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Transcriber's Office

Natural Resources Committee
January 24, 2018

[LB762 CONFIRMATION]

The Committee on Natural Resources met at 1:30 p.m. on Wednesday, January 24, 2018, in Room 1525 of the State Capitol, Lincoln, Nebraska, for the purpose of conducting a public hearing on gubernatorial appointments and LB762. Senators present: Dan Hughes, Chairperson; Bruce Bostelman, Vice Chairperson; Joni Albrecht; Suzanne Geist; Rick Kolowski; John McCollister; Dan Quick; and Lynne Walz. Senators absent: None.

SENATOR HUGHES: Call the meeting to order and welcome to the Natural Resources Committee. I am Senator Dan Hughes. I am from Venango, Nebraska, and I represent the 44th Legislative District. I serve as Chair of this committee. The committee will take up the bills in the order posted. Our hearing today is your public part of the legislative process. This is your opportunity to express your position on the proposed legislation before us today. The committee members might come and go during the hearing, this is just part of the process as we have bills to introduce in other committees. I ask that you abide by the following procedures to better facilitate today's proceedings. Please silence or turn off your cell phones. Please move to the reserved chairs when you're ready to testify. They are the first two chairs on either side labeled the queue. Introducers will make initial statements followed by proponents, opponents, and neutral testimony. Closing remarks are reserved for the introducing senator only. If you are planning to testify, please pick up a green sign-in sheet that is on the table at the back of the room. Please fill out the green sign-in sheet before you testify. Please print and it is important to complete the form in its entirety. When it is your turn to testify, give the sign-in sheet to the committee clerk or to a page. This will help us make a more accurate public record. If you do not wish to testify today but would like to record your name as being present at the hearing, there's a separate white sign-in sheet on the tables that you can sign in for that purpose. This will be part of the official record of the hearing. If you have handouts, please make sure you have 12 copies and give them to the page when you come up to testify and they will distribute them to the committee. When you come up to testify, please speak clearly into the microphone. Tell us your name and please spell your first and last name to ensure we get an accurate record. I don't think we're probably going to be needing the lights today. No displays of support or opposition to a bill or an appointee will be allowed, vocal or otherwise, because it is a public hearing. The committee members with us today will introduce themselves beginning on my left.

SENATOR KOLOWSKI: Rick Kolowski, southwest Omaha, District 31. Thank you.

SENATOR GEIST: Suzanne Geist, District 25, which is the east side of Lincoln, and it includes the towns of Walton and Waverly.

SENATOR QUICK: Dan Quick, District 35, Grand Island.

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SENATOR WALZ: Lynne Walz, District 15, Dodge County.

SENATOR HUGHES: And on my right.

SENATOR ALBRECHT: Senator Albrecht from northeast Nebraska, District 17. That's Thurston, Dakota, and Wayne Counties.

SENATOR McCOLLISTER: John McCollister, District 20, which is central Omaha.

SENATOR BOSTELMAN: Bruce Bostelman, District 23, Saunders, Butler, and most of Colfax Counties.

SENATOR HUGHES: To my left is committee legal counsel, Laurie Lage, and to my far right is the committee clerk, Mandy Mizerski. And we have Lee-Ann Sims with us as our page today. She is a junior at UNL studying political science and global studies. One more thing for the record. We are making a change in our procedures. I want to get this on the record. There has been a change in the committee procedures across all committees effective January 23. Written letters to be included on the record must be submitted to the committee clerk by 5:00 p.m. the business day before the scheduled hearing for that particular bill. You must also indicate on your testimony that you would like to have it included in the record. Written testimony for the record is received only if you are unable to be present at the hearing to testify. Your name will be read in during the hearing as having submitted a letter and the letter itself will be included with the official records. Unless you testify in person before the committee, your name will not be included on the committee statement. So with that, we have two appointments and one bill today, so we will begin with the appointments to the Environmental Quality Council, so Aldeen Zuhlke. Is that correct? [CONFIRMATION]

ALDEN ZUHLKE: That's pretty close. (Laughter) Alden. [CONFIRMATION]

SENATOR HUGHES: Alden. Okay. Welcome, and if you'd like to take a few minutes to tell us about your background and why you want to be on the Environmental Quality Council. [CONFIRMATION]

ALDEN ZUHLKE: Okay. I'm supposed to spell my name, is that correct? [CONFIRMATION]

