LEGISLATIVE BILL 339

Approved by the Governor April 27, 2017

Introduced by Friesen, 34; at the request of the Governor.

A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to government; to amend sections 3-101, 3-103, 3-104, 3-105, 3-107, 3-108, 3-109, 3-110, 3-111, 3-113, 3-115, 3-116, 3-117, 3-118, 3-119, 3-120, 3-121, 3-123, 3-124, 3-115, 3-116, 3-117, 3-118, 3-119, 3-120, 3-121, 3-123, 3-124, 3-125, 3-126, 3-127, 3-128, 3-131, 3-133, 3-134, 3-135, 3-137, 3-139, 3-140, 3-141, 3-142, 3-143, 3-144, 3-145, 3-146, 3-147, 3-148, 3-149, 3-152, 3-154, 3-155, 3-156, 3-157, 3-158, 3-201, 3-201.01, 3-215, 3-218, 3-222, 3-227, 3-228, 3-239, 3-332, 3-403, 3-404, 3-405, 3-407, 3-409, 12-1205, 13-912, 13-1203, 14-2113, 18-601, 18-613, 25-2501, 31-925, 39-102, 39-103, 39-202, 39-203, 39-204, 39-205, 39-206, 39-207, 39-208, 39-210, 39-211, 39-212, 39-213, 39-214, 39-216, 39-217, 39-218, 39-219, 39-220, 39-221, 39-222, 39-223, 39-224, 39-225, 39-308, 39-311, 39-312, 39-805, 39-822, 39-826.01, 39-826.02, 39-847, 39-847.01, 39-892, 39-1010, 39-1311, 39-1320, 39-222, 39-223, 39-224, 39-225, 39-308, 39-311, 39-312, 39-805, 39-826.01, 39-826.02, 39-847, 39-847.01, 39-892, 39-1010, 39-1101, 39-1110, 39-1302, 39-1306.01, 39-1306.02, 39-1311, 39-1323.01, 39-1328.01, 39-1328.02, 39-1345.01, 39-1350, 39-1359.01, 39-1363, 39-1364, 39-1365.01, 39-1365.02, 39-1390, 39-1407, 39-1503, 39-1703, 39-1713, 39-1901, 39-2001, 39-2002, 39-2106, 39-2107, 39-2110, 39-2111, 39-2112, 39-2113, 39-2115, 39-2118, 39-2120, 39-2121, 39-2124, 39-2215, 39-2224, 39-2305, 39-2504, 39-2505, 39-2507, 39-2508, 39-2514, 39-2515, 39-2517, 39-2602, 39-2702, 39-2802, 39-2806, 46-251, 49-506, 55-181, 60-631, 60-658.01, 60-680, 60-695, 60-699, 60-6,101, 60-6,102, 60-6,106, 60-6,107, 60-6,115, 60-6,118, 60-6,120, 60-6,126.01, 60-6,130, 60-6,137, 60-6,138, 60-6,139, 60-6,145, 60-6,159, 39-1320, 39-1353, 39-1392, 39-2105, 39-2310, 39-2518, 57-1102, 60-6, 103, 60-6,129, 60-6,138, 60-6,139, 60-6,145, 60-6,159, 60-6,130, 60-6,137, 60-6, 164, 60-6,167, 60-6,171, 60-6,176, 60-6,177, 60-6,186, 60-6,188, 60-6,190, 60-6,193, 60-6,250, 60-6,292, 60-6,301, 60-6,311, 60-6,335, 60-6,376, 60-1301, 60-1302, 60-1303, 66-6,109.02, 60-6,166, 60-6,189, 60-6,189, 60-6,190, 60-6,193, 60-6,250, 60-6,292, 60-6,301, 60-6,311, 60-6,314, 60-6,335, 60-6,376, 60-1301, 60-1302, 60-1303, 66-6,109.02, 66-821, 66-822, 69-1701, 70-309, 72-108, 72-221, 72-221.01, 72-817, 74-1310, 74-1314, 74-1318, 74-1319, 74-1331, 74-1332, 74-1333, 74-1334, 74-1335, 74-1336, 74-1338, 74-1340, 74-1341, 74-1342, 74-1343, 75-713, 75-716, 76-1224, 79-604, 81-101, 81-102, 81-161.04, 81-188.01, 81-701.01, 81-701.02, 81-701.03, 81-701.04, 81-701.05, 81-710, 81-916, 81-917, 81-1108.22, 81-1114, 81-1711, 81-2801, 82-120, 82-505, 83-137, 85-1008, 86-707, 90-238, and 90-260, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and sections 3-106, 3-159, 3-303, 3-407.01, 3-408, 13-520, 13-1210, 13-1212. sections 3-106, 3-159, 3-303, 3-407.01, 3-408, 13-520, 13-1210, 13-1212, 49-617, 57-1407, 60-507, 60-6,144, 60-6,153, 60-6,154, 60-6,230, 60-6,267, 60-6,288, 60-6,294, 60-6,297, 60-6,298, 60-6,299, 60-6,378, 60-6,380, 60-3101, 66-489.02, 66-4,100, 66-4,144, 66-738, 73-507, 77-3442, 77-3443, 81-8,310, 81-1108.15, 81-1108.43, and 81-3711.01, Revised Statutes 81-8,310, 81-1108.15, 81-1108.43, and 81-3711.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016; to merge the Department of Aeronautics into the Department of Roads; to create the Division of Aeronautics; to rename the Department of Roads as the Department of Transportation; to provide for transfer of powers, duties, personnel, funds, rights, and property as prescribed; to rename an act and funds; to eliminate the Department of Aeronautics; to harmonize provisions; to provide an operative date; to repeal the original sections; and to declare an emergency.

Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

Section 1. Section 3-101, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

- (1) For purposes of the State Aeronautics Act and the purpose of the laws of this state relating to aeronautics, the following words, terms, and phrases shall have the meanings given in this section, unless otherwise specifically defined or unless another intention clearly appears or the context otherwise requires: -
- (1) (2) Aeronautics means transportation by aircraft; the operation, construction, repair, or maintenance of aircraft, aircraft power plants, and accessories, including the repair, packing, and maintenance of parachutes; and the design, establishment, construction, extension, operation, improvement, repair, or maintenance of airports, restricted landing areas, or other air possibilities, and air instruction. navigation facilities, and air instruction; —

 (2) (3) Aircraft means any contrivance now known, hereafter invented,
- used, or designed for navigation of or flight in the air; (4) Public aircraft means an aircraft used exclusively in the service of government or of any political subdivision thereof, including the government of any state, territory, or possession of the United States or the District of Columbia, but not including any government-owned aircraft engaged in carrying persons or property for commercial purposes.
 - (5) Civil aircraft means any aircraft other than a public aircraft.
- (3) (6) Airport means (a) any area of land or water, except a restricted landing area, which is designed for the landing and takeoff of aircraft, whether or not facilities are provided for the sheltering, servicing, or repairing of aircraft or for receiving or discharging passengers or cargo, (b) all appurtenant areas used or suitable for airport buildings or other airport

facilities, and (c) all appurtenant rights-of-way, whether heretofore or hereafter established; -

- (7) Department means the Department of Aeronautics, commission means the Nebraska Aeronautics Commission, commissioner means any member of the commission, director means the Director of Aeronautics, and state or this state means the State of Nebraska.
- (8) Restricted landing area means any area of land, water, or both, which is used or is made available for the landing and takeoff of aircraft, the use of which shall, except in case of emergency, be only as provided from time to time by the commission.
- (4) (9) Air navigation facility means any facility, other than one owned or controlled by the federal government, used in, available for use in, or designed for use in aid of air navigation, including airports, restricted landing areas, and any structures, mechanisms, lights, beacons, marks, communicating systems, or other instrumentalities or devices used or useful as an aid or constituting an advantage or convenience to the safe takeoff, navigation, and landing of aircraft, or the safe and efficient operation or maintenance of an airport or restricted landing area and any combination of any or all of such facilities; -
- (5) (10) Air navigation means the operation or navigation of aircraft in the air space over this state or upon any airport or restricted landing area within this state; -
- (11) Operation of aircraft or operate aircraft means the use of aircraft for the purpose of air navigation and includes the navigation or piloting of aircraft. Any person who causes or authorizes the operation of aircraft, whether with or without the right of legal control, in the capacity of owner, lessee, or otherwise, of the aircraft, shall be deemed to be engaged in the operation of aircraft within the meaning of the statutes of this state.
- (6) (12) Airman means any individual who engages, as the person in command, or as pilot, mechanic, or member of the crew, in the navigation of aircraft while under way and (excepting individuals employed outside the United States, any individual employed by a manufacturer of aircraft, aircraft engines, propellers, or appliances to perform duties as inspector or mechanic in connection therewith, and any individual performing inspection or mechanical duties in connection with aircraft owned or operated by him or her) any duties in connection with aircraft owned or operated by him or her) any individual who is directly in charge of the inspection, maintenance, overhauling, or repair of aircraft engines, propellers, or appliances and any individual who serves in the capacity of aircraft dispatcher or air traffic control-tower operator; -
- (7) (13) Air instruction means the imparting of aeronautical information
- by any aeronautics instructor or in or by any air school or flying club; —

 (8) (14) Aeronautics instructor means any individual engaged in giving instruction, or offering to give instruction, in aeronautics, either in flying or ground subjects, or both, for hire or reward, without advertising such occupation, without calling his or her facilities an air school or anything equivalent thereto, and without employing or using other instructors. It does not include any instructor in any public school or university of this state or any institution of higher learning duly accredited and approved for carrying on collegiate work while engaged in his or her duties as such instructor; —
- (15) Flying club means any person, other than an individual, who, neither for profit nor reward, owns, leases, or uses one or more aircraft for the purpose of instruction or pleasure or both.
- (16) Person means any individual, firm, partnership, limited liability company, corporation, company, association, joint-stock association, or body politic and includes any trustee, receiver, assignee, or other similar representative thereof.
- (17) State airway means a route in the navigable air space over and above the lands or waters of this state, designated by the department as a route suitable for air navigation.
- (18) Navigable air space means air space above the minimum altitudes of flight prescribed by the laws of this state or by the regulations of the department consistent therewith.
- (19) Municipality means any county, city, village, or town of this state and any other political subdivision, public corporation, authority, or district in this state which is or may be authorized by law to acquire, establish, construct, maintain, improve, and operate airports and other air navigation facilities.
- (9) (20) Airport protection privileges means easements through or other interests in air space over land or water, interests in airport hazards outside the boundaries of airports or restricted landing areas, and other protection privileges, the acquisition or control of which is necessary to insure safe approaches to the landing areas of airports and restricted landing areas and the safe and efficient operation thereof; -
- (10) (21) Airport hazard means any structure, object of natural growth, or use of land which obstructs the air space required for the flight of aircraft in landing or taking off at any airport or restricted landing area or is otherwise hazardous to such landing or taking off; —
 (11) Civil aircraft means any aircraft other than a public aircraft;

 - (12) Commission means the Nebraska Aeronautics Commission;
- (13) Director means the Director of Aeronautics; (14) Division means the Division of Aeronautics of the Department <u>Transportation;</u>
 - (15) Flying club means any person, other than an individual, who, neither

for profit nor reward, owns, leases, or uses one or more aircraft for the purpose of instruction or pleasure or both;

- (22) The singular includes the plural and the plural the singular. The masculine gender includes the feminine.
- (16) (23) Location means the general vicinity to be served by a specific airport; -
- (17) Municipality means any county, city, village, or town of this state and any other political subdivision, public corporation, authority, or district in this state which is or may be authorized by law to acquire, establish, construct, maintain, improve, and operate airports and other air navigation facilities:
- (18) Navigable air space means air space above the minimum altitudes of flight prescribed by the laws of this state or by the rules and regulations adopted and promulgated by the division consistent therewith;
- (19) Operation of aircraft or operate aircraft means the use of aircraft the purpose of air navigation and includes the navigation or piloting of aircraft. Any person who causes or authorizes the operation of aircraft, whether with or without the right of legal control, in the capacity of owner, lessee, or otherwise, of the aircraft, shall be deemed to be engaged in the operation of aircraft within the meaning of the statutes of this state;

(24) Site means the specific land area to be used as an airport.

- (20) (25) Privately owned public use airport means any airport owned by a person which is primarily engaged in the business of providing necessary services and facilities for the operation of civil aircraft and which (a) has at least one paved runway, (b) is engaged in the retail sale of aviation gasoline or aviation jet fuel, and (c) possesses facilities for the sheltering, servicing, or repair of aircraft; —
- (21) Public aircraft means an aircraft used exclusively in the service of government or of any political subdivision thereof, including government of any state, territory, or possession of the United States or the District of Columbia, but not including any government-owned aircraft engaged in carrying persons or property for commercial purposes;
- (22) Restricted landing area means any area of land, water, or both, which is used or is made available for the landing and takeoff of aircraft, the use of which shall, except in case of emergency, be only as provided from time to time by the commission;
 - (23) Site means the specific land area to be used as an airport; and
- <u>(24) State airway means a route in the navigable air space over and above</u> lands or waters of this state, designated by the division as a route suitable for air navigation.
- Sec. 2. Section 3-102, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to
- 3-102 The purpose of the State Aeronautics Act It is hereby declared that the purpose of sections 3-101 to 3-154 is to further the public interest and aeronautical progress by (1) providing for the protection and promotion of safety in aeronautics, (2) cooperating in effecting a uniformity of the laws relating to the development and regulation of aeronautics in the several states, (3) revising existing statutes relative to the development and regulation of aeronautics so as to grant such powers to and impose such duties upon the division a state agency in order that the state may present participant. upon $\underline{\text{the division}}$ a state agency in order that the state may properly perform its functions relative to aeronautics and effectively exercise its jurisdiction over persons and property within such jurisdiction, may assist in the promotion of a statewide system of airports, may cooperate with and assist the political subdivisions of this state and others engaged in aeronautics, and may encourage and develop aeronautics, (4) establishing uniform regulations, consistent with federal regulations and those of other states, in order that those engaged in aeronautics of every character may so engage with the least possible restriction, consistent with the safety and the rights of others, and (5) providing for cooperation with the federal authorities in the development of a patienal system of civil aviation and for coordination of the correlation. national system of civil aviation and for coordination of the aeronautical activities of those authorities and the authorities of this state by assisting in accomplishing the purposes of federal legislation and eliminating costly and unnecessary duplication of functions properly in the province of federal agencies.
- Sec. 3. Section 3-103, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to
- 3-103 (1) The Division There is hereby created a department of government to be known as the Department of Aeronautics shall be a division of the Department of Transportation.
- Department of Transportation.

 (2)(a) Until December 31, 2017, the The chief administrative officer of the division department shall be the director, to be known as the Director of Aeronautics, and The Director of Aeronautics shall be appointed by the Governor, subject to confirmation by the Legislature, with due regard to his or her fitness through aeronautical education and by knowledge of and recent practical experience in aeronautics. The director shall devote full time to the performance of his or her official duties and shall not have any pecuniary interest in, stock in, or bonds of any civil aeronautics enterprise. The director shall, before assuming the duties of the office, take and subscribe an oath, such as is required by state officers. The director shall be bonded or insured as required by section 11-201. The director shall receive such insured as required by section 11-201. The director shall receive such compensation as the Governor, with the approval of the commission, shall determine, subject to the provisions of the legislative appropriations bill.
 - (b) Beginning January 1, 2018, the chief administrative officer of the

division shall be the Director of Aeronautics who shall be appointed by and report directly to the Director-State Engineer, subject to confirmation by the Legislature, with due regard to his or her fitness through aeronautical education and by knowledge of and recent practical experience in aeronautics. The director shall devote full time to the performance of his or her official duties and shall not have any pecuniary interest in, stock in, or bonds of any civil aeronautics enterprise. The director shall, before assuming the duties of the office, take and subscribe an oath, such as is required by state officers.

Sec. 4. Section 3-104, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to

- 3-104 (1) There is hereby created the Nebraska Aeronautics Commission which shall consist of five members, who shall be appointed by the Governor. The terms of office of the members of the commission initially appointed shall expire on March 1 of the years 1946, 1947, 1948, 1949, and 1950, as designated by the Governor in making the respective appointments. As the terms of members expire, the Governor shall, on or before March 1 of each year, appoint a member of the commission for a term of five years to succeed the member whose term expires. Each member shall serve until the appointment and qualification of his or her successor. In case of a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of the term of a member, the appointment shall be made only for the remainder of the term. All members of the commission shall be citizens and hope fide residents term. All members of the commission shall be citizens and bona fide residents of the state and, in making such an appointment, the Governor shall take into consideration the interest or training of the appointee in some one or all branches of aviation. The commission shall, in December of each year, select a chairperson for the ensuing year. The Director of Aeronautics shall serve as secretary as set forth in section 3-127. Three members shall constitute a quorum, and no action shall be taken by less than a majority of the commission.
- (2) The commission shall meet upon the written call of the chairperson, the director, or any two members of the commission. Regular meetings shall be held at the office of the <u>division</u> department but, whenever the convenience of the public or of the parties may be promoted or delay or expense may be prevented, the commission it may hold meetings or proceedings at any other place designated by it. All meetings of the commission shall be onen to the place designated by it. All meetings of the commission shall be open to the public. No member shall receive any salary for his or her service, but each shall be reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses incurred by him or her in the performance of his or her duties as provided in sections 81-1174 to 81-1177.
- (3)(a) Until December 31, 2017, it It shall be the duty of the commission to advise the Governor relative to the appointment of the Director of Aeronautics, and the commission a director and it shall report to the Governor whenever it feels that the <u>Director of Aeronautics</u> director is not properly fulfilling his or her duties.
- (b) Beginning January 1, 2018, the commission shall advise the Director-State Engineer relative to the appointment of the Director of Aeronautics, and the commission shall report to the Director-State Engineer whenever the commission feels that the Director of Aeronautics is not properly fulfilling his or her duties. The commission shall also advise the Governor on the general status and state of aviation in Nebraska.

 (c) The commission It shall further act in an advisory capacity to the
- <u>Director of Aeronautics and Director-State Engineer</u> director.
- (4) The commission shall have, in addition, the following specific duties: (a) (1) To allocate state funds and approve the use of federal funds to be spent for the construction or maintenance of airports; (b) (2) to designate the locations and approve sites of airports; (c) (3) to arrange and authorize the purchase of aircraft upon behalf of the state; (d) (4) to select and approve pilots to be employed by the state, if any; and (e) (5) to assist the <u>Director of Aeronautics director</u> in formulating the regulations and policies to be carried out by the <u>division</u> department under the terms of the State Aeronautics Department Act. The commission may allocate state funds for the promotion of aviation as defined for the purpose of this section by the <u>division</u> department by rule and regulation. The director may designate one or more members of the commission to represent the <u>division</u> department in conferences with officials of the federal government, of other states, of other agencies or municipalities of this state, or of persons owning privately owned public use airports.

 Sec. 5. Section 3-105, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to
- 3-105 The $\underline{\text{division}}$ $\underline{\text{department}}$ shall, within thirty days after its $\underline{\text{creation}}$, adopt a seal and $\underline{\text{adopt}}$ and $\underline{\text{promulgate}}$ $\underline{\text{make such}}$ rules and regulations for its administration. All rules, regulations, and orders of the Department of Aeronautics adopted prior to July 1, 2017, in connection with the powers, duties, and functions transferred to the Division of Aeronautics of the Department of Transportation pursuant to this legislative bill, shall continue to be effective until revised, amended, repealed, or nullified pursuant to law, not inconsistent herewith, as it may deem expedient. It may, from time to time, amend such rules and regulations. The fiscal year of the department shall confirm to the fiscal year of the state. conform to the fiscal year of the state.
- Sec. 6. Section 3-106, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, is amended to read:
- (1) Suitable offices shall be provided for the department in the 3-106 State Capitol. It may maintain offices at such other places in the state as it may designate and may incur the necessary expense for office furniture, stationery, printing, and other incidental or necessary expenses for the enforcement of the State Aeronautics Department Act and the general promotion

of aeronautics within the state.

(1) (2) The <u>division</u> department may purchase aircraft for the use of state government and may sell any state aircraft that is not needed or suitable for state uses. State aircraft shall be subject at all times to the written orders of the Governor for use and service in any branch of the state government. The <u>division</u> department shall establish an hourly rate for use of a state aircraft by a state official or agency. The hourly rate shall not include an amount to recover the cost of acquisition by purchase, but shall include amounts for items such as variable fuel and oil costs, routine maintenance costs, landing fees, and preventive maintenance reserves. <u>Such funds shall only be expended for the purposes provided for by this section.</u>

(3) The department may employ such clerical and other employees and assistants as it may deem necessary for the proper transaction of its business.

- (2) (4) It is the intent of the Legislature that the use of state-owned, chartered, or rented aircraft by the <u>division department</u> shall be for the sole purpose of state business. The <u>division department</u> shall electronically file with the Clerk of the Legislature a quarterly report on the <u>department's</u> use of all state-owned, chartered, or rented aircraft <u>by the division</u> that includes the following information for each trip: The name of the agency or other entity traveling; the name of each individual passenger; all purposes of the trip; the destination and intermediate stops; the miles flown; and the duration of the trip.
- Sec. 7. Section 3-107, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 3-107 The <u>division</u> department shall have general supervision over aeronautics within this state. It is empowered and directed to encourage, foster, and assist in the development of aeronautics in this state and encourage the establishment of airports and other air navigation facilities. No state funds herein appropriated or made available for the acquisition, engineering, construction, improvement, or maintenance of airports shall be expended upon any project or for any work upon any such project which is not done under the supervision of the <u>division</u> department. When any airport which has received state grant funds pursuant to <u>the provisions</u> of the State Aeronautics Department Act ceases to be an airport or a privately owned public use airport, the <u>division</u> department shall, consistent with all other provisions of state and federal law, seek to recover so much of the state funds provided to the airport as it may and shall deposit any such funds so recovered into the Department of Aeronautics Cash Fund.
- Sec. 8. Section 3-108, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 3-108 The division It shall cooperate with and assist the federal government, the political subdivisions of this state, and others engaged in aeronautics or the promotion of aeronautics, and seek to coordinate the aeronautical activities of these bodies. To this end, the division department is empowered to confer with or to hold joint hearings with any federal aeronautical agency in connection with any matter arising under the State Aeronautics Act sections 3-101 to 3-154, or relating to the sound development of aeronautics, and to avail itself of the cooperation, services, records, and facilities of such federal agencies, as fully as may be practicable, in the administration and enforcement of the act sections 3-101 to 3-154. The division It shall reciprocate by furnishing to the federal agencies its cooperation, services, records, and facilities, insofar as may be practicable. The division It shall report to the appropriate federal agency all accidents in aeronautics in this state of which it is informed and preserve, protect, and prevent the removal of the component parts of any aircraft involved in an accident being investigated by it until a federal agency institutes an investigation. The division $_{\tau}$ and shall report to the appropriate federal agency all refusals to register federal licenses, certificates, or permits and all revocations of certificates of registration, and the reasons therefor, and all penalties, of which it has knowledge, imposed upon airmen for violations of the laws of this state relating to aeronautics or for violations of the rules, regulations, or orders of the division department.
- Sec. 9. Section 3-109, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 3-109 The division It may (1) perform such acts, (2) issue and amend such orders, (3) adopt and make, promulgate, and amend such reasonable general or special rules, regulations, and procedure, and (4) establish such minimum standards, consistent with the State Aeronautics Act provisions of sections 3-101 to 3-154, as it shall deem necessary to carry out the act provisions of sections 3-101 to 3-154 and to perform its duties under the act as hereunder; all commensurate with and for the purpose of protecting and insuring the general public interest and safety, the safety of persons receiving instruction concerning, or operating, using, or traveling in aircraft, and of persons and property on land or water, and to develop and promote aeronautics in this state. No rule or regulation of the division department shall apply to airports or other air navigation facilities owned or controlled by the federal government within this state.
- government within this state.

 Sec. 10. Section 3-110, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 3-110 All rules and regulations adopted and promulgated by the division prescribed by the department under the authority of the State Aeronautics Act sections 3-101 to 3-154, shall be kept in conformity, as nearly as may be, with the then current federal legislation governing aeronautics, the regulations

duly promulgated thereunder, and rules and standards issued from time to time pursuant thereto.

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Sec. 11. Section 3-111, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-111 <u>The division</u> It shall keep on file with the Secretary of State and at the principal office of the <u>division</u> department a copy of all its rules and regulations for public inspection.

Sec. 12. Section 3-113, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-113 The <u>division</u> <u>department</u> may, insofar as is reasonably possible, offer its engineering or other technical services, without charge, to any municipality or to any person owning a privately owned public use airport desiring them in connection with the construction, maintenance, or operation or the proposed construction, maintenance, or operation of an airport or restricted landing area.

Sec. 13. Section 3-114, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-114 <u>The division</u> It may draft and recommend necessary legislation to advance the interests of the state in aeronautics and represent the state in aeronautical matters before federal agencies and other state agencies.

Sec. 14. Section 3-115, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-115 <u>The division</u> It may participate as party plaintiff or defendant, or as intervenor on behalf of this the state, or any municipality or citizen thereof, in any controversy having to do with any claimed encroachment by the federal government or any foreign state upon any state or individual rights pertaining to aeronautics.

Sec. 15. Section 3-116, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-116 The division, the director It shall be the duty of the department, the Director of Aeronautics, and every state, county, and municipal officer, charged with the enforcement of state and municipal laws, shall to enforce and assist in the enforcement of the State Aeronautics Department Act, all rules and regulations adopted and promulgated issued pursuant thereto, and all other laws of this state relating to aeronautics. In the aid of such enforcement, general police powers are hereby conferred upon the director Director of Aeronautics, and such of the officers and employees of the division department as may be designated by it, to exercise such powers. The division department is further authorized, in the name of this state, to enforce the act and the rules and regulations adopted and promulgated issued pursuant thereto by injunction in the courts of this state. Municipalities and persons owning privately owned public use airports are authorized to cooperate with the division department in the development of aeronautics and aeronautical facilities in this state. The division department may use the facilities and services of other agencies of the state to the utmost extent possible and such agencies are authorized and directed to make available such facilities and services. The department may also, with the approval of the Governor, contract with or employ the Department of Roads to maintain airports or perform necessary engineering service in carrying out the act.

Sec. 16. Section 3-117, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-117 The <u>director Director of Aeronautics</u>, or any officer or employee of the <u>division</u> <u>department</u> designated by it, shall have the power to hold investigations, inquiries, and hearings concerning matters covered by the <u>State Aeronautics Act provisions of sections 3-101 to 3-154</u> and orders, rules, and regulations of the <u>division department</u> and concerning accidents in aeronautics within this state. All hearings so conducted shall be open to the public. The <u>director Director of Aeronautics</u>, and every officer or employee of the <u>division department</u> designated by it to hold any inquiry, investigation, or hearing, shall have power to administer oaths and affirmations, certify to all official acts, issue subpoenas, and compel the attendance and testimony of witnesses, and the production of papers, books, and documents. In case of a failure to comply with any subpoena or order issued under the authority of <u>the act sections 3-101 to 3-154</u>, the <u>division department</u> or its authorized representative may invoke the aid of any court of this state of general jurisdiction. The court may thereupon order the witness to comply with the requirements of the subpoena or order or to give evidence touching the matter in question. Any failure to obey the order of the court may be punished by the court as a contempt thereof.

Sec. 17. Section 3-118, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-118 In order to facilitate the making of investigations by the <u>division</u> department, in the interest of public safety and the promotion of aeronautics, the public interest requires, and it is, therefor, provided, that the reports of investigations or hearings, or any part thereof, shall not be admitted in evidence or used for any purpose in any suit, action, or proceeding, growing out of any matter referred to in <u>the said</u> investigation, hearing, or report thereof, except in case of criminal or other proceedings instituted on behalf of the <u>division</u> department or this state under the <u>State Aeronautics Act provisions of sections 3-101 to 3-154</u> and other laws of this state relating to aeronautics, nor shall any <u>member of the commission</u>, the <u>director commissioner</u>, the <u>Director of Aeronautics</u>, or any officer or employee of the <u>division department</u> be required to testify to any facts ascertained in, or information

gained by reason of, his $\underline{\text{or her}}$ official capacity, or be required to testify as an expert witness in any suit, action, or proceeding involving any aircraft. Subject to the foregoing provisions, the <u>division</u> department may, in its Subject to the foregoing provisions, the <u>division</u> department may, in its discretion, make available to appropriate federal and state agencies information and material developed in the course of its hearings and investigations.

Sec. 18. Section 3-119, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-119 The <u>division</u> <u>department</u> may render assistance in the acquisition, development, operation, or maintenance of privately owned public use airports or airports owned, controlled, or operated or to be owned, controlled, or operated by municipalities in this state out of appropriations made by the Legislature for that purpose.

Sec. 19. Section 3-120, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended

3-120 The division It may enter into any contracts necessary to the execution of the powers granted it by the State Aeronautics Act sections 3-101 to 3-154.

Sec. 20. Section 3-121, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

The division It shall grant no exclusive right for the use of any airway, airport, restricted landing area, or other air navigation facility under its jurisdiction. This section shall not prevent the making of leases in accordance with other provisions of the State Aeronautics Act sections 3-101 to

Sec. 21. Section 3-123, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-123 The <u>division</u> department is authorized to cooperate with government of the United States, and any agency or department thereof, in the acquisition, construction, improvement, maintenance, and operation of airports and other air navigation facilities in this state, and to comply with the provisions of the laws of the United States and any regulations made thereunder for the expenditure of federal money upon such airports and other navigation facilities.

Sec. 22. Section 3-124, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-124 The <u>division</u> <u>department</u> is authorized to accept federal and other money, either public or private, for and on behalf of this state, any municipality, or any person owning a privately owned public use airport, for the acquisition, construction, improvement, maintenance, and operation of airports and other air navigation facilities, whether such work is to be done by the state, by such municipalities, or by any person owning a privately owned public use airport, or jointly, aided by grants of aid from the United States, upon such terms and conditions as are or may be prescribed by the laws of the United States and any <u>rules</u> or regulations <u>made</u> thereunder. The <u>division</u> <u>department</u> may act as agent of any municipality of this state or any person owning a privately owned public use airport, upon the request of such municipality or person, in accepting such money in its behalf for airports or other air navigation facility purposes, and in contracting for the acquisition. 3-124 The <u>division</u> department is authorized to accept federal and other other air navigation facility purposes, and in contracting for the acquisition, construction, improvement, maintenance, or operation of airports or other air navigation facilities, financed either in whole or in part by federal money, and such person or the governing body of any such municipality is authorized to designate the <u>division</u> department as its agent for such purposes and to enter into an agreement with the division it proscribing the terms and conditions of into an agreement with the division it prescribing the terms and conditions of such agency in accordance with federal laws, rules, and regulations and with the State Aeronautics Department Act. Such money as is paid over by the United States Government shall be retained by the state or paid over to the municipalities or persons under such terms and conditions as may be imposed by the United States Government in making such grants.

Sec. 23. Section 3-125, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-125 All contracts for the acquisition, construction, improvement, maintenance, and operation of airports or other air navigation facilities made by the $\underline{\text{division}}$ department, either as the agent of this state, as the agent of any municipality, or as the agent of any person owning a privately owned public use airport, shall be made pursuant to the laws of this state governing the making of like contracts. When the acquisition, construction, improvement, maintenance, and operation of any airport, landing strip, or other air navigation facility is financed wholly or partially with federal money, the division department, as agent of the state, of any municipality, or of any person owning a privately owned public use airport, may let contracts in the manner prescribed by the federal authorities, acting under the laws of the United States, and any rules or regulations made thereunder, notwithstanding any other state law to the contrary. any other state law to the contrary. Sec. 24. Section 3-126, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended

3-126 The Department of Aeronautics Cash Fund is created. All money received by the <u>division</u> department department pursuant to the State Aeronautics Department Act shall be remitted to the State Treasurer for credit to the fund. The <u>division</u> department is authorized, whether acting for this state, as the agent of any of its municipalities, or as the agent of any person owning a privately owned public use airport, or when requested by the United States Government or any agency or department thereof, to disburse such money.

Transfers may be made from the fund to the General Fund at the direction of the Legislature through June 30, 2011. Any money in the Department of Aeronautics Cash Fund available for investment shall be invested by the state investment officer pursuant to the Nebraska Capital Expansion Act and the Nebraska State Funds Investment Act. The State Treasurer shall transfer any money in the Department of Aeronautics Cash Fund on the operative date of this act to the Aeronautics Cash Fund.

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Sec. 25. Section 3-127, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-127 The director shall (1) be the administrative officer of the department, (2) administer the <u>State Aeronautics Act</u>, provisions of sections 3-101 to 3-154 and the rules and τ regulations adopted and promulgated under the act, and orders established under the act, thereunder and all other laws of the state relative to aeronautics, (2) (3) attend and serve as secretary, but not vote, at, all meetings of the commission, (3) (4) appoint, subject to the provisions of section 3-104, such experts, field and office assistants, clerks, and other employees as may be required and authorized for the proper discharge of the functions of the <u>division</u> department and for whose services funds have been appropriated, (4) (5) be in charge of the offices of the <u>division</u> department and responsible for the preparation of reports and collection and dissemination of data and other public information relating to aeronautics, and (5) (6) execute all contracts entered into by the <u>division</u> department which are legally authorized and for which funds are <u>appropriated</u> provided in any appropriation act.

Sec. 26. Section 3-128, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-128 In order to safeguard and promote the general public interest and safety, the safety of persons using or traveling in aircraft and of persons and property on the ground, and the interest of aeronautical progress requiring that airports, restricted landing areas, and air navigation facilities be suitable for the purposes for which they are designed and to carry out the purposes of the State Aeronautics Department Act, the <u>division</u> department may: Recommend airport and restricted landing area sites; license airports, restricted landing areas, or other air navigation facilities; and provide for the renewal and revocation of such licenses in accordance with rules and regulations adopted and promulgated by the <u>division</u> department.

Sec. 27. Section 3-131, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended

to read:

3-131 The federal license, certificate, or permit, and the evidence of registration in this or another state, if any, required for an airman shall be kept in the personal possession of the airman when the airman he is operating within this state and must be presented for inspection upon the demand of any passenger, peace officer of this state, authorized official or employee of the <u>division</u> department, or official, manager, or person in charge of any airport in this state upon which the airman he shall land or the reasonable request of any other person. The federal aircraft license, certificate, or permit, required for aircraft must be carried in every aircraft operating in this state at all times and must be conspicuously posted therein where it may readily be seen by passengers or inspectors and must be presented for inspection upon the demand of any passenger, peace officer of this state, authorized official or employee of the <u>division</u> department, <u>or</u> official, manager, or person in charge of any airport in this state upon which <u>the airman</u> it shall land or the reasonable request of any person.

Sec. 28. Section 3-133, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended

to read:

3-133 Any proposed airport or restricted landing area shall be first licensed by the <u>division</u> department before such airport or area shall be used or operated. Any municipality or person acquiring property for the purpose of constructing or establishing an airport or restricted landing area shall, prior to such acquisition, make application to the <u>division</u> department for a certificate of approval of the site selected and the general purpose or purposes for which the property is to be acquired, to insure that the property and its use shall conform to minimum standards of safety and shall serve the public interest. It shall be unlawful for any municipality or officer or employee thereof, or for any person, to operate an airport or restricted landing area for which a license has not been issued by the <u>division</u> department. department.

Sec. 29. Section 3-134, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-134 Whenever the <u>division</u> Department of Aeronautics makes an order granting or denying a certificate of approval of an airport or a restricted landing area, or an original license to use or operate an airport, restricted landing area, or other air navigation facility, and the applicant or any interested municipality, within fifteen days after notice of such order has been sent the applicant by registered or certified mail, demands a public hearing or whenever the division department decires to hold a public hearing. hearing, or whenever the division department desires to hold a public hearing, before making an order, such a public hearing in relation thereto shall be held in the municipality applying for the certificate of approval or license or, in case the application was made by anyone other than a municipality, at the county seat of the county in which the proposed airport, restricted landing area, or other air navigation facility is proposed to be situated, or the major portion thereof, if located in more than one county, at which hearing all parties in interest and other persons shall have an experturity to be heard. parties in interest and other persons shall have an opportunity to be heard.

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Notice of the hearing shall be published by the <u>division</u> department in a legal newspaper published in or of general circulation in the county in which the hearing is to be held, at least twice, the first publication to be at least fifteen days prior to the date of hearing. After a proper and timely demand has been made, the order shall be stayed until after the hearing, when the <u>division</u> department may affirm, modify, or reverse it, or make a new order. If no hearing is demanded, as herein provided, the order shall become effective upon the expiration of the time permitted for making a demand. Where a certificate of approval of an airport or restricted landing area has been issued by the <u>division</u> department, it may grant a license for its operation and use, and no hearing may be demanded thereon.

Sec. 30. Section 3-135, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-135 In determining whether <u>to</u> <u>it shall</u> issue a certificate of approval or license for the use or operation of any proposed airport or restricted landing area, the <u>division</u> <u>department</u> shall take into consideration (1) its proposed location, size, and layout, (2) the relationship of the proposed airport or restricted landing area to a comprehensive plan for statewide and nationwide development, (3) whether there are safe areas available for expansion purposes, (4) whether the adjoining area is free from obstructions based on a proper glide ratio, (5) the nature of the terrain, (6) the nature of the uses to which the proposed airport or restricted landing area will be put, and (7) the possibilities for future development.

Sec. 31. Section 3-137, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-137 The <u>division</u> department is empowered to temporarily or permanently revoke any certificate of approval or license issued by it when it shall determine that an airport, restricted landing area, or other navigation facility is not being maintained or used in accordance with the <u>State Aeronautics Act provisions of sections 3-101 to 3-154</u> and the rules and regulations lawfully <u>adopted and promulgated promulgated of Nebroeke is a granded and promulgated of Nebroeke is a granded of the provision of Nebroeke is a granded of the provision of Nebroeke is a granded of Nebroeke is a granded</u>

Sec. 32. Section 3-139, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-139 If the division In any case where the Department of Aeronautics refuses to (1) issue a certificate of approval of a license or the renewal of a license for an airport, restricted landing area, or other air navigation facility, or (2) permit the registration of any license, certificate, or permit, the division it shall set forth its reasons therefor and shall state the requirements to be met before such approval will be given, registration permitted, license granted, or order modified or changed. Any order, made by the division department pursuant to the State Aeronautics Act provisions of sections 3-101 to 3-154, shall be served upon the interested persons by either registered or certified mail or in person. To carry out the act, provisions of sections 3-101 to 3-154 the director, officers, and employees of the division department and any officers, state or municipal, charged with the duty of enforcing the act sections 3-101 to 3-154 may inspect and examine at reasonable hours any premises, and the buildings and other structures thereon, where airports, restricted landing areas, flying clubs, or other air navigation facilities or aeronautical activities are operated or carried on.

Sec 33 Section 3-140 Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska is amended

Sec. 33. Section 3-140, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-140 Any person aggrieved by an order of the <u>division</u> <u>department</u> or by the granting or denial of any license, certificate, or registration may appeal the order or such granting or denial, and the appeal shall be in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act.

Sec. 34. Section 3-141, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-141 The division department is authorized and empowered, on behalf of and in the name of this state, within the limitation of available appropriations, to (1) acquire, by purchase, gift, devise, lease, condemnation proceedings, or otherwise, real or personal property for the purpose of establishing and constructing airports, restricted landing areas, and other air navigation facilities, (2) acquire in like manner, own, control, establish, construct, enlarge, improve, maintain, equip, operate, regulate, and police such airports, restricted landing areas, and other air navigation facilities either within or without this state, (3) make, prior to any such acquisition, investigations, surveys, and plans, (4) erect, install, construct, and maintain at such airports facilities for the servicing of aircraft and for the comfort and accommodation of air travelers, and (5) dispose of any such property, airport, or restricted landing area or any other air navigation facility by sale, lease, or otherwise, in accordance with the laws of this state governing the disposition of other like property of the state. The division It may not, however, acquire or take over any airport, restricted landing area, or other air navigation facility owned or controlled by a municipality of this state without the consent of such municipality. The division It may erect, equip, operate, and maintain on any airport such buildings and equipment as are necessary and proper to establish, maintain, and conduct such airport and air navigation facilities connected therewith.

