid determined pursuant to section 16 of this act, and  
2 community achievement plan aid determined pursuant to section 79-1005.

3 (c) The department shall certify the amounts to be distributed as  
4 determined pursuant to this subsection to the Director of Administrative  
5 Services, the Auditor of Public Accounts, and each district.

6 (d) On or before May 1, 2020 ~~June 10, 2019~~, and on or before March 1  
7 of each year thereafter, the department shall report the necessary  
8 funding level for the ensuing school fiscal year to the Governor, the  
9 Appropriations Committee of the Legislature, and the Education Committee  
10 of the Legislature. The report submitted to the committees of the  
11 Legislature shall be submitted electronically.

12 (e) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, certified state  
13 aid amounts, including adjustments pursuant to section 79-1065.02, shall  
14 be shown as budgeted non-property-tax receipts and deducted prior to  
15 calculating the property tax request in the local system's general fund  
16 budget statement as provided to the Auditor of Public Accounts pursuant  
17 to section 79-1024.

18 (2) Except as provided in this subsection, subsection (8) of section  
19 79-1016, and sections 79-1005, 79-1033, and 79-1065.02, the amounts  
20 certified pursuant to subsection (1) of this section shall be distributed  
21 in ten as nearly as possible equal payments on the last business day of  
22 each month beginning in September of each ensuing school fiscal year and  
23 ending in June of the following year, except that when a local system is  
24 to receive a monthly payment of less than one thousand dollars, such  
25 payment shall be one lump-sum payment on the last business day of  
26 December during the ensuing school fiscal year.

27 (3) On or before May 1, 2020, and on or before March 1 of each year  
28 thereafter, for the purpose of calculating any levy exclusion pursuant to  
29 subdivision (2)(d)(vii) of section 77-3442, the department shall provide  
30 to each school district an estimate of aid without any short-term  
31 adjustment by the Legislature. Such estimate shall equal the amount that

1 would have been certified pursuant to this section for the immediately  
2 following school fiscal year using the components of the Tax Equity and  
3 Educational Opportunities Support Act as such act existed on May 1, 2020.  
4 For purposes of this subsection, short-term adjustment means a change  
5 passed by the Legislature with a defined period of applicability.

6       Sec. 24. Section 79-1023, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2019, is  
7 amended to read:

8       79-1023 (1) On or before May 1, 2020 ~~June 10, 2019~~, and on or before  
9 March 1 of each year thereafter, the department shall determine and  
10 certify to each school district budget authority for the general fund  
11 budget of expenditures for the ensuing school fiscal year.

12       (2) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section for school  
13 fiscal year 2020-21 and in sections 79-1028.01, 79-1029, 79-1030, and  
14 81-829.51, each school district shall have budget authority for the  
15 general fund budget of expenditures equal to the greater of (a) the  
16 general fund budget of expenditures for the immediately preceding school  
17 fiscal year minus exclusions pursuant to subsection (1) of section  
18 79-1028.01 for such school fiscal year with the difference increased by  
19 the basic allowable growth rate for the school fiscal year for which  
20 budget authority is being calculated, (b) the general fund budget of  
21 expenditures for the immediately preceding school fiscal year minus  
22 exclusions pursuant to subsection (1) of section 79-1028.01 for such  
23 school fiscal year with the difference increased by an amount equal to  
24 any student growth adjustment calculated for the school fiscal year for  
25 which budget authority is being calculated, or (c) one hundred ten  
26 percent of formula need for the school fiscal year for which budget  
27 authority is being calculated minus the special education budget of  
28 expenditures as filed on the school district budget statement on or  
29 before September 20 for the immediately preceding school fiscal year,  
30 which special education budget of expenditures is increased by the basic  
31 allowable growth rate for the school fiscal year for which budget

1 authority is being calculated.