SENATOR HUGHES: Please. [CONFIRMATION]

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ALDEN ZUHLKE: (Exhibit 1) Okay. Alden, A-l-d-e-n, and then Zuhlke, Z-u-h-l-k-e. I've been on the council...this is either my fourth or fifth appointment, so I've been on quite a while. I represent...I don't know how familiar you are with the council, but there's, I believe there's 16 divisions and I represent the livestock section which would include cattle, hogs, poultry, dairy, anything to do with the livestock. The council, you know, I think we've done a good job over the years. We rely on each one of our expertise in our areas. John will be coming up, he represents the petroleum industry. So we have to rely on each other, just as you senators do, for information. But I would prefer to open it up for questions for you if you've got any specific questions. I'm from Plainview, Nebraska, which is 90 miles west of Sioux City, northwest of Norfolk. So I'm more familiar with northeast Nebraska than the rest of the state. I have served on Nebraska LEAD Program almost 20 years ago, so I've been around the state quite a bit. But anyway, questions please. [CONFIRMATION]

SENATOR HUGHES: Okay. Thank you, Mr. Zuhlke. Are there questions? Senator McCollister. [CONFIRMATION]

SENATOR McCOLLISTER: Yeah, well, thank you for your willingness to serve. Are feedlot regulations from an environmental standpoint adequate enough? [CONFIRMATION]

ALDEN ZUHLKE: You know, the livestock industry has evolved immensely in the last 20 to 30 years. You know, really the Environmental Quality was...a lot of it was probably focused on, and I'm actually in the...I'm going to get away a little bit from the feedlot because I'm in the swine business. And obviously a few years ago, and I'm talking 20, 30 years ago, there was a lot of issues with large confinements coming in, so that prompted a lot of regulations. And really, the hogs became the base of it and now you're asking on the cattle side of it. Well, the hogs basically as they evolved, they went to a zero discharge several years ago. In other words, there is no runoff from any hog buildings. The cattle, you know, it's been a little bit more of a struggle with them. Now this is my opinion and not the council. I mean, just the way feedlots are designed, and years ago they were designed maybe to run manure into rivers, just like the city of Omaha still uses discharge from the overflow. So, are they adequate? Are you asking specifically? I think most of the lots have done a good job of really updating things and DEQ has helped them and worked with them and they continue to do a lot of improvements. And, you know, I've been out to the site of them, the one at Broken Bow, Adams, you know, I believe that's a hundred thousand head. I've been on that lot and seen the work they've done. We've got one expanding there north of Bloomfield right now and I've been up in that area. You know, they have to do extensive...from what they did 20 or 40 or 50 years ago, you have to have your...the permit process is long and it takes a lot, so. [CONFIRMATION]

SENATOR McCOLLISTER: Does the DEQ do inspections now? [CONFIRMATION]

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ALDEN ZUHLKE: Yeah. It's based off of size. I have one hog facility that requires an annual inspection, so it's based...you know, and I can't tell you all those sizes for each one of the livestock but there's a certain size limit, then they have to inspect every year. Now, they're just inspecting the waste control facility. You know, they don't...that's what DEQ's programs, you know, it's based off of waste control. Now what I say there is, we're regulated or looked after so much in the livestock industry. We have to have...our farms are audited now. I mean, we have auditors that come out and go through the buildings to look and see how we're raising them. We have to have those things recorded. [CONFIRMATION]

SENATOR McCOLLISTER: Those are DEQ auditors? [CONFIRMATION]

ALDEN ZUHLKE: Umm, no. Those would be coming from the packing plant or from...DEQ simply...it's no different than your cities, your city waste or whatever. They have to...at a certain size they have to come out and inspect those lagoons, if it's a lagoon or any type of waste disposal that they're using, they have to inspect that. Again, it's based off of size and there's an annual inspection there. [CONFIRMATION]

SENATOR McCOLLISTER: I can recall a lagoon losing its structural integrity and flooding a river in Iowa and it caused quite a bit of fish kill. Is that a problem for Nebraska as well? [CONFIRMATION]

ALDEN ZUHLKE: You know, I believe it's happened, but typically it's probably going to be from a major storm event. If you take just the snowstorm we had here, you know, you don't have the volume of water there but like this fall we had a couple nine, ten-inch rains and most of the lagoons are all designed for that storm water event anymore. But if it was an older lagoon, it's possible, you know. But anything new is designed for multiple rain events to hold those waters. [CONFIRMATION]