Sec. 35. Section 3-142, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-142 Where necessary, in order to provide unobstructed air space for the landing and taking off of aircraft utilizing airports and restricted landing areas acquired or operated under the <u>State Aeronautics Act</u>, the division may

provisions of sections 3-101 to 3-154, it is hereby granted authority to acquire, in the same manner as is provided for the acquisition of property for airport purposes, easements through or other interests in air space over land or water, interest in airport hazards outside the boundaries of the airports or restricted landing areas, and such other airport protection privileges as are necessary to insure safe approaches to the landing areas of the said airports and restricted landing areas and the safe and efficient operation thereof. The division may It is also hereby authorized to acquire, in the same manner, the right or easement, for a term of years or perpetually, to place or maintain suitable marks for the daytime marking and suitable lights for the nighttime marking of airport hazards, including the right of ingress and egress to or from such airport hazards for the purpose of maintaining and repairing such lights and marks. This authority shall not be so construed as to limit the lights and marks. This authority shall not be so construed as to limit the right, power, or authority of the state or any municipality to zone property adjacent to any airport or restricted landing area pursuant to any law of this state.

Sec. 36. Section 3-143, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-143 The <u>division</u> department may engage in all activities jointly with the United States, with other states, with municipalities or other agencies of this state, and with persons owning privately owned public use airports.

Sec. 37. Section 3-144, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-144 The <u>division</u> department may exercise the right of eminent domain, in the name of the state, for the purpose of acquiring any property which it is the name of the state, for the purpose of acquiring any property which it is herein authorized to acquire by condemnation. The procedure to condemn property shall be exercised in the manner set forth in sections 76-704 to 76-724. The fact that the property so needed has been acquired by the owner under power of eminent domain shall not prevent its acquisition by the division such department by the exercise of the right of eminent domain herein conferred in the State Aeronautics Act. The division It shall not be precluded from abandoning the condemnation of any such property in any case where possession thereof has not been taken. Nothing in the State Aeronautics Department Act shall be construed as granting to privately owned public use airports the shall be construed as granting to privately owned public use airports the authority to exercise the power of eminent domain nor shall anything in the State Aeronautics Department Act be construed as granting to the <u>division</u> department or any municipality the authority to exercise the right of eminent domain for the purpose of acquiring lands or easements for the sole use or benefit of privately owned public use airports.

Sec. 38. Section 3-145, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

The division It may (1) lease, for a term not exceeding ten years, such airports, other air navigation facilities, or real property acquired or set apart for airport purposes, to private parties, any municipal or state government, the national government, or any department of any such government for operation, (2) lease or assign, for a term not exceeding ten years, to private parties, any municipal or state government, the national government, or any department of any such government for operation or other use consistent any department of any such government for operation or other use consistent with the purposes of the State Aeronautics Act sections 3-101 to 3-154, space, area, improvements, or equipment on such airports, (3) sell any part of such airports, other air navigation facilities, or real property to any municipal or state government, or to the United States or any department or instrumentality thereof, for aeronautical purposes or purposes incidental thereto, and (4) confer the privilege or concession of supplying, upon the airports, goods, commodities, things, services, and facilities, so long as; Provided, that in each case in so doing the public is not deprived of its rightful, equal, and uniform use thereof. uniform use thereof.

Sec. 39. Section 3-146, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

 $\underline{\text{The division may}}$ $\underline{\text{It shall have the authority to}}$ determine the 3-146 charges or rental for the use of any properties and the charges for any service or accommodations under its control and the terms and conditions under which such properties may be used, so long as ; Provided, that in all cases the public shall not be deprived of its rightful, equal, and uniform use of such property. Charges shall be reasonable and uniform for the same class of service and established with due regard to the property and improvements used and the expenses of operation to the state. To enforce the payment of charges, the state shall have a lien which the <u>division</u> department may enforce, substantially as is provided by law for liens and the enforcement thereof, for repairs to or the improvement, storage, or care of any personal property.

Sec. 40. Section 3-147, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended

3-147 The acquisition of any lands for the purpose of establishing airports or other air navigation facilities; the acquisition of any airport protection privileges; the acquisition, establishment, construction, enlargement, improvement, maintenance, equipment, and operation of airports and other air navigation facilities, whether by the state separately or jointly with any municipality, municipalities, or any person owning a privately owned public use airport; the assistance of this state in any such acquisition, establishment, construction, enlargement, improvement, maintenance, equipment, and operation; and the exercise of any other powers herein granted to the division department are hereby declared to be public and governmental functions exercised for a public purpose and matters of public necessity. Such lands and LB339 2017 LB339

other property and privileges acquired are declared to be public property.

Sec. 41. Section 3-148, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-148 There is hereby imposed a tax of five cents per gallon upon aviation gasoline and a tax of three cents per gallon upon aviation jet fuel purchased for and used in aircraft within the State of Nebraska. Such aircraft tax shall be levied, collected, and refunded in the manner provided in Chapter 66, article 4, with reference to other motor fuel. The State Treasurer shall credit the aircraft tax and fees so collected and remitted to a special fund to be known as the Aircraft Fuel Tax Fund, which fund shall be distributed as provided in this section. The State Treasurer shall make all refunds as provided in sections 3-150 and 3-151 from the fund, and the balance of the aircraft tax shall be credited to the Department of Aeronautics Cash Fund.

For purposes of this section, aviation gasoline <u>means</u> shall mean fuel used in aircraft meeting the criteria established for motor vehicle fuel in section 66-482. The terms aviation fuel and aircraft fuel as used in the statutes <u>shall</u> include both aviation gasoline and aviation jet fuel.

Sec. 42. Section 3-149, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-149 The suppliers, distributors, wholesalers, and importers defined in Chapter 66, article 4, shall collect the tax as prescribed in section 3-148, keep an account thereof separately from other fuel tax, and remit the tax collected accordingly to the Tax Commissioner. The Tax Commissioner shall remit the tax to the State Treasurer in the same manner as is provided by law for the collection and remittance of motor vehicle fuel tax. No other or different tax shall be imposed for fuel bought for and used in aircraft. Such tax shall be used for the purposes set forth in the State Aeronautics Department Act. The penalty for violation of the provisions of this section relating to the collection and remittance of the tax shall be the same as set forth for the violation of the law with reference to the motor fuel tax contained in Chapter 66, article 7, and the right of enforcement and the penalties shall be likewise applicable as set forth therein.

Sec. 43. Section 3-152, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-152 Any person violating any of the provisions of <u>the State Aeronautics</u> Act sections 3-101 to 3-154, or any of the rules, regulations, or orders adopted, promulgated, or issued pursuant thereto, shall be guilty of a Class II misdemeanor.

Sec. 44. Section 3-154, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-154 Sections 3-101 to $\frac{3-159}{4}$ and $\frac{50}{4}$ sections $\frac{50}{4}$ of this act shall be $\frac{50}{4}$ may be cited as the State Aeronautics Department Act.

Sec. 45. Section 3-155, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-155 (1) The <u>division</u> Department of Aeronautics is hereby authorized and directed to dispose of all real property held by the <u>division</u> department and formerly used by the United States as army airfields, and which is not required for airport operational use purposes. The <u>division</u> department shall seek approval from the Federal Aviation Administration to dispose of such property. The property may be platted and subdivided into lots or parcels to be sold separately so as to obtain the greatest total sale price.

(2) The <u>division</u> department shall dedicate the necessary roads for airport access and shall reserve such easements for access, utilities, drainage, and other purposes as may be necessary or convenient to maintain the airports as operational. The sales may be made subject to such terms, conditions, and restrictions as may be required by the deeds by which such property was conveyed to the State of Nebraska by the Federal Aviation Administration. When approval is received, the <u>division</u> department shall have such property appraised by noninterested appraisers qualified to make appraisals based on experience and who have professional status as appraisers of real property. The appraisers shall be selected by the <u>division</u> department based on competitive bids received after three weeks' notice of invitation for bids has been published in at least two newspapers of general circulation throughout the state. The notice shall state that the selection shall be made of the lowest and best qualified bidders, and that the <u>division</u> department reserves the right to reject any and all bids and to readvertise for further bids.

(3) Each appraiser's report shall contain (a) (1) an opinion as to the

(3) Each appraiser's report shall contain (a) (1) an opinion as to the fair market value of the lands appraised, showing a segregation of actual land value, elements and basis of damage, and depreciated in place value of buildings and improvements, if any, (b) (2) a report of income derived from the land in recent years, (c) (3) the adaptability of the land, including the most profitable or highest and best use, (d) (4) a report of a personal inspection of the lands appraised, including a detailed description of their physical characteristics and conditions, (e) (5) the general history of the property and its environs, and a statement of the character of the area surrounding the land being appraised, indicating any of the favorable and unfavorable influences, (f) (6) a listing of recent sales of similar property in the area, showing seller, purchaser, date of sale, selling price, acreage involved, buildings and improvements involved, if any, and an estimate of the value of such improvements, and if there is a difference in value between comparable sales and the property appraised, a discussion of the difference in value to be included, (g) (7) a listing of recent offerings for sale of property in the same general area, including the property being appraised, if recently offered,

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and the prices quoted, if any, $\underline{(h)}$ (8) a trend of land values in the area and current land or real estate market conditions, $\underline{(i)}$ (9) the actual valuation of real property in the community, (j) (10) the effective date of valuation, (k) (11) a statement of the qualifications of the appraiser including a statement by the appraiser that he <u>or she</u> has no personal interest, present or prospective, in the land being appraised, and (1) (12) the signature of the appraiser and date of report.

(4) Such property shall be sold to the highest bidder, but in no case shall such property be sold at less than the appraised value. Notice of such sale and time and place where the same will be held shall be given as provided in section 72-258. When the highest bid is less than the appraised value, the sale shall be canceled and except for property leased pursuant to section 3-157 the property shall be offered for sale again within one year after the date of the previous offering.

Sec. 46. Section 3-156, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-156 The Department of Aeronautics Trust Fund is created. The necessary expenses incurred in the sale of property under section 3-155 shall be paid from the Department of Aeronautics Cash Fund, and the proceeds from the sale of such property shall be credited to the Department of Aeronautics Trust Fund after reimbursement of costs of sale have been made to the Department of Aeronautics Cash Fund. The net proceeds from the disposal of such property shall be used by the <u>division Department of Aeronautics</u> in conformance with any agreements upon which the Federal Aviation Administration conditions its shall be used by the <u>division</u> Department of Aeronautics in conformance with any agreements upon which the Federal Aviation Administration conditions its consent to the sale of the aforementioned land and the quit claim deeds (1) filed in the office of the register of deeds of Dodge County on November 17, 1947, and recorded in Deeds Record 89 on page 342 and September 16, 1948, and recorded in Deeds Record 89 on page 578, (2) filed in the office of the register of deeds of Red Willow County on September 16, 1948, in Deeds Record 71 on page 17, September 14, 1966, in Deeds Record 91 on page 281, and December 17, 1968, in Deeds Record 93 on page 549, (3) filed in the office of the register of deeds of Clay County on November 17, 1947, in Deeds Record 86 on page 561, September 16, 1948, in Deeds Record 87 on page 148, and March 14, 1968, in Deeds Record 95 on page 321, (4) filed in the office of the register of deeds of Fillmore County on September 16, 1948, in Deeds Record 39 on page 229, February 21, 1968, in Deeds Record 25 on page 90, January 26, 1948, in Deeds Record 39 on page 236, and February 13, 1968, in Deeds Record 25 on page 83, and (5) filed in the office of the register of deeds of Thayer County on January 31, 1948, in Deeds office of the register of deeds of Thayer County on January 31, 1948, in Deeds Record 48 on page 493, September 16, 1948, in Deeds Record 48 on page 581, and December 29, 1967, in Deeds Record 58 on page 531, and the rules and regulations of the Federal Aviation Administration, part 155, adopted December 1969, and 7, 1962. Any money in the Department of Aeronautics Trust Fund available for investment shall be invested by the state investment officer pursuant to the Nebraska Capital Expansion Act and the Nebraska State Funds Investment Act. The State Treasurer shall transfer any money in the Department of Aeronautics Trust Fund on the operative date of this act to the Aeronautics Trust Fund.

Sec. 47. Section 3-157, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended

3-157 The <u>division</u> Department of Aeronautics may lease for a period not exceeding twelve years real property held by the <u>division</u> department that has been offered for sale for two consecutive years and has not been sold. The lease shall provide for annual rental payments based on fair rental value. The rental payments shall be deposited in the Department of Aeronautics Cash Fund. The <u>division</u> department shall cause reappraisals to be made of the land under lease when it deems it necessary due to changes in buildings or improvements, changes in the land, or for other reasons. The <u>division</u> department may, after the expiration of any lease, offer such land for sale by public auction as set forth in section 3-155 or may enter into another lease.

Sec. 48. Section 3-158, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended

3-158 Any person who in the ordinary course of his or her business rents an aircraft to another person shall deliver to the renter a written notice stating the nature and extent of insurance coverage provided, if any, for the renter against loss of or damage to the hull of the aircraft or liability arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of the aircraft. The notice shall contain the name of the person giving the notice and shall be in the form prescribed by rule or regulation which the division Department of Aeronautics shall adopt and promulgate.

Sec. 49. Section 3-159, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, is amended to read:

3-159 The Executive Board of the Legislative Council pursuant to the authority granted in Laws 2013, LB194, section 9, commissioned an independent study to enable the Legislature to determine whether the state should purchase or otherwise acquire an aircraft for state purposes and what type of aircraft should be acquired, if any. After completion and review of the study, the Legislature authorized authorizes the Department of Aeronautics to purchase a new aircraft in 2014. It is the intent of the Legislature to fund the purchase with General Funds and other funds. The Legislature also directed directs the with General Funds and other funds. The Legislature also directed directs the department, upon taking possession of a new aircraft, to sell the state's 1982 Piper Cheyenne aircraft, with the proceeds retained by the department for use for preventive maintenance funding for the new aircraft.

On and after July 1, 2017, positions of employment in the

Department of Aeronautics related to the powers, duties, and functions transferred pursuant to this legislative bill are transferred to the Division of Aeronautics of the Department of Transportation. For purposes of the transition, employees of the Department of Aeronautics shall be considered employees of the Department of Transportation and shall retain their rights. employees of the Department of Transportation and shall retain their rights <u>under the state personnel system or pertinent bargaining agreement, and their</u> service shall be deemed continuous. This section does not grant employees any new rights or benefits not otherwise provided by law or bargaining agreement or preclude the division or the director from exercising any of the prerogatives of management set forth in section 81-1311 or as otherwise provided by law. This section is not an amendment to or substitute for the provisions of any existing bargaining agreements.

Sec. 51. On and after July 1, 2017, whenever the Department of Aeronautics is referred to or designated by any contract or other document in connection with the duties and functions transferred to the Division of Aeronautics of the Department of Transportation pursuant to this legislative bill, such reference or designation shall apply to such division. All contracts entered into by the Department of Aeronautics prior to July 1, 2017, connection with the duties and functions transferred to the division are hereby recognized, with the division succeeding to all rights and obligations under such contracts. Any cash funds, custodial funds, gifts, trusts, grants, and any appropriations of funds from prior fiscal years available to satisfy obligations incurred under such contracts shall be transferred and appropriated to the division for the payments of such obligations. All documents and records transferred, or copies of the same, may be authenticated or certified by the division for all legal purposes.

Sec. 52. No suit, action, or other proceeding, judicial or administrative, lawfully commenced prior to July 1, 2017, or which could have been commenced prior to that date, by or against the Department of Agranduces, or the director or any employee thereof in such director's or employee's official capacity or in relation to the discharge of his or her official duties, shall abate by reason of the transfer of duties and functions from the Department of Aeronautics to the Division of Aeronautics of the Department of <u>Transportation</u>.

Sec. 53. On and after July 1, 2017, unless otherwise specified, whenever any provision of law refers to the Department of Aeronautics in connection with duties and functions transferred to the Division of Aeronautics of the Department of Transportation, such law shall be construed as referring to such

On July 1, 2017, all items of property, real and personal, including office furniture and fixtures, books, documents, and records of the <u>Department of Aeronautics pertaining to the duties and functions transferred to</u> the Division of Aeronautics of the Department of Transportation pursuant to

this legislative bill shall become the property of such division.

Any appropriation and salary limit provided in any legislative bill enacted by the One Hundred Fifth Legislature, First Session, to Agency No. 17, Department of Aeronautics, in the following program classifications, shall be null and void, and any such amounts are hereby appropriated to Agency No. 27, Transportation: Program No. 26, Administration and Services; <u>Department</u> of Program No. 301, Public Airports; and Program No. 596, State-Owned Aircraft. Any financial obligations of the Department of Aeronautics that remain unpaid as of June 30, 2017, and that are subsequently certified as valid encumbrances to the accounting division of the Department of Administrative Services pursuant to sections 81-138.01 to 81-138.04, shall be paid by the Division of Aeronautics of the Department of Transportation the unexpended balance of appropriations existing in such program classifications on June 30, 2017.

Sec. 55. Section 3-201, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-201 For the purpose of the Revised Airports Act, unless herein specifically otherwise provided in the act, the definitions of words, terms, and phrases appearing in the State Aeronautics Department Act of this state are and phrases appearing in the State Aeronautics Department Act of this state are hereby adopted. The following words, terms, and phrases shall in the Revised Airports Act act have the meanings herein given in this section, unless otherwise specifically defined, or unless another intention clearly appears, or the context otherwise requires: (1) Municipality means any county, city, or village of this state or any city airport authority established pursuant to the Cities Airport Authorities Act and (2) airport purposes means and includes airport, restricted landing area, and other air navigation facility purposes.

Sec. 56. Section 3-201.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

amended to read:

3-201.01 Any proposed airport, restricted landing area, or other air navigation facility which will be in existence for less than thirty consecutive days shall first be approved by the <u>Division Department</u> of Aeronautics of the <u>Department of Transportation</u> before any such airport, landing area, or other facility shall be used or operated. Any municipality or person proposing the use of property for such purpose shall first make application for a temporary permit for the site selected and the general purpose or purposes for which the property will be used, to insure that the property and its use shall conform to minimum standards of safety and shall serve the public interest. Designation of the location and approval of sites for the proposed temporary airports, restricted landing areas, and other air navigation facilities as provided in section 3-104 may be delegated to the <u>division</u> department by the Nebraska Aeronautics Commission. The provisions of this section shall not apply to LB339 LB339 2017 2017

restricted landing areas designated for personal use pursuant to section 3-136. Sec. 57. Section 3-215, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended

- 3-215 In addition to the general power <u>conferred</u> in <u>the Revised Airports</u> Act sections 3-201 to 3-238 and section 18-1502 conferred, and without limitation thereof, a municipality which has established or may hereafter establish airports, restricted landing areas, or other air navigation facilities, or which has acquired or set apart or may hereafter acquire or set apart real property for such purpose or purposes, is hereby authorized:
- (1) To vest authority for the construction, enlargement, improvement, maintenance, equipment, operation, and regulation thereof in an officer, a board, or <u>a</u> body of such municipality by ordinance or resolution which shall prescribe the powers and duties of such officer, board, or body. The expense of
- such construction, enlargement, improvement, maintenance, equipment, operation, and regulation shall be a responsibility of the municipality;

 (2) To adopt and amend all needful rules, regulations, and ordinances for the management, government, and use of any properties under its control, whether within or without the territorial limits of the municipality; to appoint airport guards or police, with full police powers; to fix by ordinance or resolution, as may be appropriate, penalties for the violation of <u>the</u> said rules, regulations, and ordinances, and enforce the said penalties in the same manner in which penalties prescribed by other rules, regulations, and ordinances of the municipality are enforced. For the purposes of such management, government, and direction of public use, such part of all highways, roads, streets, avenues, boulevards, and territory as adjoins, or lies within five hundred feet of the limits of any airport or restricted landing area acquired or maintained under the Revised Airports Act provisions of sections 3-201 to 3-238 and section 18-1502 shall be under like control and management of the municipality. It may also adopt and enact rules, regulations, and ordinances designed to safeguard the public upon or beyond the limits of private airports or landing strips within such municipality or its police jurisdiction against the perils and hazards of instrumentalities used in aerial navigation. Rules, regulations, and ordinances shall be published as provided by general law or the charter of the municipality for the publication of similar rules, regulations, and ordinances. They must conform to and be consistent with the laws of this state and the rules and regulations of the <u>Division</u> Department of Aeronautics of the Department of Transportation state and shall be kept in conformity, as nearly as may be, with the then current federal legislation governing aeronautics and the regulations duly promulgated thereunder and rules and standards issued from time to time pursuant thereto;
- (3) To lease for a term not exceeding ten years such airports, other air navigation facilities, or real property acquired or set apart for airport purposes to private parties, any municipal or state government, the national government, or any department of any such government for operation; to lease or assign space, area, improvements, or equipment on such airports for a term not exceeding ten years to private parties, any municipal or state government, the national government, or any department of any such government for operation or use consistent with the purposes of the Revised Airports Act sections 3-201 to 3-238 and section 18-1502; to sell any part of such airports, other air navigation facilities, or real property to any municipal or state government, or to the United States or any department or instrumentality thereof, for aeronautical purposes or purposes incidental thereto, and to confer the privileges or concessions of supplying upon its airports goods, commodities, things, services, and facilities, so long as, ; Provided, that in each case, the public is not thereby deprived of its rightful, equal, and uniform use thereof:
- (4) To sell or lease any real or personal property, acquired for airport purposes and belonging to the municipality, which, in the judgment of its governing body, may not be required for aeronautic purposes, in accordance with the laws of this state, or the provisions of the charter of the municipality, governing the sale or leasing of similar municipally owned property. The proceeds of the sale of any property the purchase price of which was obtained by the sale of bonds shall be deposited in the sinking fund from which funds have been authorized to be taken to finance such bonds. In the event all the proceeds of such sale are not needed to pay the principal of $\underline{\text{the said}}$ bonds remaining unpaid, the remainder shall be paid into the general fund of the municipality. The proceeds of sales of property the purchase price of which was from appropriations shall be paid into the general fund of municipality;
- (5) To determine the charges or rental for the use of any properties under its control and the charges for any services or accommodations, and the terms and conditions under which such properties may be used, so long as ; Provided, that in all cases the public shall not be deprived of its rightful, equal, and uniform use of such property. Charges shall be reasonable and uniform for the same class of service and established with due regard to the property and improvements used and the expense of operation to the municipality. To enforce the payment of charges, the municipality shall have a lien and may enforce it, substantially as is provided by law for liens and the enforcement thereof, for repairs to or the improvement, storage, or care of any personal property; and
- (6) To exercise all powers necessarily incidental to the exercise of the general and special powers herein granted in the Revised Airports Act.

 Sec. 58. Section 3-218, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended

to read:

3-218 All contracts for the acquisition, construction, enlargement, improvement, maintenance, equipment, or operation of airports or other air navigation facilities, made by the municipality itself or through the agency of the <u>Division Department</u> of Aeronautics of the <u>Department</u> of <u>Transportation</u>, shall be made pursuant to the laws of this state governing the making of like contracts, except; Provided, however, that where such acquisition, construction, improvement, enlargement, maintenance, equipment, or operation is financed wholly or partly with federal money, the municipality, or the division Department of Aeronautics as its agent, may let contracts in the manner prescribed by the federal authorities, acting under the laws of the United States, and any rules or regulations made thereunder.

Sec. 59. Section 3-222, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-222 For the purposes of sections 3-221 to 3-232 only, unless another intention clearly appears or the context otherwise requires, this state shall be included in the term municipality, and all the powers conferred upon municipalities in the Revised Airports Act sections 3-201 to 3-238 and section 18-1502, if not otherwise conferred by law, are hereby conferred upon this state when acting jointly with any municipality or municipalities. Where reference is made to the governing body of a municipality, that term shall mean, as to the state, the Division its Department of Aeronautics of the Department of Transportation.

Sec. 60. Section 3-227, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-227 Such board may exercise, on behalf of the municipalities acting jointly by which it is appointed, all the powers of each of such municipalities granted by the Revised Airports Act, except as <u>otherwise</u> <u>herein</u> provided <u>in the act</u>. Real property, airports, restricted landing areas, air protection privileges, or personal property costing in excess of a sum to be fixed by the joint agreement, may be acquired, and condemnation proceedings may be instituted, only by authority of the governing bodies of each of the municipalities involved. The total amount of expenditures to be made by the board for any purpose in any calendar year shall be determined by the municipalities involved by the approval by each on or before the preceding May 1 first, of a budget for the ensuing fiscal year. Rules and regulations provided for by subdivision (2) of section 3-215 shall become effective only upon approval of each of the appointing governing bodies and the Division upon approval of each of the appointing governing bodies and the <u>Division</u>

Department of Aeronautics of the Department of Transportation. No real property and no airport, other air navigation facility, or air protection privilege, owned jointly, shall be disposed of by the board, by sale, lease, or otherwise, except by authority of all the appointing governing bodies, but the board may lease space, area, or improvements and grant concessions on airports for aeronautical purposes or purposes incidental thereto, subject to the provisions of subdivision (3) of section 3-215. This section shall not be construed to affect the obligation of a lessee to pay taxes if taxes are due under sections 77-202, 77-202.11, and 77-202.12.

Sec. 61. Section 3-228, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-228 Each municipality, acting jointly with another, pursuant to the Revised Airports Act provisions of sections 3-221 to 3-232, is authorized and empowered to enact, concurrently with the other municipalities involved, such ordinances as are provided for by subdivision (2) of section 3-215, and to fix by such ordinances penalties for the violation thereof. Such ordinances, when so concurrently adopted, shall have the same force and effect within the municipalities and on any property identity controlled by them. municipalities and on any property jointly controlled by them or adjacent thereto, whether within or without the territorial limits of either or any of them, as ordinances of each municipality involved, and may be enforced in any one of the said municipalities in like manner as are its individual ordinances. The consent of the <u>Division</u> Department of Aeronautics <u>of the Department of</u> Transportation to any such ordinance, where the state is a party to the joint venture, shall be equivalent to the enactment of the ordinance by a municipality. The publication provided for in subdivision (2) of section $3-215_T$ aforesaid, shall be made in each municipality involved in the manner provided by law or charter for publication of its individual ordinances.

Sec. 62. Section 3-239, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-239 (1) No city airport authority, county airport authority, joint airport authority, or municipality in this state, whether acting alone or jointly with another city airport authority, county airport authority, joint airport authority, or municipality, or with the state, shall submit to any federal agency or department any project application under the provisions of any act of Congress which provides airport planning or airport construction and development funds for the expansion and improvement of the airport system, unless the project and the project application have been first approved by the unless the project and the project application have been first approved by the <u>Division</u> <u>Department</u> of Aeronautics <u>of the Department of Transportation</u>.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, no city airport authority, county airport authority, joint airport authority, or municipality shall directly accept, receive, receipt for, or disburse any funds granted by the United States under any act of Congress pursuant to subsection (1) of this section, but it shall designate the <u>division</u> Department of Aeronautics as its agent and in its behalf to accept, receive, receipt for, and disburse such funds. Such authorities and municipalities shall enter into an agreement with the <u>division</u> department prescribing the terms and conditions of such agency in

accordance with federal laws, rules, and regulations, and applicable laws of this state. Such money as is paid by the United States shall be retained by the state or paid over to the city airport authority, county airport authority, joint airport authority, or municipality under such terms and conditions as may be imposed by the United States in making such grant.

- (3) Any city airport authority, county airport authority, joint airport authority, or municipality operating a primary airport may directly accept, receive, receipt for, and disburse any funds granted by the United States for the primary airport under the provisions of any act of Congress pursuant to subsection (1) of this section by informing the <u>division department</u>, in writing, of its intent to do so. If an airport loses its status as a primary airport before signing a grant agreement with the United States, the airport shall be subject to the provisions of subsection (2) of this section shall be subject to the provisions of subsection (2) of this section.
 - (4) For purposes of this section:
- (a) City airport authority means an authority established pursuant to the Cities Airport Authorities Act;
- (b) County airport authority means an authority established under sections 3-601 to 3-622;
- (c) Joint airport authority means an authority established under the Joint Airport Authorities Act;
- (d) Municipality means any county, city, or village, or town of this state and any other political subdivision, public corporation, authority, or district in this state which is or may be authorized by law to acquire, establish,
- (i) Receives scheduled passenger air service;
 (ii) Has at least ten thousand revenue passenger enplanements or boardings, as officially recorded by the United States, in at least one of the
- most recent five calendar years for which official numbers are available; and (iii) Does not receive any funds apportioned by the United States for nonprimary airports.
- Sec. 63. Section 3-303, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, is amended to read:
- 3-303 In order to prevent the creation or establishment of airport hazards, every political subdivision that has an airport hazard area within the area of its zoning jurisdiction shall adopt, administer, and enforce, under the police power and in the manner and upon the conditions prescribed in the Airport Zoning Act, airport zoning regulations for such airport hazard area. The regulations shall meet the minimum regulations as prescribed by the <u>Division</u> Department of Aeronautics of the Department of Transportation and may divide such area into zones and, within such zones, specify the land uses permitted and regulate and restrict the height to which structures may be erected and trees allowed to grow, except that a political subdivision or a joint airport zoning board provided for in section 3-304 may include modifications or exceptions to the airport zoning regulations adopted under the Airport Zoning Act that the political subdivision or joint airport zoning board deems appropriate. Such modifications and exceptions shall not be considered a conflict for the purposes of section 3-306. The authority of a political subdivision to adopt airport zoning regulations shall not be conditional upon prior adoption of a comprehensive development plan or a comprehensive zoning ordinance.
- Sec. 64. Section 3-332, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended
- 3-332 The <u>Division</u> Department of Aeronautics of the <u>Department of Transportation may</u> State of Nebraska is authorized to aid and assist municipalities and other political subdivisions of the state in planning, developing, and carrying out programs for airport zoning in order to secure uniformity therein as far as possible.
- Sec. 65. Section 3-403, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended
- 3-403 It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation, without having first applied for and obtained a permit in writing from the <u>Division Department</u> of Aeronautics of the <u>Department of Transportation State of Nebraska</u>, to build, erect, or maintain any structure within the State of Nebraska, the height of which exceeds one hundred fifty feet above the surface of the ground at point of installation.
- Sec. 66. Section 3-404, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 3-404 The application for the permit, required by section 3-403, shall be made in writing on forms prescribed by the <u>Division</u> Department of Aeronautics of the Department of Transportation and shall contain or be accompanied by details as to the location, construction, height, and dimensions of the proposed structure, the nature of its intended use, and such other information as the Director of Aeronautics may require. Upon the filing of such application, the director shall make an investigation and an aeronautical study of such proposed construction and its effect, if any, upon air navigation, and the health, welfare, and safety of the public. If the director, upon such investigation, shall determine that such proposed structure will not constitute a hazard to air navigation and will not interfere unduly with the public right of freedom of transit in commerce through the air space affected thereby, the director he shall issue to the applicant a permit, required by section 3-403, authorizing the erection and construction of such structure, subject to such

conditions as to marking and lighting as the $\underline{\text{division}}$ $\underline{\text{department}}$ may prescribe by its rules and regulations, authorized by section 3-407. If the director he does not so determine, the director he shall deny the application. In making such investigation, aeronautical study, and determination, the director shall consider (1) the character of flying operations expected to be conducted in the area concerned, (2) the nature of the terrain, (3) the character of the neighborhood, (4) the uses to which the property concerned is devoted or adaptable, (5) the proximity to existing airports, airways, control areas, and control zones, (6) the height of existing, adjacent structures, and (7) all the facts and circumstances existing. The director He shall impose only such restrictions or requirements as may be reasonably necessary to effectuate the purpose purpose of sections 3-401 to 3-409.

Sec. 67. Section 3-405, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-405 Any person aggrieved by any action of the Division Department of Aeronautics of the Department of Transportation in granting or denying a permit under the terms of sections 3-401 to 3-409 may appeal the action, appeal shall be in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act.

Sec. 68. Section 3-407, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-407 All structures outside the corporate limits of cities and villages, exceeding a height of two hundred feet above the surface of the ground, and all structures within the corporate limits of cities and villages exceeding a height of five hundred feet shall be marked and lighted in accordance with rules and regulations adopted and promulgated by the Division of Aeronautics of the Department of Transportation. The division may established by the Department of Aeronautics. The department is authorized to adopt and promulgate rules and regulations for the marking and lighting of such structures in a manner calculated to prevent collisions with such structures by aircraft. It shall be the duty of the persons, firms, and corporations owning, maintaining, or using such structures to provide and maintain such marking and lighting.

Sec. 69. Section 3-407.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, is amended to read:

3-407.01 (1) A meteorological evaluation tower, the height of which is at least fifty feet above the surface of the ground at point of installation, shall be marked according to subsection (2) of this section. This section applies to a meteorological evaluation tower that is located outside the

- corporate limits of a city or village.
 (2) A meteorological evaluation tower described in subsection (1) of this section shall: (a) Be painted in seven equal-width and alternating bands of aviation orange and white beginning with orange at the top of the tower and ending with orange at the base; (b) have two or more spherical marker balls at least twenty-one inches in diameter that are aviation orange in color and attached to each outer guy wire connected to the tower with the top ball no further than twenty feet from the top wire connection and the remaining ball or balls at or below the midpoint of the tower on the outer guy wires; and (c) have yellow safety sleeves installed on each outer guy wire extending at least fourteen feet above the anchor point of the guy wire.
- (3) The owner of a meteorological evaluation tower subject to this section shall, not less than ten business days prior to erecting the tower, register with the <u>Division Department</u> of Aeronautics <u>of the Department of Transportation</u> the name and address of the owner, the height and location of the tower, and any other information that the <u>division department</u> deems necessary for aviation safety. The owner of a tower subject to this section shall also report the removal of the tower to the <u>division</u> <u>department</u> not more than thirty business days after its removal. The <u>division</u> <u>department</u> shall make the information received pursuant to this subsection available to the public within five business days.
- (4) The owner of a meteorological evaluation tower described in subsection (1) of this section that was erected prior to May 28, 2015, and which is either lighted, marked with balls at least twenty-one inches in diameter, painted, or modified in some other manner so it is recognizable in clear air during daylight hours from a distance of not less than two thousand feet, shall mark the tower as required by subsection (2) of this section within two years after May 28, 2015, or at such time the tower is taken down for maintenance or other purposes, whichever comes first, except that the owner of a tower erected prior to May 28, 2015, which is not lighted, marked, painted, or modified as described in this subsection shall mark such tower as required by subsection (2) of this section within ninety days after May 28, 2015. The registration requirements of subsection (3) of this section shall be performed by the owner of a tower erected prior to May 28, 2015. Within fifteen business days of the company of a tower erected prior to May 28, 2015. of a tower erected prior to May 28, 2015, within fifteen business days after
- May 28, 2015.

 (5) A material failure to comply with the marking and registration requirements of this section shall be admissible as evidence of negligence on the part of an owner of a meteorological evaluation tower in an action in tort for property damage, bodily injury, or death resulting from an aerial collision with such unmarked or unregistered tower.
- (6) The <u>division</u> <u>department</u> may adopt and promulgate rules and regulations for carrying out the purposes of this section.
- Sec. 70. Section 3-408, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, is amended to read:
- 3-408 Any person, firm, or corporation (1) violating any of the provisions of sections 3-401 to 3-409, (2) submitting false information in the application

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for a permit, (3) violating any rule or regulation adopted and promulgated by the <u>Division Department</u> of Aeronautics <u>of the Department of Transportation</u> pursuant to sections 3-401 to 3-409, (4) failing to do and perform any act required by sections 3-401 to 3-409, or (5) violating the terms of any permit issued pursuant to sections 3-401 to 3-409, shall be guilty of a Class III misdemeanor. Each day any violation continues or any structure erected in violation of sections 3-401 to 3-409 shall continue in existence shall constitute a separate offense.

constitute a separate offense. Sec. 71. Section 3-409, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-409 In addition to the penalties provided for by section 3-408, the erection and maintenance of any structure in violation of the provisions of sections 3-401 to 3-409 may be enjoined by any court of competent jurisdiction in an action for that purpose commenced by the <u>Division Department</u> of Aeronautics of the Department of Transportation or any other interested person. The erection of such structure and permitting the same to stand or remain, in violation of the provisions of sections 3-401 to 3-409, is hereby declared to be a nuisance and the <u>division department</u>, or its authorized agent, is authorized to go upon the premises and abate such nuisance by removing such structure after five days' notice to the interested parties, to be served by mail addressed to them at their last-known place of business or residence. The expense incident to the removal of such structure shall be paid by the owners thereof, and if the <u>division department</u> removes such structures as provided in this section, the expense incurred by the <u>division department</u> may be recovered from the sale of the structure or its salvage material.

Sec. 72. Section 12-1205, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

12-1205 (1) Any person who encounters or discovers human skeletal remains or burial goods associated with an unmarked human burial in or on the ground shall immediately cease any activity which may cause further disturbance of the unmarked human burial and shall within forty-eight hours report the presence and location of such remains or goods to a local law enforcement officer in the county in which the remains or goods are found. Any person who knowingly fails to make such a report shall be guilty of a Class III misdemeanor.

(2) If human skeletal remains or burial goods associated with an unmarked

(2) If human skeletal remains or burial goods associated with an unmarked human burial in or on the ground are discovered by any employee, contractor, or agent of the Department of <u>Transportation Roads</u> in conjunction with highway construction, any construction in the area immediately adjacent to such remains or goods shall cease. The department or any of its employees, contractors, or agents shall within forty-eight hours of the discovery of the remains or goods report the presence and location of the remains or goods to a local law enforcement officer in the county in which the remains or goods are found. Any remains or goods may then be removed from the site following an examination by the appropriate agency in accordance with section 39-1363 and any applicable federal requirements. Following removal, the remains or goods shall be disposed of in accordance with the Unmarked Human Burial Sites and Skeletal Remains Protection Act. The construction project may continue once the remains or goods have been removed.

Sec. 73. Section 13-520, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, is amended to read:

13-520 The limitations in section 13-519 shall not apply to (1) restricted funds budgeted for capital improvements, (2) restricted funds expended from a qualified sinking fund for acquisition or replacement of tangible personal property with a useful life of five years or more, (3) restricted funds pledged to retire bonded indebtedness, used by a public airport to retire interest-free loans from the <u>Division Department</u> of Aeronautics of the Department of Transportation in lieu of bonded indebtedness at a lower cost to the public airport, or used to pay other financial instruments that are approved and agreed to before July 1, 1999, in the same manner as bonds by a governing body created under section 35-501, (4) restricted funds budgeted in support of a service which is the subject of an agreement or a modification of an existing agreement whether operated by one of the parties to the agreement or by an independent joint entity or joint public agency, (5) restricted funds budgeted to pay for repairs to infrastructure damaged by a natural disaster which is declared a disaster emergency pursuant to the Emergency Management Act, (6) restricted funds budgeted to pay for judgments, except judgments or orders from the Commission of Industrial Relations, obtained against a governmental unit which require or obligate a governmental unit to pay such judgment, to the extent such judgment is not paid by liability insurance coverage of a governmental unit, or (7) the dollar amount by which restricted funds budgeted by a natural resources district to administer and implement ground water management activities and integrated management activities under the Nebraska Ground Water Management and Protection Act exceed its restricted funds budgeted to administer and implement ground water management activities and integrated management activities

Sec. 74. Section 13-912, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

13-912 If any person suffers personal injury or loss of life, or damage to his or her property by means of insufficiency or want of repair of a highway or bridge or other public thoroughfare, which a political subdivision is liable to keep in repair, the person sustaining the loss or damage, or his or her personal representative, may recover in an action against the political subdivision, and if damages accrue in consequence of the insufficiency or want

of repair of a road or bridge or other public thoroughfare, erected and maintained by two or more political subdivisions, the action can be brought against all of the political subdivisions liable for the repairs of the same; and damages and costs shall be paid by the political subdivisions in proportion as they are liable for the repairs. The procedure for filing such claims and bringing suit shall be the same for claims under this section as for other claims under the Political Subdivisions Tort Claims Act and sections 16-727, 16-728, 23-175, 39-809, and 79-610. No political subdivision shall be liable for damages occasioned by defects in state highways and bridges thereon which the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads is required to maintain, but the political subdivision shall not be relieved of liability until the state has actually undertaken construction or maintenance of such highways. It is the intent of the Legislature that minimum maintenance highways and roads shall not be deemed to be insufficient or in want of repair when they meet the minimum standards for such highways and roads pursuant to section 39-2109.