2 (3) For school fiscal year 2020-21, except as provided in sections  
3 79-1028.01, 79-1029, 79-1030, and 81-829.51, each school district shall  
4 have budget authority for the general fund budget of expenditures equal  
5 to the lesser of (a) the budget authority for the general fund budget of  
6 expenditures calculated pursuant to subsection (2) of this section or (b)  
7 the greater of (i) the general fund expenditures for school fiscal year  
8 2018-19 minus any expenditures that qualified for an exclusion from the  
9 budget authority for the general fund budget of expenditures pursuant to  
10 subsection (1) of section 79-1028.01 for such school fiscal year with the  
11 difference increased by ten percent for school fiscal year 2020-21, (ii)  
12 the general fund expenditures for school fiscal year 2018-19 minus any  
13 expenditures that qualified for an exclusion from the budget authority  
14 for the general fund budget of expenditures pursuant to subsection (1) of  
15 section 79-1028.01 for such school fiscal year with the difference  
16 increased (A) by the basic allowable growth rate for school fiscal year  
17 2019-20 pursuant to section 79-1025 and then (B) by an amount equal to  
18 any student growth adjustment calculated for school fiscal year 2020-21,  
19 or (iii) one hundred ten percent of formula need for school fiscal year  
20 2020-21 minus the special education expenditures for school fiscal year  
21 2018-19 with such special education expenditures increased by the basic  
22 allowable growth rate for school fiscal year 2020-21 pursuant to section  
23 79-1025.

24 (4) ~~(3)~~ For any school fiscal year for which the budget authority  
25 for the general fund budget of expenditures for a school district is  
26 based on a student growth adjustment, the budget authority for the  
27 general fund budget of expenditures for such school district shall be  
28 adjusted in future years to reflect any student growth adjustment  
29 corrections related to such student growth adjustment.

30 Sec. 25. Section 79-1030, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,  
31 2018, is amended to read:

1           79-1030   (1) For school fiscal years prior to school fiscal year  
2   2020-21, a A school district may choose not to increase its general fund  
3 budget of expenditures by the full amount of budget authority for the  
4 general fund budget of expenditures as calculated pursuant to section  
5 79-1023. In such cases, the department shall calculate the amount of  
6 unused budget authority which shall be carried forward to future budget  
7 years. The amount of unused budget authority that may be used by a  
8 district in a single school fiscal year to increase its general fund  
9 budget of expenditures above the budget authority for the general fund  
10 budget of expenditures as calculated pursuant to section 79-1023 shall be  
11 limited to two percent of the difference of the general fund budget of  
12 expenditures minus the sum of special grant funds, the special education  
13 budget of expenditures, and exceptions pursuant to subsection (1) of  
14 section 79-1028.01 for the immediately preceding school fiscal year.

15           (2) For school fiscal year 2020-21 and each school fiscal year  
16 thereafter, a school district may choose not to increase its general fund  
17 budget of expenditures by the full amount of budget authority for the  
18 general fund budget of expenditures as calculated pursuant to section  
19 79-1023. In such cases, the department shall calculate the amount of  
20 unused budget authority which shall be carried forward to future budget  
21 years. Unused budget authority calculated pursuant to this subsection  
22 shall not include any unused budget authority from school fiscal years  
23 prior to school fiscal year 2020-21.

24           Sec. 26. Section 79-1082, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is  
25 amended to read:

26           79-1082 The aggregate school tax for a Class V school district,  
27 including the levy for the site and building fund as authorized by  
28 section ~~79-10,120~~ 79-10,126, shall be subject to the limits provided in  
29 section 77-3442.

30           Sec. 27. Section 79-1098, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,  
31 2018, is amended to read:

1           79-1098 Except as otherwise provided in sections 10-701 to 10-716  
2 for the issuance of bonds, whenever the school board or board of  
3 education of any school district determines that an annual levy  
4 authorized pursuant to subsection (3) of section 79-10,120 is necessary  
5 or that the annual levy authorized pursuant to subsection (1) or (2) of  
6 section 79-10,120 is insufficient for the purposes authorized in such  
7 subsection, such school board or board of education may ~~Whenever it is~~  
8 ~~deemed necessary (1) to erect a schoolhouse or school building or an~~  
9 ~~addition or additions and improvements to any existing schoolhouse or (2)~~  
10 ~~to purchase equipment for such schoolhouse or school buildings, in any~~  
11 ~~school district in this state the school board may and, upon petition of~~  
12 ~~not less than one-fourth of the legal voters of the school district,~~  
13 ~~shall~~ submit to the people of the school district at the next regularly  
14 scheduled primary or general election or special election a proposition  
15 to vote a special annual tax. Such annual tax, when combined with any  
16 annual tax imposed pursuant to section 79-10,120, shall not exceed  
17 fourteen for that purpose ~~of not to exceed seventeen and five-tenths~~  
18 cents on each one hundred dollars of ~~upon the~~ taxable value and shall not  
19 exceed ~~of all the taxable property in such district for a term of not to~~  
20 ~~exceed ten years. Such special tax may be voted at any annual or special~~  
21 ~~meeting of the district by fifty-five percent of the legal voters~~  
22 ~~attending such meeting.~~