SENATOR McCOLLISTER: So if an old lagoon, do they take into account the, what the hundred-year storm and if they don't comply, they have to close down? [CONFIRMATION]

ALDEN ZUHLKE: Yeah, just...and that's what's...actually, you know, my hometown is Plainview like that, our city lagoon had to be redone. And it's the same way in the livestock industry. If that lagoon is not adequate to hold the waste from there, yes, they have...it has to be updated. [CONFIRMATION]

SENATOR McCOLLISTER: Thank you. Thank you, Mr. Chairman. [CONFIRMATION]

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SENATOR HUGHES: Additional questions? Senator Albrecht. [CONFIRMATION]

SENATOR ALBRECHT: Ask a quick question. So you only...this council only meets like twice a year? [CONFIRMATION]

SENATOR HUGHES: We're meeting...we were meeting quarterly and now we have three...we meet just three times a year, yeah. [CONFIRMATION]

SENATOR ALBRECHT: Okay. And do you come to Lincoln? [CONFIRMATION]

ALDEN ZUHLKE: What we've...and Carla can answer some of this better than I can, but anyway, most of them are in Lincoln, but what we've tried to do and it has worked very good for me being in the council, is the summer meeting we usually go out to someplace in the state and see what programs have been set up. I mean we've been...we've gone out and stayed at Chadron. You got the uranium mines out there so we toured those. We've been to Lake McConaughy. We've been down to Gerald Gentleman's power plant twice, I believe. We've been to Omaha two or three times for sure and, you know, Omaha is doing a pretty good job of getting things under control. It's just that their sewer rates would jump so much if they had to meet all the EPA standards that they would have some major problems, and they would drive businesses out of the town too, so. But we've watched a lot of those things being improved down there, so it's good. [CONFIRMATION]

SENATOR ALBRECHT: Okay. And when you do go to the meetings, let's just say the last couple, do you have public hearings about different problems throughout the state, or what exactly would be on your agendas? [CONFIRMATION]

ALDEN ZUHLKE: Yeah, you know, it's kind of interesting if we...you know, per se, we don't write any rules. You know, the Legislature gives us the rules and it's the department's job to enforce those rules. So I would say, I think the biggest agenda that's going to be coming is the fact that it has been in existence now for 25 or 30 years, so a lot of those rules that were written several years ago... [CONFIRMATION]

SENATOR ALBRECHT: You're going to re-look at them? [CONFIRMATION]

ALDEN ZUHLKE: Yeah, we're going to need to go through all those and we do that on a regular basis. I mean, the council...they keep saying, you know, this has changed, and then of course, we're mandated from the federal level to meet a lot of the standards, you know, a lot of the air standards and stuff. In fact, some of that is in discussion right now in the livestock industry

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because they believe in 2003 or whatever, EPA said that, you know, we're going to have to put out all...you know, if a cow...a feedlot was certain size and if there was air emissions coming off of there, we were going to have to start measuring that in the livestock sector, well, I mean, that would be a tough thing to do. [CONFIRMATION]

SENATOR ALBRECHT: So be sure you show up for those meetings. (Laughter) We need your help there, but I appreciate you serving. Thank you. [CONFIRMATION]

SENATOR HUGHES: Senator McCollister. [CONFIRMATION]

SENATOR McCOLLISTER: Just one more. [CONFIRMATION]

ALDEN ZUHLKE: Sure. [CONFIRMATION]

SENATOR McCOLLISTER: How many compliance violations occurred in '17?
[CONFIRMATION]

ALDEN ZUHLKE: Oh, you know, again I don't...I'm just the livestock section, you know, so some of that...you know, I can't answer that because each section is going to have...the fuel part of it...I don't know if there was any problems. You know, I can tell you locally of different regulations that if somebody didn't improve their tanks or something like that, you know, in the small towns, I mean, obviously, that's...it's getting cost prohibitive. I'm changing the subject just a little bit, but I'm just... [CONFIRMATION]

SENATOR McCOLLISTER: How about compliance in your area? [CONFIRMATION]

ALDEN ZUHLKE: Yeah, you know, I don't know of any specific fines that were...although there have been. And there's a lot of times that comes down in conjunction with EPA and sometimes it takes two or three years for them to, you know, come up with that, so. [CONFIRMATION]