Sec. 75. Section 13-1203, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended

13-1203 For purposes of the Nebraska Public Transportation Act, unless the context otherwise requires:

- (1) Public transportation shall mean the transport of passengers on a regular and continuing basis by motor carrier for hire, whether over regular or irregular routes, over any public road in this state, including city bus systems, intercity bus systems, special public transportation systems to include portal-to-portal escorted service for the elderly or handicapped, taxi, subscription, dial-a-ride, or other demand-responsive systems, and those motor carriers for hire which may carry elderly or handicapped individuals for a set fare, a donation, or at no cost to such individuals. Public transportation shall not include motor carriers for hire when engaged in the transportation of school children and teachers to and from school and school-related activities and shall not include private car pools;
 (2) Department shall mean the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads;

 - (3) Director shall mean the Director-State Engineer;
- (4) Elderly shall mean any person sixty-two years of age or older who is drawing social security and every person sixty-five years of age and older;
- (5) Handicapped shall mean any individual who is unable without special facilities or special planning or design to utilize public transportation facilities and services;
- (6) Municipality shall mean any village or incorporated city, except cities of the metropolitan class operating under home rule charter;
 (7) Qualified public-purpose organization shall mean an incorporated
- private not-for-profit group or agency which:

 (a) Has operated or proposes to operate only motor vehicles having a seating capacity of twenty or less for the transportation of passengers in the state:
- (b) Has been approved as capable of providing public transportation services by the appropriate city or county governing body; and
- (c) Operates or proposes to operate a public transportation service in an area which the department has identified as not being adequately served by existing public or private transportation services pursuant to section 13-1205; and
- (8) Intercity bus system shall mean a system of regularly scheduled bus service for the general public which operates with limited stops over fixed routes connecting two or more communities or areas not in close proximity which support public transportation service. At least one terminus of the intercity bus system shall be in an area that makes meaningful connections with intercity service to more distant points.

Sec. 76. Section 13-1210, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, is amended to read:

13-1210 (1) The <u>department</u> Department of Roads shall annually certify the amount of capital acquisition and operating costs eligible for funding under the public transportation assistance program established under section 13-1209.

(2) The department shall submit an annual report to the chairperson of the Appropriations Committee of the Legislature on or before December 1 of each year regarding funds requested by each applicant for eligible capital acquisition and operating costs in the current fiscal year pursuant to subsection (2) of section 13-1209 and the total amount of state grants projected to be awarded in the current fiscal year pursuant to the public transportation assistance program. The report submitted to the committee shall be submitted electronically. The report shall separate into two categories the requests and grants awarded for handicapped vans, otherwise known as paratransit vehicles, and requests and grants awarded for handicappedaccessible fixed-route bus systems.

Sec. 77. Section 13-1212, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, is amended to read:

13-1212 (1) The <u>department</u> Department of Roads shall administer sections 13-1209 to 13-1212, and shall adopt and promulgate such rules and regulations pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act as are necessary, including but not limited to defining eligible capital acquisition and operating costs, establishing contractual and other requirements including standardized accounting and reporting requirements, which shall include the applicant's proposed service area, the type of service proposed, all routes and schedules, and any further information needed for recipients to ensure the maximum feasible coordination and use of state funds, establishing application procedures, and developing a policy for apportioning funds made available for this program should they be insufficient to cover all eligible projects. Priority on the allocation of all funds shall be given to those proposed projects best suited to serve the needs of the elderly and handicapped and to proposed projects with federal funding participation.

(2) Any public-purpose organization proposing to provide public transportation denied financial assistance as a result of a determination by the <u>department</u> <u>Department of Roads</u> that an area is adequately served by existing transportation services may submit a petition to the department requesting the department to reclassify the proposed service area as not being adequately served by existing public transportation services. The petition submitted to the department by the public-purpose organization shall bear the signatures of at least fifty registered voters residing in the proposed service signatures of at least fifty registered voters residing in the proposed service area. Upon receipt of the petition the department shall hold a public hearing in the proposed service area and after such hearing shall determine whether the proposed service area is already adequately served. In carrying out its duties under this section the department shall comply with the provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act. The department shall not be required to conduct a

reevaluation hearing for an area more frequently than once a year. Sec. 78. Section 14-2113, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended

14-2113 The board of directors of the metropolitan utilities district shall have general charge, supervision, and control of all matters pertaining to the natural gas supply and the water supply of the district for domestic, mechanical, public, and fire purposes. This shall include the general charge, supervision, and control of the design, construction, operation, maintenance, and extension or improvement of the necessary plant to supply natural gas, to develop power, and to pump water. It shall have the authority to enter upon and utilize streets, alleys, and public grounds therefor upon due notice to the proper authorities controlling same, subject to the provisions of sections 39-1361 and 39-1362, except that while any permit hereafter granted by the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads under such provisions shall not be construed to be a contract as referred to within the provisions of section 39-1304.02, such parties may separately contract in relation to relocation of facilities and reimbursement therefor. The board shall also have the power to appropriate private property required by the district for natural gas and water service, to purchase and contract for necessary materials, labor, and supplies, and to supply water and natural gas without the district upon such terms and conditions as it may deem proper. The authority and power conferred in this section upon the board of directors shall extend as far beyond the corporate

limits of the metropolitan utilities district as the board may deem necessary. Sec. 79. Section 18-601, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended

18-601 Any city or village shall have power by ordinance to avail itself of federal funds for the construction within the city or village limits of subways, viaducts, and approaches thereto, over or under railroad tracks, and may authorize agreements with the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads to construct such viaducts or subways, which shall be paid for out of funds furnished by the federal government. The ordinance shall approve detailed plans and specifications for such construction, including a map showing the exact location that such viaduct or subway is to occupy, which shall then and thereafter be kept on file with the city or village clerk and be open to public inspection. The ordinance shall make provision for the assumption of liability and payment of consequential damages to property owners resulting from such proposed construction and payment of damages for property taken therefor. The procedure to condemn property shall be exercised in the manner set forth in sections 76-704 to 76-724.

Sec. 80. Section 18-613, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended read:

18-613 The Department of <u>Transportation Roads</u> shall be authorized to enter into contracts for the construction of such viaduct or subway, in accordance with such plans and specifications, immediately upon the approval by the voters of such issuing of bonds.

Sec. 81. Section 25-2501, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended

25-2501 It is the intent and purpose of sections 25-2501 to 25-2506 to establish a uniform procedure to be used in acquiring private property for a public purpose by the State of Nebraska and its political subdivisions and by all privately owned public utility corporations and common carriers which have been granted the power of eminent domain. Such sections shall not apply to:

- (1) Water transmission and distribution pipelines and their appurtenances and common carrier pipelines and their appurtenances;
 (2) Public utilities and cities of all classes and villages when acquiring
- property for a proposed project involving the acquisition of rights or interests in ten or fewer separately owned tracts or when the acquisition is within the corporate limits of any city or village;

 (3) Sanitary and improvement districts organized under sections 31-727 to 31-762 when acquiring easements for a proposed project involving the acquisition of rights or interests in ten or fewer separately owned tracts;
- (4) Counties and municipalities which acquire property through the process platting or subdivision or for street or highway construction or platting or improvements;
 - Common carriers subject to regulation by the Federal Railroad

Administration of the United States Department of Transportation; or

(6) The <u>Nebraska</u> Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads property for highway construction or improvements.

Sec. 82. Section 31-925, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

31-925 Where the cleaning of a ditch or watercourse involves a state highway, the county board is authorized to make any contract with the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads with reference to bridges or culverts or, if unable to agree therein, to bring any action necessary to force the state to participate in <u>such</u> said improvement.

Sec. 83. Section 39-102, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

39-102 In order to promote public safety, to preserve and protect state highways, and to prevent immoderate and destructive use of state highways, the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads may formulate, adopt, and promulgate rules and regulations in regard to the use of and travel upon the state highways consistent with Chapter 39 and the Nebraska Rules of the Road. Such rules and regulations may include specifications, standards, limitations, conditions, requirements definitions. enumerations, descriptions, procedures, enumerations, requirements, definitions, descriptions, procedures, prohibitions, restrictions, instructions, controls, guidelines,

classifications relative to the following:

(1) The issuance or denial of special permits for the travel of vehicles or objects exceeding statutory size and weight capacities upon the highways as authorized by section 60-6,298;

- (2) Qualification and prequalification of contractors, including, but not limited to, maximum and minimum qualifications, ratings, classifications, classes of contractors or classes of work, or both, and procedures to be followed;
- (3) The setting of special load restrictions as provided in Chapter 39 and the Nebraska Rules of the Road;
- (4) The placing, location, occupancy, erection, construction, or maintenance, upon any highway or area within the right-of-way, of any pole line, pipeline, or other utility located above, on, or under the level of the ground in such area;
- ground in such area;

 (5) Protection and preservation of trees, shrubbery, plantings, buildings, structures, and all other things located upon any highway or any portion of the right-of-way of any highway by the department;

 (6) Applications for the location of, and location of, private driveways, commercial approach roads, facilities, things, or appurtenances upon the right-of-way of state highways, including, but not limited to, procedures for applications for permits therefor and standards for the issuance or denial of such permits, based on highway traffic safety, and the foregoing may include reapplication for permits and applications for permits for existing facilities. reapplication for permits and applications for permits for existing facilities, and in any event, issuance of permits may also be conditioned upon approval of the design of such facilities;
- (7) Outdoor advertising signs, displays, and devices in areas where the
- department is authorized by law to exercise such controls; and
 (8) The Grade Crossing Protection Fund provided for in section 74-1317, including, but not limited to, authority for application, procedures on application, effect of application, procedures for and effect of granting such applications, and standards and specifications governing the type of control thereunder.

This section shall not amend or derogate any other grant of power or authority to the department to make or promulgate rules and regulations but

shall be additional and supplementary thereto.

Sec. 84. Section 39-103, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

39-103 Any person who operates a vehicle upon any highway in violation of the rules and regulations of the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads governing the use of state highways shall be guilty of a Class III misdemeanor.

Sec. 85. Section 39-202, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

39-202 (1) Except as provided in sections 39-202 to 39-205, 39-215, 39-216, and 39-220, the erection or maintenance of any advertising sign, display, or device beyond six hundred sixty feet of the right-of-way of the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways and visible from the maintraveled way of such highway system is prohibited.

(2) The following signs shall be permitted:

- (a) Directional and official signs to include, but not be limited to, signs and notices pertaining to natural wonders, scenic attractions, and and historical attractions. Such signs shall comply with standards and criteria established by regulations of the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads as promulgated from time to time;
- (b) Signs, displays, and devices advertising the sale or lease of property upon which such media are located;
- (c) Signs, displays, and devices advertising activities conducted on the
- property on which such media are located; and
 (d) Signs in existence in accordance with sections 39-212 to 39-222, to include landmark signs, signs on farm structures, markers, and plaques of
- historical or artistic significance.

 (3) For purposes of this section, visible shall mean the message or advertising content of an advertising sign, display, or device is capable of being seen without visual aid by a person of normal visual acuity. A sign shall

be considered visible even though the message or advertising content may be seen but not read.

Sec. 86. Section 39-203, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

39-203 Just compensation shall be paid upon the removal of any advertising sign, display, or device lawfully erected or in existence prior to May 27, 1975, and not conforming to the provisions of sections 39-202 to 39-205, 39-215, 39-216, and 39-220 except as otherwise authorized by such sections. The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads shall not be required to expend any funds under the provisions of such sections unless and until federal-aid matching

funds are made available for this purpose. Sec. 87. Section 39-204, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended

- 39-204 (1) Signs, displays, and devices giving specific information of interest to the traveling public shall be erected by or at the direction of the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads and maintained within the right-of-way at appropriate distances from interchanges on the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways and from roads of the state primary system as shall conform with the rules and regulations adopted and promulgated by the department to carry out this section and section 39-205. Such rules and regulations shall be consistent with national standards promulgated from time to time by the appropriate authority of the federal government pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 131(f).
- (2) For purposes of this section, specific information of interest to the traveling public shall mean only information about camping, lodging, food, attractions, and motor fuel and associated services, including trade names.
- (3) The minimum service that is required to be available for each type of service shall include:
 - (a) Motor fuel services including:
 - (i) Vehicle services, which shall include fuel, oil, and water;
 - (ii) Restroom facilities and drinking water;
- (iii) Continuous operation of such services for at least sixteen hours per day, seven days per week, for freeways and expressways and continuous operation of such services for at least twelve hours per day, seven days per week, for conventional roads; and
 - (iv) Telephone services;
 - (b) Attraction services including:
- (i) An attraction of regional significance with the primary purpose of providing amusement, historical, cultural, or leisure activity to the public; (ii) Restroom facilities and drinking water; and

 - (iii) Adequate parking accommodations;
 - (c) Food services including:
- (i) Licensing or approval of such services, when required;(ii) Continuous operation of such services to serve at least two meals per day, six days per week;
 - (iii) Modern sanitary facilities; and
 - (iv) Telephone services;
 - (d) Lodging services including:
 - (i) Licensing or approval of such services, when required;
 - (ii) Adequate sleeping accommodations; and
 - (iii) Telephone services; and
 - (e) Camping services including:
 - (i) Licensing or approval of such services, when required;

 - (ii) Adequate parking accommodations; and(iii) Modern sanitary facilities and drinking water.
- Sec. 88. Section 39-205, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 39-205 (1) Applicants for business signs shall furnish business signs to the Department of <u>Transportation Roads</u> and shall pay to the department an annual fee for posting each business sign and the actual cost of material for, fabrication of, and erecting the specific information sign panels where specific information sign panels have not been installed.
- (2) Upon receipt of the business signs and the annual fee, the department shall post or cause to be posted the business signs where specific information sign panels have been installed. The applicant shall not be required to remove any advertising device to qualify for a business sign except any advertising device which was unlawfully erected or in violation of section 39-202, 39-203, 39-204, 39-205, 39-206, 39-215, 39-216, or 39-220, any rule or regulation of the department, or any federal rule or regulation relating to informational signs. The specific information sign panels and business signs shall conform to the requirements of the Federal Beautification Act and the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices adopted pursuant to section 60-6,118.
- (3) All revenue received for the posting or erecting of business signs or specific information sign panels pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the Highway Cash Fund, except that any revenue received from the annual fee and for posting or erecting such signs in excess of the state's costs shall be deposited in the General Fund.
 (4) For purposes of this section, unless the context otherwise requires:
- (a) Business sign means a sign displaying a commercial brand, symbol, emark, or name, or combination thereof, designating a motorist service. trademark, or name, or combination thereof, designating a motorist service Business signs shall be mounted on a rectangular information panel; and

 (b) Specific information sign panel means a rectangular sign panel with:

 - (i) The word gas, food, attraction, lodging, or camping;

- (ii) Directional information; and
- (iii) One or more business signs.
- (5) The department shall provide notice of space available for business signs on any specific information sign panel at least ninety days prior to accepting or approving the posting of any business sign.

Sec. 89. Section 39-206, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended

39-206 It is the intent of sections 39-204 and 39-205 to allow the erection of specific information sign panels on the right-of-way of the state highways under the following conditions:

- (1) No state funds shall be used for the erection, maintenance, servicing of such signs;
- (2) Such signs shall be erected in accordance with federal standards and rules and regulations adopted and promulgated by the Department <u>Transportation</u> Roads;
- (3) Such signs may be erected by the department or by a contractor selected through the competitive bidding process; and
 (4) The department shall charge an annual fee in an amount equal to the
- fair market rental value of the sign site and any other cost to the state associated with the erection, maintenance, or servicing of specific information sign panels. If such sign is erected by a contractor, the annual fee shall be limited to the fair market rental value of the sign site.

 Sec. 90. Section 39-207, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended

to read:

Tourist-oriented directional sign panels shall be erected and maintained by or at the direction of the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads within the right-of-way of rural highways which are part of the state highway system to provide tourist-oriented information to the traveling public in accordance with sections 39-207 to 39-211.

- For purposes of such sections: (1) Rural highways means (a) all public highways and roads outside the limits of an incorporated municipality exclusive of freeways and interchanges on expressways and (b) all public highways and roads within incorporated municipalities having a population of forty thousand people or less exclusive of freeways and interchanges on expressways. Expressway, freeway, and interchange are used in this subdivision as they are defined in section 39-1302; and
- (2) Sign panel means one or more individual signs mounted as an assembly on the same supports.

Sec. 91. Section 39-208, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

39-208 (1) The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads shall erect tourist-oriented directional sign panels on the right-of-way of the rural highways pursuant to section 39-207 under the following conditions:

(a) No state funds shall be used for the erection, maintenance, or

- servicing of the sign panels;
- (b) The sign panels shall be erected in accordance with federal standards and the rules and regulations adopted and promulgated by the department;
- (c) The sign panels may be erected by the department or by a contractor selected by the department through the competitive negotiation process;
- (d) No more than three sign panels shall be installed on the approach to an intersection; and
- (e) The department shall charge an annual fee in an amount equal to the fair market rental value of the sign panel site and any other cost to the state associated with the erection, maintenance, or servicing of tourist-oriented directional sign panels. If the sign panel is erected by a contractor, the annual fee to the department shall be limited to the fair market rental value of the sign panel site.
- (2) All revenue received for the posting or erecting of tourist-oriented directional sign panels pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the Highway Cash Fund, except that any revenue received from the annual fee and for posting or erecting such sign panels in excess of the state's costs shall be deposited in the General Fund.

Sec. 92. Section 39-210, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended

39-210 To qualify to appear on a tourist-oriented directional sign panel, an activity shall be licensed and approved by the state and local agencies if required by law and be open to the public at least eight hours per day, five days per week, including Saturdays or Sundays, during the normal season of the activity, except that if the activity is a winery, the winery shall be open at least twenty hours per week. The activity, before qualifying to appear on a sign panel, shall provide to the Department of <u>Transportation Roads</u> assurance of its conformity with all applicable laws relating to discrimination based on race, creed, color, sex, national origin, ancestry, political affiliation, or religion. If the activity violates any of such laws, it shall lose its eligibility to appear on a tourist-oriented directional sign panel. In addition, the qualifying activity shall be required to remove any advertising device which was unlawfully erected or which is in violation of section 39-202, 39-203, 39-204, 39-205, 39-206, 39-215, 39-216, or 39-220, any rule or regulation of the department, or any federal rule or regulation relating to tourist-oriented directional sign panels. The tourist-oriented directional sign panels shall conform to the requirements of the Federal Beautification Act and the Manual on Uniform Traffic Central Devices as adopted pursuant to section the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices as adopted pursuant to section

60-6,118.

Sec. 93. Section 39-211, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

39-211 The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads shall adopt and promulgate rules and regulations deemed necessary by the department to carry out sections 39-207 to 39-211.

Sec. 94. Section 39-212, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

- 39-212 (1) The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads may acquire the interest in real or personal property necessary to exercise the power authorized by subdivision (2)(m) of section 39-1320 and to pay just compensation upon removal of the following outdoor advertising signs, displays, and devices, as well as just compensation for the disconnection and removal of electrical service to the same:
- (a) Those lawfully erected or in existence prior to March 27, 1972, and not conforming to the provisions of sections 39-212 to 39-222 except as otherwise authorized by such sections; and
- after (b) Those lawfully erected March 27, 1972, which nonconforming after being erected.
- (2) Such compensation for removal of such signs, displays, and devices is authorized to be paid only for the following:
- (a) The taking from the owner of such sign, display, or device or of all right, title, leasehold, and interest in connection with such sign, display, or device, or both; and
- (b) The taking from the owner of the real property on which the sign, display, or device is located of the right to erect and maintain such signs,
- displays, and devices thereon.

 (3) In all instances where signs, displays, or devices which are served electrically are taken under subdivision (2)(a) of this section, the department shall pay just compensation to the supplier of electricity for supportable costs of disconnection and removal of such service to the nearest distribution line or, in the event such sign, display, or device is relocated, just compensation for removal of such service to the point of relocation.

 Except for expenditures for the removal of nonconforming signs erected

between April 16, 1982, and May 27, 1983, the department shall not be required to expend any funds under sections 39-212 to 39-222 and 39-1320 unless and until federal-aid matching funds are made available for this purpose.

Sec. 95. Section 39-213, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended

- 39-213 (1) In order that this state may qualify for the payments authorized in 23 U.S.C. 131(c) and (e), and to comply with the provisions of 23 U.S.C. 131 as revised and amended on October 22, 1965, by Public Law 89-285, the Nebraska Department of Transportation Roads, for and in the name of the State of Nebraska, is authorized to enter into an agreement, or agreements, with the Secretary of Transportation of the United States, which agreement or agreements shall include provisions for regulation and control of the erection and maintenance of advertising signs displays, and other advertising devices and maintenance of advertising signs, displays, and other advertising devices and may include, among other things, provisions for preservation of natural beauty, prevention of erosion, landscaping, reforestation, development of viewpoints for scenic attractions that are accessible to the public without charge, and the erection of markers, signs, or plaques, and development of areas in appreciation of sites of historical significance.

 (2) It is the intention of the Legislature that the state shall be and is
- hereby empowered and directed to continue to qualify for and accept bonus payments pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 131(j) and subsequent amendments as amended in the Federal Aid Highway Acts of 1968 and 1970 for controlling outdoor advertising within the area adjacent to and within six hundred sixty feet of the edge of the right-of-way of the National System of Interstate and Defense the edge of the right-of-way of the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways constructed upon any part of the right-of-way the entire width of which is acquired subsequent to July 1, 1956, and, to this end, to continue any agreements with, and make any new agreements with the Secretary of Transportation, to accomplish the same. Such agreement or agreements shall also provide for excluding from application of the national standards segments of the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways which traverse commercial or industrial zones within the boundaries of incorporated municipalities as they existed on September 21, 1959, wherein the use of real property adjacent to the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways is subject to municipal regulation or control. or which traverse other areas where subject to municipal regulation or control, or which traverse other areas where the land use, as of September 21, 1959, is clearly established by state law as industrial or commercial.
- (3) It is also the intention of the Legislature that the state shall comply with 23 U.S.C. 131, as revised and amended on October 22, 1965, by Public Law 89-285, in order that the state not be penalized by the provisions of subsection (b) thereof, and that the Nebraska Department of Transportation department shall be and is hereby empowered and directed to make rules and department in accord with the agreement between the Nebraska Department of regulations in accord with the agreement between the Nebraska Department of <u>Transportation</u> <u>department</u> and the <u>United States</u> Department of Transportation dated October 29, 1968.

Sec. 96. Section 39-214, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

39-214 Whenever advertising rights are acquired by the $\frac{Department}{Department}$ of $\frac{Department}{Department}$ pursuant to subdivision (2)(m) of section 39-1320 or an agreement has been entered into as authorized by section 39-213, it shall be

the duty of the $\frac{\text{department}}{\text{department}}$ Department of Roads to adopt and promulgate reasonable rules and regulations for the control of outdoor advertising within the area specified in such subdivision, which rules and regulations shall have as their minimum requirements the provisions of 23 U.S.C. 131 and regulations adopted pursuant thereto, as amended on March 27, 1972.

Sec. 97. Section 39-216, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended

39-216 It shall be unlawful for any person to place or cause to be placed any advertising sign, display, or device which is visible from the maintraveled way of the Highway Beautification Control System or upon land not owned by such person, without first procuring a written lease from the owner of such land and a permit from the Department of Transportation Roads authorizing such display or device to be erected as permitted by the advertising laws, rules, and regulations of this state.

Sec. 98. Section 39-217, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

39-217 (1) The Department of <u>Transportation Roads</u> may designate portions of the state highway system as a scenic byway when the highway corridor possesses unusual, exceptional, or distinctive scenic, historic, recreational, cultural, or archeological features. The department shall adopt and promulgate rules and regulations establishing the procedure and criteria to be utilized in making scenic byway designations.

(2) Any portion of a highway designated as a scenic byway which is located within the limits of any incorporated municipality shall not be designated as part of the scenic byway, except when such route possesses intrinsic scenic, historic, recreational, cultural, or archeological features which support designation of the route as a scenic byway.

Sec. 99. Section 39-218, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended

39-218 No sign shall be erected which is visible from the main-traveled way of any scenic byway except (1) directional and official signs to include, but not be limited to, signs and notices pertaining to natural wonders, scenic attractions, and historical attractions, (2) signs, displays, and devices advertising the sale or lease of property upon which such media are located, and (3) signs, displays, and devices advertising activities conducted on the property on which such media are located. Signs which are allowed shall comply with the standards and criteria established by rules and regulations of the Department of $\underline{\text{Transportation}}$ Roads.

Sec. 100. Section 39-219, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

39-219 Outdoor advertising signs, displays, and devices erected prior to March 27, 1972, may continue in zoned or unzoned commercial or industrial areas, notwithstanding the fact that such outdoor advertising signs, displays, and devices do not comply with standards and criteria established by sections 39-212 to 39-222 or rules and regulations of the Department of <u>Transportation</u>

Sec. 101. Section 39-220, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

39-220 The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads may at its discretion require permits for advertising signs, displays, or devices which are placed or allowed to exist along or upon any interstate or primary highway or at any point visible from the main-traveled way, except for signs located within an area of fifty feet of any commercial or industrial building on the premises. Such permits shall be renewed biennially. Each sign shall bear on the side facing the highway the permit number in a readily observable place for inspection purposes from the highway right-of-way. The department is authorized to charge a fee to be not less than twenty-five cents or not to exceed fifteen dollars for each permit and renewal permit for each individual sign. The department shall promulgate rules and regulations establishing, and from time to time adjusting, the annual fees for the permits to cover the costs of administering sections 39-212 to 39-226 and may by rule and regulation provide exceptions from the payment of fees for signs advertising eleemosynary or nonprofit public service activities, signs designating historical sites, and farm and ranch directional signs. The department may revoke the permit for noncompliance reasons and remove the sign if, after thirty days' notification 39-220 The Department of $\underline{\text{Transportation}}$ Roads may at its discretion noncompliance reasons and remove the sign if, after thirty days' notification to the sign owner, the sign remains in noncompliance. Printed sale bills not exceeding two hundred sixteen square inches in size shall not require a permit if otherwise conforming.

Sec. 102. Section 39-221, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

39-221 Any person, firm, company, or corporation violating any of the provisions of sections 39-212 to 39-222 shall be guilty of a Class V misdemeanor. In addition to any other available remedies, the Director-State Engineer, for the Department of <u>Transportation Roads</u> and in the name of the State of Nebraska, may apply to the district court having jurisdiction for an injunction to force compliance with any of the provisions of such sections or rules and regulations promulgated thereunder. When any person, firm, company, or corporation deems its property rights have been adversely affected by the application of the provisions of such sections, such person, firm, company, or corporation shall have the right to have damages ascertained and determined pursuant to Chapter 76, article 7.

Sec. 103. Section 39-222, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended

to read:

39-222 Sections 39-212 to 39-221 shall not be construed to prevent the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads from (1) exercising the power of eminent domain to accomplish the removal of any sign or signs or (2) acquiring any interest in real or personal property necessary to exercise the powers authorized by such sections whether within or without zoned or unzoned commercial or industrial areas.

Sec. 104. Section 39-223, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

39-223 Any community, board of county commissioners, municipality, county, city, a specific region or area of the state, or other governmental or quasi-governmental agency which is part of a specific economic area located along the Highway Beautification Control System of the State of Nebraska may petition the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads for an exemption from mandatory removal of any legal, nonconforming directional signs, displays, or devices as defined by 23 U.S.C. 131(o), which signs, displays, or devices were in existence on May 5, 1976. The petitioning agency shall supply such documents as are supportive of its petition for exemption.

The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads is hereby authorized to seek the exemptions authorized by 23 U.S.C. 131(o) in accordance with the federal regulations promulgated thereunder, 23 C.F.R., part 750, subpart E, if the petitioning agency shall supply the necessary documents to justify such exemptions.

Sec. 105. Section 39-224, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

39-224 Upon receipt of <u>a such petition under section 39-223</u>, the <u>Nebraska Department of Transportation Roads</u> shall make request of the United States Department of Transportation for permission to retain the directional signs, displays, or devices which provide information for the specific economic area responsible for the petition.

Sec. 106. Section 39-225, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

39-225 The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads shall adopt future programs to assure that removal of directional signs, displays, or devices, providing directional information about goods and services in the interest of the traveling public, not otherwise exempted by economic hardship, be deferred until all other nonconforming signs, on a statewide basis, are removed. Sec. 107. Section 39-308, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended

to read:

39-308 It shall be the duty of the owner of real property to remove from such property any tree, plant, shrub, or other obstruction, or part thereof, which, by obstructing the view of any driver, constitutes a traffic hazard. When the Department of <u>Transportation Roads</u> or any local authority determines upon the basis of engineering and traffic investigation that such a traffic hazard exists, it shall notify the owner and order that the hazard be removed within ten days. Failure of the owner to remove such traffic hazard within ten days shall constitute a Class V misdomeanor, and every day such owner fails to days shall constitute a Class V misdemeanor, and every day such owner fails to remove it shall be a separate offense. Sec. 108. Section 39-311, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended

to read:

39-311 (1) No person shall throw or deposit upon any highway:

- (a) Any glass bottle, glass, nails, tacks, wire, cans, or other substance likely to injure any person or animal or damage any vehicle upon such highway;
 - (b) Any burning material.
- (2) Any person who deposits or permits to be deposited upon any highway any destructive or injurious material shall immediately remove such or cause it to be removed.
- (3) Any person who removes a wrecked or damaged vehicle from a highway shall remove any glass or other injurious substance deposited on the highway from such vehicle.
- (4) The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads or a local authority as defined in section 60-628 may procure and place at reasonable intervals on the side of highways under its respective jurisdiction appropriate signs showing the penalty for violating this section. Such signs shall be of such size and design as to be easily read by persons on such highways, but the absence of such a
- sign shall not excuse a violation of this section.

 (5) It shall be the duty of all Nebraska State Patrol officers, conservation officers, sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and other law enforcement officers to enforce this section and to make prompt investigation of any violations of this section reported by any person.
- (6) Any person who violates any provision of this section shall be guilty of (a) a Class III misdemeanor for the first offense, (b) a Class II misdemeanor for the second offense, and (c) a Class I misdemeanor for the third or subsequent offense.

Sec. 109. Section 39-312, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended

39-312 It shall be unlawful to camp on any state or county public highway, roadside area, park, or other property acquired for highway or roadside park purposes except at such places as are designated campsites by the Department of Transportation Roads or the county or other legal entity of government owning or controlling such places. This provision shall not apply to lands originally acquired for highway purposes which have been transferred or leased to the Game and Parks Commission or a natural resources district or to other lands owned or

controlled by the Game and Parks Commission where camping shall be controlled by the provisions of section 37-305 or by a natural resources district where camping shall be controlled by the provisions of section 2-3292.

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For purposes of this section, camping means temporary lodging out of doors and presupposes the occupancy of a shelter designed or used for such purposes, such as a sleeping bag, tent, trailer, station wagon, pickup camper, camperbus, or other vehicle, and the use of camping equipment and camper means an

occupant of any such shelter.

Any person who camps on any state or county public highway, roadside area, park, or other property acquired for highway or roadside park purposes, which has not been properly designated as a campsite, or any person who violates any lawfully promulgated rules or regulations properly posted to regulate camping at designated campsites shall be guilty of a Class V misdemeanor and shall be ordered to pay any amount as determined by the court which may be necessary to reimburse the department or the county for the expense of repairing any damage to such campsite resulting from such violation.

Sec. 110. Section 39-805, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

39-805 Whenever any public highway within this state shall cross or be crossed by any ditch or channel of any public drainage or irrigation district, it shall be the duty of the governing board of the drainage or irrigation district and the governing board of the county or municipal corporation involved to negotiate and agree for the building and maintenance of bridges and approaches thereto on such terms as shall be equitable, all things considered, between such drainage or irrigation district and such county or municipality. If such boards for any reason shall fail to agree with reference to such said matter, it shall be the duty of the drainage or irrigation district to build the necessary bridges and approaches, and restore the highway in question to its former state as nearly as may be as it was laid out prior to the construction of the ditch or channel in question, and it shall be the duty of the county or municipal corporation involved to maintain the said bridges and approaches. Where ; Provided, where more than seventy-five percent of the water passing through any such ditch or channel is used by any person, firm, or corporation for purposes other than irrigation or drainage, it shall be the duty of such person, firm, or corporation, so using such seventy-five percent or more of such water, to build and maintain solely at the his, their or its expense of such person, firm, or corporation, all such bridges and approaches thereto. Any bridge that may be built by any drainage or irrigation district or by any person, firm, or corporation under the provisions of this section shall be constructed under the supervision of the Department of <u>Transportation Roads</u>, if on a state highway, and under the supervision of the county board or governing body of a municipality, if under the jurisdiction of such board or governing body of such municipality.

Sec. 111. Section 39-822, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

39-822 The county board shall keep in the office of the county clerk of the county a sufficient supply of the prints of the plans and the printed copies of the specifications and estimates of the cost of construction mentioned in section 39-821, to be furnished by the Director-State Engineer for distribution to prospective bidders and taxpayers of the county. No contract shall be entered into under the provisions of sections 39-810 to 39-826 for the construction or erection of any bridge or bridges unless, for the period of thirty days immediately preceding the time of entering into such contract, there shall have been available for distribution by the county clerk <u>such</u> the plans and specifications as aforesaid. The county boards of the several counties shall prepare and transmit to the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads a statement accompanied by the plans and specifications, showing the cost of all bridges built in their counties under the provisions of <u>such</u> said sections, and state therein whether they were built under a contract or by the county.

Sec. 112. Section 39-826.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

amended to read:

39-826.01 The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads or the county board shall, prior to the design or construction of a new bridge or culvert in a new or existing highway or road within its jurisdiction, notify in writing, by first-class mail, the natural resources district in which such bridge or culvert will be located. The natural resources district shall, pursuant to section 39-826.02, determine whether it would be beneficial to the district to have a dam constructed in lieu of the proposed bridge or culvert. If the district shall determine that a dam would be more beneficial, the <u>department</u> Department of Roads or the county board and the natural resources district shall jointly determine the feasibility of constructing a dam to support the road in lieu of a bridge or culvert. If the <u>department</u> Department of Roads or the county board and the natural resources district cannot agree regarding the feasibility of a dam, the decision of the <u>department</u> Department of Roads, in the case of the state highway system, or the county board, in the case of the county road system, shall be controlling.

Sec. 113. Section 39-826.02, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

39-826.02 If a natural resources district shall receive notice of a proposed bridge or culvert, pursuant to section 39-826.01, the district shall make a study to determine whether it would be practicable to construct a dam at or near the proposed site which could be used to support a highway or road. In making the study, such district shall consider the benefit which would be

derived and the feasibility of such a dam. After it has made its determination, the natural resources district shall notify the Department of Transportation Roads or the county board and shall, if the district favors such a dam, assist in the joint feasibility study and provide any other assistance which may be required.

Sec. 114. Section 39-847, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

39-847 (1) Any county board may apply, in writing, to the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads for state aid in the replacement of any bridge under the jurisdiction of such board. The application shall contain a description of the bridge, with a preliminary estimate of the cost of replacement thereof, and a certified copy of the resolution of such board, pledging such county to furnish fifty percent of the cost of replacement of such bridge. The county's share of replacement cost may be from any source except the State Aid Bridge Fund, except; Provided, that where there is any bridge which is the responsibility of two counties, either county may make application to the department and, if the application is approved by the department, such county and the department may replace such bridge and recover, by suit, one-half of the county's cost of such bridge from the county failing or refusing to join in such application. All requests for bridge replacement under sections 39-846 to 39-847.01 shall be forwarded by the department to the Board of Public Roads Classifications and forwarded by the department to the Board of Public Roads Classifications and Standards. Such board shall establish priorities for bridge replacement based on critical needs. The board shall, in June and December of each year, consider such applications and establish priorities for a period of time consistent with sections 39-2115 to 39-2119. The board shall return the applications to the department with the established priorities.

(2) The plans and specifications for each bridge shall be furnished by the <u>department</u> Department of Roads and replacement shall be under the supervision of the <u>department</u> Department of Roads and the county board.

(3) Any contract for the replacement of any such bridge shall be made by the <u>department</u> Department of Roads consistent with procedures for contracts for state highways and federal-aid secondary roads.

(4) After the replacement of any such bridge and the acceptance thereof by the <u>department</u> Department of Roads, any county having jurisdiction over it shall have sole responsibility for maintenance.

Sec. 115. Section 39-847.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

39-847.01 The State Treasurer shall transfer monthly thirty-two thousand dollars from the Department of Roads' share of the Department of Transportation of the Highway Trust Fund and thirty-two thousand dollars from the counties share of the Highway Trust Fund which is allocated to bridges to the State Aid Bridge Fund.

Sec. 116. Section 39-892, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

39-892 For purposes of the Interstate Bridge Act of 1959, unless the context otherwise requires:

- (1) Approach shall mean that portion of any interstate bridge which allows the highway access to the bridge structure. It shall be measured along the centerline of the highway from the end of the bridge structure to the nearest right-of-way line of the closest street or road where traffic may leave the highway to avoid crossing the bridge, but in no event shall such approach exceed a distance of one mile. The term shall be construed to include all embankments, fills, grades, supports, drainage facilities, and appurtenances necessary therefor;
- (2) Appurtenances shall include, but not be limited to, sidewalks, storm sewers, guardrails, handrails, steps, curb or grate inlets, fire plugs, retaining walls, lighting fixtures, and all other items of a similar nature which the department deems necessary for the proper operation of any interstate bridge or for the safety and convenience of the traveling public;
- (3) Boundary line bridge shall mean any bridge upon which no toll, fee, or other consideration is charged for passage thereon and which connects the state highway systems of the State of Nebraska and an adjoining state in the same manner as an interstate bridge. Such bridges shall be composed of right-of-way, bridge structure, approaches, and road in the same manner as an interstate bridge but shall be distinguished from an interstate bridge in that no part of such bridge shall be a part of the state highway system, the title to such bridge being vested in a person other than the State of Nebraska, or the State of Nebraska and an adjoining state jointly. Any boundary line bridge purchased or acquired by the department, or the department and an adjoining state jointly, and added to the state highway system shall be deemed an interstate bridge;
- (4) Boundary line toll bridge shall mean any boundary line bridge upon which a fee, toll, or other consideration is charged traffic for the use thereof. Any boundary line toll bridge purchased or acquired by the department, or by the department and an adjoining state jointly, and added to the state highway system shall be deemed an interstate bridge;
- (5) Bridge structure shall mean the superstructure and substructure of any interstate bridge having a span of not less than twenty feet between undercopings of extreme end abutments, or extreme ends of openings of multiple boxes, when measured along the centerline of the highway thereon, and shall be construed to include the supports therefor and all appurtenances deemed necessary by the department;
 (6) Construction shall mean the erection, fabrication, or alteration of

the whole or any part of any interstate bridge. For purposes of this subdivision, alteration shall be construed to be the performance of construction by which the form or design of any interstate bridge is changed or modified:

- (7) Department shall mean the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads;
 (8) Emergency shall include, but not be limited to, acts of God, invasion, enemy attack, war, flood, fire, storm, traffic accidents, or other actions of similar nature which usually occur suddenly and cause, or threaten to cause, damage requiring immediate attention;
 - (9) Expressway shall be defined in the manner provided by section 39-1302;
- (10) Freeway shall be defined in the manner provided by section 39-1302; (11) Highway shall mean a road, street, expressway, or freeway, including the entire area within the right-of-way, which has been designated a part of the state highway system;
- (12) Interstate bridge shall mean the right-of-way, approaches, bridge structure, and highway necessary to form a passageway for highway traffic over the boundary line of the State of Nebraska from a point within the State of Nebraska to a point within an adjoining state for the purpose of spanning any obstruction or obstructions which would otherwise hinder the free and safe flow of traffic between such points, such bridge being a part of the state highway system with title vested in the State of Nebraska or in the State of Nebraska

and an adjoining state jointly;
(13) Interstate bridge purposes shall include, but not be limited to, the applicable provisions of subdivisions (2)(a) through (1) of section 39-1320;

- (14) Maintenance shall mean the act, operation, or continuous process of repair, reconstruction, or preservation of the whole or any part of any interstate bridge for the purpose of keeping it at or near its original standard of usefulness and shall include the performance of traffic services for the safety and convenience of the traveling public. For purposes of this subdivision, reconstruction shall be construed to be the repairing or replacing of any part of any interstate bridge without changing or modifying the form or design of such bridge: design of such bridge;
- (15) Person shall include bodies politic and corporate, societies, communities, the public generally, individuals, partnerships, limited liability
- companies, joint-stock companies, and associations; (16) Right-of-way shall mean land, property, or interest therein, usually
- in a strip, acquired for or devoted to an interstate bridge;
 (17) State highway system shall mean the highways within the State of Nebraska as shown on the map provided for in section 39-1311 and as defined by section 39-1302;
 - (18) Street shall be defined in the manner provided by section 39-1302; (19) Title shall mean the evidence of right to property or the right
- itself; and
- (20) Traffic services shall mean the operation of an interstate bridge facility, and the services incidental thereto, to provide for the safe and convenient flow of traffic over such bridge. Such services shall include, but not be limited to, erection of snow fence, snow and ice removal, painting, repairing, and replacing signs, guardrails, traffic signals, lighting standards, pavement stripes and markings, adding conventional traffic control devices, furnishing power for road lighting and traffic control devices, and replacement of parts replacement of parts.