23           Sec. 28. Section 79-10,100, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,  
24 2018, is amended to read:

25           79-10,100 The school board or board of education, upon being  
26 satisfied that all the requirements of section 79-1098 have been  
27 substantially complied with and that a majority ~~fifty-five percent~~ of all  
28 votes cast at the election under such section are in favor of such tax,  
29 shall enter such proposition and all the proceedings had thereon upon the  
30 records of the school district and shall certify the special tax levy to  
31 the county clerk in the same manner as other tax levies.

1           Sec. 29. Section 79-10,101, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,  
2 2018, is amended to read:

3           79-10,101 The sum levied and collected under section 79-10,100 shall  
4 (1) constitute a special fund for the purposes for which it was voted,  
5 (2) not be used for any other purpose ~~unless otherwise authorized by a~~  
6 ~~fifty-five percent majority vote of the legal voters of the school~~  
7 ~~district cast at the election under section 79-1098,~~ (3) be paid over to  
8 the county treasurer of the county in which the administrative office of  
9 such school district is located, (4) except as provided in subsection (6)  
10 of section 79-10,120, be kept by the county treasurer and treasurer of  
11 the school district separate and apart from other school district funds,  
12 and (5) be subject to withdrawal as provided in section 79-587 or, for  
13 Class V school districts, section 79-584. ~~Any portion of such sum so~~  
14 ~~levied and collected, the expenditure of which is not required to~~  
15 ~~effectuate the purposes for which such sum was voted, may be transferred~~  
16 ~~by the school board, at any regular or special meeting by the vote of a~~  
17 ~~majority of the members attending, to the general fund of the district.~~  
18 All funds received by the school district treasurer for such purpose  
19 shall be immediately invested by such treasurer in United States  
20 Government bonds or in such securities in which the state investment  
21 officer may invest the permanent school funds during the accumulation of  
22 such sinking fund.

23           Sec. 30. Section 79-10,120, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,  
24 2018, is amended to read:

25           79-10,120 (1) Prior to the effective date of this act, the The  
26 school board or board of education of any school district may establish a  
27 special fund for purposes of acquiring sites for school buildings or  
28 teacherages, purchasing existing buildings for use as school buildings or  
29 teacherages, including the sites upon which such buildings are located,  
30 and the erection, alteration, equipping, and furnishing of school  
31 buildings or teacherages and additions to school buildings for elementary

1 and high school grades and for no other purpose. The fund shall be  
2 established from the proceeds of an annual tax levy, to be determined by  
3 the board, of not to exceed fourteen cents on each one hundred dollars  
4 upon the taxable value of all taxable property in the district which  
5 shall be in addition to any other taxes authorized to be levied for  
6 school purposes. Such tax shall be levied and collected as are other  
7 taxes for school purposes.

8 (2)(a) On and after the effective date of this act, the school board  
9 or board of education of any school district may establish a special fund  
10 pursuant to this subsection only for purposes of:

11 (i) Major infrastructure updates on existing structures owned or  
12 leased by the school district, including: Heating, ventilation, and air  
13 conditioning; roofs; safety requirements; and repairs;

14 (ii) The alteration, equipping, and furnishing of school buildings  
15 or teacherages; and

16 (iii) The purchase or erection of buildings of less than twelve  
17 hundred square feet of floor space used exclusively for storage or  
18 utility purposes with a total value of less than one hundred thousand  
19 dollars.

20 (b) Any fund established under this subsection shall be established  
21 from the proceeds of an annual tax levy, to be determined by the board,  
22 not to exceed (i) for fiscal year 2020-21, twelve cents, (ii) for fiscal  
23 year 2021-22, ten cents, (iii) for fiscal year 2022-23, eight cents, and  
24 (iv) for fiscal year 2023-24 and each fiscal year thereafter, six cents  
25 on each one hundred dollars of taxable value of all taxable property in  
26 the district. Such tax shall be in addition to any other taxes authorized  
27 to be levied for school purposes and shall be within the limits contained  
28 in subdivision (2)(a) of section 77-3442 and contained in section  
29 79-1098. Such tax shall be levied and collected in the same manner as  
30 other taxes levied for school purposes.