SENATOR McCOLLISTER: Thank you. [CONFIRMATION]

SENATOR HUGHES: Okay. Additional questions? Seeing none, thank you, Mr. Zuhlke.
[CONFIRMATION]

ALDEN ZUHLKE: Thank you. [CONFIRMATION]

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SENATOR HUGHES: Is there anyone wishing to testify as a proponent? You can go back.
[CONFIRMATION]

ALDEN ZUHLKE: Okay. [CONFIRMATION]

SENATOR HUGHES: In case somebody wants to come up and testify as a opponent? Anybody wishing to testify in neutral? Okay. Thank you. Our next appointment to the Environmental Quality Council is John Dilsaver. Welcome, Mr. Dilsaver. And the same thing, just give us a little background of yourself and what you do at the Environmental Quality Council.
[CONFIRMATION]

JOHN DILSAVER: (Exhibit 1) John Dilsaver, spelling is J-o-h-n D-i-l-s-a-v-e-r. I've been in the petroleum business at least since the early '80s, 1984 is when I started my career. I was still in college at UNO, started at a company called Rightway Oil and Gas in Omaha, Nebraska. Rex Ekwall was the owner of Rightway. Three years ago, I helped Rex with the transition of his business Rightway Oil with Western Oil based out of Valentine, Nebraska, and that's who I currently work for now. This will be my first reappointment to the council, four-year terms. I've enjoyed working on the council. Procedurally, we are involved in, you know, the meetings whether it's three or four a year. DEQ does a really good job of sort of watching all the regulations in the state. My particular section is petroleum and automotive and so we sort of bring our own expertise to it, to each of the council meetings. It's our...our role is to sort of provide an oversight to any of the rules and regulations that are written to really give industries specific feedback to DEQ from each of the...sort of from the business standpoint, or just based upon our particular section. So, I grew up in North Platte, Nebraska. So with Western Oil and Rightway Oil, we really serve...we have customers in Chappell, Valentine, all across Highway 20 through Norfolk down to Nebraska City, down south to Wymore, sort of out to Kearney, and so we sort of cover the entire state of Nebraska at some point, so. If there's any questions, I could certainly... [CONFIRMATION]

SENATOR HUGHES: Okay. [CONFIRMATION]

JOHN DILSAVER: I appreciate my colleague sort of taking care of some of the procedural questions. [CONFIRMATION]

SENATOR HUGHES: Thank you, Mr. Dilsaver. Are there questions? Senator McCollister.
[CONFIRMATION]

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SENATOR McCOLLISTER: Yeah, thank you for appearing today. How much money is currently in petroleum? Is it the Superfund site or...? [CONFIRMATION]

JOHN DILSAVER: Well, the state of Nebraska certainly collects nine-tenths of a cent per gallon for gasoline. On gas...any gallon of gasoline sold, there's nine-tenths of a cent that goes into the Title 200, which takes care of the...and there's three-tenths of a cent for every gallon of diesel fuel. I don't know the exact number but I think it's around, you know, less than ten million. I know over the year the fund has, I believe just from recollection, you know, that fund has been used to help and I know it's continuing to sort of...you know, every once in a while there's funds that have helped out of that fund, help balance the budget. I believe there's \$27 million, from my recollection, over the years that have come out of that petroleum cleanup fund, sort of into the General Fund. But at this point, DEQ does a really good job. They've gone to what they call RBCA, the risk-based assessment of cleaning up any petroleum sites. Since the early...I think 2007 is when the federal rules, double-wall tanks, double-wall lines have come in. Since that time, that's really, you know, stopped any releases. Mainly all the releases are old, old releases that are still being cleaned up, but the state has done a really good job and RBCA and DEQ has done a really good job of managing that program. [CONFIRMATION]

SENATOR McCOLLISTER: How big is your remediation backlog? [CONFIRMATION]

JOHN DILSAVER: I don't have that information at this point. I don't, you know, not being an employee of DEQ and working specifically in that section...I do know there is a backlog list. Me personally, with our company, you know, we have sites that go on the backlog list and then they come, you know, they'll come off the backlog list. But I know there are...I believe there still is a backlog list, but I could not address or tell you how many sites there are currently on the backlog. [CONFIRMATION]