Sec. 117. Section 39-1010, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

39-1010 (1) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, all mailboxes shall be placed such that no part of the mailbox extends beyond the shoulder line of any highway and the mailbox support shall be placed a minimum of one foot outside the shoulder line of any gravel-surfaced highway, and of any hard-surfaced highway having a shoulder width of six feet or more as measured from the edge of the hard surfacing. Along hard-surfaced highways having a shoulder width of less than six feet, the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads shall, on new construction or reconstruction, where feasible, provide a shoulder width of not less than six feet, or provide for a minimum clear traffic lane of ten feet in width at mailbox turnouts. On highways built before October 9, 1961, having a shoulder width of less than six feet, the <u>department</u> Department of Roads may, where feasible and deemed advisable, provide a shoulder width of not less than six feet or provide for minimum clear traffic lane of ten feet in width at mailbox turnouts. For a hard-surfaced highway having either a mailbox turnout or a hard-surfaced shoulder width of eight feet or more, the mailbox shall be placed such that no part of the mailbox extends beyond the outside edge of the mailbox turnout or hard-surfaced portion of the shoulder and the mailbox support shall be placed a minimum of one foot outside the outside edge of the

mailbox turnout or hard-surfaced portion of the shoulder.

(2) It shall be the duty of the <u>department Department of Roads</u> to notify the owner of all mailboxes in violation of the provisions of this section, and the department may remove such mailboxes if the owner fails or refuses to remove the same after a reasonable time after he or she is notified of such violations.

Sec. 118. Section 39-1011, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

39-1011 The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads shall provide and maintain gravel, crushed-rock, or hard-surface turnouts for delivery of mail to all mailboxes placed on the highway rights-of-way to conform with the provisions of section 39-1010.

Sec. 119. Section 39-1101, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

39-1101 There is hereby created in the Department of Transportation Roads a State Highway Commission which shall consist of eight members to be appointed by the Governor with the consent of a majority of all the members of the Législature. One member shall at all times be appointed from each of the eight districts designated in section 39-1102. Each member of the commission shall be (1) a citizen of the United States, (2) not less than thirty years of age, and (3) a bona fide resident of the State of Nebraska and of the district from which he or she is appointed for at least three years immediately preceding his or her appointment. Not more than four members shall be of the same political party. The Director-State Engineer shall be an ex officio member of the commission who shall vote in case of a tie.

Section 39-1110, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, Sec. 120. amended to read:

39-1110 (1) It shall be the duty of the State Highway Commission:

- (a) To conduct studies and investigations and to act in an advisory capacity to the Director-State Engineer in the establishment of broad policies carrying out the duties and responsibilities of the Department <u>Transportation</u> Roads;
- (b) To advise the public regarding the policies, conditions, and activities of the <u>department</u> Department of Roads;
 (c) To hold hearings, make investigations, studies, and inspections, and
- do all other things necessary to carry out the duties imposed upon it by law;
- (d) To advance information and advice conducive to providing adequate and safe highways in the state;
- (e) When called upon by the Governor, to advise him or her relative to the appointment of the Director-State Engineer; and
- (f) To submit to the Governor its written advice regarding the feasibility of each relinquishment or abandonment of a fragment of a route, section of a route, or a route on the state highway system proposed by the department. The chairperson of the commission shall designate one or more of the members of the commission, prior to submitting such advice, to personally inspect the fragment of a route, section of a route, or a route to be relinquished or abandoned, who shall take into consideration the following factors: Cost to the state for maintenance, estimated cost to the state for future improvements, whether traffic service provided is primarily local or otherwise, whether other facilities provide comparable service, and the relationship to an integrated state highway system. The department shall furnish to the commission all needed assistance in making its inspection and study. If the commission, after making such inspection and study, shall fail to reach a decision as to whether or not the fragment of a route, section of a route, or a route should be relinquished or abandoned, it may hold a public hearing on such proposed relinquishment or abandonment. The commission shall give a written notice of the time and place of such hearing, not less than two weeks prior to the time of the hearing, to the political or governmental subdivisions or public corporations wherein such portion of the state highway system is proposed to be relinquished or abandoned. The commission shall submit to the Governor, within two weeks after such hearing, its written advice upon such proposed relinquishment or abandonment.
- (2) All funds rendered available by law to the <u>department</u> Department of Roads, including funds already collected for such purposes, may be used by the State Highway Commission in administering and effecting such purposes, to be paid upon approval by the Director-State Engineer.
- (3) All data and information of the <u>department</u> Department of Roads shall be available to the State Highway Commission.
- (4) The State Highway Commission may issue bonds under the Nebraska Highway Bond Act.
- Sec. 121. Section 39-1302, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:
- 39-1302 For purposes of sections 39-1301 to 39-1393, unless the context otherwise requires:
- (1) Abandon shall mean to reject all or part of the department's rights and responsibilities relating to all or part of a fragment, section, or route on the state highway system;
- (2) Alley shall mean an established passageway for vehicles and pedestrians affording a secondary means of access in the rear to properties abutting on a street or highway;
- (3) Approach or exit road shall mean any highway or ramp designed and used solely for the purpose of providing ingress or egress to or from an interchange or rest area of a highway. An approach road shall begin at the point where it intersects with any highway not a part of the highway for which such approach road provides access and shall terminate at the point where it merges with an acceleration lane of a highway. An exit road shall begin at the point where it intersects with a deceleration lane of a highway and shall terminate at the point where it intersects any highway not a part of a highway from which the
- exit road provides egress;
 (4) Arterial highway shall mean a highway primarily for through traffic, usually on a continuous route;
- (5) Beltway shall mean the roads and streets not designated as a part of the state highway system and that are under the primary authority of a county or municipality, if the location of the beltway has been approved by (a) record of decision or finding of no significant impact by the federal highway

administration and (b) the applicable local planning authority as a part of the comprehensive plan;

- (6) Business shall mean any lawful activity conducted primarily for the purchase and resale, manufacture, processing, or marketing of products, commodities, or other personal property or for the sale of services to the public or by a nonprofit corporation;
 - (7) Channel shall mean a natural or artificial watercourse;
- (8) Commercial activity shall mean those activities generally recognized as commercial by zoning authorities in this state, and industrial activity shall mean those activities generally recognized as industrial by zoning authorities in this state, except that none of the following shall be considered commercial or industrial:
 - (a) Outdoor advertising structures;
- (b) General agricultural, forestry, ranching, grazing, farming, related activities, including wayside fresh produce stands;
- (c) Activities normally or regularly in operation less than three months
 - (d) Activities conducted in a building principally used as a residence;
- (e) Railroad tracks and minor sidings; and(f) Activities more than six hundred sixty feet from the nearest edge of the right-of-way of the road or highway;
- (9) Connecting link shall mean the roads, streets, and highways designated as part of the state highway system and which are within the corporate limits of any city or village in this state;
- (10) Controlled-access facility shall mean a highway or street especially designed for through traffic and over, from, or to which owners or occupants of abutting land or other persons have no right or easement or only a controlled right or easement of access, light, air, or view by reason of the fact that their property abuts upon such controlled-access facility or for any other reason. Such highways or streets may be freeways, or they may be parkways; (11) Department shall mean the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads;
- (12) Displaced person shall mean any individual, family, business, or farm operation which moves from real property acquired for state highway purposes or for a federal-aid highway;
- (13) Easement shall mean a right acquired by public authority to use or control property for a designated highway purpose;
 (14) Expressway shall mean a divided arterial highway for through traffic
- with full or partial control of access which may have grade separations at intersections;
- (15) Family shall mean two or more persons living together in the same dwelling unit who are related to each other by blood, marriage, adoption, or legal guardianship;
- (16) Farm operation shall mean any activity conducted primarily for the production of one or more agricultural products or commodities for sale and home use and customarily producing such products or commodities in sufficient quantity to be capable of contributing materially to the operator's support;
- (17) Federal-aid primary roads shall mean roads, streets, and highways, whether a part of the state highway system, county road systems, or city streets, which have been designated as federal-aid primary roads by the Nebraska Department of Transportation department and approved by the United States Secretary of Transportation and shown on the maps provided for in section 39-1311;
 - (18) Freeway shall mean an expressway with full control of access;
- (19) Frontage road shall mean a local street or road auxiliary to an arterial highway for service to abutting property and adjacent areas and for control of access:
- (20) Full control of access shall mean that the right of owners or occupants of abutting land or other persons to access or view is fully controlled by public authority having jurisdiction and that such control is exercised to give preference to through traffic by providing access connections with colored public reads only and by prohibiting accessings or intersections with selected public roads only and by prohibiting crossings or intersections at grade or direct private driveway connections;
- (21) Grade separation shall mean a crossing of two highways at different levels;
- (22) Highway shall mean a road or street, including the entire area within the right-of-way, which has been designated a part of the state highway system; (23) Individual shall mean a person who is not a member of a family;
- (24) Interchange shall mean a grade-separated intersection with one or more turning roadways for travel between any of the highways radiating from and forming part of such intersection;
- (25) Map shall mean a drawing or other illustration or a series of drawings or illustrations which may be considered together to complete a representation;
- (26) Mileage shall mean the aggregate distance in miles without counting double mileage where there are one-way or divided roads, streets, or highways;
- (27) Parking lane shall mean an auxiliary lane primarily for the parking of vehicles;
- (28) Parkway shall mean an arterial highway for noncommercial traffic, with full or partial control of access, and usually located within a park or a
- ribbon of park-like development;

 (29) Relinquish shall mean to surrender all or part of the rights and responsibilities relating to all or part of a fragment, section, or route on the state highway system to a political or governmental subdivision or public

corporation of Nebraska;

(30) Right of access shall mean the rights of ingress and egress to or from a road, street, or highway and the rights of owners or occupants of land abutting a road, street, or highway or other persons to a way or means of approach, light, air, or view;

(31) Right-of-way shall mean land, property, or interest therein, usually in a string acquired for or devoted to a road, street, or highway.

in a strip, acquired for or devoted to a road, street, or highway;

- (32) Road shall mean a public way for the purposes of vehicular travel, including the entire area within the right-of-way. A road designated as part of the state highway system may be called a highway, while a road in an urban area may be called a street;
- (33) Roadside shall mean the area adjoining the outer edge of the roadway. Extensive areas between the roadways of a divided highway may also be considered roadside;
- (34) Roadway shall mean the portion of a highway, including shoulders, for vehicular use;
- (35) Separation structure shall mean that part of any bridge or road which
- is directly overhead of the roadway of any part of a highway;
 (36) State highway purposes shall have the meaning set forth in subsection (2) of section 39-1320;
- (37) State highway system shall mean the roads, streets, and highways shown on the map provided for in section 39-1311 as forming a group of highway transportation lines for which the <u>Nebraska Department</u> of <u>Transportation department</u> shall be the primary authority. The state highway system shall include, but not be limited to, rights-of-way, connecting links, drainage facilities, and the bridges, appurtenances, easements, and structures used in conjunction with such roads, streets, and highways;

 (38) Street shall mean a public way for the purposes of vehicular travel in a city or village and shall include the entire area within the right-of-way;
- (39) Structure shall mean anything constructed or erected, the use of which requires permanent location on the ground or attachment to something having a permanent location;
- (40) Title shall mean the evidence of a person's right to property or the right itself;
- (41) Traveled way shall mean the portion of the roadway for the movement of vehicles, exclusive of shoulders and auxiliary lanes;
- (42) Unzoned commercial or industrial area for purposes of control of outdoor advertising shall mean all areas within six hundred sixty feet of the nearest edge of the right-of-way of the interstate and federal-aid primary systems which are not zoned by state or local law, regulation, or ordinance and on which there is located one or more permanent structures devoted to a business or industrial activity or on which a commercial or industrial activity is conducted, whether or not a permanent structure is located thereon, the area between such activity and the highway, and the area along the highway extending outward six hundred feet from and beyond each edge of such activity and, in the case of the primary system, may include the unzoned lands on both sides of such road or highway to the extent of the same dimensions if those lands on the opposite side of the highway are not deemed scenic or having aesthetic value as determined by the department. In determining such an area, measurements shall be made from the furthest or outermost edges of the regularly used area of the commercial or industrial activity, structures, normal points of ingress and egress, parking lots, and storage and processing areas constituting an integral part of such commercial or industrial activity;
- (43) Visible, for purposes of section 39-1320, in reference to advertising signs, displays, or devices, shall mean the message or advertising content of such sign, display, or device is capable of being seen without visual aid by a person of normal visual acuity. A sign shall be considered visible even though the message or advertising content may be seen but not read;
- (44) Written instrument shall mean a deed or any other document that states a contract, agreement, gift, or transfer of property; and (45) Zoned commercial or industrial areas shall mean those areas within
- six hundred sixty feet of the nearest edge of the right-of-way of the Highway Beautification Control System defined in section 39-201.01, zoned by state or local zoning authorities for industrial or commercial activities.
- Sec. 122. Section 39-1306.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:
- 39-1306.01 Unused funds shall be made available by the <u>department</u> Department of Roads to other political or governmental subdivisions or public corporations for an additional period of six months. The department shall likewise make available unused funds from allotments which have been made prior to December 25, 1969. The department shall separately classify all unused funds referred to in section 39-1306 from their sources on the basis of the type of political or governmental subdivision or public corporation to which they were allotted. It is the intent of the Legislature that such funds which were allotted to counties and were unused be made available to other counties, and that such funds which were allotted to cities and villages and were unused be made available to other cities and villages. The funds in each classification shall be made available by the department to other subdivisions which have utilized all of the federal funds available to them, and shall be subject to the same conditions as apply to funds received under section 39-1306. Such funds shall be reallocated upon application therefor by the subdivisions.

 Sec. 123. Section 39-1306.02, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

amended to read:

39-1306.02 When any political or governmental subdivision or any public corporation of this state has an allotment of federal-aid funds made available to it by the federal government, the <u>department</u> Department of Roads shall give notice to the political or governmental subdivision of the amount of such funds the department has allotted to it, and, that the duration of the allotment to the political or governmental subdivision or public corporation is for not less than an eighteen-month period, which notice shall state the last date of such allotment to the subdivision or political corporation. The department shall give notice a second time six months before the last date of such allotment of the impending six months expiration of the allotment and of the amount of funds remaining.

 $\mbox{Sec.}^{\bar{}}$ 124. Section 39-1311, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

39-1311 (1) The <u>department Department of Roads</u> at all times shall maintain a current map of the state, which shall show all the roads, highways, and connecting links which have been designated, located, created, or constituted as part of the state highway system, including all corridors. All changes in designation or location of highways constituting the state highway system, or additions thereto, shall be indicated upon the map. The department shall also maintain six separate and additional maps. These maps shall include (a) the roads, highways, and streets designated as federal-aid primary roads as of March 27, 1972, (b) the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways, (c) the roads designated as the federal-aid primary system as it existed on June 1, 1991, (d) the National Highway System, (e) the Highway Beautification Control System as defined in section 39-201.01, and (f) scenic byways as defined in section 39-201.01. The National Highway System is the system designated as such under the federal Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act. The maps shall be available at all times for public inspection at the offices of the Director-State Engineer and shall be filed with the Legislature of the State of Nebraska each biennium. 39-1311 (1) The department Department of Roads at all times shall maintain Nebraska each biennium.

- (2) Whenever the department has received a corridor location approval for a proposed state highway or proposed beltway to be located in any county or municipality, it shall prepare a map of such corridor sufficient to show the location of such corridor on each parcel of land to be traversed. If the county or municipality in which such corridor is located in any county or municipality in which such corridor is located to have a requirement for the review and approval of a preliminary subdivision plat or a requirement that a building permit be obtained prior to commencement of a structure, the department shall send notice of the approval of such corridor by certified mail to the owner of each parcel traversed by the corridor at the address shown for such owner on the county tax records. Such notice shall advise the owner of the requirement of sections 39-1311 to 39-1311.05 for preliminary subdivision plats and for building permits.
- (3) For any beltway proposed under sections 39-1311 to 39-1311.05, the duties of the department shall be assumed by the county or municipality that received approval for the beltway project.

Sec. 125. Section 39-1320, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

39-1320 (1) The <u>department</u> Department of Roads is hereby authorized to acquire, either temporarily or permanently, lands, real or personal property or any interests therein, or any easements deemed to be necessary or desirable for present or future state highway purposes by gift, agreement, purchase, exchange, condemnation, or otherwise. Such lands or real property may be acquired in fee simple or in any lesser estate. It is the intention of the Legislature that all property leased or purchased from the owner shall receive a fair price.

(2) State highway purposes, as referred to in subsection (1) of this section or otherwise in sections 39-1301 to 39-1362 and 39-1393, shall include

- provision for, but shall not be limited to, the following:
 (a) The construction, reconstruction, relocation (a) The construction, reconstruction, relocation, improvement, and maintenance of the state highway system. The right-of-way for such highways shall be of such width as is deemed necessary by the department;

 (b) Adequate drainage in connection with any highway, cuts, fills, or
- channel changes and the maintenance thereof;
- (c) Controlled-access facilities, including air, light, view, and frontage
- and service roads to highways;

 (d) Weighing stations, shops, storage buildings and yards, and road maintenance or construction sites;
- (e) Road material sites, sites for the manufacture of road materials, and access roads to such sites;
- (f) The preservation of objects of attraction or scenic value adjacent to, along, or in close proximity to highways and the culture of trees and flora which may increase the scenic beauty of such highways;

 (g) Roadside areas or parks adjacent to or near any highway;
- (h) The exchange of property for other property to be used for rights-of-way or other purposes set forth in subsection (1) or (2) of this section if the interests of the state will be served and acquisition costs thereby reduced;
- (i) The maintenance of an unobstructed view of any portion of a highway so as to promote the safety of the traveling public;
 - (j) The construction and maintenance of stock trails and cattle passes;
- (k) The erection and maintenance of marking and warning signs and traffic signals;
- maintenance The of sidewalks and (1)construction and highway illumination;

(m) The control of outdoor advertising which is visible from the nearest edge of the right-of-way of the Highway Beautification Control System as defined in section 39-201.01 to comply with the provisions of 23 U.S.C. 131, as amended;

- (n) The relocation of or giving assistance in the relocation of individuals, families, businesses, or farm operations occupying premises acquired for state highway or federal-aid road purposes; and
- (o) The establishment and maintenance of wetlands to replace or to mitigate damage to wetlands affected by highway construction, reconstruction, or maintenance. The replacement lands shall be capable of being used to create wetlands comparable to the wetlands area affected. The area of the replacement lands may exceed the wetlands area affected. Lands may be acquired to establish a large or composite wetlands area, sometimes called a wetlands bank, not larger than an area which is one hundred fifty percent of the lands reasonably expected to be necessary for the mitigation of future impact on wetlands brought about by highway construction, reconstruction, or maintenance during the six-year plan as required by sections 39-2115 to 39-2117, an annual plan under section 39-2119, or an annual metropolitan transportation improvement program under section 39-2119.01 in effect upon acquisition of the lands. For purposes of this section, wetlands shall have the definition found in 33 C.F.R. 328.3(c) 328.3(b).
- 328.3(c) 328.3(b).

 (3) The procedure to condemn property authorized by subsection (1) of this section or elsewhere in sections 39-1301 to 39-1362 and 39-1393 shall be exercised in the manner set forth in sections 76-704 to 76-724 or as provided by section 39-1323, as the case may be.

Sec. 126. Section 39-1323.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

39-1323.01 The Nebraska Department of Transportation Reads, subject to the approval of the Governor, and the United States Department of Transportation if such department has a financial interest, is authorized to lease, rent, or permit for use, any area, or land and the buildings thereon, which area or land was acquired for highway purposes. The Director-State Engineer, for the Nebraska Department of Transportation department, and in the name of the State of Nebraska, may execute all leases, permits, and other instruments necessary to accomplish the foregoing. Such instruments may contain any conditions, covenants, exceptions, and reservations which the department deems to be in the public interest, including, but not limited to, the provision that upon notice that such property is needed for highway purposes the use and occupancy thereof shall cease. If so leased, rented, or permitted to be used by a municipality, the property may be used for such governmental or proprietary purpose as the governing body of the municipality shall determine, and such governing body may let the property to bid by private operators for proprietary uses. All money received as rent shall be deposited in the state treasury and by the State Treasurer placed in the Highway Cash Fund, subject to reimbursement, if requested, to the United States Department of Transportation for its proportionate financial contribution.

Sec. 127. Section 39-1328.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

39-1328.01 Whenever a highway not a freeway, which formerly traversed the corporate limits of a municipality of not more than five thousand inhabitants, is relocated and is made a controlled-access facility, and the department Department of Roads is or is not providing any frontage road as authorized by section 39-1328, near an intersection with a roadway connecting with such municipality, the department shall, when consistent with requirements of traffic safety, and when the cost of drainage structures does not exceed five thousand dollars, and upon the conditions hereinafter set out construct such frontage roads if requested to do so by such municipality, by the county, or by the owners of sixty percent of the property abutting on such relocated highway if such request is made prior to the purchase, lease, or lease with option to purchase of right-of-way by the department. The quadrant of such intersection in which the frontage road or roads shall be located shall be designated by the governing board of such municipality. The department shall at the request of the county or municipality procure the right-of-way for such frontage road by lease or lease-option to buy or in the same manner as though it were for state highway purposes after receiving from the county or municipality reasonable assurance of reimbursement for such right-of-way costs. The responsibility for the maintenance of such frontage road shall be as provided in section 39-1372.

Sec. 128. Section 39-1328.02, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

39-1328.02 Whenever a highway not a freeway, which formerly traversed the corporate limits of a municipality, has been relocated since January 1, 1960, and has been made or will be made a controlled-access facility, and the department Department of Roads has not provided any frontage road as authorized by section 39-1328, near an intersection with a roadway connecting with such municipality, the department shall, when consistent with requirements of traffic safety, and when the cost of drainage structures does not exceed five thousand dollars, and upon the conditions hereinafter set out construct such frontage roads if requested to do so by such municipality, the county, or by the owners of sixty percent of the property abutting on such relocated highway within two years after November 18, 1965, or within two years after the highway is made a controlled-access facility. If agreements exist with the federal government requiring its consent to the relinquishment of control of access, the department shall make a bona fide effort to secure such consent, but upon

failure to obtain such consent, the frontage road shall not be constructed, or, if conditions are imposed by the federal government, the department shall construct such frontage roads only in accordance with such conditions. The $\dot{\tau}$ Provided, that the municipality, county, or owners requesting such frontage road shall reimburse the department for any damages which it paid for such control of access and also for payment to the federal government of such sum, if any, demanded by it for the relinquishment of the access control. quadrant of such intersection in which the frontage road may be located shall be designated by the governing board of such municipality. The department shall at the request of the county or municipality procure the right-of-way for such frontage road in the same manner as though it were for state highway purposes after receiving from the county or municipality reasonable assurance of reimbursement for such right-of-way costs. The responsibility for the maintenance of such frontage road shall be as provided in section 39-1372.

Sec. 129. Section 39-1345.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

39-1345.01 Whenever the <u>department</u> <u>Department of Roads</u>, under the authority of section 39-1345, permits the public use of a highway undergoing construction, repair, or maintenance in lieu of a detour route, the contractor shall not be held responsible for damages to those portions of the project upon which the department has permitted public use, when such damages are the result

of no proximate act or failure to act on the part of the contractor. Sec. 130. Section 39-1350, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

39-1350 The department shall have the authority to act for any political or governmental subdivision or public corporation of this state for the purpose of taking bids or letting contracts for the construction, reconstruction, improvement, maintenance, or repair of roads, bridges, and their appurtenances. The department, while so acting, may take such bids and let such contracts at the offices of the <u>department in Department of Roads</u>, Lincoln, Nebraska, or at such other location as designated by the department if the department has the written consent of the political or governmental subdivision or public corporation where the work is to be done.

Sec. 131. Section 39-1353, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

39-1353 (1) Proposal forms for submitting bids on any contract for the construction, reconstruction, improvement, maintenance, or repair of roads, bridges, and their appurtenances to be let by the department shall be issued by the department at the offices of the <u>department in</u> Department of Roads, Lincoln, Nebraska, or at such other location as designated by the department not later than 5 p.m. of the day before the letting of the contract.

(2) Such proposal forms shall be issued only to those persons previously

qualified by the department and bids shall be accepted only from such qualified persons. This subsection shall not apply to any contract granted an exemption from prequalification requirements pursuant to subsection (2) of section 39-1351.

Sec. 132. Section 39-1359.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

39-1359.01 For purposes of this section, the definitions in section 39-1302 apply.

The <u>department</u> Department of Roads shall issue permits which authorize and The <u>department</u> Department of Roads shall issue permits which authorize and regulate the mowing and harvesting of hay on the right-of-way of highways of the state highway system. The applicant for a permit shall be informed in writing and shall sign a release acknowledging (1) that he or she will assume all risk and liability for hay quality and for any accidents and damages that may occur as a result of the work and (2) that the State of Nebraska assumes no liability for the hay quality or for work done by the permittee. The applicant liability for the hay quality or for work done by the permittee. The applicant shall show proof of liability insurance of at least one million dollars. The owner or the owner's assignee of land abutting the right-of-way shall have priority to receive a permit for such land under this section until July 30 of each year. Applicants who are not owners of abutting land shall be limited to a permit for five miles of right-of-way per year. The department shall allow mowing and hay harvesting on or after July 15 of each year. The department shall charge a permit fee in an amount calculated to defray the costs of administering this section. All fees received under this section shall be remitted to the State Treasurer for credit to the Highway Cash Fund. The department shall adopt and promulgate rules and regulations to carry out this section.

Sec. 133. Section 39-1363, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

39-1363 To more effectually preserve the historical, archeological, and paleontological remains of the state, the $\frac{\text{department}}{\text{department}}$ $\frac{\text{Department}}{\text{of Roads}}$ is authorized to enter into agreements with the appropriate agencies of the state charged with preserving historical, archeological, and paleontological remains to have these agencies remove and preserve such remains disturbed or to be disturbed by highway construction and to use highway funds, when appropriated, for this purpose. This authority specifically extends to highways which are part of the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways as defined in the Endered Aid Highway Act of 1956. Bublio Law 627, 84th Congress, and the use the Federal Aid Highway Act of 1956, Public Law 627, 84th Congress, and the use of state funds on a matching basis with federal funds therein. Sec. 134. Section 39-1364, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska,

amended to read:

39-1364 The <u>department</u> Department of Roads shall, upon the request of any

citizen of this state, disclose to such citizen full information concerning any highway construction, alteration, maintenance, or repair project in this state, whether completed, presently in process, or contemplated for future action, and permit an examination of the plans, specifications, and records concerning such project, except that ; Provided, any information received by the department as confidential by the laws of this state shall not be disclosed. Any person who willfully fails to comply with the provisions of this section shall be guilty of official misconduct. By the provisions of this section, the officials of the <u>department</u> Department of Roads will not be required to furnish information on the right-of-way of any proposed highway until such information can be made available to the general public.

Sec. 135. Section 39-1365.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

39-1365.01 The <u>department</u> Department of Roads shall be responsible for developing a specific and long-range state highway system plan. The department shall annually formulate plans to meet the state highway system needs of all facets of the state and shall assign priorities for such needs. The department shall, on or before December 1 of each year, present such plans to the Legislature. The plans shall be referred to the appropriate standing committees of the Legislature for review. The department shall consider the preservation of the existing state highway system asset as its primary priority except as may otherwise be provided in state or federal law. In establishing secondary priorities, the department shall consider a variety of factors, including, but not limited to, current and projected traffic volume, safety requirements, economic development needs, current and projected demographic trends, and enhancement of the quality of life for all Nebraska citizens. The state highway system plan shall include the designation of those portions of the state highway system which shall be expressways.

Sec. 136. Section 39-1365.02, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

39-1365.02 (1) The $\frac{\text{department}}{\text{department}}$ Department of Roads shall apply for and make maximum use of available federal funding, including discretionary funding, on all highway construction projects which are eligible for such assistance.

(2) The <u>department</u> Department of Roads shall transmit electronically to

the Legislature, by December 1 of each year, a report on the needs of the state highway system, the department's planning procedures, and the progress being made on the expressway system. Such report shall include:

(a) The criteria by which highway needs are determined;

(b) The standards established for each classification of highways;

- (c) An assessment of current and projected needs of the state highway system, such needs to be defined by category of improvement required to bring each segment up to standards. Projected fund availability shall not be a consideration by which needs are determined;
- (d) Criteria and data, including factors enumerated in section 39-1365.01, upon which decisions may be made on possible special priority highways for commercial growth;
- (e) A review of the department's procedure for selection of projects for the annual construction program, the five-year planning program, and extended planning programs;
- (f) A review of the progress being made toward completion of the expressway system, as such system was designated on January 1, 2016, and whether such work is on pace for completion prior to June 30, 2033;
 (g) A review of the Transportation Infrastructure Bank Fund and the fund's
- component programs under sections 39-2803 to 39-2807. This review shall include a listing of projects funded and planned to be funded under each of the three component programs; and
- (h) A review of the outcomes of the Economic Opportunity Program, including the growth in permanent jobs and related income and the net increase in overall business activity.

Sec. 137. Section 39-1390, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

39-1390 The State Recreation Road Fund is created. The money in the fund shall be transferred by the State Treasurer, on the first day of each month, to the <u>department</u> <u>Department of Roads</u> and shall be expended by the Director-State Engineer with the approval of the Governor for construction and maintenance of dustless-surface roads to be designated as state recreation roads as provided in this section, except that (1) transfers may be made from the fund to the State Park Cash Revolving Fund at the direction of the Legislature through July 31, 2016, and (2) if the balance in the State Recreation Road Fund exceeds fourteen million dollars on the first day of each month, the State Treasurer shall transfer the amount greater than fourteen million dollars to the Game and Parks State Park Improvement and Maintenance Fund. Except as to roads under contract as of March 15, 1972, those roads, excluding state highways, giving direct and immediate access to or located within state parks, state recreation areas, or other recreational or historical areas, shall be eligible for designation as state recreation roads. Such eligibility shall be determined by the Game and Parks Commission and certified to the Director-State Engineer, who shall, after receiving such certification, be authorized to commence construction on such recreation roads as funds are available. In addition, those roads, excluding state highways, giving direct and immediate access to a state veteran cemetery are state recreation roads. After construction of such roads they shall be shown on the map provided by section 39-1311. Preference in construction shall be based on existing or potential traffic use by other than

local residents. Unless the State Highway Commission otherwise recommends, such roads upon completion of construction shall be incorporated into the state highway system. If such a road is not incorporated into the state highway system, the <u>department</u> <u>Department of Roads</u> and the county within which such road is located shall enter into a maintenance agreement establishing the responsibility for maintenance of the road, the maintenance standards to be met, and the responsibility for maintenance costs. Any money in the State Recreation Road Fund available for investment shall be invested by the state investment officer pursuant to the Nebraska Capital Expansion Act and the Nebraska State Funds Investment Act Nebraska State Funds Investment Act.

Sec. 138. Section 39-1392, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

39-1392 The <u>department</u> Department of Roads shall develop and file with the Governor and the Legislature a one-year and a long-range five-year plan of scheduled design, construction, and improvement for all exterior access roads and interior service roads as certified to it by the Game and Parks Commission. The first such plans shall be filed on or before January 1, 1974. The plans shall be reviewed and extended annually, on or before January 1 of each year, so that there shall always be a current one-year and five-year plan on file. The plans submitted to the Legislature shall be submitted to the time it filed such plans and extensions thereof department shall also, at the time it files such plans and extensions thereof, report the design, construction, and improvement accomplished during each of the two immediately preceding calendar years.

Sec. 139. Section 39-1407, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

39-1407 Whenever contracts are to be let for road improvements, it shall be the duty of the county board to cause to be prepared and filed with the county clerk an estimate of the nature of the work and the cost thereof. After county clerk an estimate of the nature of the work and the cost thereof. After such estimate has been filed, bids for such contracts shall be advertised by publication of a notice thereof once a week for three consecutive weeks in a legal newspaper of the county prior to the date set for receiving bids. Bids shall be let to the lowest responsible bidder. The board shall have the discretionary power to reject any and all bids for sufficient cause. If all bids are rejected, the county board shall have the power to negotiate any contract for road improvements, but the county board shall adhere to all specifications that were required for the initial bids on contracts. The board shall have the discretionary power to authorize the Department of Transportation Roads to take and let bids on behalf of the county at the offices of the department in Lincoln, Nebraska. When the bid is accepted the bidder shall enter into a sufficient bond for the use and benefit of the county, precinct, or township, for the faithful performance of the contract, county, precinct, or township, for the faithful performance of the contract, and for the payment of all laborers employed in the performance of the work, and for the payment of all damages which the county, precinct, or township may sustain by reason of any failure to perform the work in the manner stipulated. It shall be the duty of the county to determine whether or not the work is performed in keeping with such contract before paying for the same.

Section 39-1503, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, Sec. 140. amended to read:

39-1503 It shall be the duty of the county board in commissioner-type

counties having a county highway superintendent and in township-type counties having adopted a county road unit system to:

(1) Give notice to the public of the date set for public hearings upon the proposed county highway program of the county highway superintendent for the forthcoming year by publication once a week for three consecutive weeks in a legal newspaper published in the county or, if none is published in the county, in a legal newspaper of general circulation in the county. The notice shall

clearly state the purpose, time, and place of such public hearings;

(2) Adopt a county highway annual program no later than March 1 of each year which shall include a schedule of construction, repair, and maintenance projects and the order of priority of such projects to be undertaken and carried out by the county and a list of equipment to be purchased and the priority of such purchases, within the limits of the estimated funds available during the next twolve menths: during the next twelve months;

(3) Adopt standards to be applied in road and bridge repair, maintenance, and construction;

(4) Advertise for and take and let bids for all or any portion of the county road work when letting bids, except that when the Department of Transportation Roads takes bids on behalf of the county, the county shall have authority to permit such bids to be taken and let at the offices of the department in Department of Roads, Lincoln, Nebraska; and

(5) Cause investigations, studies, and inspections to be made, hold public

hearings, and do all other things necessary to carry out the duties imposed upon it by law.

Sec. 141. Section 39-1703, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

39-1703 The county board of any county and the governing authority of any city or village may acquire land owned, occupied, or controlled by the state or any state institution, board, agency, or commission, whenever such land is necessary to construct, reconstruct, improve, relocate, or maintain a county road or a city or village street or to provide adequate drainage for such roads or streets. The procedure for such acquisition shall, as nearly as possible, be that provided in sections 72-224.02 and 72-224.03. Prior to taking any land for any such of the above purposes, a certificate that the taking of such land is

in the public interest must be obtained from the Governor and from the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads, and be filed in the office of the Department of Administrative Services and a copy thereof in the office of the Board of Educational Lands and Funds. The damages assessed in such proceedings shall be paid to the Board of Educational Lands and Funds, and shall be remitted by that board to the State Treasurer for credit to the proper account. Sec. 142. Section 39-1713, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

amended to read:

39-1713 (1) When any person presents to the county board an affidavit satisfying it (a) that he or she is the owner of the real estate described therein located within the county, (b) that such real estate is shut out from all public access, other than a waterway, by being surrounded on all sides by real estate belonging to other persons, or by such real estate and by water, (c) that he or she is unable to purchase from any of such persons the right-ofway over or through the same to a public road or that it cannot be purchased except at an exorbitant price, stating the lowest price for which the same can be purchased by him or her, and (d) asking that an access road be provided in accordance with section 39-1716, the county board shall appoint a time and place for hearing the matter, which hearing shall be not more than thirty days after the receipt of such affidavit. The application for an access road may be included in a separate petition instead of in such affidavit.

- (2) For purposes of sections 39-1713 to 39-1719:

 (a) Access road means a right-of-way open to the general public for ingress to and egress from a tract of isolated land provided in accordance with section 39-1716; and
- (b) State of Nebraska includes the Board of Educational Lands and Funds, Board of Regents of the University of Nebraska, Board of Trustees of the Nebraska State Colleges, Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads, <u>Department of Aeronautics</u>, Department of Administrative Services, and Game and Parks Commission and all other state agencies, boards, departments, and commissions.

 Sec. 143. Section 39-1901, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

39-1901 All damages caused by the laying out, altering, opening, or discontinuing of any county road shall be paid by warrant on the general fund of the county in which such road is located, except; Provided, that the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads shall pay the damages, if any, which a person sustains and is legally entitled to recover because of the barricading of a county or township road pursuant to the provisions of section 39-1728. Upon the failure of the party damaged and the county to agree upon the amount of damages, the damaged party, in addition to any other available remedy, may file a petition as provided for in section 76-705.

Sec. 144. Section 39-2001, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

amended to read:

39-2001 (1) The county board of each county shall select and designate, from the laid out and platted public roads within the county, certain roads to be known as primary and secondary county roads. Primary county roads shall include (a) direct highways leading to and from rural schools where ten or more grades are being taught, (b) highways connecting cities, villages, and market centers, (c) rural mail route and star mail route roads, (d) main-traveled main traveled roads, and (e) such other roads as are designated as such by the county board. All county roads not designated as primary county roads shall be secondary county roads.

- (2) As soon as the primary county roads are designated as provided by subsection (1) of this section, the county board shall cause such primary county roads to be plainly marked on a map to be deposited with the county clerk and be open to public inspection. Upon filing the map the county clerk shall at once fix a date of hearing thereon, which shall not be more than twenty days nor less than ten days from the date of filing. Notice of the filing of the said map and of the date of such hearing shall be published prior to the hearing in one issue of each newspaper published in the English language to the hearing in one issue of each newspaper published in the English language in the county.
- (3) At any time before the hearing provided for by subsection (2) of this section is concluded, any ten freeholders of the county may file a petition with the county clerk asking for any change in the designated primary county roads, setting forth the reason for the proposed change. Such petition shall be

accompanied by a plat showing such proposed change.

(4) The roads designated on the map by the county board shall be conclusively established as the primary roads. If ; Provided, if no agreement is reached between the county board and the petitioners at the hearing, the county clerk shall forward the map, together with all petitions and plats, to the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads.

(5) The department shall, upon receipt of the said maps, petitions, and plats, proceed to examine the same, and shall determine the lines to be followed by the said county roads, having regard to volume of traffic, continuity, and cost of construction. The department shall, not later than twenty days from the receipt thereof, return the papers to the county clerk, together with the decision of the department in writing, duly certified, and accompanied by a plat showing the lines of the county roads as finally determined. The county clerk shall file the papers and record the decision, and the same shall be conclusive as to the lines of the county roads established the same shall be conclusive as to the lines of the county roads established therein.

Sec. 145. Section 39-2002, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

39-2002 The county board of each county shall select and designate, within six months from January 1, 1958, the roads which will be county primary roads and which will constitute the county primary road system. Such roads shall be selected from those roads which already have been designated as primary county roads pursuant to the provisions of section $39\text{-}2001_7$ or from those roads which were maintained by the Department of $\underline{\text{Transportation}}$ Roads under the provisions of section 39-1309. The primary county roads shall include only the more important county roads as determined by the actual or potential traffic volumes and other traffic survey data.

The county board of each county shall have authority to redesignate the county primary roads from time to time by naming additional roads as primary roads and by rescinding the designation of existing county primary roads. The $\dot{\tau}$ Provided, the county board shall follow the same procedure for redesignation as is required by law for initially designating the county primary roads. The $\dot{\tau}$ and provided further, that the principle of designating only the more important county roads as primary roads as determined by the actual or potential traffic volumes and other traffic survey data shall be adhered to.

A copy of a current map of the county roads showing the location of roads

A copy of a current map of the county roads showing the location of roads and bridges and reflecting the county primary road system as designated in this section shall be kept on file and available to public inspection at the office of the county clerk and with the <u>department Department of Roads</u>.