31 (3)(a) On and after the effective date of this act, the school board

1 or board of education of any school district may, only after a vote  
2 pursuant to section 79-1098, establish a special fund for purposes of:

3 (i) Acquiring sites for school buildings or teacherages;

4 (ii) Purchasing existing buildings for use as teacherages, including  
5 the sites upon which such buildings are located;

6 (iii) Purchasing or entering into a lease-purchase agreement for  
7 relocatable classroom buildings;

8 (iv) Erecting, purchasing, or entering into a lease-purchase  
9 agreement for a new school building or an addition to a school building  
10 for elementary or high school grades; and

11 (v) Completing any projects specified in subsection (2) of this  
12 section that require an annual tax levy that exceeds six cents on each  
13 one hundred dollars of taxable value of all taxable property in the  
14 district.

15 (b) Any fund established under this subsection shall be established  
16 from the proceeds of an annual tax levy approved by the people of the  
17 school district pursuant to section 79-1098 for such purpose not to  
18 exceed fourteen cents on each one hundred dollars of taxable value of all  
19 taxable property in the school district. Such tax shall be in addition to  
20 any other taxes authorized to be levied for school purposes and shall be  
21 within the limits contained in subdivision (2)(a) of section 77-3442,  
22 except as provided in subdivision (2)(d) of such section, and within the  
23 limits contained in section 79-1098. Such tax shall be levied and  
24 collected in the same manner as other taxes levied for school purposes.

25 (4) A school district or a joint public agency that includes a  
26 school district that has been delegated the authority to tax may continue  
27 an annual tax established pursuant to this section prior to the effective  
28 date of this act through school fiscal year 2028-29 for any project  
29 commenced prior to the effective date of this act. Any annual tax  
30 continued pursuant to this subsection shall not exceed the amount needed  
31 annually to fund such project through school fiscal year 2028-29. The

1 proceeds of any such annual tax shall only be used for the project for  
2 which the tax was levied. For purposes of this subsection, commenced  
3 means any action taken by the school board on the record which commits  
4 the board to expend district funds in planning, constructing, or carrying  
5 out the project. Any tax authorized pursuant to this subsection may  
6 exceed fourteen cents on each one hundred dollars of taxable value when  
7 combined with all other taxes imposed pursuant to this section.

8 (5) On or before October 1, 2020, the school board or board of  
9 education of any school district that levied an annual tax pursuant to  
10 this section for school fiscal year 2019-20 shall file with the Auditor  
11 of Public Accounts a statement describing any projects for which an  
12 annual tax may be continued pursuant to subsection (4) of this section,  
13 the rate levied for school fiscal year 2019-20 attributable to each such  
14 project, and the anticipated completion date for each such project.

15 (6) The proceeds of any annual tax imposed pursuant to this section  
16 shall be kept separate and apart from other school district funds, except  
17 that such proceeds may be combined with amounts levied and collected  
18 under sections 79-1098 to 79-10,101 for the same project.

19 Sec. 31. Section 79-10,126, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,  
20 2018, is amended to read:

21 79-10,126 For school fiscal year 2017-18 and each school fiscal year  
22 thereafter, each Class V school district shall establish (1) for the  
23 general operation of the schools, such fund as will result from an annual  
24 levy of such rate of tax upon the taxable value of all the taxable  
25 property in such school district as the board of education determines to  
26 be necessary for such purpose, (2) funds a fund resulting from an annual  
27 levies amount of tax to be determined by the board of education pursuant  
28 to sections 79-1098 to 79-10,101 and 79-10,120 of not to exceed fourteen  
29 cents on each one hundred dollars upon the taxable value of all the  
30 taxable property in the district for the purpose of acquiring sites of  
31 school buildings and the erection, alteration, equipping, and furnishing

1 of school buildings and additions to school buildings, which tax levies  
2 levy shall be used for no other purposes, and (3) a further fund  
3 resulting from an annual amount of tax to be determined by the board of  
4 education to pay interest on and retiring, funding, or servicing of  
5 bonded indebtedness of the district.

6 Sec. 32. (1) On or before August 31, 2020, on or before August 31,  
7 2021, and on or before August 31, 2022, the State Department of Education  
8 shall calculate and certify transition aid pursuant to this section for  
9 each eligible school district for the immediately following school fiscal  
10 year.