SENATOR McCOLLISTER: Are there any sites on the Superfund list? [CONFIRMATION]

JOHN DILSAVER: I don't know that answer. [CONFIRMATION]

SENATOR McCOLLISTER: Okay. Thank you. [CONFIRMATION]

SENATOR HUGHES: Any other questions? I've got a couple, just a couple of red flags that showed up on your application here. It says name your senator, that's blank. You know, that's maybe okay, but the one that really jumps out is your references. You list a Tim Keigher. That could be a problem for the committee. [CONFIRMATION]

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JOHN DILSAVER: Yeah, I can certainly...I share your concern. (Laughter) [CONFIRMATION]

SENATOR HUGHES: Any other questions? Seeing none, thank you. Mr. Dilsaver, we appreciate it. [CONFIRMATION]

SENATOR McCOLLISTER: I'd ask you, you know, the information you couldn't give me, if you could forward that on to me that would be great. [CONFIRMATION]

JOHN DILSAVER: Sure. Okay. [CONFIRMATION]

SENATOR HUGHES: Okay. Thank you. Is there anyone wishing to speak on behalf as a proponent of Mr. Dilsaver? Seeing none, is there anyone who wishes to come in in opposition to Mr. Dilsaver? (Laughter) Is there anyone wants to come in neutral on Mr. Dilsaver? Okay, seeing none, that will close that portion of our...the confirmation hearing process. Thank you, gentlemen, for coming, thank you for your service to the state. [CONFIRMATION]

ALDEN ZUHLKE: Thank you. [CONFIRMATION]

SENATOR HUGHES: We will now move on to the next item and I will turn the chair over to the Vice Chair, Senator Bostelman. [LB762]

SENATOR BOSTELMAN: Good afternoon, Senator Hughes, and welcome to your Natural Resources Committee. [LB762]

SENATOR HUGHES: Good afternoon, members of the Natural Resources Committee. For the record, my name is Dan Hughes, that is D-a-n H-u-g-h-e-s. I represent the 44th Legislative District. I'm here to introduce today LB762. This bill will extend the sunset date on the Scrap Tire Management Program, which allocates funds for the scrap tire projects in Nebraska. The sunset date for this program is June 30, 2019. LB762 will extend it to June 30, 2024. From 2013 through 2016 there were almost 23,000 tons of tires collected through the Scrap Tire project. This program provides Nebraska with an avenue in which residents are able to properly dispose of scrap tires which keeps our road ditches and residential yards free from this nuisance. Also we will keep the mosquito population down. Improperly managed used tires provide a prime breeding ground, breeding habitat for disease-carrying mosquitoes. Used tires that contain water and/or organic matter such as leaves and grass serve as an ideal incubator for mosquito eggs and larvae. Mosquitoes proliferate by laying eggs on the surface of stagnant water. Mosquitoes can carry Western Equine Encephalitis virus, West Nile virus, and the Zika virus. According to the DEQ's Solid Waste Management study in 2017, in Nebraska scrap tires are used for alternative

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daily cover for two of the state's municipal solid waste landfills hauled out of state and landfilled, or hauled out of state and processed into crumb rubber. Other uses for waste tires include livestock watering tanks, drainage media, landscaping, mulch, and erosion mats. They can also be used in rubber-modified asphalt and as tire-derived fuel. The crumb rubber can be used for athletic surfaces and fields, automotive parts and tires, landscape, playground surfaces, as well as many other purposes. It takes 20,000 to 40,000 scrap tires to produce enough filling to cover an average football size...average football field. A \$1 fee on each new tire sold in Nebraska funds this program. I'd be happy to try and answer any questions. [LB762]

SENATOR BOSTELMAN: Thank you, Senator Hughes. Does the committee have any questions? Senator McCollister. [LB762]

SENATOR MCCOLLISTER: Yes, thank you, Senator Hughes. And I'd just like to compliment this committee and your leadership as Chair to promote and continue this program. It's a...it does a great job and keeps those unsightly tires away from the countryside. So thanks for changing the date. [LB762]

SENATOR HUGHES: Sure. [LB762]

SENATOR BOSTELMAN: Senator Kolowski. [LB762]