Sec. 146. Section 39-2105, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

Sec. 146. Section 39-2105, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

39-2105 Jurisdictional responsibility for the various functional classifications of public highways and streets shall be as follows:

- (1) The state shall have the responsibility for the design, construction, reconstruction, maintenance, and operation of all roads classified under the category of rural highways as interstate, expressway, and major arterial, and the municipal extensions thereof, except that the state shall not be responsible for that portion of a municipal extension which exceeds the design of the rural highway leading into the municipality. When the design of a rural highway differs at the different points where it leads into the municipality, the state's responsibility for the municipal extension thereof shall be limited to the lesser of the two designs. The state shall be responsible for the entire interstate system under either the rural or municipal category and for connecting links between the interstate and the nearest existing state highway system in rural areas, except that if such a connecting link has not been improved and a sufficient study by the Department of Iransportation Roads results in the determination that a link to an alternate state highway would provide better service for the area involved, the department shall have the option of providing the alternate route, subject to satisfactory local participation in the additional cost of the alternate route;

 (2) The various counties shall have the responsibility for the design
- (2) The various counties shall have the responsibility for the design, construction, reconstruction, maintenance, and operation of all roads classified as other arterial, collector, local, minimum maintenance, and remote residential under the rural highway category;
- (3) The various incorporated municipalities shall have the responsibility for the design, construction, reconstruction, maintenance, and operation of all streets classified as expressway which are of a purely local nature, that portion of municipal extensions of rural expressways and major arterials which exceeds the design of the rural portions of such systems, and responsibility for those streets classified as other arterial, collector, and local within their corporate limits; and
- (4) Jurisdictional responsibility for all scenic-recreation roads and highways shall remain with the governmental subdivision which had jurisdictional responsibility for such road or highway prior to its change in classification to scenic-recreation made pursuant to this section and sections 39-2103. 39-2109. and 39-2113.

39-2103, 39-2109, and 39-2113. Sec. 147. Section 39-2106, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

39-2106 To assist in developing the functional classification system, there is hereby established the Board of Public Roads Classifications and Standards which shall consist of eleven members to be appointed by the Governor with the approval of the Legislature. Of the members of such board, two shall be representatives of the Department of Transportation Roads, three shall be representatives of the counties, one of whom shall be a licensed county highway superintendent in good standing and two of whom shall be county board members, three shall be representatives of the municipalities who shall be either public works directors or licensed city street superintendents in good standing, and three shall be lay citizens who shall represent the three congressional districts of the state. The county members on the board shall represent the various classes of counties, as defined in section 23-1114.01, in the following manner: One shall be a representative from either a Class 1 or Class 2 county; one shall be a representative from either a Class 3 or Class 4 county; and one shall be a representative from either a Class 5, Class 6, or Class 7 county. The municipal members of the board shall represent municipalities of the following sizes by population: One shall be a representative from a municipality of less than two thousand five hundred population; one shall be a representative from a municipality of two thousand five hundred to fifty thousand population; and one shall be a representative from a municipality of over fifty thousand population. In making such appointments, the Governor shall consult with the Director-State Engineer and with the appropriate county and municipal officials and may consult with organizations representing such

officials or representing counties or municipalities as may be appropriate. At the expiration of existing term, one member from the county representatives, the municipal representatives and the lay citizens shall be appointed for a term of two years; two members from the county representatives, the municipal representatives and the lay citizens shall be appointed for terms of four years. One representative from the <u>department</u> Department of Roads shall be appointed for a two-year term and the other representative shall be appointed for a four-year term. Thereafter, all such appointments shall be for terms of four years each. Members of such board shall receive no compensation for their services as such, except that the lay members shall receive the same compensation as members of the State Highway Commission, and all members shall be reimbursed for their actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties as provided in sections 81-1174 to 81-1177 for state employees. All expenses of such board shall be paid by the <u>department</u> Department of Roads.

Sec. 148. Section 39-2107, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

39-2107 The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads shall furnish the Board of Public Roads Classifications and Standards with necessary office space, furniture, equipment, and supplies as well as necessary profession technical, and clerical assistants.

Sec. 149. Section 39-2110, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, necessary professional,

amended to read:

39-2110 Following adoption and publication of the specific criteria required by section 39-2109, the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads, after consultation with the appropriate local authorities in each instance, assign a functional classification to each segment of highway, road, and street in this state. Before assigning any such classification, the department shall make reasonable effort to resolve any differences of opinion between the department and any county or municipality. Whenever a new road or street is to be opened or an existing road or street is to be extended, the department shall when a request from the operating jurisdiction assign a functional shall, upon a request from the operating jurisdiction, assign a functional classification to such segment in accordance with the specific criteria established under section 39-2109.

Sec. 150. Section 39-2111, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

39-2111 The county or municipality may appeal to the Board of Public Roads Classifications and Standards from any action taken by the Department of $\frac{\text{Transportation}}{\text{Provisions of}}$ section 39-2110. Upon the taking of such an appeal, the board shall review all information pertaining to the assignment, hold a hearing thereon if deemed advisable, and render a decision on the assigned classification. The decision of the board may be appealed, and the appeal shall

be in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act.

Sec. 151. Section 39-2112, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

39-2112 Any county or municipality may, based on changing traffic patterns or volume or a change in jurisdiction, request the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads to reclassify any segment of highway, road, or street. Any county that wants to use the minimum maintenance, remote residential, or scenic-recreation functional classification or wants to return a road to its previous functional classification may request the department to reclassify an applicable segment of highway or road. If a county board wants a road or a segment of road to be classified as remote residential, it shall hold a public hearing on the matter prior to requesting the department to reclassify such road or segment of road. The department shall review a request made under this section and either grant or deny the reclassification in whole or in part. Any county or municipality dissatisfied with the action taken by the department under this section may appeal to the Board of Public Roads Classifications and Standards in the manner provided in section 39-2111.

Sec. 152. Section 39-2113, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

39-2113 (1) In addition to the duties imposed upon it by section 39-2109, the Board of Public Roads Classifications and Standards shall develop minimum standards of design, construction, and maintenance for each functional classification set forth in sections 39-2103 and 39-2104. Except for scenic-recreation road standards, such standards shall be such as to assure that each segment of highway, road, or street will satisfactorily meet the requirements of the area it serves and the traffic patterns and volumes which it may reasonably be expected to bear.

- (2) The standards for a scenic-recreation road and highway classification shall insure a minimal amount of environmental disruption practicable in the design, construction, and maintenance of such highways, roads, and streets by the use of less restrictive, more flexible design standards than other highway classifications. Design elements of such a road or highway shall incorporate parkway-like features which will allow the user-motorist to maintain a leisurely pace and enjoy the scenic and recreational aspects of the route and include rest areas and scenic overlooks with suitable facilities.
- (3) The standards developed for a minimum maintenance road and highway classification shall provide for a level of minimum maintenance sufficient to serve farm machinery and the occasional or intermittent use by passenger and commercial vehicles. The standards shall provide that any defective bridges, culverts, or other such structures on, in, over, under, or part of the minimum

maintenance road may be removed by the county in order to protect the public safety and need not be replaced by equivalent structures except when deemed by the county board to be essential for public safety or for the present or future transportation needs of the county. The standards for such minimum maintenance roads shall include the installation and maintenance by the county at entry points to minimum maintenance roads and at regular intervals thereon of appropriate signs to adequately warn the public that the designated section of road has a lower level of maintenance effort than other public roads and thoroughfares. Such signs shall conform to the requirements in the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices adopted pursuant to section 60-6,118.

- (4) The standards developed for a remote residential road classification shall provide for a level of maintenance sufficient to provide access to remote residences, farms, and ranches by passenger and commercial vehicles. standards shall allow for one-lane traffic where sight distance is adequate to warn motorists of oncoming traffic. The standards for remote residential roads shall include the installation and maintenance by the county at entry points to remote residential roads of appropriate signs to adequately warn members of the public that they are traveling on a one-lane road. Such signs shall conform to the requirements in the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices adopted pursuant to section 60-6,118.
- (5) The board shall by rule provide for the relaxation of standards for any functional classification in those instances in which their application is
- any functional classification in those instances in which their application is not feasible because of peculiar, special, or unique local situations.

 (6) Any county or municipality which believes that the application of standards for any functional classification to any segment of highway, road, or street would work a special hardship, or any other interested party which believes that the application of standards for scenic-recreation roads and highways to any segment of highway, road, or street would defeat the purpose of the scenic-recreation functional classification contained in section 39-2103, may request the board to relax the standards for such segment. The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads, when it believes that the application of standards for any functional classification to any segment of highway that is not hard surfaced would work a special hardship, may request the board to relax such standards. The board shall review any request made pursuant to this section and either grant or deny it in whole or in part. This The provisions of this section shall not be construed to apply to removal of a road or highway from the state highway system pursuant to section 39-1315.01.

Sec. 153. Section 39-2115, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

39-2115 The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads, and each county and municipality shall develop and file with the Board of Public Roads Classifications and Standards a long-range, six-year plan of highway, road, and street improvements based on priority of needs and calculated to contribute to the orderly development of an integrated statewide system of highways, roads, and streets. Each such plan shall be filed with the board promptly upon preparation but in no event later than March 1, 1971. If any county or municipality, or the <u>department Department of Roads</u>, shall fail to file its plan on or before such date, the board shall so notify the local governing board, the Governor, and the State Treasurer, who shall suspend distribution of any highway-user revenue allocated to such county or municipality, or the <u>department Department of Roads</u>, until the plan has been filed. Such funds shall be held in escrow for six months until the county or municipality complies. If the county or municipality complies within the six-month period it shall receive the money in escrow, but after six months, if the county or municipality fails to comply, the money in the escrow account shall be lost to the county or municipality. street improvements based on priority of needs and calculated to contribute to the county or municipality.

Sec. 154. Section 39-2116, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

39-2116 The Board of Public Roads Classifications and Standards shall review all six-year plans required by sections 39-2115 to 39-2117 or annual metropolitan transportation improvement programs under section 39-2119.01 submitted to it and make such recommendations for changes therein as it believes necessary or desirable in order to achieve the orderly development of an integrated system of highways, roads, and streets, but in so doing the board shall take into account the fact that individual priorities of needs may not lend themselves to immediate integration. The <u>Department of Transportation department</u> and each county and municipality shall give careful and serious consideration to any such recommendations received from the board and shall not consideration to any such recommendations received from the board and shall not reject them except for substantial or compelling reason. Sec. 155. Section 39-2118, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska,

amended to read:

39-2118 The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads shall annually prepare and file with the Board of Public Roads Classifications and Standards a plan for specific highway improvements for the current year. The annual plan shall be filed on or before July 1 of each year. In so doing, the department shall take into account all federal funds which will be available to the department for such year. The board shall review each such annual plan to determine whether it is consistent with the department's current six-year plan. The department shall be required to justify any inconsistency with the six-year plan to the

satisfaction of the board. Sec. 156. Section 39-2120, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

39-2120 The Auditor of Public Accounts and the Board of Public Roads

Classifications and Standards shall develop and schedule for implementation a standardized system of annual reporting to the board by the <u>Department of Transportation</u> department and by counties and municipalities, which system shall include:

- (1) A procedure for documenting and certifying that standards of design, construction, and maintenance of roads and streets have been met;
- (2) A procedure for documenting and certifying that all tax revenue for road or street purposes has been expended in accordance with approved plans and standards, to include county and municipal tax revenue, as well as highway-user
- revenue allocations made by the state;

 (3) A uniform system of accounting which clearly indicates, through a system of reports, a comparison of receipts and expenditures to approved budgets and programs;

 (4) A system of budgeting which reflects uses and sources of funds in terms of programs and accomplishments;
- (5) An approved system of reporting an inventory of machinery, equipment, and supplies; and
 - (6) An approved system of cost accounting of the operation of equipment.
- Sec. 157. Section 39-2121, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:
- 39-2121 (1) The <u>Department of Transportation</u> department and each county
- and municipality shall make the reports provided for by section 39-2120.

 (2) If any county or municipality or the <u>department</u> Department of Roads fails to file such report on or before its due date, the Board of Public Roads Classifications and Standards shall so notify the local governing board, the Governor, and the State Treasurer who shall suspend distribution of any highway-user revenue allocated to such county or municipality or the <u>department Department of Roads</u> until the report has been filed. Such funds shall be held in escrow for six months until the county or municipality complies. If the county or municipality complies within the six-month period it shall receive the money in escrow, but after six months, if the county or municipality fails to comply, the money in the escrow account shall be lost to the county or municipality.
- (3) If any county or municipality either (a) files a materially false report or (b) constructs any highway, road, or street below the minimum standards developed under section 39-2113, without having received prior approval thereof, such county's or municipality's share of highway-user revenue allocated during the following calendar year shall be reduced by ten percent and the amount of any such reduction shall be distributed among the other counties or municipalities, as appropriate, in the manner provided by law for allocation of highway-user revenue. The penalty for filing a materially false report and the penalty for constructing a highway, road, or street below established minimum standards without prior approval shall be assessed by the board only after a review of the facts involved in such case and the holding of a public hearing on the matter. The decision thereafter rendered by the board may be appealed, and the appeal shall be in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act.

Section 39-2124, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, Sec. 158. amended to read:

39-2124 It is the intent of the Legislature to recognize the responsibilities of the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads, of the counties, and of the municipalities in their planning programs as authorized by state law and by home rule charter and to encourage the acceptance and implementation of comprehensive, continuing, cooperative, and coordinated planning by the state, the counties, and the municipalities. Sections 13-914 and 39-2101 to 39-2125 are not intended to prohibit or inhibit the actions of the counties and of the municipalities in their planning programs and their subdivision regulations, nor are sections 13-914 and 39-2101 to 39-2125 intended to restrict the actions of the municipalities in their creation of street improvement districts and in their assessment of property for special benefits as authorized by state law or by home rule charter.

Sec. 159. Section 39-2215, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

39-2215 (1) There is hereby created in the state treasury a special fund to be known as the Highway Trust Fund.

- (2) All funds credited to the Highway Trust Fund pursuant to sections 66-489.02, 66-499, 66-4,140, 66-4,147, 66-6,108, and 66-6,109.02, and related penalties and interest, shall be allocated as provided in such sections.
- (3) All other motor vehicle fuel taxes, diesel fuel taxes, compressed fuel taxes, and alternative fuel fees related to highway use retained by the state, all motor vehicle registration fees retained by the state other than those fees credited to the State Recreation Road Fund pursuant to subdivision (3) of section 60-3,156, and other highway-user taxes imposed by state law and allocated to the Highway Trust Fund, except for the proceeds of the sales and use taxes derived from motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers credited to the fund pursuant to section 77-27,132, are hereby irrevocably pledged for the terms of the bonds issued prior to January 1, 1988, to the payment of the principal, interest, and redemption premium, if any, of such bonds as they mature and become due at maturity or prior redemption and for any reserves therefor and shall, as received by the State Treasurer, be deposited in the fund for such purpose.
- (4) Of the money in the fund specified in subsection (3) of this section which is not required for the use specified in such subsection, (a) an amount

to be determined annually by the Legislature through the appropriations process may be transferred to the Motor Fuel Tax Enforcement and Collection Cash Fund for use as provided in section 66-738 on a monthly or other less frequent basis as determined by the appropriation language, (b) an amount to be determined annually by the Legislature through the appropriations process shall be transferred to the License Plate Cash Fund as certified by the Director of Motor Vehicles, and (c) the remaining money may be used for the purchase for retirement of the bonds issued prior to January 1, 1988, in the open market.

(5) The State Treasurer shall monthly transfer, from the proceeds of the sales and use taxes credited to the Highway Trust Fund and any money remaining

- sales and use taxes credited to the Highway Trust Fund and any money remaining in the fund after the requirements of subsections (2) through (4) of this section are satisfied, thirty thousand dollars to the Grade Crossing Protection
- (6) Except as provided in subsection (7) of this section, the balance of the Highway Trust Fund shall be allocated fifty-three and one-third percent, less the amount provided for in section 39-847.01, to the Department of Transportation Roads, twenty-three and one-third percent, less the amount provided for in section 39-847.01, to the various counties for road purposes, and twenty-three and one-third percent to the various municipalities for street purposes. If bonds are issued pursuant to subsection (2) of section 39-2223, the portion allocated to the <u>department</u> <u>Department of Roads</u> shall be credited monthly to the Highway Restoration and Improvement Bond Fund, and if no bonds are issued pursuant to such subsection, the portion allocated to the department shall be credited monthly to the Highway Cash Fund. The portions allocated to shall be credited monthly to the Highway Cash Fund. The portions allocated to the counties and municipalities shall be credited monthly to the Highway Allocation Fund and distributed monthly as provided by law. Vehicles accorded prorated registration pursuant to section 60-3,198 shall not be included in any formula involving motor vehicle registrations used to determine the clication formula involving motor vehicle registrations used to determine the allocation
- and distribution of state funds for highway purposes to political subdivisions.

 (7) If it is determined by December 20 of any year that a county will receive from its allocation of state-collected highway revenue and from any funds relinquished to it by municipalities within its boundaries an amount in such year which is less than such county received in state-collected highway revenue in calendar year 1969, based upon the 1976 tax rates for highway-user fuels and registration fees, the <u>department</u> <u>Department of Roads</u> shall notify the State Treasurer that an amount equal to the sum necessary to provide such county with funds equal to such county's 1969 highway allocation for such year shall be transferred to such county from the Highway Trust Fund. Such makeup funds shall be matched by the county as provided in sections 39-2501 to 39-2510. The balance remaining in the fund after such transfer shall then be reallocated as provided in subsection (6) of this section.
- (8) The State Treasurer shall disburse the money in the Highway Trust Fund as directed by resolution of the commission. All disbursements from the fund shall be made upon warrants drawn by the Director of Administrative Services. Any money in the fund available for investment shall be invested by the state investment officer pursuant to the Nebraska Capital Expansion Act and the Nebraska State Funds Investment Act and the earnings, if any, credited to the fund.
- Sec. 160. Section 39-2224, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:
- 39-2224 (1) The proceeds of the sale of bonds authorized by subsection (1) of section 39-2223 are hereby appropriated to the Highway Cash Fund of the Department of <u>Transportation Roads</u>, for the biennium ending June 30, 1977, for expenditure for the construction of highways.
- (2) The proceeds of the sale of bonds authorized by subsection (2) of section 39-2223 are hereby appropriated to the Highway Cash Fund of the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads for expenditure for highway construction, resurfacing, reconstruction, rehabilitation, and restoration and for the resurfacing, reconstruction, rehabilitation, and restoration and for the elimination or alleviation of cash-flow problems resulting from the receipt of federal funds.
- Sec. 161. Section 39-2305, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:
- 39-2305 The board of examiners shall be furnished necessary office space, furniture, equipment, stationery, and clerical assistance by the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads. The board shall organize itself by selecting from among its members a chairperson and such other officers as it may find desirable. The board shall meet at such times at the Department of Roads headquarters of the department in Lincoln, Nebraska, as may be necessary for the administration of the County Highway and City Street Superintendents Act.

 Sec. 162. Section 39-2310, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- amended to read:
- 39-2310 All funds received under the County Highway and City Street Superintendents Act shall be remitted to the State Treasurer for credit to the Highway Cash Fund. Expenses of the members of the board of examiners as provided in section 39-2304 shall be paid by the Department of Transportation Roads from the Highway Cash Fund.
- Sec. 163. Section 39-2504, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:
- 39-2504 (1) A reduced incentive payment shall be made to any county or municipal county having in its employ either (a) a licensed county highway superintendent for only a portion of the calendar year preceding the year in which the payment is made or (b) two or more successive licensed county highway superintendents for the calendar year preceding the year in which the payment

is made. Such reduced payment shall be in the proportion of the payment amounts listed in section 39-2503 as the number of full months each such licensed

- superintendent was employed is of twelve.

 (2) Any county or municipal county that contracts for the services of a consulting engineer licensed under the County Highway and City Street Superintendents Act or any 20 2702 mother person under the county Highway and City Street Superintendents are to perform the duties outlined in section 39-2502 rather than employing a licensed county highway superintendent shall be entitled to an incentive payment equal to two-thirds the payment amount provided in section 39-2503 or two-thirds of the reduced incentive payment provided in subsection (1) of this section, as determined by the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads pursuant to section
- (3) Any county or municipal county that contracts with another county or municipal county or with any city or village for the services of a licensed county highway superinted as provided in SC 2002 39-2114 shall be entitled to the incentive payment provided in section 39-2503 or the reduced incentive payment provided in subsection (1) of this section.

 Sec. 164. Section 39-2505, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

amended to read:

39-2505 The Department of <u>Transportation Roads</u> shall, in January of each year commencing in 1970, determine and certify to the State Treasurer the amount of each incentive payment to be made under the provisions of sections 39-2501 to 39-2505. The State Treasurer shall, on or before February 15, make the incentive payments in accordance with such certification.

Sec. 165. Section 39-2507, Reissue Revised Statutes of amended to read:

39-2507 The following factors and weights shall be used in determining the amount to be allocated to each of the counties or municipal counties for road purposes each year:

- (1) Rural population of each county or municipal county, as determined by the most recent federal census, twenty percent;
- (2) Total population of each county or municipal county, as determined by the most recent federal census, ten percent;
 (3) Lineal feet of bridges twenty feet or more in length and all
- overpasses in each county or municipal county, as determined by the most recent inventory available within the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads, ten percent, and for purposes of this subdivision a bridge or overpass located partly in one county or municipal county and partly in another shall be considered as being located one-half in each county or municipal county;
 (4) Total motor vehicle registrations, other than prorated commercial
- vehicles, in the rural areas of each county or municipal county, as determined from the most recent information available from the Department of Motor Vehicles, twenty percent;
- (5) Total motor vehicle registrations, other than prorated commercial vehicles, in each county or municipal county as determined from the most recent information available from the Department of Motor Vehicles, ten percent;
- (6) Total miles of county or municipal county and township roads within each county or municipal county, as determined by the most recent inventory available within the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads, twenty percent; and
- (7) Value of farm products sold from each county or municipal county, as determined from the most recent federal Census of Agriculture, ten percent. Sec. 166. Section 39-2508, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

amended to read:

39-2508 The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads shall compute the amount allocated to each county or municipal county under each of the factors listed in section 39-2507 and shall then compute the total allocation to each such county or municipal county and transmit such information to the local governing board and the State Treasurer, who shall disburse funds accordingly. Sec. 167. Section 39-2514, Reissue Revised Statutes of No.

amended to read:

- 39-2514 (1) A reduced incentive payment shall be made to any municipality or municipal county having in its employ either (a) a licensed city street superintendent for only a portion of the calendar year preceding the year in which the payment is made or (b) two or more successive licensed city street superintendents for the calendar year preceding the year in which the payment is made. Such reduced payment shall be in the proportion of the payment amounts listed in section 39-2513 as the number of full months each such licensed superintendent was employed is of twelve.
- (2) Any municipality or municipal county that contracts for the services of a consulting engineer licensed under the County Highway and City Street Superintendents Act or any other person licensed under the act to perform the duties outlined in section 39-2512 rather than employing a licensed city street superintendent shall be entitled to an incentive payment as provided in section 39-2513 or to the reduced incentive payment provided in subsection (1) of this section, as determined by the Department of $\frac{1}{2}$ section 39-2515.
- (3) Any municipality or municipal county that contracts with another municipality, county, or municipal county for the services of a licensed city street superintendent as provided in section 39-2114 shall be entitled to the incentive payment provided in section 39-2513 or the reduced incentive payment provided in subsection (1) of this section.

Sec. 168. Section 39-2515, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

39-2515 The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads shall, in January of each year commencing in 1970, determine and certify to the State Treasurer the amount of each incentive payment to be made under the provisions of sections 39-2511 to 39-2520. The State Treasurer shall, on or before February 15, make the incentive payments in accordance with such certification.

Sec. 169. Section 39-2517, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

39-2517 The following factors and weights shall be used in determining the amount to be allocated to each of the municipalities or municipal counties for street purposes each year:

- (1) Total population of each incorporated municipality or the urbanized area of a municipal county, as determined by the most recent federal census figures certified by the Tax Commissioner as provided in section 77-3,119, fifty percent;
- (2) Total motor vehicle registrations, other than prorated commercial vehicles, in each incorporated municipality or the urbanized area of a municipal county, as determined from the most recent information available from the Department of Motor Vehicles, thirty percent; and
 (3) Total number of miles of traffic lanes of streets in each incorporated municipality or the urbanized area of a municipal county, as determined by the most recent inventory available within the Department of Transportation Roads,
- twenty percent.

Section 39-2518, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is Sec. 170. amended to read:

39-2518 The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads shall compute the amount allocated to each municipality or municipal county under the factors listed in section 39-2517 and shall then compute the total allocation to each such municipality or municipal county and transmit such information to the local governing body and the State Treasurer, who shall disburse funds accordingly.

Sec. 171. Section 39-2602, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

39-2602 For purposes of sections 39-2601 to 39-2612, unless the context otherwise requires:

- (1) Junk means old or scrap copper, brass, rope, rags, batteries, paper, trash, rubber debris, waste or junked, dismantled, or wrecked automobiles, or parts thereof, iron, steel, and other old or scrap ferrous or nonferrous material;
- (2) Automobile graveyard means any establishment or place of business which is maintained, operated, or used for storing, keeping, buying, or selling
- wrecked, scrapped, ruined, or dismantled motor vehicles or motor vehicle parts;
 (3) Junkyard means an establishment or place of business which is maintained, operated, or used for storing, keeping, buying, or selling junk or for the maintenance or operation of an automobile graveyard, and includes garbage dumps and sanitary fills;
 (4) Highway Beautification Control System has the same meaning as in
- section 39-201.01;
- section 39-201.01;
 (5) Scenic byway has the same meaning as in section 39-201.01;
 (6) Main-traveled way means the traveled portion of an interstate or primary highway on which through traffic is carried and, in the case of a divided highway, the traveled portion of each of the separated roadways;
 (7) Person means any natural person, partnership, limited liability company, association, corporation, or governmental subdivision; and
 (8) Department means the Department of Transportation Roads.
 Sec. 172. Section 39-2702, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- - 39-2702 For purposes of the Build Nebraska Act:
 - (1) Department means the Department of Transportation Roads;
 - (2) Fund means the State Highway Capital Improvement Fund; and
- (3) Surface transportation project means (a) expansion or reconstruction of a road or highway which is part of the state highway system, (b) expansion or reconstruction of a bridge which is part of the state highway system, or (c) construction of a new road, highway, or bridge which, if built, would be a part
- of the state highway system. Sec. 173. Section 39-2802, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:
 - 39-2802 For purposes of the Transportation Innovation Act:
- (1) Alternative technical concept means changes suggested by a qualified, eligible, short-listed design-builder to the department's basic configurations,
- project scope, design, or construction criteria;
 (2) Best value-based selection process means a process of selecting a design-builder using price, schedule, and qualifications for evaluation
- (3) Construction manager means the legal entity which proposes to enter into a construction manager-general contractor contract pursuant to the act;
- (4) Construction manager-general contractor contract means a contract which is subject to a qualification-based selection process between the department and a construction manager to furnish preconstruction services during the design development phase of the project and, if an agreement can be received which is satisfactory to the department construction services for the reached which is satisfactory to the department, construction services for the construction phase of the project;
 (5) Construction services means activities associated with building the
- project;
 - (6) Department means the Department of Transportation Roads;

(7) Design-build contract means a contract between the department and a design-builder which is subject to a best value-based selection process to furnish (a) architectural, engineering, and related design services and (b) labor, materials, supplies, equipment, and construction services;

(8) Design-builder means the legal entity which proposes to enter into a design-build contract;

(9) Multimodal transportation network means the interconnected system of highways, roads, streets, rail lines, river ports, and transit systems which facilitates the movement of people and freight to enhance Nebraska's economy;

- (10) Preconstruction services means all nonconstruction-related services that a construction manager performs in relation to the design of the project before execution of a contract for construction services. Preconstruction services includes, but is not limited to, cost estimating, value engineering constructability reviews, delivery schedule assessments, cycle analysis;
- (11) Project performance criteria means the performance requirements of the project suitable to allow the design-builder to make a proposal. Performance requirements shall include, but are not limited to, the following, if required by the project: Capacity, durability, standards, ingress and egress requirements, description of the site, surveys, soil and environmental information concerning the site, material quality standards, design and milestone dates, site development requirements, compliance with applicable law, and other criteria for the intended use of the project;
- (12) Proposal means an offer in response to a request for proposals (a) by a design-builder to enter into a design-build contract or (b) by a construction manager to enter into a construction manager-general contractor contract;
- (13) Qualification-based selection process means a process of selecting a construction manager based on qualifications;
- (14) Request for proposals means the documentation by which the department solicits proposals; and (15) Request for qualifications means the documentation or publication by
- which the department solicits qualifications.

Sec. 174. Section 39-2806, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

39-2806 The Economic Opportunity Program is created. The Department of Transportation Roads shall administer the program in consultation with the Department of Economic Development using funds from the Transportation Infrastructure Bank Fund, except that no more than twenty million dollars shall be expended for this program. The purpose of the program is to finance transportation improvements to attract and support new businesses and business expansions by successfully connecting such businesses to Nebraska's multimodal transportation network and to increase employment, create high-quality jobs, increase business investment, and revitalize rural and other distressed areas of the state. The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads shall develop the program, including the application process, criteria for providing funding, matching requirements, and provisions for recapturing funds awarded for projects with unmet obligations, in consultation with statewide associations representing municipal and county officials, economic developers, and the Department of Economic Development. No project shall be approved through the Economic Opportunity Program without an economic impact analysis proving positive economic impact. The details of the program shall be presented to the Appropriations Committee and the Transportation and Telecommunications Committee of the Legislature on or before December 1, 2016.

Sec. 175. Section 46-251, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

46-251 All persons desirous of constructing any of the works provided for in sections 46-244 to 46-250 shall have the right to occupy state lands and obtain right-of-way over and across any highway in this state for such purpose without compensation, except public school lands. All bridges or crossings over such ditches, laterals, and canals shall be constructed under the supervision of the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads, if on a state highway, and under the supervision of the county board or governing body of a municipality, if on a highway under the jurisdiction of such board or governing body. All such persons may obtain a right-of-way not to exceed sixteen feet in width, for a like purpose along, parallel to, and upon one side of any highway by condemnation proceedings where the same does not interfere with the proper drainage of such highway. In such cases the abutting landowner and the county may grant such right-of-way, or in case of their refusal notice shall be served upon them and proceedings had as in other cases. Not more than one such ditch or lateral shall be permitted along the side of the same highway.

Sec. 176. Section 49-506, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

49-506 After the Secretary of State has made the distribution provided by section 49-503, he or she shall deliver additional copies of the session laws and the journal of the Legislature pursuant to this section in print or electronic format as he or she determines, upon recommendation by the Clerk of

the Legislature and approval of the Executive Board of the Legislative Council.

One copy of the session laws shall be delivered to the Lieutenant Governor, the State Treasurer, the Auditor of Public Accounts, the Reporter of the Supreme Court and Court of Appeals, the State Court Administrator, the State Fire Marshal, the Department of Administrative Services, the Department of Agriculture, the Department of Banking and Finance, the State Department of Education, the Department of Environmental

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Quality, the Department of Insurance, the Department of Labor, the Department of Motor Vehicles, the Department of Revenue, the Department of Transportation Reads, the Department of Veterans' Affairs, the Department of Natural Resources, the Military Department, the Nebraska State Patrol, the Nebraska Commission on Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice, each of the Nebraska state colleges, the Game and Parks Commission, the Nebraska Library Commission, the Nebraska Liquor Control Commission, the Nebraska Accountability and Disclosure Commission, the Public Service Commission, the State Real Estate Commission, the Nebraska State Historical Society, the Public Employees Retirement Board, the Risk Manager, the Legislative Fiscal Analyst, the Public Counsel, the materiel division of the Department of Administrative Services, the State Records Administrator, the budget division of the Department of Administrative Services, the Tax Equalization and Review Commission, the inmate library at all state penal and correctional institutions, the Commission on Public Advocacy, and the Library of Congress; two copies to the Governor, the Secretary of State, the Nebraska Workers' Compensation Court, the Commission of Industrial Relations, and the Coordinating Commission for Postsecondary Education, one of which shall be for use by the community colleges; three copies to the Department of Health and Human Services; four copies to the Nebraska Publications Clearinghouse; five copies to the Attorney General; nine copies to the Revisor of Statutes; sixteen copies to the University of Nebraska College of Law.

One copy of the journal of the Legislature shall be delivered to the Governor, the Lieutenant Governor, the State Treasurer, the Auditor of Public Accounts, the Reporter of the Supreme Court and Court of Appeals, the State Court Administrator, the Nebraska State Historical Society, the Legislative Fiscal Analyst, the Tax Equalization and Review Commission, the Commission on Public Advocacy, and the Library of Congress; two copies to the Secretary of State, the Commission of Industrial Relations, and the Nebraska Workers' Compensation Court; four copies to the Nebraska Publications Clearinghouse; five copies to the Attorney General and the Revisor of Statutes; eight copies to the Clerk of the Legislature; thirteen copies to the Supreme Court and the Legislative Council; and thirty-five copies to the University of Nebraska College of Law. The remaining copies shall be delivered to the State Librarian who shall use the same, so far as required for exchange purposes, in building up the State Library and in the manner specified in sections 49-507 to 49-509.

Sec. 177. Section 49-617, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, is amended to read:

49-617 The Revisor of Statutes shall cause the statutes to be printed. The printer shall deliver all completed copies to the Supreme Court. These copies shall be held and disposed of by the court as follows: Sixty copies to the State Library to exchange for statutes of other states; five copies to the State Library to keep for daily use; not to exceed twenty-five copies to the Legislative Council for bill drafting and related services to the Legislature and executive state officers; as many copies to the Attorney General as he or she has attorneys on his or her staff; as many copies to the Commission on Public Advocacy as it has attorneys on its staff; up to sixteen copies to the State Court Administrator; thirteen copies to the Tax Commissioner; eight copies to the Nebraska Publications Clearinghouse; six copies to the Public Service Commission; four copies to the Secretary of State; three copies to the Tax Equalization and Review Commission; four copies to the Clerk of the Legislature for use in his or her office and three copies to be maintained in the legislative chamber, one copy on each side of the chamber and one copy at the desk of the Clerk of the Legislature, under control of the sergeant at arms; three copies to the Department of Health and Human Services; two copies each to the Governor of the state, the Chief Justice and each judge of the Supreme Court, each judge of the Court of Appeals, the Clerk of the Supreme Court, the Reporter of the Supreme Court and Court of Appeals, the Commissioner of Labor, the Auditor of Public Accounts, and the Revisor of Statutes; one copy each to the Secretary of State of the United States, each Indian tribal court located in the State of Nebraska, the library of the Supreme Court, the Adjutant General, the Air National Guard, the Commissioner of Education, the State Treasurer, the Board of Educational Lands and Funds, the Director of Agriculture, the Director of Administrative Services, the Director of Natural Resources, the Director of Correctional Services, the Ne

for the use of the district court, the clerk of the Nebraska Workers' Compensation Court, each clerk of the county court, each county attorney, each county public defender, each county law library, and the inmate library at all state penal and correctional institutions, and each member of the Legislature shall be entitled to two complete sets, and two complete sets of such volumes as are necessary to update previously issued volumes, but each member of the Legislature and each judge of any court referred to in this section shall be entitled on request to an additional complete set. Copies of the statutes entitled, on request, to an additional complete set. Copies of the statutes distributed without charge, as listed in this section, shall be the property of the state or governmental subdivision of the state and not the personal property of the particular person receiving a copy. Distribution of statutes to the library of the College of Law of the University of Nebraska shall be as provided in sections 85-176 and 85-177.

Sec. 178. Section 55-181, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended

55-181 The Military Department may contract with the Nebraska Wing of the Civil Air Patrol, the civilian auxiliary of the United States Air Force, for the following purposes:

- (1) To encourage and aid American citizens in the contribution of their ts, services, and resources in the development of aviation and the maintenance of aerospace supremacy;
- (2) To encourage and develop, by example, the voluntary contribution of private citizens to the public welfare;
- (3) To provide aviation and aerospace education and training;(4) To foster and encourage civil aviation in local communities throughout the state; and
- (5) To assist in meeting emergencies within the state. The <u>Division of Aeronautics of the</u> Department of <u>Transportation</u> Aeronautics and the Military Department shall enter into an agreement that will continue the funding of the contract under this section from the Department of Aeronautics Cash Fund in an amount equal to the appropriation by the Legislature for such purpose.
- Sec. 179. Section 57-1102, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:
- 57-1102 Any such person, company, corporation, or association, in the laying, relaying, operation, and maintenance of any such pipeline within the State of Nebraska, shall have the right to enter upon and cross, with such pipeline, any public road or highway, under such reasonable regulations and restrictions as may be prescribed by the Department of Transportation Roads, if it is a state or federal highway, or by the county board of each county, as to all other public roads and highways within such county, and shall also have the right to lay, relay, operate, and maintain such pipeline in and along any public road or highway.

Sec. 180. Section 57-1407, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, is amended to read:

57-1407 (1) After receipt of an application under section 57-1405, the commission shall:

- (a) Within sixty days, schedule a public hearing;
- (b) Notify the pipeline carrier of the time, place, and purpose of the public hearing;
- (c) Publish a notice of the time, place, and purpose of the public hearing in at least one newspaper of general circulation in each county in which the major oil pipeline is to be constructed; and
- (d) Serve notice of the public hearing upon the governing bodies of the counties and municipalities through which the proposed route of the major oil pipeline would be located as specified in subdivision (2)(d) of section 57-1405.
- (2) The commission may hold additional public meetings for the purpose of receiving input from the public at locations as close as practicable to the proposed route of the major oil pipeline. The commission shall make the public input part of the record.
- (3) If requested by the commission, the following agencies shall file a report with the commission, prior to the hearing on the application, regarding information within the respective agencies' area of expertise relating to the impact of the major oil pipeline on any area within the respective agencies' jurisdiction, including in such report opinions regarding the advisability of approving, denying, or modifying the location of the proposed route of the major oil pipeline: The Department of Environmental Quality, the Department of Natural Resources, the Department of Revenue, the Department of Transportation Roads, the Game and Parks Commission, the Nebraska Oil and Gas Conservation Commission, the Nebraska State Historical Society, the State Fire Marshal, and the Board of Educational Lands and Funds. The agencies may submit a request for reimbursement of reasonable and necessary expenses incurred for any consultants hired pursuant to this subsection.
- (4) An application under the Major Oil Pipeline Siting Act shall be approved if the proposed route of the major oil pipeline is determined by the Public Service Commission to be in the public interest. The pipeline carrier shall have the burden to establish that the proposed route of the major oil pipeline would serve the public interest. In determining whether the pipeline carrier has met its burden, the commission shall not evaluate safety considerations, including the risk or impact of spills or leaks from the major oil pipeline, but the commission shall evaluate:
 - (a) Whether the pipeline carrier has demonstrated compliance with all

applicable state statutes, rules, and regulations and local ordinances;

- (b) Evidence of the impact due to intrusion upon natural resources and not due to safety of the proposed route of the major oil pipeline to the natural resources of Nebraska, including evidence regarding the irreversible and irretrievable commitments of land areas and connected natural resources and the depletion of beneficial uses of the natural resources;
- (c) Evidence of methods to minimize or mitigate the potential impacts of the major oil pipeline to natural resources;
- (d) Evidence regarding the economic and social impacts of the major oil pipeline;
- (e) Whether any other utility corridor exists that could feasibly and beneficially be used for the route of the major oil pipeline;
- (f) The impact of the major oil pipeline on the orderly development of the
- area around the proposed route of the major oil pipeline;
 (g) The reports of the agencies filed pursuant to subsection (3) of this
- section; and
 (h) The views of the governing bodies of the counties and municipalities in the area around the proposed route of the major oil pipeline.

Sec. 181. Section 60-507, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, is amended to read:

60-507 (1) Within ninety days after the receipt by the Department of Transportation Roads of a report of a motor vehicle accident within this state which has resulted in bodily injury or death, or damage to the property of any one person, including such operator, to an apparent extent in excess of one thousand dollars, the Department of Motor Vehicles shall suspend (a) the license of each operator of a motor vehicle in any manner involved in such accident and (b) the privilege, if such operator is a nonresident, of operating a motor vehicle within this state, unless such operator deposits security in a sum which shall be sufficient, in the judgment of the Department of Motor Vehicles, to satisfy any judgment or judgments for damages resulting from such accident which may be recovered against such operator and unless such operator

gives proof of financial responsibility.