11 (2) For purposes of this section:

12 (a) Calculated property tax request means:

13 (i) For the calculation of transition aid for school fiscal year  
14 2020-21, an amount equal to the taxable valuation of property subject to  
15 the general fund levy of the school district for the school fiscal year  
16 for which the calculated property tax request is being determined  
17 multiplied by the total general fund and special building fund levies for  
18 such school fiscal year; and

19 (ii) For the calculation of transition aid for school fiscal years  
20 2021-22 and 2022-23, an amount equal to the taxable valuation of property  
21 subject to the general fund levy of the school district for the school  
22 fiscal year for which the calculated property tax request is being  
23 determined multiplied by one dollar and five cents per one hundred  
24 dollars of such taxable valuation;

25 (b) Change in school district revenue means any positive difference  
26 resulting from subtracting the school district revenue for a given school  
27 fiscal year from the school district revenue for the school fiscal year  
28 immediately preceding the given school fiscal year;

29 (c) Eligible school district means a school district that:

30 (i) Levied a general fund and special building fund combined levy of  
31 one dollar and five cents or greater on each one hundred dollars of

1 taxable valuation of property subject to the levy for the school fiscal  
2 year in which the certification pursuant to this section is made; and

3 (ii) Has a percent change in school district revenue that is greater  
4 than (A) for school fiscal year 2020-21, zero percent, (B) for school  
5 fiscal year 2021-22, one percent, or (C) for school fiscal year 2022-23,  
6 two and one-half percent;

7 (d) Percent change in school district revenue means the change in  
8 school district revenue for a school district for a given school fiscal  
9 year divided by the school district revenue for the school fiscal year  
10 immediately preceding the given school fiscal year;

11 (e) School district revenue means the sum of the calculated property  
12 tax request and the state aid for a school district for a single school  
13 fiscal year; and

14 (f) State aid means the amount of aid calculated and certified for  
15 the school fiscal year pursuant to the Tax Equity and Educational  
16 Opportunities Support Act without any adjustment pursuant to section  
17 79-1065.

18 (3) The transition aid for each eligible school district shall be as  
19 follows:

20 (a) For school fiscal year 2020-21, the transition aid for each  
21 eligible school district shall equal one hundred percent of the change in  
22 school district revenue for school fiscal year 2020-21;

23 (b) For school fiscal year 2021-22, the transition aid for each  
24 eligible school district shall equal seventy-five percent of the  
25 difference of the change in school district revenue for school fiscal  
26 year 2021-22 minus one percent of the school district revenue for school  
27 fiscal year 2020-21; and

28 (c) For school fiscal year 2022-23, the transition aid for each  
29 eligible school district shall equal fifty percent of the difference of  
30 the change in school district revenue for school fiscal year 2022-23  
31 minus two and one-half percent of the school district revenue for school

1 fiscal year 2021-22.

2 (4) If the transition aid calculated for any eligible school  
3 district is less than ten thousand dollars, transition aid for such  
4 eligible school district shall be paid in one lump-sum payment on the  
5 last business day of September. All other transition aid shall be paid to  
6 eligible school districts in ten monthly payments on the last business  
7 day of each month beginning in September of such school fiscal year.  
8 Transition aid shall be paid from the appropriation made for such  
9 purpose.

10 (5) The Property Tax Transition Aid Cash Fund is hereby created. The  
11 fund shall consist of appropriations to the fund by the Legislature and  
12 shall be administered by the State Department of Education. The fund  
13 shall be used exclusively for the disbursement of transition aid pursuant  
14 to this section. Any money in the fund available for investment shall be  
15 invested by the state investment officer pursuant to the Nebraska Capital  
16 Expansion Act and the Nebraska State Funds Investment Act.

17 Sec. 33. Original sections 77-201, 77-202, 77-693, 77-801, 77-1238,  
18 77-1248, 77-1391, 77-1514, 77-5023, and 79-1082, Reissue Revised Statutes  
19 of Nebraska, sections 79-1001, 79-1007.11, 79-1007.18, 79-1009,  
20 79-1015.01, 79-1016, 79-1030, 79-1098, 79-10,100, 79-10,101, 79-10,120,  
21 and 79-10,126, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2018, and sections  
22 77-1239, 77-3442, 77-3446, 79-1003, 79-1005.01, 79-1017.01, 79-1022, and  
23 79-1023, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2019, are repealed.

24 Sec. 34. Since an emergency exists, this act takes effect when  
25 passed and approved according to law.