SENATOR KOLOWSKI: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Senator, thank you again. Also I've been on this for six years and we've got a number of reports like this over the time period and it's very impressive as to what we've tried to do in picking up those tires across the state and just avoiding what you talked about as far as the mosquito habitats, and the breeding grounds for a lot of different critters that might get in there and that really makes a difference. And I've been at the other end of the receiving also with the new artificial turf football field at Millard Public Schools and when they put that down and all that ground-up rubber material that goes into that, it's really quite a process to watch and it does take quite a few of those (inaudible). Thank you. [LB762]

SENATOR BOSTELMAN: Are there any other questions from the committee members? If not, thank you, Senator Hughes. I would ask for any proponents of LB762. [LB762]

ANDY POLLOCK: Good afternoon, Vice Chair Bostelman, and members of the Natural Resources Committee. My name is Andy Pollock. It's A-n-d-y, Pollock, P-o-l-l-o-c-k. I am here as the registered lobbyist for Waste Connections. I'd like to begin by thanking Senator Hughes for introducing this bill and for this committee's work, like Senator McCollister and Senator Kolowski said earlier, in ensuring the continuance of a very important program. I won't belabor

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what Senator Hughes said. I think he spoke well about the fund and the use of the fund. I just add by saying, it's a lot better to have these tires being put to use for whether it be erosion control or kid's playgrounds or soccer and football fields, than to have them laying in the countryside or laying in ditches or even landing in landfills. Waste Connections operates landfills in Nebraska and picks up trash all over the state and they heartily support this and would encourage you to advance the bill to remove the sunset. With that, I'd be glad to try to answer questions. [LB762]

SENATOR BOSTELMAN: Thank you, Mr. Pollock. Are there any questions from the committee members? One question...oh, sorry. Go ahead Senator Geist. [LB762]

SENATOR GEIST: I do have one, thank you. I'm curious as to why there's a sunset. Is this a program...I'm sure the Legislature set it up that way, but to your knowledge, why would that be? [LB762]

ANDY POLLOCK: Boy, to my knowledge, I don't know the answer to that, Senator. I'd be glad to check in with DEQ and find out the answer to that. I've been working with Waste Connections for just a few years and this is the first time I've testified on this program and I don't know the origin of that sunset, but I think it's an excellent question and probably worth considering. [LB762]

SENATOR GEIST: Thank you. [LB762]

SENATOR BOSTELMAN: Other questions from members of the committee? My question would be, the money that's collected, is that sufficient, is it all used, is there other programs, you know just kind of how the cash balance runs on that, and how that works? [LB762]

ANDY POLLOCK: You know, Senator Bostelman, I'm sorry I'll have to defer on that too. I'd be glad to take that to Waste Connections or go to the department and come back with the answers to that question, but I don't know whether it's sufficient. On the flip side of it, I hate to get crossways sitting here in the chair answering without knowledge, especially given that some people pay...there are people that are paying that fee too. I want to be conscientious of that, but I'd be glad to check into that with Waste Connections and then get back to you guys. [LB762]

SENATOR BOSTELMAN: Okay. Thank you very much, Mr. Pollock. [LB762]

ANDY POLLOCK: You bet. [LB762]

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SENATOR BOSTELMAN: (Exhibits 1-3) Do we have anyone else who would wish to testify as a proponent of LB762? Anyone else wishing to testify in proponent? We have three letters. One from Larry Dix, executive director of Nebraska Association of County Officials; Joann Fischer, Knox County Clerk; C. J. Poltack, from Nebraska Regional Officials Council. Now, we'd like to ask if there is any opponents, anyone who would like to testify as an opponent to LB762? Anyone wish to testify in the neutral capacity on LB762? Seeing none, Senator Hughes, would you like to close? [LB762]

SENATOR HUGHES: I'll be brief. Thank you, Senator Bostelman. My office will, too, look for the information that you requested to see, you know, dollar amounts and why, you know, a little bit of history why the Legislature, and I will be getting that information back to the committee. Thank you. [LB762]

SENATOR GEIST: Thank you. [LB762]

SENATOR BOSTELMAN: Any other questions from committee members? Senator Kolowski. [LB762]

SENATOR KOLOWSKI: Senator, you look a little tired, (laughter) oh I'm sorry, you looked at some stuff a little different. (Laughter) [LB762]

SENATOR HUGHES: This seat is not as hot as the one that I was in before...before lunch. [LB762]

SENATOR BOSTELMAN: Thank you very much and that concludes the hearing on LB762. [LB762]