Notice of such suspension shall be sent by the Department of Motor Vehicles by regular United States mail to such operator not less than twenty days prior to the effective date of such suspension at his or her last-known mailing address as shown by the records of the department and shall state the amount required as security and the requirement of proof of financial responsibility. In the event a person involved in a motor vehicle accident within this state fails to make a report to the Department of Motor Vehicles indicating the extent of his or her injuries or the damage to his or her property within thirty days after the accident, and the department does not have sufficient information on which to base an evaluation of such injury or damage, the department, after reasonable notice to such person, may not require any deposit of security for the benefit or protection of such person. If the operator fails to respond to the notice on or before twenty days after the date of the notice, the director shall summarily suspend the operator's license or privilege and issue an order of suspension.

- (2) The order of suspension provided for in subsection (1) of this section shall not be entered by the Department of Motor Vehicles if the department determines that in its judgment there is no reasonable possibility of a judgment being rendered against such operator.

 (3) In determining whether there is a reasonable possibility of judgment being rendered against such operator, the department shall consider all reports and information filed in connection with the accident
- and information filed in connection with the accident.
- (4) The order of suspension provided for in subsection (1) of this section shall advise the operator that he or she has a right to appeal the order of suspension in accordance with the provisions set forth in section 60-503.
- (5) The order of suspension provided for in subsection (1) of this section shall be sent by regular United States mail to the person's last-known mailing address as shown by the records of the department.
- Sec. 182. Section 60-631, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 60-631 Manual shall mean the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices adopted by the Department of $\underline{\text{Transportation}}$ Roads pursuant to section 60-6,118.
- Sec. 183. Section 60-658.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

60-658.01 School crossing zone means the area of a roadway designated to the public by the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads or any county, city, or village as a school crossing zone through the use of a sign or traffic control device as specified by the department or any county, city, or village in conformity with the manual but does not include any area of a freeway. A school crossing zone starts at the location of the first sign or traffic control device identifying the school crossing zone and continues until a sign or traffic control device indicates that the school crossing zone has ended.

Sec. 184. Section 60-680, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended

60-680 (1) Any local authority with respect to highways under its jurisdiction and within the reasonable exercise of the police power may:

- (a) Regulate or prohibit stopping, standing, or parking;(b) Regulate traffic by means of peace officers o
- devices;
 - (c) Regulate or prohibit processions or assemblages on the highways;
 - (d) Designate highways or roadways for use by traffic moving in one

direction:

- (e) Establish speed limits for vehicles in public parks;
- (f) Designate any highway as a through highway intersection as a stop or yield intersection;
 - (g) Restrict the use of highways as authorized in section 60-681;
- (h) Regulate operation of bicycles and require registration and inspection of such, including requirement of a registration fee;
- (i) Regulate operation of electric personal assistive mobility devices;(j) Regulate or prohibit the turning of vehicles or specified types of vehicles;
- (k) Alter or establish speed limits authorized in the Nebraska Rules of the Road;
 - Designate no-passing zones;
- (m) Prohibit or regulate use of controlled-access highways by any class or kind of traffic except those highways which are a part of the state highway system;
- (n) Prohibit or regulate use of heavily traveled highways by any class or kind of traffic it finds to be incompatible with the normal and safe movement of traffic, except that such regulations shall not be effective on any highway which is part of the state highway system unless authorized by the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads;
 - (o) Establish minimum speed limits as authorized in the rules;
- (p) Designate hazardous railroad grade crossings as authorized in the rules;
 - (q) Designate and regulate traffic on play streets;
- (r) Prohibit pedestrians from crossing a roadway in a business district or any designated highway except in a crosswalk as authorized in the rules;
- (s) Restrict pedestrian crossings at unmarked crosswalks as authorized in the rules;
- (t) Regulate persons propelling push carts;
 (u) Regulate persons upon skates, coasters, sleds, and other toy vehicles;
 (v) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, adopt and enforce an ordinance or resolution prohibiting the use of engine brakes on the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways that has a grade of less than five degrees within its jurisdiction. For purposes of this subdivision, engine brake means a device that converts a power producing engine into a power-absorbing air compressor, resulting in a net energy loss;
- (w) Adopt and enforce such temporary or experimental regulations as may be necessary to cover emergencies or special conditions; and
- (x) Adopt other traffic regulations except as prohibited by state law or
- contrary to state law.
 (2) No local authority, except an incorporated city with more than forty thousand inhabitants, shall erect or maintain any traffic control device at any location so as to require the traffic on any state highway or state-maintained freeway to stop before entering or crossing any intersecting highway unless approval in writing has first been obtained from the Department of approval in writing Transportation Roads.
- (3) No ordinance or regulation enacted under subdivision (1)(d), (e), (f), (g), (j), (k), (l), (m), (n), (p), (q), or (s) of this section shall be effective until traffic control devices giving notice of such local traffic regulations are erected upon or at the entrances to such affected highway or part thereof affected as may be most appropriate.
- Sec. 185. Section 60-695, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended
- 60-695 It shall be the duty of any peace officer who investigates any traffic accident in the performance of his or her official duties in all instances of an accident resulting in injury or death to any person or in which estimated damage exceeds one thousand dollars to the property of any one person to submit an original report of such investigation to the Accident Records Bureau of the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads within ten days after each such accident. The department shall have authority to collect accident information it deems necessary and shall prescribe and furnish appropriate forms for reporting. Sec. 186. Section 60-699, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended
- to read:
- 60-699 (1) The operator of any vehicle involved in an accident resulting in injuries or death to any person or damage to the property of any one person, including such operator, to an apparent extent of more than one thousand dollars shall within ten days forward a report of such accident to the Department of <u>Transportation Roads</u>. If the operator is physically incapable of making the report, the owner of the motor vehicle involved in the accident shall, within ten days from the time he or she learns of the accident, report the matter in writing to the Department of <u>Transportation Roads</u>. The Department of Transportation Roads or Department of Motor Vehicles may require operators of <u>Transportation</u> Roads or Department of Motor Vehicles may require operators involved in accidents to file supplemental reports of accidents upon forms furnished by it whenever the original report is insufficient in the opinion of either department. The operator or the owner of the motor vehicle shall make such other and additional reports relating to the accident as either department requires. Such records shall be retained for the period of time specified by
- the State Records Administrator pursuant to the Records Management Act.

 (2) The report of accident required by this section shall be in two parts. Part I shall be in such form as the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads may prescribe and shall disclose full information concerning the accident. Part II

shall be in such form as the Department of Motor Vehicles may prescribe and shall be in Such form as the Department of Motor Vehicles may presented and shall disclose sufficient information to disclose whether or not the financial responsibility requirements of the Motor Vehicle Safety Responsibility Act are met through the carrying of liability insurance. The form used for the report shall be so perforated that the parts may be readily separated.

- (3) Upon receipt of a report of accident, the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads shall determine the reportability and classification of the accident and enter all information into a computerized data base. Upon completion, the department shall separate the parts of the accident report and shall forward Part II of the report to the Department of Motor Vehicles for processing as provided in section 60-506.01.
- (4) Such reports shall be without prejudice. All reports made by peace officers, made to or filed with peace officers in their respective offices or departments, or filed with or made by or to any other law enforcement agency of the state shall be open to public inspection, but accident reports filed by the operator or owner of a motor vehicle pursuant to this section shall not be open to public inspection. The fact that a report by an operator or owner has been so made shall be admissible in evidence solely to prove compliance with this section, but no such report or any part of or statement contained in the report shall be admissible in evidence for any other purpose in any trial, civil or criminal, arising out of such accidents nor shall the report be referred to in any way or be any evidence of the negligence or due care of either party at the trial of any action at law to recover damages.
- (5) The failure by any person to report an accident as provided in this section or to correctly give the information required in connection with the report shall be a Class V misdemeanor.

Sec. 187. Section 60-6,101, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

60-6,101 Any coroner or other official performing the duties of coroner shall report in writing to the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads the death of any person within his or her jurisdiction as the result of an accident involving a motor vehicle and the circumstances of such accident. Such report by the coroner shall be made within ten days after such death.

Sec. 188. Section 60-6,102, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

amended to read:

60-6,102 In the case of a driver who dies within four hours after being in a motor vehicle accident, including a motor vehicle accident in which one or more persons in addition to such driver is killed, and of a pedestrian sixteen years of age or older who dies within four hours after being struck by a motor vehicle, the coroner or other official performing the duties of coroner shall examine the body and cause such tests to be made as are necessary to determine the amount of alcohol or drugs in the body of such driver or pedestrian. Such information shall be included in each report submitted pursuant to sections 60-6,101 to 60-6,104 and shall be tabulated on a monthly basis by the Department of <u>Transportation Roads</u>. Such information, including the identity of the deceased and any such amount of alcohol or drugs, shall be public information and may be released or disclosed as provided in rules and regulations of the department. regulations of the department.

Sec. 189. Section 60-6,103, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

60-6,103 Any surviving driver or pedestrian sixteen years of age or older who is involved in a motor vehicle accident in which a person is killed shall be requested, if he or she has not otherwise been directed by a peace officer to submit to a chemical test under section 60-6,197, to submit to a chemical test of blood, urine, or breath as the peace officer directs for the purpose of determining the amount of alcohol or drugs in his or her body fluid. The results of such test shall be reported in writing to the Director-State Engineer who shall tabulate such results on a monthly basis. Such information, including the identity of such driver or pedestrian and any such amount of alcohol or drugs, shall be public information and may be released or disclosed as provided in rules and regulations of the Department of Transportation Roads. The provisions of sections 60-6,199, 60-6,200, and 60-6,202 shall, when applicable, apply to the tests provided for in this section.

Sec. 190. Section 60-6,106, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

amended to read:

60-6,106 The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads shall reimburse any county for expenses and costs incurred by the county pursuant to sections 60-6,101 to 60-6,105. The department shall provide the official in each county with the appropriate reporting form.

Sec. 191. Section 60-6,107, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

60-6,107 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, the Department of Health and Human Services shall adopt necessary rules and regulations for the administration of the provisions of sections 60-6,101 to 60-6,106.

(2) The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads shall adopt and promulgate rules and regulations which shall provide for the release and disclosure of the results of tests conducted under sections 60-6,102 and 60-6,103.

Sec. 192. Section 60-6,115, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

60-6,115 Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1) of section 60-6,119, when the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads, any local authority, or its authorized representative or permittee has closed, in whole or in part, by

barricade or otherwise, during repair or construction, any portion of any highway, the restrictions upon the use of such highway shall not apply to persons living along such closed highway or to persons who would need to travel such highway during the normal course of their operations if no other route of travel is available to such person, but extreme care shall be exercised by such persons on such highway.

Sec. 193. Section 60-6,118, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

60-6,118 Consistent with the provisions of the Nebraska Rules of the Road, the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads may adopt and promulgate rules and regulations adopting and implementing a manual providing a uniform system of traffic control devices on all highways within this state which, together with any supplements adopted by the department, shall be known as the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices.

Sec. 194. Section 60-6,120, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

60-6,120 (1) The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads shall place and maintain, or provide for such placing and maintaining, such traffic control devices, conforming to the manual, upon all state highways as it deems necessary to indicate and to carry out the Nebraska Rules of the Road or to

regulate, warn, or guide traffic.

(2)(a) In incorporated cities and villages with less than forty thousand inhabitants, the department shall have exclusive jurisdiction regarding the erection and maintenance of traffic control devices on the state highway system but shall not place traffic control devices on the state highway system within incorporated cities and villages of more than twenty-five hundred inhabitants

without consultation with the proper city officials.

(b) In incorporated cities of forty thousand or more inhabitants, except on state-maintained freeways of the state highway system where the department retains exclusive jurisdiction, the city shall have jurisdiction regarding erection and maintenance of traffic control devices on the state highway system after consultation with the department, except that there shall be joint jurisdiction with the department for such traffic control devices for which the department accepts responsibility for the erection and maintenance.

(3) No local authority shall place or maintain any traffic control device upon any highway under the jurisdiction of the department, except by permission of the department, or on any state-maintained freeway of the state highway system.

(4) The placing of traffic control devices by the department shall not be a departmental rule, regulation, or order subject to the statutory procedures for such rules, regulations, or orders but shall be considered as establishing precepts extending the provisions of the Nebraska Rules of the Road as necessary to regulate, warn, or guide traffic. Violation of such traffic control devices shall be punishable as provided in the rules.

Sec. 195. Section 60-6,126.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

60-6,126.01 Local authorities may place and maintain road name signs on the same sign posts as signs under the jurisdiction of the Department of Transportation Roads when highway visibility would not be impaired. Local authorities may also place and maintain road name signs in the right-of-way of any highway under the jurisdiction of the Department of Transportation Roads

when highway visibility would not be impaired. Sec. 196. Section 60-6,129, Reissue Re Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

60-6,129 (1) No person shall, without lawful authority, attempt to or in fact alter, deface, injure, knock down, or remove any traffic control device, any railroad sign or signal, or any part of such a device, sign, or signal.

(2) Any person who moves, alters, damages, or destroys warning devices placed upon roads which the Department of $\underline{\text{Transportation}}$ Roads or any local authority or its representative has closed in whole or in part for the protection of the public or for the protection of the highway from damage during construction, improvement, or maintenance operation and thereby causes injury or death to any person or damage to any property, equipment, or material thereon shall be liable, subject to sections 25-21,185 and 25-21,185.07 to 25-21,185.12, for the full or allocated amount of such death, injury, or damage, and such amount may be recovered by the injured or damaged party or his or her legal representative in a civil action brought in any court of competent jurisdiction.

Sec. 197. Section 60-6,130, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

60-6,130 (1) Any person who willfully or maliciously shoots upon the public highway and injures, defaces, damages, or destroys any signs, monuments, road markers, traffic control devices, traffic surveillance devices, or other public notices lawfully placed upon such highways shall be guilty of a Class III misdemeanor.

(2) No person shall willfully or maliciously injure, deface, alter,

knock down any sign, traffic control device, or traffic surveillance device.

(3) It shall be unlawful for any person, other than a duly authorized representative of the Department of Transportation Roads, a county, or a municipality, to remove any sign, traffic control device, or traffic surveillance device placed along a highway for traffic control, warning, or informational purposes by official action of the department, county, or municipality. It shall be unlawful for any person to possess a sign or device

which has been removed in violation of this subsection.

(4) Any person violating subsection (2) or (3) of this section shall be guilty of a Class II misdemeanor and shall be assessed liquidated damages in the amount of the value of the sign, traffic control device, or traffic surveillance device and the cost of replacing it.

Sec. 198. Section 60-6,137, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

- 60-6,137 (1) The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads and local authorities may determine those portions of any highway under their respective jurisdictions where overtaking and passing or driving to the left of the center of the roadway would be especially hazardous and may by appropriate signs or markings on the roadway indicate the beginning and end of such zones. When such signs or markings are in place and clearly visible to an ordinarily observant person, every driver of a vehicle shall obey such indications.
- (2) Where signs or markings are in place to define a no-passing zone, no driver shall at any time drive on the left side of the roadway within such nopassing zone or on the left side of any pavement striping designed to mark such no-passing zone throughout its length.
- (3) This section shall not apply (a) under the conditions described in subdivision (1)(b) of section 60-6,131 or (b) to the driver of a vehicle turning left into or from an alley, private road, or driveway unless otherwise prohibited by signs.

Sec. 199. Section 60-6,138, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

- 60-6,138 (1) The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads and local authorities with respect to highways under their respective jurisdictions may designate any highway, roadway, part of a roadway, or specific lanes upon which vehicular traffic shall proceed in one direction at all times or at such times as shall
- be indicated by traffic control devices.

 (2) Except for emergency vehicles, no vehicle shall be operated, backed, pushed, or otherwise caused to move in a direction which is opposite to the direction designated by competent authority on any deceleration lane, acceleration lane, access ramp, shoulder, or roadway.

 (3) A vehicle which passes around a rotary traffic island shall be driven
- only to the right of such island.
- Sec. 200. Section 60-6,139, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:
- 60-6,139 Whenever any roadway has been divided into two or more clearly marked lanes for traffic, the following rules, in addition to all others
- consistent with this section, shall apply:

 (1) A vehicle shall be driven as nearly as practicable within a single lane and shall not be moved from such lane until the driven. ascertained that such movement can be made with safety;
- (2) Upon a roadway which is divided into three lanes and provides for two-way movement of traffic, a vehicle shall not be driven in the center lane except (a) when overtaking and passing another vehicle traveling in the same direction when such center lane is clear of traffic within a safe distance, (b) in preparation for making a left turn, or (c) when such center lane is at the time allocated exclusively to traffic moving in the same direction that the vehicle is proceeding and such allocation is designated by traffic control devices;
- (3) Traffic control devices may be erected by the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads or local authorities to direct specified traffic to use a designated lane or to designate those lanes to be used by traffic moving in a particular direction regardless of the center of the roadway and drivers of vehicles shall obey the directions of every such device; and
- (4) Traffic control devices may be installed by the department or local authorities to prohibit the changing of lanes on sections of roadway and drivers of vehicles shall obey the directions of every such device.

Sec. 201. Section 60-6,144, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, is amended to read:

- 60-6,144 Use of a freeway and entry thereon by the following shall be prohibited at all times except by permit from the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads or from the local authority in the case of freeways not under the jurisdiction of the department:
 - (1) Pedestrians except in areas specifically designated for that purpose;(2) Hitchhikers or walkers;

 - (3) Vehicles not self-propelled;
- (4) Bicycles, motor-driven cycles, motor scooters not having motors of more than ten horsepower, and electric personal assistive mobility devices;
 - (5) Animals led, driven on the hoof, ridden, or drawing a vehicle;(6) Funeral processions;

 - (7) Parades or demonstrations;
- (8) Vehicles, except emergency vehicles, unable to maintain minimum speed as provided in the Nebraska Rules of the Road;
 - (9) Construction equipment;
- (10) Implements of husbandry, whether self-propelled or towed, except as provided in section 60-6,383;
 - (11) Vehicles with improperly secured attachments or loads;
- (12) Vehicles in tow, when the connection consists of a chain, rope, or cable, except disabled vehicles which shall be removed from such freeway at the nearest interchange;
 - (13) Vehicles with deflated pneumatic, metal, or solid tires or continuous

metal treads except maintenance vehicles;

(14) Any person standing on or near a roadway for the purpose soliciting or selling to an occupant of any vehicle; or

(15) Overdimensional vehicles.

Sec. 202. Section 60-6,145, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

amended to read:

60-6,145 The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads and local authorities shall erect and maintain at appropriate locations official signs on freeways under their respective jurisdictions apprising motorists of the restrictions placed upon the use of such highways by the Nebraska Rules of the Road. When the department or local authority posts such signs, it need not follow the usual rules and procedure of posting signs on or near freeways nor shall the department be required to conform with the formalities of public hearings. When such signs are erected, no person shall violate the restrictions stated on such signs.

Sec. 203. Section 60-6,153, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, is amended to read:

60-6,153 (1) Except at a point where a pedestrian tunnel or overhead pedestrian crossing has been provided, when traffic control signals are not in place or not in operation, the driver of a vehicle shall yield the right-of-way to a pedestrian crossing the roadway within a crosswalk who is in the lane in which the driver is proceeding or is in the lane immediately adjacent thereto by bringing his or her vehicle to a complete stop.

(2) No pedestrian shall suddenly leave a curb or other place of safety and walk or run into the path of a vehicle which is so close that it is impossible

for the driver to stop.

- (3) Whenever any vehicle is stopped at a marked crosswalk or at any unmarked crosswalk at an intersection to permit a pedestrian to cross the roadway, the driver of any other vehicle approaching from the rear shall not overtake and pass such stopped vehicle.
- (4) At or adjacent to the intersection of two highways at which a path designated for bicycles and pedestrians is controlled by a traffic control signal, a pedestrian who lawfully enters a highway where the path crosses the highway shall have the right-of-way within the crossing with respect to vehicles and bicycles.
- (5) The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads and local authorities in their respective jurisdictions may, after an engineering and traffic investigation, designate unmarked crosswalk locations where pedestrian crossing is prohibited or where pedestrians shall yield the right-of-way to vehicles. Such restrictions shall be effective only when traffic control devices indicating such restrictions are in place.

Sec. 204. Section 60-6,154, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, is amended to read:

60-6,154 (1) Every pedestrian who crosses a roadway at any point other than within a marked crosswalk, or within an unmarked crosswalk at an intersection, shall yield the right-of-way to all vehicles upon the roadway.

- (2) Any pedestrian who crosses a roadway at a point where a pedestrian tunnel or overhead pedestrian crossing has been provided shall yield the rightof-way to all vehicles upon the roadway.
- (3) Between adjacent intersections at which traffic control signals are in operation, pedestrians shall not cross at any place except in a marked crosswalk.
- (4) Where a path designated for bicycles and pedestrians crosses a highway, a pedestrian who is in the crossing in accordance with the traffic control device shall have the right-of-way within the crossing with respect to vehicles and bicycles.
- (5) No pedestrian shall cross a roadway intersection diagonally unless authorized by traffic control devices, and when authorized to cross diagonally, pedestrians shall cross only in accordance with the traffic control devices
- pertaining to such crossing movements.

 (6) Local authorities and the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads, by erecting appropriate official traffic control devices, may, within their respective jurisdictions, prohibit pedestrians from crossing any roadway in a business district or any designated highway except in a crosswalk.

 Sec. 205. Section 60-6,159, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

amended to read:

60-6,159 (1) Both the approach for a right turn and a right turn shall be made as close as practicable to the right-hand curb or edge of the roadway.

- (2) The driver of a vehicle intending to turn left at any intersection shall approach the intersection in the extreme left-hand lane lawfully available to traffic moving in the direction of travel of such vehicle and, after entering the intersection, the left turn shall be made so as to leave the intersection, as nearly as practicable, in the extreme left-hand lane lawfully available to traffic moving in such direction upon the roadway being entered. Whenever practicable, the left turn shall be made in that portion of the intersection to the left of the center of the intersection.
- (3) The Department of $\underline{\text{Transportation}}$ Roads and local authorities in their respective jurisdictions may cause traffic control devices to be placed within or adjacent to intersections and thereby require and direct that a different course from that specified in this section be traveled by vehicles turning at an intersection, and when such devices are so placed, no driver of a vehicle shall turn a vehicle at an intersection other than as directed and required by such devices.

Sec. 206. Section 60-6,164, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

- 60-6,164 (1) No person shall stop, park, or leave standing any vehicle, whether attended or unattended, upon a roadway outside of a business or residential district when it is practicable to stop, park, or leave such vehicle off such part of a highway, but in any event an unobstructed width of the roadway opposite a standing vehicle shall be left for the free passage of other vehicles and a clear view of such stopped vehicle shall be available from a distance of two hundred feet in each direction upon such highway. Such parking, stopping, or standing shall in no event exceed twenty-four hours.
- (2) No person shall stop, park, or leave standing any vehicle on a freeway except in areas designated or unless so directed by a peace officer, except that when a vehicle is disabled or inoperable or the driver of the vehicle is ill or incapacitated, such vehicle shall be permitted to park, stop, or stand on the shoulder facing in the direction of travel with all wheels and projecting parts of such vehicle completely clear of the traveled lanes, but in no event shall such parking, standing, or stopping upon the shoulder of a freeway exceed twelve hours.
- (3) No person, except law enforcement, fire department, emergency management, public or private ambulance, or authorized Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads or local authority personnel, shall loiter or stand or park any vehicle upon any bridge, highway, or structure which is located above or below or crosses over or under the roadway of any highway or approach or exit road thereto.
- (4) Whenever a vehicle is disabled or inoperable in a roadway or for any reason obstructs the regular flow of traffic for reasons other than an accident, the driver shall move or cause the vehicle to be moved as soon as practical so as to not obstruct the regular flow of traffic.
- (5) This section does not apply to the driver of any vehicle which is disabled while on the roadway in such manner and to such extent that it is impossible to avoid stopping and temporarily leaving such disabled vehicle in such position until such time as it can be removed pursuant to subsection (4) of this section.
- Sec. 207. Section 60-6,166, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 60-6,166 (1) Except when necessary to avoid conflict with other traffic or when in compliance with law or the directions of a peace officer or traffic control device, no person shall:
 (a) Stop, stand, or park any vehicle:
- (i) On the roadway side of any vehicle stopped or parked at the edge or curb of a street;
 - (ii) On a sidewalk;
 - (iii) Within an intersection;
 - (iv) On a crosswalk;
- (v) Between a safety zone and the adjacent curb or within thirty feet of points on the curb immediately opposite the ends of a safety zone unless the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads or the local authority indicates a different length by signs or markings;
- (vi) Alongside or opposite any street excavation or obstruction when stopping, standing, or parking would obstruct traffic; (vii) Upon any bridge or other elevated structure over a highway or within
- a highway tunnel;
 - (viii) On any railroad track; or
 - (ix) At any place where official signs prohibit stopping;
- (b) Stand or park a vehicle, whether occupied or not, except momentarily to pick up or discharge a passenger or passengers:
- (i) In front of a public or private driveway;
 (ii) Within fifteen feet of a fire hydrant;
 (iii) Within twenty feet of a crosswalk at an intersection;
 (iv) Within thirty feet of any flashing signal, stop sign, yield sign, or other traffic control device located at the side of a roadway;
- (v) Within twenty feet of the driveway entrance to any fire station and on the side of a street opposite the entrance to any fire station within seventy-five feet of such entrance when properly signposted; or
- (vi) At any place where official signs prohibit standing; or (c) Park a vehicle, whether occupied or not, except temporarily for the purpose of and while actually engaged in loading or unloading merchandise or
 - (i) Within fifty feet of the nearest rail of a railroad crossing; or
 - (ii) At any place where official signs prohibit parking.
- (2) No person shall move a vehicle not lawfully under his or her control into any such prohibited area or away from a curb such a distance as shall be unlawfuĺ.
- Section 60-6,167, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, Sec. 208. amended to read:
- 60-6,167 (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, any vehicle stopped or parked upon a two-way roadway where parking is permitted shall be so stopped or parked with the right-hand wheels parallel to and within twelve inches of the right-hand curb or edge of such roadway. No vehicle shall be parked upon a roadway when there is a shoulder adjacent to the roadway which is available for parking.
- (2) Except when otherwise provided by a local authority, every vehicle stopped or parked upon a one-way roadway shall be so stopped or parked parallel

to the curb or edge of such roadway, in the direction of authorized traffic movement, with its right-hand wheels within twelve inches of the right-hand curb or edge of the roadway or its left-hand wheels within twelve inches of the left-hand curb or edge of such roadway.

- (3) A local authority may permit angle or center parking on any roadway, except that angle or center parking shall not be permitted on any federal-aid highway or on any part of the state highway system unless the Director-State Engineer has determined that such roadway is of sufficient width to permit angle or center parking without interfering with the free movement of traffic.
- (4) The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads or a local authority may prohibit or restrict stopping, standing, or parking on highways under its respective jurisdiction outside the corporate limits of any city or village and erect and maintain proper and adequate signs thereon. No person shall stop, stand, or park any vehicle in violation of the restrictions stated on such signs.

Sec. 209. Section 60-6,171, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

60-6,171 The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads and local authorities on highways under their respective jurisdictions may designate particularly dangerous highway grade crossings of railroads and erect stop signs at the crossings. When such stop signs are erected, the driver of any vehicle shall stop within fifty feet but not less than fifteen feet from the nearest rail of such railroad and shall proceed only upon exercising due care.

Sec. 210. Section 60-6,176, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

60-6,176 The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads shall by rule and regulation adopt and promulgate uniform standards for school bus loading area warning signs. Such standards shall include requirements for the size, material, construction, and required wording. No school district shall use a school bus loading area warning sign unless such sign complies with all rules and regulations adopted and promulgated by the department. The cost of any sign shall be an obligation of the school district.

Sec. 211. Section 60-6,177, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

60-6,177 The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads shall post on highways of the state highway system outside of business and residential districts signs to the effect that it is unlawful to pass school buses stopped to load or unload children. Such signs shall be adequate in size and number to properly inform the public of the provisions relative to such passing.

Sec. 212. Section 60-6,186, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

60-6,186 (1) Except when a special hazard exists that requires lower speed for compliance with section 60-6,185, the limits set forth in this section and sections 60-6,187, 60-6,188, 60-6,305, and 60-6,313 shall be the maximum lawful speeds unless reduced pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, and no person shall drive a vehicle on a highway at a speed in excess of such maximum limits:

- (a) Twenty-five miles per hour in any residential district;
 (b) Twenty miles per hour in any business district;
 (c) Fifty miles per hour upon any highway that is not dustless surfaced and not part of the state highway system;
- (d) Fifty-five miles per hour upon any dustless-surfaced highway not a
- part of the state highway system; (e) Sixty miles per hour upon any part of the state highway system other than an expressway or a freeway, except that the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads may, where existing design and traffic conditions allow, according to an engineering study, authorize a speed limit five miles per hour greater;
- (f) Sixty-five miles per hour upon an expressway that is part of the state highway system;
- (g) Sixty-five miles per hour upon a freeway that is part of the state highway system but not part of the National System of Interstate and Defense
- (h) Seventy-five miles per hour upon the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways, except that the maximum speed limit shall be sixty miles per hour for:
- (i) Any portion of the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways located in Douglas County; and
- (ii) That portion of the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways designated as Interstate 180 in Lancaster County and Interstate 129 in Dakota County.
- (2) The maximum speed limits established in subsection (1) of this section may be reduced by the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads or by local authorities pursuant to section 60-6,188 or 60-6,190.
- (3) The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads and local authorities may erect and maintain suitable signs along highways under their respective jurisdictions in such number and at such locations as they deem necessary to give adequate notice of the speed limits established pursuant to subsection (1) or (2) of this section upon such highways.

Sec. 213. Section 60-6,188, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

60-6,188 (1) The maximum speed limit through any maintenance, repair, or construction zone on the state highway system shall be thirty-five miles per hour in rural areas and twenty-five miles per hour in urban areas.

(2) Such speed limits shall take effect only after appropriate signs

giving notice of the speed limit are erected or displayed in a conspicuous place in advance of the area where the maintenance, repair, or construction activity is or will be taking place. Such signs shall conform to the manual and shall be regulatory signs imposing a legal obligation and restriction on all traffic proceeding into the maintenance, construction, or repair zone. The signs may be displayed upon a fixed, variable, or movable stand. While maintenance, construction, or repair is being performed, the signs may be mounted upon moving Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads vehicles displaying such signs well in advance of the maintenance zone.

- (3) The Director-State Engineer may increase the speed limit through any highway maintenance, repair, or construction zone in increments of five miles per hour if the speed set does not exceed the maximum speed limits established in sections 60-6,186, 60-6,187, 60-6,189, 60-6,190, 60-6,305, and 60-6,313. The Director-State Engineer may delegate the authority to raise speed limits through any maintenance, repair, or construction zone to any department employee in a supervisory capacity or may delegate such authority to a county, municipal, or local engineer who has the duty to maintain the state highway system in such jurisdiction if the maintenance is performed on behalf of the department by contract with the local authority. Such increased speed limit through a maintenance, repair, or construction zone shall be effective when the Director-State Engineer or any officer to whom authority has been delegated gives a written order for such increase and signs posting such speed limit are erected or displayed.
- (4) The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads shall post signs in maintenance, repair, or construction zones which inform motorists that the fine for exceeding the posted speed limit in such zones is doubled.
- Sec. 214. Section 60-6,189, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 60-6,189 (1) No person shall drive a vehicle over any public bridge, causeway, viaduct, or other elevated structure at a speed which is greater than the maximum speed which can be maintained with safety thereon when such structure is posted with signs as provided in subsection (2) of this section.
- (2) The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads or a local authority may conduct an investigation of any bridge or other elevated structure constituting a part of a highway under its jurisdiction, and if it finds that such structure cannot safely withstand vehicles traveling at the speed otherwise permissible, the department or local authority shall determine and declare the maximum speed of vehicles which such structure can safely withstand and shall cause suitable signs stating such maximum speed to be erected and maintained before each end of such structure.
- (3) Upon the trial of any person charged with a violation of subsection (1) of this section, proof of such determination of the maximum speed by the department or local authority and the existence of such signs shall constitute conclusive evidence of the maximum speed which can be maintained with safety on such bridge or structure.
- Sec. 215. Section 60-6,190, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 60-6,190 (1) Whenever the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads determines, upon the basis of an engineering and traffic investigation, that any maximum speed limit is greater or less than is reasonable or safe under the conditions found to exist at any intersection, place, or part of the state highway system outside of the corporate limits of cities and villages as well as inside the corporate limits of cities and villages on freeways which are part of the state highway system, it may determine and set a reasonable and safe maximum speed limit for such intersection, place, or part of such highway which shall be the lawful speed limit when appropriate signs giving notice thereof are erected at such intersection, place, or part of the highway, except that the maximum rural and freeway limits shall not be exceeded. Such a maximum speed limit may be set to be effective at all times or at such times as are indicated upon such signs.
- to be effective at all times or at such times as are indicated upon such signs.

 (2) The speed limits set by the department shall not be a departmental rule, regulation, or order subject to the statutory procedures for such rules, regulations, or orders but shall be an authorization over the signature of the Director-State Engineer and shall be maintained on permanent file at the headquarters of the department. Certified copies of such authorizations shall be available from the department at a reasonable cost for duplication. Any change to such an authorization shall be made by a new authorization which cancels the previous authorization and establishes the new limit, but the new limit shall not become effective until signs showing the new limit are erected as provided in subsection (1) of this section.
- (3) On county highways which are not part of the state highway system or within the limits of any state institution or any area under control of the Game and Parks Commission or a natural resources district and which are outside of the corporate limits of cities and villages, county boards shall have the same power and duty to alter the maximum speed limits as the department if the change is based on an engineering and traffic investigation comparable to that made by the department. The limit outside of a business or residential district shall not be decreased to less than thirty-five miles per hour.
- shall not be decreased to less than thirty-five miles per hour.

 (4) On all highways within their corporate limits, except on statemaintained freeways which are part of the state highway system, incorporated cities and villages shall have the same power and duty to alter the maximum speed limits as the department if the change is based on engineering and traffic investigation, except that no imposition of speed limits on highways which are part of the state highway system in cities and villages under forty

thousand inhabitants shall be effective without the approval of the department.

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- (5) The director of any state institution, the Game and Parks Commission, a natural resources district, with regard to highways which are not a part of the state highway system, which are within the limits of such institution or area under Game and Parks Commission or natural resources district control, and which are outside the limits of any incorporated city or village, shall have the same power and duty to alter the maximum speed limits as the department if the change is based on an engineering and traffic investigation comparable to that made by the department.
- (6) Not more than six such speed limits shall be set per mile along a highway, except in the case of reduced limits at intersections. The difference between adjacent speed limits along a highway shall not be reduced by more than twenty miles per hour, and there shall be no limit on the difference between adjacent speed limits for increasing speed limits along a highway.

 (7) When the department or a local authority determines
- investigation that certain vehicles in addition to those specified in sections 60-6,187, 60-6,305, and 60-6,313 cannot with safety travel at the speeds provided in sections 60-6,186, 60-6,187, 60-6,189, 60-6,305, and 60-6,313 or set pursuant to this section or section 60-6,188 or 60-6,189, the department or local authority may restrict the speed limit for such vehicles on highways under its respective jurisdiction and post proper and adequate signs.

 Sec. 216. Section 60-6,193, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- amended to read:
- 60-6,193 (1) No person shall drive a motor vehicle at such a slow speed as to impede the normal and reasonable movement of traffic except when reduced speed is necessary for safe operation or in compliance with law.
- (2) On a freeway no motor vehicle, except emergency vehicles, shall be operated at a speed of less than forty miles per hour or at such a slow speed as to impede or block the normal and reasonable movement of traffic except when reduced speed is necessary for the safe operation of the motor vehicle because of weather, visibility, roadway, or traffic conditions. All vehicles entering or leaving such freeway from an acceleration or deceleration lane shall conform with the minimum speed regulations while they are within the roadway of the freeway. The minimum speed of forty miles per hour may be altered by the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads or local authorities on freeways under their respective jurisdictions.
- (3) Whenever the department or any local authority within its respective jurisdiction determines on the basis of an engineering and traffic investigation that low speeds on any part of a highway consistently impede the normal and reasonable movement of traffic, the department or such local authority may determine and declare a minimum speed limit below which no person chall drive a vehicle except when poccessary for safe eneration or in compliance shall drive a vehicle except when necessary for safe operation or in compliance with law.
- (4) Vehicular, animal, and pedestrian traffic prohibited on freeways by the Nebraska Rules of the Road shall not travel on any other roadway where minimum speed limits of twenty miles per hour or more are posted.
- (5) Any minimum speed limit which is imposed under subsection (2) or (3) of this section shall not be effective until appropriate and adequate signs are erected along the roadway affected by such regulation apprising motorists of such limitation.
- (6) On any freeway, or other highway providing for two or more lanes of travel in one direction, vehicles shall not intentionally impede the normal flow of traffic by traveling side by side and at the same speed while in adjacent lanes. This subsection shall not be construed to prevent vehicles from traveling side by side in adjacent lanes because of congested conditions.
- Sec. 217. Section 60-6,230, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, is amended to read:
- 60-6,230 (1) Except as provided in this section and sections 60-6,231 to
- 60-6,233, no person shall operate any motor vehicle or any equipment of any description on any highway in this state with any rotating or flashing light.

 (2) Except for stop lights and directional signals, which may be red, yellow, or amber, no person shall display any color of light other than red on the rear of any motor vehicle or any equipment of any kind on any highway within this state.
- (3) Amber rotating or flashing lights shall be displayed on vehicles of the Military Department for purpose of convoy control when on any state emergency mission.
- (4) A single flashing white light may be displayed on the roof of school transportation vehicles during extremely adverse weather conditions.
- (5) Blue and amber rotating or flashing lights may be displayed on (a) vehicles when operated by the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads or any local authority for the inspection, construction, repair, or maintenance of highways, roads, or streets or (b) vehicles owned and operated by any public utility for the construction, maintenance, and repair of utility infrastructure on or near
- Sec. 218. Section 60-6,250, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:
- 60-6,250 (1) Every solid rubber tire on a vehicle moved on any highway shall have rubber on its entire traction surface at least one inch thick above the edge of the flange of the entire periphery.
- (2) No tire on a vehicle moved on a highway shall have on its periphery any clock, stud, flange, cleat, or spike or any other protuberance of any

material other than rubber which projects beyond the tread of the traction

- surface of the tire, except that:

 (a) This prohibition shall not apply to pneumatic tires with metal or metal-type study not exceeding five-sixteenths of an inch in diameter inclusive of the stud-casing with an average protrusion beyond the tread surface of not more than seven sixty-fourths of an inch between November 1 and April 1, except that school buses, mail carrier vehicles, and emergency vehicles shall be permitted to use metal or metal-type studs at any time during the year;

 (b) It shall be permissible to use farm machinery with tires having
- protuberances which will not injure the highway; and
- (c) It shall be permissible to use tire chains of reasonable proportions upon any vehicle when required for safety because of snow, ice, or other condition tending to cause a vehicle to slide or skid.
- (3) No person shall operate or move on any highway any motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer (a) having any metal tire in contact with the roadway or (b) equipped with solid rubber tires, except that this subsection shall not apply to farm vehicles having a gross weight of ten thousand pounds or less or to implements of husbandry.
- (4) The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads and local authorities in their respective jurisdictions may, in their discretion, issue special permits authorizing the operation upon a highway of traction engines or tractors having movable tracks with transverse corrugations upon the periphery of such movable tracks or farm tractors or other farm machinery.

Sec. 219. Section 60-6,267, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, is amended to read:

- 60-6,267 (1) Any person in Nebraska who drives any motor vehicle which has or is required to have an occupant protection system or a three-point safety belt system shall ensure that all children up to six years of age being transported by such vehicle use a child passenger restraint system of a type which meets Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standard 213 as developed by the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, as such standard existed on January 1, 2009, and which is correctly installed in such vehicle.
- (2) Any person in Nebraska who drives any motor vehicle which has or is required to have an occupant protection system or a three-point safety belt system shall ensure that all children six years of age and less than eighteen years of age being transported by such vehicle use an occupant protection system.
- (3) Subsections (1) and (2) of this section apply to autocycles and to every motor vehicle which is equipped with an occupant protection system or is required to be equipped with restraint systems pursuant to Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standard 208, as such standard existed on January 1, 2009, except taxicabs, mopeds, motorcycles, and any motor vehicle designated by the manufacturer as a 1963 year model or earlier which is not equipped with an occupant protection system.
- (4) Whenever any licensed physician determines, through accepted medical procedures, that use of a child passenger restraint system by a particular child would be harmful by reason of the child's weight, physical condition, or other medical reason, the provisions of subsection (1) or (2) of this section shall be waived. The driver of any vehicle transporting such a child shall carry on his or her person or in the vehicle a signed written statement of the physician identifying the child and stating the grounds for such waiver.
- (5) The drivers of authorized emergency vehicles shall not be subject to the requirements of subsection (1) or (2) of this section when operating such authorized emergency vehicles pursuant to their employment.

 (6) A driver of a motor vehicle shall not be subject to the requirements of subsection (1) or (2) of this section if the motor vehicle is being operated in a section of the subject to the requirements.
- in a parade or exhibition and the parade or exhibition is being conducted in accordance with applicable state law and local ordinances and resolutions.

 (7) The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads shall develop and implement an
- ongoing statewide public information and education program regarding the use of child passenger restraint systems and occupant protection systems and the availability of distribution and discount programs for child passenger restraint systems.
- (8) All persons being transported by a motor vehicle operated by a holder of a provisional operator's permit or a school permit shall use such motor vehicle's occupant protection system or a three-point safety belt system.

 Sec. 220. Section 60-6,288, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016,
- is amended to read:
- 60-6,288 (1) No vehicle which exceeds a total outside width of one hundred two inches, including any load but excluding designated safety devices, shall be permitted on any portion of the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways. The Director-State Engineer shall adopt and promulgate rules and regulations, consistent with federal requirements, designating safety devices which shall be excluded in determining vehicle width.

 (2) No vehicle which exceeds a total outside width of one hundred two
- inches, including any load but excluding designated safety devices, shall be permitted on any highway which is not a portion of the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways, except that such prohibition shall not apply
- (a) Farm equipment in temporary movement, during daylight hours or during hours of darkness when the clearance light requirements of section 60-6,235 are fully complied with, in the normal course of farm operations;

 (b) Combines eighteen feet or less in width, while in the normal course of

farm operations and while being driven during daylight hours or during hours of darkness when the clearance light requirements of section 60-6,235 are fully complied with;

- (c) Combines in excess of eighteen feet in width, while in the normal course of farm operations, while being driven during daylight hours for distances of twenty-five miles or less on highways and while preceded by a well-lighted pilot vehicle or flagperson, except that such combines may be driven on highways while in the normal course of farm operations for distances of twenty-five miles or less and while preceded by a well-lighted pilot vehicle or flagperson during hours of darkness when the clearance light requirements of
- section 60-6,235 are fully complied with;
 (d) Combines and vehicles used in transporting combines or implements of husbandry, and only when transporting combines or other implements of husbandry, to be engaged in harvesting or other agricultural work, while being transported into or through the state during daylight hours, when the total width including the width of the combine or other implement of husbandry being transported does not exceed fifteen feet, except that vehicles used in transporting combines or other implements of husbandry may, when necessary to the harvesting operation or other agricultural work, travel unloaded for distances not to exceed twenty-five miles, while the combine or other implement of husbandry to be transported is engaged in a harvesting operation or other agricultural work;

 (e) Farm equipment dealers or their representatives as authorized under
- section 60-6,382 driving, delivering, or picking up farm equipment, including portable livestock buildings not exceeding fourteen feet implements of husbandry during daylight hours;
- Livestock forage vehicles loaded or unloaded that comply with subsection (2) of section 60-6,305;
- (g) During daylight hours only, vehicles en route to pick up, delivering, or returning unloaded from delivery of baled livestock forage which, including the load if any, may be twelve feet in width;
- Mobile homes or prefabricated livestock buildings not exceeding sixteen feet in width and with an outside tire width dimension not exceeding one hundred twenty inches moving during daylight hours;
 - (i) Self-propelled specialized mobile equipment with a fixed load when:
- (i) The self-propelled specialized mobile equipment will be transported on a state highway, excluding any portion of the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways, on a city street, or on a road within the corporate limits of
- (ii) The city in which the self-propelled specialized mobile equipment is intended to be transported has authorized a permit pursuant to section 60-6,298 for the transportation of the self-propelled specialized mobile equipment, specifying the route to be used and the hours during which the self-propelled specialized mobile equipment can be transported, except that no permit shall be issued by a city for travel on a state highway containing a bridge or structure which is structurally inadequate to carry the self-propelled specialized mobile equipment as determined by the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads;
- (iii) The self-propelled specialized mobile equipment's gross weight does not exceed ninety-four thousand pounds if the self-propelled specialized mobile
- equipment has four axles or seventy-two thousand pounds if the self-propelled specialized mobile equipment has three axles; and

 (iv) If the self-propelled specialized mobile equipment has four axles, the maximum weight on each set of tandem axles does not exceed forty-seven thousand pounds, or if the self-propelled specialized mobile equipment has three axles, the maximum weight on the front axle does not exceed twenty-five thousand pounds and the total maximum weight on the rear tandem axles does not exceed forty-seven thousand pounds;
- (j) Vehicles which have been issued a permit pursuant to section 60-6,299;
- (k) A motor home or travel trailer, as those terms are defined in section 71-4603, which may exceed one hundred and two inches if such excess width is attributable to an appurtenance that extends no more than six inches beyond the body of the vehicle. For purposes of this subdivision, the term appurtenance includes (i) an awning and its support hardware and (ii) any appendage that is intended to be an integral part of a motor home or travel trailer and that is installed by the manufacturer or dealer. The term appurtenance does not include any item that is temporarily affixed or attached to the exterior of the motor home or travel trailer for purposes of transporting the vehicular unit from one location to another. Appurtenances shall not be considered in calculating the gross trailer area as defined in section 71-4603.
- (3) The Director-State Engineer, with respect to highways under his or her jurisdiction, may designate certain highways upon which vehicles of no more than ninety-six inches in width may be permitted to travel. Highways so designated shall be limited to one or more of the following:

 (a) Highways with traffic lanes of ten feet or less;

 - (b) Highways upon which are located narrow bridges; and
- (c) Highways which because of sight distance, surfacing, unusual curves, topographic conditions, or other unusual circumstances would not in the opinion of the Director-State Engineer safely accommodate vehicles of more than ninetysix inches in width.
- Sec. 221. Section 60-6,292, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:
 - 60-6,292 (1) The Department of Transportation Roads may issue permits for

the use of extra-long vehicle combinations. Such permits shall allow the extralong vehicle combinations to operate only on the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways and only if such vehicles are empty and are being delivered for the manufacturer or retailer, except that a highway located not more than six miles from the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways may also be designated in such permits if it is determined by the Director-State Engineer that such designation is necessary for the permitholder to have access to the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways. An annual permit for such use may be issued to each qualified carrier company or individual. The carrier company or individual shall maintain a copy of such annual permit in each truck-tractor operating as a part of an extra-long vehicle combination. The fee for such permit shall be two hundred fifty dollars per year.

- (2) The permit shall allow operation of the following extra-long vehicle combinations of not more than three cargo units and not fewer than six axles nor more than nine axles:
- (a) A truck-tractor, a semitrailer, and two trailers having an overall combination length of not more than one hundred five feet. Semitrailers and trailers shall be of approximately equal lengths;
- (b) A truck-tractor, semitrailer, and single trailer having an overall length of not more than one hundred five feet. Semitrailers and trailers shall
- be of approximately equal lengths; and

 (c) A truck-tractor, semitrailer, or single trailer, one trailer of which is not more than forty-eight feet long, the other trailer of which is not more than twenty-eight feet long nor less than twenty-six feet long, and the entire combination of which is not more than ninety-five feet long. The shorter trailer shall be operated as the rear trailer.

 For purposes of this subsection, a semitrailer used with a converter dolly shall be appointed a trailer.

shall be considered a trailer.

- (3) The department shall adopt and promulgate rules and regulations governing the issuance of the permits, including, but not limited to, selection of carriers, driver qualifications, equipment selection, hours of operations, weather conditions, road conditions, and safety considerations.

 (4) Any person who violates this section shall be guilty of a Class IV
- misdemeanor.

Sec. 222. Section 60-6,294, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, is amended to read:

60-6,294 (1) Every vehicle, whether operated singly or in a combination of vehicles, and every combination of vehicles shall comply with subsections (2) and (3) of this section except as provided in sections 60-6,294.01, 60-6,297,

- and (3) of this section except as provided in sections 60-6,294.01, 60-6,297, and 60-6,383. The limitations imposed by this section shall be supplemental to all other provisions imposing limitations upon the size and weight of vehicles.

 (2) No wheel of a vehicle or trailer equipped with pneumatic or solid rubber tires shall carry a gross load in excess of ten thousand pounds on any highway nor shall any axle carry a gross load in excess of twenty thousand pounds on any highway. An axle load shall be defined as the total load transmitted to the highway by all wheels the centers of which may be included between two parallel transverse vertical planes forty inches apart extending across the full width of the vehicle.
- (3) No group of two or more consecutive axles shall carry a load in pounds in excess of the value given in the following table corresponding to the distance in feet between the extreme axles of the group, measured longitudinally to the nearest foot, except that the maximum load carried on any group of two or more axles shall not exceed eighty thousand pounds on the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways unless the Director-State Engineer pursuant to section 60-6,295 authorizes a greater weight.

Distance in feet Maximum load in pounds carried

on any group of two or more between the

extremes of consecutive axles

any group of

two or more

consecutive		Two	Three	Four	Five	Six	Seven
axles		Axles	Axles	Axles	Axles	Axles	Axles
	4	34,000					
	5	34,000					
	6	34,000					
	7	34,000					
	8	34,000	42,000				

9	39,000	42,500				
10	40,000	43,500				
11		44,000				
12		45,000	50,000			
13		45,500	50,500			
14		46,500	51,500			
15		47,000	52,000			
16		48,000	52,500	58,000		
17		48,500	53,500	58,500		
18		49,500	54,000	59,000		
19		50,000	54,500	60,000		
20		51,000	55,500	60,500		
21		51,500	56,000	61,000		
22		52,500	56,500	61,500		
23		53,000	57,500	62,500		
24		54,000	58,000	63,000		
25		54,500	58,500	63,500	69,000	
26		55,500	59,500	64,000	69,500	
27		56,000	60,000	65,000	70,000	
28		57,000	60,500	65,500	71,000	
29		57,500	61,500	66,000	71,500	
30		58,500	62,000	66,500	72,000	
31		59,000	62,500	67,500	72,500	
32		60,000	63,500	68,000	73,000	
33			64,000	68,500	74,000	
34			64,500	69,000	74,500	
35			65,500	70,000	75,000	
36			66,000	70,500	75,500	
37			66,500	71,000	76,000	81,500
38			67,500	72,000	77,000	82,000
39			68,000	72,500	77,500	82,500
40			68,500	73,000	78,000	83,500
41			69,500	73,500	78,500	84,000
42			70,000	74,000	79,000	84,500
43			70,500	75,000	80,000	85,000
44			71,500	75,500	80,500	85,500
45			72,000	76,000	81,000	86,000
46			72,500	76,500	81,500	87,000
47			73,500	77,500	82,000	87,500

48	74,000	78,000	83,000	88,000
49	74,500	78,500	83,500	88,500
50	75,500	79,000	84,000	89,000
51	76,000	80,000	84,500	89,500
52	76,500	80,500	85,000	90,500
53	77,500	81,000	86,000	91,000
54	78,000	81,500	86,500	91,500
55	78,500	82,500	87,000	92,000
56	79,500	83,000	87,500	92,500
57	80,000	83,500	88,000	93,000
58		84,000	89,000	94,000
59		85,000	89,500	94,500
60		85,500	90,000	95,000

- (4) The distance between axles shall be measured to the nearest foot. When a fraction is exactly one-half foot, the next larger whole number shall be used, except that:
- (a) Any group of three axles shall be restricted to a maximum load of thirty-four thousand pounds unless the distance between the extremes of the first and third axles is at least ninety-six inches in fact; and
- (b) The maximum gross load on any group of two axles, the distance between the extremes of which is more than eight feet but less than eight feet six inches, shall be thirty-eight thousand pounds.
- (5) The limitations of subsections (2) through (4) of this section shall apply as stated to all main, rural, and intercity highways but shall not be construed as inhibiting heavier axle loads in metropolitan areas, except on the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways, if such loads are not prohibited by city ordinance.
- (6) The weight limitations of wheel and axle loads as defined in subsections (2) through (4) of this section shall be restricted to the extent deemed necessary by the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads for a reasonable period when road subgrades or pavements are weak or are materially weakened by climatic conditions.
- (7) Two consecutive sets of tandem axles may carry a gross load of thirty-four thousand pounds each when the overall distance between the first and last axles of such consecutive sets of tandem axles is thirty-six, thirty-seven, or thirty-eight feet except as provided in section 60-6,297. Such vehicles shall be subject to section 60-6,301.
- (8) If any vehicle crosses a bridge with a total gross load in excess of the posted capacity of such bridge and as a result of such crossing any damage results to the bridge, the owner of such vehicle shall be responsible for all of such damage.
- (9) Vehicles equipped with a greater number of axles than provided in the tables in subsection (3) of this section shall be legal if they do not exceed the maximum load upon any wheel or axle, the maximum load upon any group of two or more consecutive axles, and the total gross weight, or any of such weights as provided in subsections (2) and (3) of this section.

 (10) Subsections (1) through (9) of this section shall not apply to a vehicle which has been issued a permit pursuant to section 60-6 200 self-
- (10) Subsections (1) through (9) of this section shall not apply to a vehicle which has been issued a permit pursuant to section 60-6,299, self-propelled specialized mobile equipment with a fixed load when the requirements of subdivision (2)(i) of section 60-6,288 are met, or an emergency vehicle when the requirements of subdivision (1)(a)(v) of section 60-6,298 are met.

 (11) Any two consecutive axles the centers of which are more than forty
- (11) Any two consecutive axles the centers of which are more than forty inches and not more than ninety-six inches apart, measured to the nearest inch between any two adjacent axles in the series, shall be defined as tandem axles, and the gross weight transmitted to the road surface through such series shall not exceed thirty-four thousand pounds. No axle of the series shall exceed the maximum weight permitted under this section for a single axle.
- maximum weight permitted under this section for a single axle.

 (12) Dummy axles shall be disregarded in determining the lawful weight of a vehicle or vehicle combination for operation on the highway. Dummy axle shall mean an axle attached to a vehicle or vehicle combination in a manner so that it does not articulate or substantially equalize the load and does not carry at least the lesser of eight thousand pounds or eight percent of the gross weight of the vehicle or vehicle combination.
- (13) The maximum gross weight limit and the axle weight limit for any vehicle or combination of vehicles equipped with idle reduction technology may be increased by an amount necessary to compensate for the additional weight of the idle reduction technology as provided in 23 U.S.C. 127(a)(12), as such section existed on July 18, 2008. The additional amount of weight allowed by this subsection shall not exceed four hundred pounds and shall not be construed

to be in addition to the five-percent-in-excess-of-maximum-load provision of subdivision (1) of section 60-6,301.

Sec. 223. Section 60-6,297, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, amended to read:

- 60-6,297 (1) Subdivision (1)(b) of section 60-6,290 and subsections (2) and (3) of section 60-6,294 shall not apply to a vehicle or combination of vehicles disabled or wrecked on a highway or right-of-way when the vehicle or combination of vehicles is towed to a place of secure safekeeping by any wrecker or tow truck performing a wrecker or towing service.
- (2) Subdivision (1)(b) of section 60-6,290 and subsections (2) and (3) of section 60-6,294 shall not apply to a single vehicle that is disabled or wrecked when the single vehicle is towed by any wrecker or tow truck to a place for repair or to a point of storage.
- tor repair or to a point of storage.

 (3)(a) Section 60-6,288, subsection (1) of section 60-6,289, subdivision (1)(b) of section 60-6,290, and subsections (2) and (3) of section 60-6,294 shall not apply to a vehicle or combination of vehicles permitted by the Department of Transportation Roads for overwidth, overheight, overlength, or overweight operation that is disabled or wrecked on a highway or right-of-way when the vehicle or combination of vehicles is towed if the vehicle or combination of vehicles is towed by any wrecker or tow truck performing a wrecker or towing service to the first or nearest place of secure safekeeping off the traveled portion of the highway that can accommodate the parking of such disabled vehicle or combination of vehicles. such disabled vehicle or combination of vehicles.
- (b) After the vehicle or combination of vehicles has been towed to a place of secure safekeeping, such vehicle or combination of vehicles shall then be operated in compliance with section 60-6,288, subsection (1) of section 60-6,289, subdivision (1)(b) of section 60-6,290, and subsections (2) and (3) of section 60-6,294, or the vehicle or combination of vehicles shall acquire a special single trip permit from the department for the movement of the overwidth, overheight, overlength, or overweight vehicle or combination of vehicles beyond the first or nearest place of secure safekeeping to its intended destination.
- (4) The owners, lessees, and operators of any wrecker or tow truck exceeding the width, height, length, or weight restrictions while towing a disabled or wrecked vehicle or combination of vehicles shall be jointly and severally liable for any injury or damages that result from the operation of the wrecker or tow truck while exceeding such restrictions.
- (5) If a disabled or wrecked vehicle or combination of vehicles is towed, the wrecker or tow truck shall be connected with the air brakes and brake lights of the towed vehicle or combination of vehicles.
- (6) For purposes of this section:(a) Place of secure safekeeping means a location off the traveled portion of the highway that can accommodate the parking of the disabled or wrecked vehicle or combination of vehicles in order for the vehicle or combination of vehicles to be repaired or moved to a point of storage; and
- (b) Wrecker or tow truck means an emergency commercial vehicle equipped, designed, and used to assist or render aid and transport or tow a disabled vehicle or combination of vehicles from a highway or right-of-way to a place of secure safekeeping.
- Sec. 224. Section 60-6,298, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, is amended to read:
- 60-6,298 (1)(a) The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads or the Nebraska State Patrol, with respect to highways under its jurisdiction including the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways, and local authorities, with respect to highways under their jurisdiction, may in their discretion upon application and good cause being shown therefor issue a special, continuing, or continuous permit in writing authorizing the applicant or his or her designee:
- (i) To operate or move a vehicle, a combination of vehicles, or objects of a size or weight of vehicle or load exceeding the maximum specified by law when such permit is necessary:
 - (A) To further the national defense or the general welfare;
- (B) To permit movement of cost-saving equipment to be used in highway or other public construction or in agricultural land treatment; or
- or a very special (C) Because of an emergency, an unusual circumstance, situation;
- (ii) To operate vehicles, for a distance up to one hundred twenty miles, loaded up to fifteen percent greater than the maximum weight specified by law, or up to ten percent greater than the maximum length specified by law, or both, that any combination with two or more cargo-carrying units, including the truck-tractor, also known as a longer combination vehicle, may only operate for a distance up to seventy miles loaded up to fifteen percent greater than the maximum weight specified by law, or up to ten percent greater than the maximum length specified by law, or both, when carrying grain or other seasonally harvested products from the field where such grain or products are harvested to storage, market, or stockpile in the field or from stockpile to market or factory when failure to move such grain or products in abundant quantities would cause an economic loss to the person or persons whose grain or products are being transported or when failure to move such grain or products in as large quantities as possible would not be in the best interests of the national defense or general welfare. The distance limitation may be waived for vehicles when carrying dry beans from the field where harvested to storage or market when dry beans are not normally stored, purchased, or used within the permittee's local area and must be transported more than one hundred twenty

miles to an available marketing or storage destination. No permit shall authorize a weight greater than twenty thousand pounds on any single axle;

- (iii) To transport an implement of husbandry which does not exceed twelve and one-half feet in width during daylight hours, except that the permit shall not allow transport on holidays;
- (iv) To operate one or more recreational vehicles, as defined in section 71-4603, exceeding the maximum width specified by law if movement of the recreational vehicles is prior to retail sale and the recreational vehicles comply with subdivision (2)(k) of section 60-6,288; or

 (v) To operate an emergency vehicle for purposes of sale, demonstration,
- exhibit, or delivery, if the applicant or his or her designee is a manufacturer or sales agent of the emergency vehicle. No permit shall be issued for an emergency vehicle which weighs over sixty thousand pounds on the tandem axle.

 (b) No permit shall be issued under subdivision (a)(i) of this subsection for a vehicle carrying a load unless such vehicle is loaded with an object which exceeds the size or weight limitations, which cannot be dismantled or reduced in size or weight without great difficulty, and which of necessity must reduced in size or weight without great difficulty, and which of necessity must be moved over the highways to reach its intended destination. No permit shall be required for the temporary movement on highways other than dustless-surfaced state highways and for necessary access to points on such highways during daylight hours of cost-saving equipment to be used in highway or other public construction or in agricultural land treatment when such temporary movement is
- necessary and for a reasonable distance.

 (2) The application for any such permit shall specifically describe the vehicle, the load to be operated or moved, whenever possible the particular highways for which permit to operate is requested, and whether such permit is requested for a single trip or for continuous or continuing operation. The permit shall include a signed affirmation under oath that, for any load sixteen feet high or higher, the applicant has contacted any and all electric utilities that have high voltage conductors and infrastructure that cross over the roadway affected by the move and made arrangements with such electric utilities for the safe movement of the load under any high voltage conductors owned by such electric utilities.
- (3) The department or local authority is authorized to issue or withhold such permit at its discretion or, if such permit is issued, to limit the number of days during which the permit is valid, to limit the number of trips, to establish seasonal or other time limitations within which the vehicles described may be operated on the highways indicated, or to issue a continuous or continuing permit for use on all highways, including the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways. The permits are subject to reasonable conditions as to periodic renewal of such permit and as to operation or movement of such vehicles. The department or local authority may otherwise limit or prescribe conditions of operation of such vehicle or vehicles, when necessary to assure against undue damage to the road foundations, surfaces, or structures or undue danger to the public safety. The department or local authority may require such undertaking or other security as may be deemed
- necessary to compensate for any injury to any roadway or road structure.

 (4) Every such permit shall be carried in the vehicle to which it refers and shall be open to inspection by any peace officer, carrier enforcement officer, or authorized agent of any authority granting such permit. Each such permit shall state the maximum weight permissible on a single axle or combination of axles and the total gross weight allowed. No person shall violate any of the terms or conditions of such special permit. In case of any violation, the permit shall be deemed outsmatically revoked and the permit shall be deemed outsmatically violation, the permit shall be deemed automatically revoked and the penalty of
- the original limitations shall be applied unless:

 (a) The violation consists solely of exceeding the size or weight specified by the permit, in which case only the penalty of the original size or weight limitation exceeded shall be applied; or
- (b) The total gross load is within the maximum authorized by the permit, no axle is more than ten percent in excess of the maximum load for such axle or group of axles authorized by the permit, and such load can be shifted to meet the weight limitations of wheel and axle loads authorized by such permit. Such shift may be made without penalty if it is made at the state or commercial scale designated in the permit. The vehicle may travel from its point of origin to such designated scale without penalty, and a scale ticket from such scale, showing the vehicle to be properly loaded and within the gross and axle weights authorized by the permit, shall be reasonable evidence of compliance with the terms of the permit.
- (5) The department or local authority issuing a permit as provided in this section may adopt and promulgate rules and regulations with respect to the issuance of permits provided for in this section.
- (6) The department shall make available applications for permits authorized pursuant to subdivisions (1)(a)(ii) and (1)(a)(iii) of this section in the office of each county treasurer. The department may make available applications for all other permits authorized by this section to the office of the county treasurer and may make available applications for all permits authorized by this section to any other location chosen by the department
- authorized by this section to any other location chosen by the department.

 (7) The department or local authority issuing a permit may require a permit fee of not to exceed twenty-five dollars, except that:
- (a) The fee for a continuous or continuing permit may not exceed twenty-five dollars for a ninety-day period, fifty dollars for a one-hundred-eighty-day period, or one hundred dollars for a one-year period; and
 - (b) The fee for permits issued pursuant to subdivision (1)(a)(ii) of this

section shall be twenty-five dollars. Permits issued pursuant to such subdivision shall be valid for thirty days and shall be renewable four times for a total number of days not to exceed one hundred fifty days per calendar year.

A vehicle or combination of vehicles for which an application for a permit is requested pursuant to this section shall be registered under section 60-3,147 or 60-3,198 for the maximum gross vehicle weight that is permitted pursuant to section 60-6,294 before a permit shall be issued.

Sec. 225. Section 60-6,299, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, is amended to read:

60-6,299 (1) The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Reads may issue permits for vehicles moving a building or objects requiring specialized moving dollies. Such permits shall allow the vehicles transporting buildings or objects requiring specialized dollies to operate on highways under the jurisdiction of the department, excluding any portion of the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways. Such permit shall specify the maximum allowable width, length, height, and weight of the building to be transported, the route to be used, and the hours during which such building or object may be transported. Such permit shall clearly state that the applicant is not authorized to manipulate overhead high voltage lines or conductors or other such components, including electric utility poles, and that the applicant shall be guilty of a class II misdemeanor for any violation of this section or of the notification requirements of section 60-6,288.01. Any vehicle moving a building or object requiring specialized moving dollies shall be escorted by another vehicle or vehicles in the manner determined by the department. Such vehicles shall travel at a speed which is not in excess of five miles per hour when carrying loads which are in excess of the maximum gross weight specified by law by more than twenty-five percent. The permit shall not be issued for travel on a state highway containing a bridge or structure which is structurally inadequate to carry such building or object as determined by the department. The department may prescribe conditions of operation of such vehicle when necessary to assure against damage to the road foundations, surfaces, or structures and require such security as may be deemed necessary to compensate for any injury to any roadway or road structure.

- (2) The application for any such permit shall (a) specifically describe the vehicle, (b) specifically describe the load to be moved, (c) include a signed affirmation under oath that, for any load sixteen feet high or higher, the applicant has contacted any and all electric utilities that have high voltage conductors and infrastructure that cross over the roadway affected by the move and made arrangements with such electric utilities for the safe movement of the load under any high voltage conductors owned by such electric utilities, and (d) whenever possible, describe the particular highways for which the permit is requested. The company or individual shall maintain a copy of the permit in each vehicle moving a building or object requiring specialized moving dollies which shall be open to inspection by any peace officer, carrier enforcement officer, or authorized agent of any authority granting such permit. The fee for such permit shall be ten dollars.
- (3) The department shall adopt and promulgate rules and regulations governing the issuance of the permits. Such rules and regulations shall include, but not be limited to, driver qualifications, equipment selection, hours of operation, weather conditions, road conditions, determination of any damage caused to highways or bridges, cutting or trimming of trees, removal or relocation of signs or other property of the state, raising or lowering of electric supply and communication lines, and such other safety considerations as the department deems necessary.
- as the department deems necessary.

 (4) Any person who violates the terms of a permit issued pursuant to this section or otherwise violates this section shall be guilty of a Class II misdemeanor.
- Sec. 226. Section 60-6,301, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 60-6,301 When any motor vehicle, semitrailer, or trailer is operated upon the highways of this state carrying a load in excess of the maximum weight permitted by section 60-6,294, the load shall be reduced or shifted to within such maximum tolerance before being permitted to operate on any public highway of this state, except that:
- (1) If any motor vehicle, semitrailer, or trailer exceeds the maximum load on only one axle, only one tandem axle, or only one group of axles when (a) the distance between the first and last axle of such group of axles is twelve feet or less, (b) the excess axle load is no more than five percent in excess of the maximum load for such axle, tandem axle, or group of axles permitted by such section, while the vehicle or combination of vehicles is within the maximum gross load, and (c) the load on such vehicle is such that it can be shifted or the configuration of the vehicle can be changed so that all axles, tandem axle, or groups of axles are within the maximum permissible limit for such axle, tandem axle, or group of axles, such shift or change of configuration may be made without penalty;
- (2) Any motor vehicle, semitrailer, or trailer carrying only a load of livestock may exceed the maximum load as permitted by such section on only one axle, only one tandem axle, or only one group of axles when the distance between the first and last axle of the group of axles is six feet or less if the excess load on the axle, tandem axle, or group of axles is caused by a shifting of the weight of the livestock by the livestock and if the vehicle or combination of vehicles is within the maximum gross load as permitted by such

- (3) With a permit issued by the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads or the Nebraska State Patrol, a truck with an enclosed body and a compacting mechanism, designed and used exclusively for the collection and transportation of garbage or refuse, may exceed the maximum load as permitted by such section by no more than twenty percent on only one axle, only one tandem axle, or only one group of axles when the vehicle is laden with garbage or refuse if the vehicle is within the maximum gross load as permitted by such section. There shall be a permit fee of ten dollars per month or one hundred dollars per year. The permit may be issued for one or more months up to one year, and the term of
- applicability shall be stated on the permit;

 (4) Any motor vehicle, semitrailer, or trailer carrying any kind of a load, including livestock, which exceeds the legal maximum gross load by five percent or less may proceed on its itinerary and unload the cargo carried thereon to the maximum legal gross weight at the first unloading facility on the itinerary where the cargo can be properly protected. All material so unloaded shall be cared for by the owner or operator of such vehicle at the risk of such owner or operator; and risk of such owner or operator; and
- (5) Any motor vehicle, semitrailer, or trailer carrying grain or other seasonally harvested products may operate from the field where such grain or products are harvested to storage, market, or stockpile in the field or from stockpile to market or factory up to seventy miles with a load that exceeds the maximum load permitted by section 60-6,294 by fifteen percent on any tandem axle, group of axles, and gross weight. Any truck with no more than a single rear axle carrying grain or other seasonally harvested products may operate from the field where such grain or products are harvested to storage, market, or stockpile in the field or from stockpile to market or factory up to seventy or stockpile in the field or from stockpile to market or factory up to seventy miles with a load that exceeds the maximum load permitted by section 60-6,294 by fifteen percent on any single axle and gross weight. The owner or a representative of the owner of the agricultural product shall furnish the driver of the loaded vehicle a signed statement of origin and destination.

Nothing in this section shall be construed to permit to be operated on the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways any vehicle or combination of vehicles which exceeds any of the weight limitations applicable to such system as contained in section 60-6,294.

If the maximum legal gross weight or axle weight of any vehicle is exceeded by five percent or less and the arresting peace officer or carrier enforcement officer has reason to believe that such excessive weight is caused by snow, ice, or rain, the officer may issue a warning citation to the

Sec. 227. Section 60-6,311, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

60-6,311 (1) Any person who rides a moped upon a roadway shall have all of the rights and shall be subject to all of the duties applicable to the driver of a motor vehicle under the Nebraska Rules of the Road except for special moped regulations in the rules and except for those provisions of the rules

which by their nature can have no application.

(2) Regulations applicable to mopeds shall apply whenever a moped is operated upon any highway or upon any path set aside by the Department of Transportation Roads or a local authority for the use of mopeds.

Sec. 228. Section 60-6,314, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

60-6,314 (1) Any person who operates a bicycle upon a highway shall have all of the rights and shall be subject to all of the duties applicable to the driver of a vehicle under the Nebraska Rules of the Road except for special bicycle regulations in the rules, except for those provisions of the rules which by their nature can have no application, and except as provided in section 60-6,142.

(2) Regulations applicable to bicycles shall apply whenever a bicycle is operated upon any highway or upon any path set aside by the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads or a local authority for the exclusive use of bicycles.

Sec. 229. Section 60-6,335, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

60-6,335 (1) No person shall operate a snowmobile upon any highway except as provided in sections 60-6,320 to 60-6,346. Subject to regulation by the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads and by local authorities, in their respective jurisdictions, a snowmobile may be operated on the roadway of any highway, on the right-hand side of such roadway and in the same direction as the highway traffic, except that no snowmobile shall be operated at any time within the right-of-way of any controlled-access highway within this state.

- (2) A snowmobile may make a direct crossing of a highway at any hour of the day if:
- (a) The crossing is made at an angle of approximately ninety degrees to the direction of the highway and at a place where no obstruction prevents a quick and safe crossing;
- (b) The snowmobile is brought to a complete stop before crossing the shoulder or roadway of the highway; (c) The driver yields the right-of-way to all oncoming traffic which
- constitutes an immediate hazard;
- (d) In crossing a divided highway, the crossing is made only at an intersection of such highway with another highway; and
 (e) When the crossing is made between sunset and sunrise or in conditions
- of reduced visibility, both the headlights and taillights are on.

(3) No snowmobile shall be operated upon a highway unless equipped with at least one headlight and one taillight, with reflector material of a minimum area of sixteen square inches mounted on each side forward of the handlebars, and with brakes.

- (4) A snowmobile may be operated upon a highway other than as provided by subsection (2) of this section in an emergency during the period of time when and at locations where snow upon the roadway renders travel by automobile impractical.
- (5) Unless otherwise provided in sections 60-6,320 to 60-6,346, all other provisions of Chapter 60 shall apply to the operation of snowmobiles upon highways except for those relating to required equipment and those which by their nature have no application.
- (6) No person shall operate a snowmobile upon any private lands without first having obtained permission of the owner, lessee, or operator of such lands.
- Sec. 230. Section 60-6,376, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 60-6,376 (1) Any person who operates an electric personal assistive mobility device on a highway shall have all of the rights and shall be subject to all of the duties applicable to the operator of a vehicle under the Nebraska Rules of the Road except (a) as provided in special electric personal assistive mobility device regulations adopted pursuant to the Nebraska Rules of the Road, (b) any provisions of the Nebraska Rules of the Road which by their nature can have no application, and (c) as provided in section 60-6,142 with respect to operating an electric personal assistive mobility device on a shoulder of a highway.
- (2) An electric personal assistive mobility device may be operated on any highway, alley, sidewalk, bike trail, path, or any other area where persons travel, except as provided by the Department of <u>Transportation Roads</u> or local authority. Regulations applicable to an electric personal assistive mobility device shall apply whenever an electric personal assistive mobility device is so operated.
- (3) An operator of an electric personal assistive mobility device shall yield to pedestrian traffic and any human-powered or animal-powered vehicle at all times. An operator of an electric personal assistive mobility device shall give an audible signal before overtaking and passing any pedestrian or human-powered or animal-powered vehicle. A person violating this subsection shall be fined ten dollars for the first offense. A person violating this subsection shall have his or her electric personal assistive mobility device impounded for up to thirty days for each subsequent offense.
- Sec. 231. Section 60-6,378, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, is amended to read:
- 60-6,378 (1)(a) A driver in a vehicle on a controlled-access highway approaching or passing a stopped authorized emergency vehicle or road assistance vehicle which makes use of proper audible or visual signals shall proceed with due care and caution as described in subdivision (b) of this subsection.
- (b) On a controlled-access highway with at least two adjacent lanes of travel in the same direction on the same side of the highway where a stopped authorized emergency vehicle or road assistance vehicle is using proper audible or visual signals, the driver of the vehicle shall proceed with due care and caution and yield the right-of-way by moving into a lane at least one moving lane apart from the stopped authorized emergency vehicle or road assistance vehicle unless directed otherwise by a peace officer or other authorized emergency personnel. If moving into another lane is not possible because of weather conditions, road conditions, or the immediate presence of vehicular or pedestrian traffic or because the controlled-access highway does not have two available adjacent lanes of travel in the same direction on the same side of the highway where such a stopped authorized emergency vehicle or road assistance vehicle is located, the driver of the approaching or passing vehicle shall reduce his or her speed, maintain a safe speed with regard to the location of the stopped authorized emergency vehicle or road assistance vehicle, the weather conditions, the road conditions, and vehicular or pedestrian traffic, and proceed with due care and caution or proceed as directed by a peace officer or other authorized emergency personnel or road assistance personnel.
- (c) Any person who violates this subsection is guilty of a traffic infraction for a first offense and Class IIIA misdemeanor for a second or subsequent offense.
- (2) The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads shall erect and maintain or cause to be erected and maintained signs giving notice of subsection (1) of this section along controlled-access highways.
- (3) Enforcement of subsection (1) of this section shall not be accomplished using simulated situations involving an authorized emergency vehicle or a road assistance vehicle.
- (4) This section does not relieve the driver of an authorized emergency vehicle or a road assistance vehicle from the duty to drive with due regard for the safety of all persons using the highway.
 (5) For purposes of this section, road assistance vehicle includes a
- (5) For purposes of this section, road assistance vehicle includes a vehicle operated by the <u>Nebraska Department of Transportation Roads</u>, a Nebraska State Patrol motorist assistance vehicle, a United States Department of Transportation registered towing or roadside assistance vehicle, and a utility service vehicle operated by a utility company. A road assistance vehicle shall

emit a warning signal utilizing properly displayed emergency indicators such as strobe, rotating, or oscillating lights when stopped along a highway.

Sec. 232. Section 60-6,380, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, amended to read:

60-6,380 A low-speed vehicle may be operated on any highway on which the speed limit is not more than thirty-five miles per hour. A low-speed vehicle may cross a highway on which the speed limit is more than thirty-five miles per hour. Nothing in this section shall prevent a county, city, or village from adopting more stringent ordinances governing low-speed vehicle operation if the governing body of the county, city, or village determines that such ordinances are necessary in the interest of public safety. Any person operating a low-speed vehicle as authorized under this section shall have a valid Class O operator's license and shall have liability insurance coverage for the lowspeed vehicle. The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads may prohibit the operation of low-speed vehicles on any highway under its jurisdiction if it determines that the prohibition is necessary in the interest of public safety.

Sec. 233. Section 60-1301, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

amended to read:

60-1301 In order to promote public safety, to preserve and protect the state highways and bridges and prevent immoderate and destructive use of the state highways and bridges and prevent immoderate and destructive use of the same, and to enforce the motor vehicle registration laws, the Department of Transportation Roads shall have the responsibility to construct, maintain, provide, and contract with the Nebraska State Patrol for the operation of weighing stations and provide the funding for the same. The Nebraska State Patrol shall operate the weighing stations, including portable scales, for the weighing and inspection of buses, motor trucks, truck-tractors, semitrailers, trailers, and towed vehicles. Each of the weighing stations shall be located near, on, or adjacent to a state highway upon real estate owned by the State of Nebraska or upon real estate acquired for that purpose. Weights determined on Nebraska or upon real estate acquired for that purpose. Weights determined on such weighing stations and portable scales shall be presumed to be accurate and shall be accepted in court as prima facie evidence of a violation of the laws relating to the size, weight, load, and registration of buses, motor trucks, truck-tractors, semitrailers, trailers, and towed vehicles. The owner or driver of a vehicle found to be in violation of such laws by the use of portable scales shall be advised by the efficient energiating the portable scales that he are scales shall be advised by the officer operating the portable scale that he or she has the right to demand an immediate reweighing at his or her expense at the nearest permanent state-approved scale capable of weighing the vehicle, and if a variance exists between the weights of the permanent and portable scales, then the weights determined on the permanent scale shall prevail. Sections 60-1301 to 60-1309 shall not apply to pickup trucks with a factory-rated capacity of one ton or less, except as may be provided by rules and regulations of the Nebraska State Patrol, or to recreational vehicles as defined in section 71-4603. The Nebraska State Patrol may adopt and promulgate rules and regulations concerning the weighing of pickup trucks with a factory-rated capacity of one ton or less which tow vehicles. Such rules and regulations shall require trucks towing vehicles to comply with sections 60-1301 to 60-1309 when it is necessary to promote the public safety and preserve and protect the state highways and bridges.

Sec. 234. Section 60-1302, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

60-1302 The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads is hereby authorized to take, hold, and acquire by eminent domain so much real estate as may be necessary and convenient to carry out the provisions of section 60-1301. The procedure to condemn property shall be exercised in the manner set forth in sections 76-704 to 76-724.

Sec. 235. Section 60-1303, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

60-1303 (1) The Nebraska State Patrol is hereby designated as the agency to operate the weighing stations and portable scales and to perform carrier enforcement duties.

- (2)(a) On and after July 20, 2002, officers of the Nebraska State Patrol appointed to operate the weighing stations and portable scales and to perform carrier enforcement duties shall be known as the carrier enforcement division. The Superintendent of Law Enforcement and Public Safety shall appoint officers of the Nebraska State Patrol to the carrier enforcement division, including officers as prescribed in sections 81-2001 to 81-2009, and carrier enforcement officers as prescribed in sections 60-1301 to 60-1309.
- (b) The employees within the Nebraska State Patrol designated to operate the weighing stations and portable scales and to perform carrier enforcement duties before July 20, 2002, and not authorized to act under subdivisions (1) through (8) of section 81-2005 shall be known as carrier enforcement officers.
- (3) All carrier enforcement officers shall be bonded or insured as required by section 11-201. Premiums shall be paid from the money appropriated and operation of the state weighing for the construction, maintenance, stations.
- (4) All employees of the Nebraska State Patrol who are carrier enforcement officers and who are not officers of the Nebraska State Patrol with the powers and duties prescribed in sections 81-2001 to 81-2009 shall be members of the State Employees Retirement System of the State of Nebraska. Officers of the Nebraska State Patrol who are carrier enforcement officers on July 20, 2002, who subsequently become officers of the Nebraska State Patrol with the powers and duties prescribed in sections 81-2001 to 81-2009, and who elect to remain members of the State Employees Retirement System of the State of Nebraska shall

continue to participate in the State Employees Retirement System of the State of Nebraska. Carrier enforcement officers shall not receive any allowance as provided for by section 81-2002.

- (5) The Nebraska State Patrol and the Department of Transportation Roads shall have the duty, power, and authority to contract with one another for the staffing and operation of weighing stations and portable scales and the performance of carrier enforcement duties to ensure that there is adequate personnel in the carrier enforcement division to carry out the duties specified in sections 60-1301 to 60-1309. Through June 30, 2005, the number of full-time equivalent positions funded pursuant to such contract shall be limited to eighty-eight officers, including carrier enforcement officers as prescribed in sections 60-1301 to 60-1309 and officers of the Nebraska State Patrol as prescribed in sections 81-2001 to 81-2009 assigned to the carrier enforcement division. Pursuant to such contract, command of the personnel involved in such carrier enforcement operations shall be with the Nebraska State Patrol. The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads may use any funds at its disposal for its financing of such carrier enforcement activity in accordance with such contract as long as such funds are used only to finance those activities directly involved with the duties specified in sections 60-1301 to 60-1309. The Nebraska State Patrol shall account for all appropriations and expenditures related to the staffing and operation of weighing stations and portable scales and the performance of carrier enforcement duties in a budget program that is distinct and separate from budget programs used for non-carrier-enforcement-division-related activities related activities.
- (6) The Nebraska State Patrol may adopt, promulgate, and enforce rules and regulations consistent with statutory provisions related to carrier enforcement necessary for (a) the collection of fees, as outlined in sections 60-3,177 and 60-3,179 to 60-3,182 and the International Fuel Tax Agreement Act, (b) the inspection of licenses and permits required under the motor fuel laws, and (c) weighing and inspection of buses, motor trucks, truck-tractors, semitrailers, trailers, and towed vehicles.

236. Section 60-3101, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, is amended to read:

- 60-3101 (1) State fleet card programs shall be created and shall be administered separately by the Department of <u>Transportation Roads</u> and the University of Nebraska. The Department of <u>Transportation Roads</u> shall administer a fleet card program on behalf of state government and political subdivisions other than the University of Nebraska under a contract through the State Treasurer. The State Treasurer shall determine the type of fleet card or cards utilized in the state fleet card program. The State Treasurer shall contract utilized in the state fleet card program. The State Treasurer shall contract with one or more financial institutions, card-issuing banks, credit card companies, charge card companies, debit card companies, or third-party merchant banks capable of operating a fleet card program on behalf of the state, including the University of Nebraska, and political subdivisions that participate in the state contract for such services. Rules and regulations may be adopted and promulgated as needed by the Department of <u>Transportation Roads</u> or the University of Nebraska for the operation of the state fleet card programs. The rules and regulations shall provide authorization instructions for all transactions. Expenses associated with the state fleet card programs shall be considered as an administrative or operational expense.

 (2) For purposes of this section, fleet card means a payment card used for
- (2) For purposes of this section, fleet card means a payment card used for gasoline, diesel, and other fuels. Fleet cards may also be used to pay for vehicle and equipment maintenance and expenses at the discretion of the program administrator. The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads and the University of Nebraska shall each designate a program administrator.
- (3) Any state official, agency, board, or commission may utilize a state fleet card for the purchase of goods and services described in subsection (2) of this section for and on behalf of the State of Nebraska. Any political subdivision may utilize a fleet card for the purchase of goods and services described in subsection (2) of this section for lawful government purposes of the political subdivision. No disbursements or cash back on fleet card transactions shall be allowed.
- (4) Vendors accepting a state fleet card shall obtain authorization for transactions in accordance with instructions from the program
- all transactions in accordance with instructions from the program administrator. Transaction authorization shall be from the financial institution, card-issuing bank, credit card company, charge card company, debit card company, or third-party merchant bank contracted to provide such service to the State of Nebraska. Each transaction shall be authorized in accordance with the instructions provided by the program administrator for each state official, agency, board, or commission or each political subdivision.

 (5) Detailed transaction information for the purposes of tracking expenditures shall include fleet card identification, merchant name and address, transaction number, date, time, product, quantity, cost, and equipment meter reading if applicable. A state fleet card program may require an itemized receipt for purposes of tracking expenditures of a state fleet card purchase from a commercial vendor as acceptable detailed transaction information. If detailed transaction information is not provided, the program administrator shall have the authority to temporarily or permanently suspend state fleet card purchases in accordance with rules and regulations. purchases in accordance with rules and regulations.
- (6) No officer or employee of the state or of a political subdivision shall use a state fleet card for any unauthorized use.

 Sec. 237. Section 66-489.02, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016,

is amended to read:

66-489.02 (1) For tax periods beginning on and after July 1, 2009, at the time of filing the return required by section 66-488, the producer, supplier, distributor, wholesaler, or importer shall, in addition to the other taxes provided for by law, pay a tax at the rate of five percent of the average wholesale price of gasoline for the gallons of the motor fuels as shown by the return, except that there shall be no tax on the motor fuels reported if they are otherwise exempted by sections 66-482 to 66-4,149.

- (2) The department shall calculate the average wholesale price of gasoline on April 1, 2009, and on each April 1 and October 1 thereafter. The average wholesale price on April 1 shall apply to returns for the tax periods beginning on and after July 1, and the average wholesale price on October 1 shall apply to returns for the tax periods beginning on and after January 1. The average wholesale price shall be determined using data available from the State Energy Office and shall be an average wholesale price per gallon of gasoline sold in the state over the previous six-month period, excluding any state or federal excise tax or environmental fees. The change in the average wholesale price between two six-month periods shall be adjusted so that the increase or decrease in the tax provided for in this section or section 66-6,109.02 does not exceed one cent per gallon.
 (3) All sums of money received under this section shall be credited to the
- Highway Trust Fund. Credits and refunds of such tax allowed to producers, suppliers, distributors, wholesalers, or importers shall be paid from the Highway Trust Fund. The balance of the amount credited, after credits and refunds, shall be allocated as follows:
- (a) Sixty-six percent to the Highway Cash Fund for the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads;
- (b) Seventeen percent to the Highway Allocation Fund for allocation to the various counties for road purposes; and
- (c) Seventeen percent to the Highway Allocation Fund for allocation to the various municipalities for street purposes. Sec. 238. Section 66-4,100, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016,

is amended to read:

66-4,100 The Highway Cash Fund and the Roads Operations Cash Fund are hereby created. If bonds are issued pursuant to subsection (2) of section 39-2223, the balance of the share of the Highway Trust Fund allocated to the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads and deposited into the Highway Restoration and Improvement Bond Fund as provided in subsection (6) of section 39-2215 and the balance of the money deposited in the Highway Restoration and Improvement Bond Fund as provided in section 39-2215.01 shall be transferred by the State Treasurer, on or before the last day of each month, to the Highway Cash Fund. If no bonds are issued pursuant to subsection (2) of section 39-2223, the share of the Highway Trust Fund allocated to the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads shall be transferred by the State Treasurer on or before the last day of each

month to the Highway Cash Fund.

The Legislature may direct the State Treasurer to transfer funds from the Highway Cash Fund to the Roads Operations Cash Fund. Both funds shall be expended by the department (1) for acquiring real estate, road materials, equipment, and supplies to be used in the construction, reconstruction, improvement, and maintenance of state highways, (2) for the construction, reconstruction, improvement, and maintenance of state highways, including grading, drainage, structures, surfacing, roadside development, landscaping, and other incidentals necessary for proper completion and protection of state highways as the department shall, after investigation, find and determine shall be for the best interests of the highway system of the state, either independent of or in conjunction with federal-aid money for highway purposes, (3) for the share of the department of the cost of maintenance of state aid bridges, (4) for planning studies in conjunction with federal highway funds for the purpose of analyzing traffic problems and financial conditions and problems relating to state, county, township, municipal, federal, and all other roads in the state and for incidental costs in connection with the federal-aid grade crossing program for roads not on state highways, (5) for tests and research by the department or proportionate costs of membership, tests, and research of highway organizations when participated in by the highway departments of other states, (6) for the payment of expenses and costs of the Board of Examiners for County Highway and City Street Superintendents as set forth in section 30-2310 County Highway and City Street Superintendents as set forth in section 39-2310, (7) for support of the public transportation assistance program established under section 13-1209 and the intercity bus system assistance program established under section 13-1213, and (8) for purchasing from political or governmental subdivisions or public corporations, pursuant to section 39-1307, any federal-aid transportation funds available to such entities.

Any money in the Highway Cash Fund and the Roads Operations Cash Fund not needed for current operations of the department shall, as directed by the Director-State Engineer to the State Treasurer, be invested by the state investment officer pursuant to the Nebraska Capital Expansion Act and the Nebraska State Funds Investment Act, subject to approval by the board of each investment. All income received as a result of such investment shall be placed in the Highway Cash Fund in the Highway Cash Fund. Sec. 239. Section 66-4,144, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016,

is amended to read:

66-4,144 (1) In order to insure that an adequate balance in the Highway Restoration and Improvement Bond Fund is maintained to meet the debt service requirements of bonds to be issued by the commission under subsection (2) of section 39-2223, the Director-State Engineer shall certify to the department

the excise tax rate to be imposed by sections 66-4,140 and 66-6,108 for each year during which such bonds are outstanding necessary to provide in each such year money equal in amount to not less than one hundred twenty-five percent of such year's bond principal and interest payment requirements. The department shall adjust the rate as certified by the Director-State Engineer. Such rate shall be in addition to the rate of excise tax set pursuant to subsection (2) of this section. Each such rate shall be effective from July 1 of a stated year through June 30 of the succeeding year or during such other period not longer than one year as the Director-State Engineer certifies to be consistent with the principal and interest requirements of such bonds. Such excise tax rates set pursuant to this subsection may be increased, but such excise tax rates shall not be subject to reduction or elimination unless the Director-State Engineer has received from the State Highway Commission notice of reduced principal and interest requirements for such bonds, in which event the Director-State Engineer shall certify the new rate or rates to the department. The new rate or rates, if any, shall become effective on the first day of the following semiannual period.

- (2) In order to insure that there is maintained an adequate Highway Cash Fund balance to meet expenditures from such fund as appropriated by the Legislature, by June 15 or five days after the adjournment of the regular legislative session each year, whichever is later, the Director-State Engineer shall certify to the department the excise tax rate to be imposed by sections 66-4,140 and 66-6,108. The department shall adjust the rate as certified by the Director-State Engineer to be effective from July 1 through June 30 of the succeeding year. The rate of excise tax for a given July 1 through June 30 period set pursuant to this subsection shall be in addition to and independent of the rate or rates of excise tax set pursuant to subsection (1) of this section for such period. The Director-State Engineer shall determine the cash and investment balances of the Highway Cash Fund at the beginning of each fiscal year under consideration and the estimated receipts to the Highway Cash Fund from each source which provides at least one million dollars annually to such fund. The rate of excise tax shall be an amount sufficient to meet the appropriations made from the Highway Cash Fund by the Legislature. Such rate shall be set in increments of one-tenth of one percent.
- (3) The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads shall provide to the Legislative Fiscal Analyst an electronic copy of the information that is submitted to the Department of Revenue and used to set or adjust the excise tax
- (4) If the actual receipts received to date added to any projections or modified projections of deposits to the Highway Cash Fund for the current fiscal year are less than ninety-nine percent or greater than one hundred two percent of the appropriation for the current fiscal year, the Director-State Engineer shall certify to the department the adjustment in rate necessary to meet the appropriations made from the Highway Cash Fund by the Legislature. The department shall adjust the rate as certified by the Director-State Engineer to be effective on the first day of the following semiannual period.
- (5) Nothing in this section shall be construed to abrogate the duties of the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads or attempt to change any highway improvement program schedule.

Sec. 240. Section 66-6,109.02, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

- 66-6,109.02 (1) For tax periods beginning on and after July 1, the time of filing the return required by section 66-6,110, the retailer shall, in addition to the other taxes provided for by law, pay a tax at the rate of five percent of the average wholesale price of gasoline calculated pursuant to section 66-489.02 for the gallons of the compressed fuel as shown by the return, except that there shall be no tax on the compressed fuel reported if it is otherwise exempted by the Compressed Fuel Tax Act.
- (2) All sums of money received under this section shall be credited to the Highway Trust Fund. Credits and refunds of such tax allowed to producers, suppliers, distributors, wholesalers, or importers shall be paid from the Highway Trust Fund. The balance of the amount credited, after credits and refunds shall be allocated as follows: refunds, shall be allocated as follows:

 (a) Sixty-six percent to the Highway Cash Fund for the Department of
- Transportation Roads;
- (b) Seventeen percent to the Highway Allocation Fund for allocation to the various counties for road purposes; and
- (c) Seventeen percent to the Highway Allocation Fund for allocation to the
- various municipalities for street purposes. Sec. 241. Section 66-738, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, is amended to read:
- 66-738 The Motor Fuel Tax Enforcement and Collection Division is hereby created within the Department of Revenue. The division shall be funded by a separate appropriation program within the department. All provisions of the Compressed Fuel Tax Act, the Petroleum Release Remedial Action Act, the State Aeronautics Department Act, and sections 66-482 to 66-4,149, 66-501 to 66-531, and 66-712 to 66-736, pertaining to the Department of Revenue, the Tax Commissioner, or the division, shall be entirely and separately undertaken and enforced by the division, except that the division may utilize services provided by other programs of the Department of Revenue in functional areas known on July 1, 1991, as the budget subprograms designated revenue operations and administration. Appropriations for the division that are used to fund costs allocated for such functional operations shall be expended by the division in allocated for such functional operations shall be expended by the division in

an appropriate pro rata share and shall be subject to audit by the Auditor of Public Accounts, at such time as he or she determines necessary, which audit shall be provided to the budget division of the Department of Administrative Services and the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by October 1 of the year under audit. Audit information useful to other divisions of the Department of Revenue may be shared by the Motor Fuel Tax Enforcement and Collection Division with the other divisions of the department and the Division of Motor Carrier Services of the Department of Motor Vehicles, but audits shall not be considered as a functional operation for purposes of this section. Except for staff performing in functional areas, staff funded from the separate appropriation program shall only be utilized to carry out the provisions of such acts and sections. The auditors and field investigators in the Motor Fuel Tax Enforcement and Collection Division shall be adequately trained for the purposes of motor fuel tax enforcement and collection. The Tax Commissioner shall hire for or assign to the division sufficient staff to carry out the responsibility of the division for the enforcement of the motor fuel laws.

Funds appropriated to the division may also be used to contract with other public agencies or private entities to aid in the issuance of motor fuel delivery permit numbers as provided in subsection (2) of section 66-503, and such contracted funds shall only be used for such purpose. The amount of any contracts entered into pursuant to this section shall be appropriated and accounted for in a separate budget subprogram of the division.

Sec. 242. Section 66-821, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended

to read:

66-821 For purposes of sections 66-821 to 66-824, unless the context otherwise requires:

- (1) Gasohol shall mean gasoline which contains a minimum of ten percent blend of an agricultural ethyl alcohol whose purity shall be at least ninetynine percent alcohol, excluding denaturant, produced from cereal grains or domestic agricultural commodities; and

 (2) Department shall mean the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads.
- Sec. 243. Section 66-822, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

66-822 The <u>department</u> Department of Roads shall, not later than July 1, 1980, implement a program of using gasohol as fuel in motor vehicles owned or operated by the department which are designed to operate on such fuel.

Sec. 244. Section 69-1701, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

69-1701 (1) Before an outdoor advertising sign, display, or device is removed, taken, or appropriated through the use of zoning or any other power or authority possessed by the state, a state agency, or a political subdivision of the state:

(a) The value of the sign, display, or device shall be determined by the taking entity without the use of any amortization schedule; and
(b) The value of the sign, display, or device shall be paid the fair and

- reasonable market value for such removal, taking, or appropriation, which fair and reasonable market value shall be based upon the depreciated reproduction cost of such sign, display, or device using as a guideline the Nebraska Sign Schedule developed and used by the Department of Transportation Roads, except that, when feasible, the taking entity may elect to relocate such sign, display, or device, in which event the owners of the sign, display, or device shall be paid the actual and necessary relocation cost therefor.
- (2) Subsection (1) of this section shall not apply to:(a) Actions taken by the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads pursuant to sections 39-212 to 39-226 and 39-1320; and
- (b) The removal, taking, or appropriation of a sign, display, or device which (i) is insecurely fixed or inadequately maintained such that the sign, display, or device constitutes a danger to the public health or safety, or (ii) has been abandoned or no longer used by the owners for at least six months.

 Sec. 245. Section 70-309, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended

70-309 If the public road, along, upon, across, or under which the right to construct, operate, and maintain the electrical transmission line is granted, is a state or federal highway, then the location and installation of the electrical transmission facilities, insofar as they pertain to the present and future use of the rights-of-way for highway purposes, shall be subject to reasonable regulations and restrictions prescribed by the Department of Transportation Roads. If the future use of the state or federal highway requires the moving or relocating of the facilities, then such facilities shall be removed or relocated by the owner, at the owner's cost and expense, and as directed by the Department of Transportation Roads except as provided by section 39-1304.02. section 39-1304.02.

Sec. 246. Section 72-108, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

72-108 All deeds or other instruments conveying any interest in lands to the State of Nebraska, or to any board, department, or commission thereof, shall be carefully deposited in the office of the Board of Educational Lands and Funds for safekeeping after they have been duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in the county where the real estate is located. This ; Provided, this section shall not apply to deeds or other instruments conveying any interest in lands to the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads or the Game and Parks Commission.

Sec. 247. Section 72-221, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended

to read:

72-221 The Department of $\underline{\text{Transportation}}$ Roads of the State of Nebraska and the county board of any county may acquire land necessary to establish a public highway over or across any educational lands. Sec. 248. Section 72-221.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

amended to read:

72-221.01 All established public roads that have been established for a period of ten years or more on the section line along any side or part of the side of a section owned by the Board of Educational Lands and Funds, and on any part of a section that has an established meandering road not on the section line and under the jurisdiction of the Board of Educational Lands and Funds, shall be dedicated to the county for public use in the case of county roads, or to the State of Nebraska, Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads, for public use. The public road right-of-way so dedicated shall be no less than thirty-three feet from the section line, nor less than sixty-six feet through that part of the section where the established road meanders through the described section. Upon receipt of payment from any county or the <u>department Department of Roads</u> of the fair and reasonable market value of the right-of-way at the date the road was established, the Board of Educational Lands and Funds shall convey to the county or the <u>department</u> <u>Department of Roads</u> title to such road right-ofway. The instruments of conveyance shall be recorded in the office of the register of deeds.

Sec. 249. Section 72-817, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

72-817 Sections 72-811 to 72-818 shall apply to every state agency except the University of Nebraska, the Nebraska state colleges, the <u>Division Department</u> of Aeronautics of the <u>Department of Transportation</u>, and the Board of Educational Lands and Funds, except that any such agency may elect to include under such sections any building or land for which it has responsibility. Such sections shall not apply to interests in real property held by the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads.

Sec. 250. Section 73-507, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, is amended to read:

73-507 (1) Subject to review by the Director of Administrative Services, the division shall provide procedures to grant limited exceptions from sections 73-504, 73-508, and 73-509 for:

- (a) Sole source contracts, emergency contracts, and contracts for services when the price has been established by the federal General Services Administration or competitively bid by another state or group of states, a group of states and any political subdivision of any other state, or a cooperative purchasing organization on behalf of a group of states; and

 (b) Other circumstances or specific contracts when any of the requirements
- of sections 73-504, 73-508, and 73-509 are not appropriate for or are not compatible with the circumstances or contract. The division shall provide a written rationale which shall be kept on file when granting an exception under this subdivision.
- (2) The following types of contracts for services are not subject to sections 73-504, 73-508, 73-509, and 73-510:
 (a) Contracts for services subject to the Nebraska Consultants'
- Competitive Negotiation Act;
- (b) Contracts for services subject to federal law, regulation, or policy or state statute, under which a state agency is required to use a different selection process or to contract with an identified contractor or type of
- (c) Contracts for professional legal services and services of expert witnesses, hearing officers, or administrative law judges retained by state agencies for administrative or court proceedings;

 (d) Contracts involving state or federal financial assistance passed through by a state agency to a political subdivision;

 (e) Contracts with a value of fifteen million dollars or less with direct providers of modical behavioral or developmental health services, child care
- providers of medical, behavioral, or developmental health services, child care, or child welfare services to an individual;
- (f) Agreements for services to be performed for a state agency by another state or local government agency or contracts made by a state agency with a
- local government agency for the direct provision of services to the public;

 (g) Agreements for services between a state agency and the University of Nebraska, the Nebraska state colleges, the courts, the Legislature, or other officers or state agencies established by the Constitution of Nebraska;
- (h) Department of Insurance contracts for financial or actuarial examination, for rehabilitation, conservation, reorganization, or liquidation of licensees, and for professional services related to residual pools or excess funds under the agency's control;

 (i) Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads contracts for all road and bridge
- projects;
 - (j) Nebraska Investment Council contracts; and
 - (k) Contracts under section 57-1503.

Sec. 251. Section 74-1310, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

74-1310 For purposes of sections 74-1310 to 74-1322, unless the context otherwise requires, department shall mean the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads.

Sec. 252. Section 74-1314, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

74-1314 When any political subdivision of this state determines that public safety will be improved by eliminating a crossing, by the installation, substantial modification, or improvement of automatic railroad grade crossing protection, or by construction of an overpass or underpass where a street, road, or highway intersects with a line of the railroad company within its jurisdiction, and demand is made upon the railroad company concerned, the political subdivision shall inform the <u>department</u> Department of Roads of such

Upon receiving such notice, or upon its own determination, the <u>department</u> Department of Roads shall forthwith examine the crossing concerned, conjunction with representatives of the political subdivision, to determine whether the position of such crossing on the priority list established under section 74-1312 should be adjusted.

Section 74-1318, Sec. 253. Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

74-1318 The <u>department</u> Department of Roads is hereby empowered administer the funds deposited in the Grade Crossing Protection Fund to follows:

- (1) If the department and the political subdivision with jurisdiction over the crossing agree that a grade crossing should be eliminated by closing the street, road, or highway, the political subdivision making such closing shall receive five thousand dollars from the fund and five thousand dollars from the railroad involved and the actual cost of closure not to exceed twelve thousand dollars from the fund. If pursuant to section 74-1305 it is agreed by the department and the political subdivision that such crossing should be eliminated by the removal of such rail line, the political subdivision paying for such removal, if any, shall receive two thousand dollars or the actual cost thereof not to exceed twelve thousand dollars from the fund;
- (2) Except as otherwise provided in section 74-1315, facilitate and protect the interest of the public as a whole and to compensate for the statewide use of such crossings by the public, the department shall pay ninety-five percent of the cost of overpasses, underpasses, and automatic railroad grade crossing protection measures or devices from the fund for all such projects in which an agreement among the department, the railroad, and the such projects in which an agreement among the department, the railroad, and the political subdivision is executed on or after May 24, 1979, and the balance of the cost shall be borne by the political subdivision, except that in any county in which a railroad transportation safety district has been formed, such balance shall be borne entirely by the political subdivision. For all such projects in which an agreement among the department, the railroad, and the political subdivision was executed prior to May 24, 1979, the costs shall continue to be borne in the same manner as they were prior to such date;

 (3) It shall be the sole responsibility of the railroad company involved to maintain all automatic railroad grade crossing protection devices existing
- to maintain all automatic railroad grade crossing protection devices existing in this state;
- (4) The department shall allocate the amount to be borne by the fund for
- (4) The department shall allocate the amount to be borne by the fund for the cost of construction, installation, or substantial modification or improvement of the automatic devices for the protection of the railroad grade crossing concerned under this section and section 74-1317; and

 (5) The department shall enter into and enforce agreements involving the fund and the supervision of the construction, installation, substantial modification or improvement, and maintenance of such overpasses, underpasses, and automatic safety devices for which any part of the cost is borne from the fund and the auditing and collection of the bills covering the cost thereof. The department is further authorized to enter into such contracts with any railroad companies and political subdivisions affected which are necessary to railroad companies and political subdivisions affected which are necessary to carry out this section and section 74-1317.

Sec. 254. Section 74-1319, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

74-1319 Whenever a railroad line is abandoned, the <u>department</u> Department of Roads may remove grade crossing protection devices therefrom to protect the state's investment therein.

Sec. 255. Section 74-1331, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

74-1331 Any person who operates a railroad in the State of Nebraska shall construct all bridges on its railway so that each bridge over a running stream in this state has an opening below high water line the area of which is sufficient to allow the free and unobstructed passage of the water of such running stream at extreme high water state. If in the case of any given bridge satisfactory proof is made to the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads that the dimensions prescribed in this section are greater than are necessary to permit the unimpeded passage of the water under such bridge at high water, the department may authorize construction of the bridge with dimensions less than those prescribed in this section. Each railroad shall maintain and keep in good repair all bridges and abutments which the railroad constructs to enable its tracks to pass over or under any turnpike, road, canal, watercourse, or other way. Any operator of a railroad in this state who violates any of the provisions of this section or who permits any such violation on the part of any employee shall be guilty of a Class III misdemeanor.

Sec. 256. Section 74-1332, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

amended to read:

74-1332 The Department of $\underline{\text{Transportation}}$ Roads shall have jurisdiction over all crossings outside of incorporated villages, towns, and cities, both public and private, across, over, or under all railroads in the state, except as provided in sections 74-1338 to 74-1340, and shall adopt and promulgate such rules and regulations for the construction, repair, and maintenance of the crossings as the department deems adequate and sufficient for the protection

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Sec. 257. Section 74-1333, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

74-1333 The owner of any railroad tracks which are crossed by a public road shall make and keep in good repair good and sufficient crossings for such road over its tracks, including all the grading, bridges, ditches, and culverts that may be necessary within its right-of-way. Such crossings shall be not less than twenty feet wide and shall be solidly constructed with no openings or filled spaces except such as are necessary for the track. The railroad crossings shall be made of durable material equal to the height of the railroad track. The Department of <u>Transportation Roads</u> may, upon proper investigation and hearing, impose additional reasonable requirements as the circumstances may warrant.

258. Section 74-1334, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

74-1334 (1) Wherever any railroad track crosses any public road in a cut, on a curve or side hill, in timber lands, near buildings, or near any obstruction of view from the road, the Department of <u>Transportation Roads</u> shall direct such precautions to be taken as it deems necessary for the safety of the traveling public. Each railroad carrier shall also provide and maintain such gates, crossings, signs, signals, alarm bells, and warning personnel as the department directs. The department may direct the placement of special signs where the physical conditions of any crossing warrant such action.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, any public railroad crossing without gates, signals, alarm bells, or warning personnel located within one-quarter mile from a public railroad crossing with gates, signals, alarm bells, or warning personnel shall be closed unless it is the only railroad crossing which provides access to property.

(3) An interested party may object to an action taken under subsection (2) of this section only if a written request is submitted to the <u>department</u> Department of Roads by a professional engineer licensed to practice in the State of Nebraska. The engineer shall state in writing that the engineer is familiar with the requirements in this section and with all relevant aspects of the railroad crossing. The engineer shall also provide a detailed explanation of why subsection (2) of this section should not apply to the railroad crossing in question and a statement that the railroad crossing corridor has been examined by the engineer and the engineer believes that the railroad crossing will be safe as designed. Such a written request shall exempt a railroad crossing from being closed under subsection (2) of this section.

Sec. 259. Section 74-1335, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

amended to read:

74-1335 Whenever any person owns land on both sides of the right-of-way of any railroad, such railroad shall provide and keep in repair at least one adequate means for such landowner to cross the right-of-way. Any interested landowner with land on both sides of the right-of-way of any railroad may file written complaint with the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads against any such railroad that the crossing is not adequate or is unsafe and dangerous to the life and property of those who use it, and the department thereupon shall make such investigation, hold such hearing, and issue such orders as it deems necessary, proper, and adequate. If circumstances warrant, the department may require overhead, underground, or grade crossings and wing fences at underground crossings or may require existing crossings to be relocated so as to be safe to those who use them, but when a special crossing involves an expenditure of more than one thousand five hundred dollars, the landowner shall been one half the expenses in expense of one thousand five hundred dollars. bear one-half the expenses in excess of one thousand five hundred dollars. Sec. 260. Section 74-1336, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska,

amended to read:

74-1336 (1) Whenever a complaint is filed in writing with the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads by the duly authorized officers of any incorporated village or city or by the owner or operator of any railroad track, relative to any crossing within the affected village or city, praying for relief from the matters complained of, the department shall hold a hearing and shall make such order as the facts warrant. The findings of the department, subject to the right of appeal, shall be binding on the parties to the suit.

(2) The department shall adopt and promulgate rules and regulations for the construction, repair, and maintenance of all crossings, both public and private, across, over, and under all railroads within the corporate limits of any incorporated village or city. The rules and regulations shall substantially the same as the rules and regulations under section 74-1332. incorporated village or city.

Sec. 261. Section 74-1338, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

74-1338 If the owner of the railroad track and the county board or other public authority in interest fail to agree upon any of the matters or things mentioned in section 74-1337, either the owner or the county board or other public authority in interest, in the name of the county or other public authority in interest, may file an application with the Department of Transportation Roads, setting forth such fact together with a statement of the change alteration relocation or construction it wants the continues and setting to the change alteration relocation or construction in worth. change, alteration, relocation, or construction it wants, the estimated cost thereof, and such other facts as may be relevant and asking the department to enter an order directing that the change, alteration, relocation,

construction be made. The department shall proceed to hear the application in the manner provided by law, and if it finds that the application should be granted, it shall enter an order accordingly, designating in the order what portion of the expense of complying with the order shall be paid by the railroad carrier and what portion shall be paid by the county or other public authority in interest, if any.

Sec. 262. Section 74-1340, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

74-1340 When the owner of railroad tracks fails, neglects, or refuses promptly to comply with any order of the Department of <u>Transportation Roads</u> issued under sections 74-1332 to 74-1339 or fails, refuses, or neglects to comply with such sections after the department has issued an order, the owner chall be guilty of a Class V mindomsonar and shall be fined in any our returned. shall be guilty of a Class V misdemeanor and shall be fined in any sum not more than one hundred dollars for each such offense. Each week of such neglect, refusal, or failure shall constitute a separate offense.

Sec. 263. Section 74-1341, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

74-1341 The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads, which possesses the requisite engineering expertise, highway and rail planning function, and highway safety mission and is the repository for state and federal funding for both rail and highway projects, shall be the agency responsible for grade crossing safety.

Sec. 264. Section 74-1342, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

74-1342 (1) The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads shall adopt and promulgate rules and regulations establishing a comprehensive public safety promulgate rules and regulations establishing a comprehensive public safety program to deal with problems associated with public and private highway-rail grade crossings. In designing such a program, the department shall establish a process for assessing the risk to the public from particular grade crossings and for reducing or eliminating such risk in a cost-effective and timely manner. The department shall actively solicit input from the public and from representatives of county and municipal governments, the Federal Highway Administration, the Federal Railroad Administration, and any other individuals or entities with an interest in grade crossing safety.

- (2) The grade crossing safety assessment process may include the following factors:
 - (a) Volume of trains;
- (b) Volume of motor vehicles, including character, function, and type of vehicular traffic through the crossing;
 - (c) Number of tracks at the crossing;
 - (d) Geometry of the crossing, including acute angles;
 - (e) Sight-distance restrictions, if any;
 - (f) Train and motor vehicle speed;
 - (g) Accident history;
- (h) Character of proximate road network, including distance and travel time to adjacent crossings;
- (i) Frequency and duration of roadway blockage by trains, including citation history;
 - (j) Emergency response routes, including alternatives;
 - (k) Economic impact of crossing;
- (1) Current and foreseeable development in the vicinity of the crossing; and
 - (m) Location of schools and hospitals.

Sec. 265. Section 74-1343, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

74-1343 The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads shall establish the grade crossing safety assessment process no later than twelve months after September 13, 1997, and shall recommend to the Legislature no later than eighteen months after September 13, 1997, an equitable formula for funding grade crossing risk abatement.

Sec. 266. Section 75-713, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

75-713 Any public utility, public power district, or other governmental subdivision or any person in this state, before engaging in the construction or alteration of any overhead wire, cable, or pipeline, the height of which is greater than five feet above the elevation of an airport which has been approved and licensed by the <u>Division Department</u> of Aeronautics of the <u>Department of Transportation</u>, for each five hundred feet of the distance that such construction is or will be situated from the nearest boundary of such airport, shall file with the commission an original application for permission to enter upon and complete such construction or alteration and chall also file to enter upon and complete such construction or alteration and shall also file a copy thereof with the <u>division</u> Department of Aeronautics. No application need be made when the construction or alteration is within the corporate limits of a city or village and is adjacent to other structures of a permanent character which are of equal or greater height than the construction or alteration proposed. No such overhead wire, cable, or pipeline for which application is required to be filed under sections 75-713 to 75-717 shall be constructed or altered without specific permission granted by order of the commission.

Sec. 267. Section 75-716, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended

to read:

75-716 The <u>Division Department</u> of Aeronautics <u>of the Department of Transportation</u> shall at all times maintain on file in the office of the commission a list of the airports currently licensed by the <u>division</u> department LB339 2017 LB339

setting forth the legal description of the real property thus used.

Sec. 268. Section 76-1224, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

76-1224 Lead agency shall mean the Nebraska Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads.

Sec. 269. Section 77-3442, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, is amended to read:

- 77-3442 (1) Property tax levies for the support of local governments for fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 1998, shall be limited to the amounts set forth in this section except as provided in section 77-3444.
- (2)(a) Except as provided in subdivisions (2)(b) and (2)(e) of this section, school districts and multiple-district school systems may levy a maximum levy of one dollar and five cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy.
- valuation of property subject to the levy.

 (b) For each fiscal year prior to fiscal year 2017-18, learning communities may levy a maximum levy for the general fund budgets of member school districts of ninety-five cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy. The proceeds from the levy pursuant to this subdivision shall be distributed pursuant to section 79-1073.
- to this subdivision shall be distributed pursuant to section 79-1073.

 (c) Except as provided in subdivision (2)(e) of this section, for each fiscal year prior to fiscal year 2017-18, school districts that are members of learning communities may levy for purposes of such districts' general fund budget and special building funds a maximum combined levy of the difference of one dollar and five cents on each one hundred dollars of taxable property subject to the levy minus the learning community levy pursuant to subdivision (2)(b) of this section for such learning community.
- (2)(b) of this section for such learning community.

 (d) Excluded from the limitations in subdivisions (2)(a) and (2)(c) of this section are amounts levied to pay for sums agreed to be paid by a school district to certificated employees in exchange for a voluntary termination of employment, amounts levied in compliance with sections 79-10,110 and 79-10,110.02, and amounts levied to pay for special building funds and sinking funds established for projects commenced prior to April 1, 1996, for construction, expansion, or alteration of school district buildings. For purposes of this subsection, commenced means any action taken by the school board on the record which commits the board to expend district funds in planning, constructing, or carrying out the project.
- (e) Federal aid school districts may exceed the maximum levy prescribed by subdivision (2)(a) or (2)(c) of this section only to the extent necessary to qualify to receive federal aid pursuant to Title VIII of Public Law 103-382, as such title existed on September 1, 2001. For purposes of this subdivision, federal aid school district means any school district which receives ten percent or more of the revenue for its general fund budget from federal government sources pursuant to Title VIII of Public Law 103-382, as such title existed on September 1, 2001.
- existed on September 1, 2001.

 (f) For each fiscal year, learning communities may levy a maximum levy of one-half cent on each one hundred dollars of taxable property subject to the levy for elementary learning center facility leases, for remodeling of leased elementary learning center facilities, and for up to fifty percent of the estimated cost for focus school or program capital projects approved by the learning community coordinating council pursuant to section 79-2111.
- learning community coordinating council pursuant to section 79-2111.

 (g) For each fiscal year, learning communities may levy a maximum levy of one and one-half cents on each one hundred dollars of taxable property subject to the levy for early childhood education programs for children in poverty, for elementary learning center employees, for contracts with other entities or individuals who are not employees of the learning community for elementary learning center programs and services, and for pilot projects, except that no more than ten percent of such levy may be used for elementary learning center employees.
- (3) For each fiscal year, community college areas may levy the levies provided in subdivisions (2)(a) through (c) of section 85-1517, in accordance with the provisions of such subdivisions. A community college area may exceed the levy provided in subdivision (2)(b) of section 85-1517 by the amount necessary to retire general obligation bonds assumed by the community college area or issued pursuant to section 85-1515 according to the terms of such bonds or for any obligation pursuant to section 85-1535 entered into prior to January 1, 1997.
- (4)(a) Natural resources districts may levy a maximum levy of four and one-half cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy.
- (b) Natural resources districts shall also have the power and authority to levy a tax equal to the dollar amount by which their restricted funds budgeted to administer and implement ground water management activities and integrated management activities under the Nebraska Ground Water Management and Protection Act exceed their restricted funds budgeted to administer and implement ground water management activities and integrated management activities for FY2003-04, not to exceed one cent on each one hundred dollars of taxable valuation annually on all of the taxable property within the district.
- annually on all of the taxable property within the district.

 (c) In addition, natural resources districts located in a river basin, subbasin, or reach that has been determined to be fully appropriated pursuant to section 46-714 or designated as overappropriated pursuant to section 46-713 by the Department of Natural Resources shall also have the power and authority to levy a tax equal to the dollar amount by which their restricted funds budgeted to administer and implement ground water management activities and

integrated management activities under the Nebraska Ground Water Management and Protection Act exceed their restricted funds budgeted to administer and implement ground water management activities and integrated management activities for FY2005-06, not to exceed three cents on each one hundred dollars of taxable valuation on all of the taxable property within the district for fiscal year 2006-07 and each fiscal year thereafter through fiscal year 2017-18.

- (5) Any educational service unit authorized to levy a property tax pursuant to section 79-1225 may levy a maximum levy of one and one-half cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy.
- per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy.

 (6)(a) Incorporated cities and villages which are not within the boundaries of a municipal county may levy a maximum levy of forty-five cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy plus an additional five cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation to provide financing for the municipality's share of revenue required under an agreement or agreements executed pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act or the Joint Public Agency Act. The maximum levy shall include amounts levied to pay for sums to support a library pursuant to section 51-201, museum pursuant to section 51-501, visiting community nurse, home health nurse, or home health agency pursuant to section 71-1637, or statue, memorial, or monument pursuant to section 80-202.
- (b) Incorporated cities and villages which are within the boundaries of a municipal county may levy a maximum levy of ninety cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy. The maximum levy shall include amounts paid to a municipal county for county services, amounts levied to pay for sums to support a library pursuant to section 51-201, a museum pursuant to section 51-501, a visiting community nurse, home health nurse, or home health agency pursuant to section 71-1637, or a statue, memorial, or monument pursuant to section 80-202.
- memorial, or monument pursuant to section 80-202.

 (7) Sanitary and improvement districts which have been in existence for more than five years may levy a maximum levy of forty cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy, and sanitary and improvement districts which have been in existence for five years or less shall not have a maximum levy. Unconsolidated sanitary and improvement districts which have been in existence for more than five years and are located in a municipal county may levy a maximum of eighty-five cents per hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy.
- (8) Counties may levy or authorize a maximum levy of fifty cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy, except that five cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy may only be levied to provide financing for the county's share of revenue required under an agreement or agreements executed pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act or the Joint Public Agency Act. The maximum levy shall include amounts levied to pay for sums to support a library pursuant to section 51-201 or museum pursuant to section 51-501. The county may allocate up to fifteen cents of its authority to other political subdivisions subject to allocation of property tax authority under subsection (1) of section 77-3443 and not specifically covered in this section to levy taxes as authorized by law which do not collectively exceed fifteen cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation on any parcel or item of taxable property. The county may allocate to one or more other political subdivisions subject to allocation of property tax authority by the county under subsection (1) of section 77-3443 some or all of the county's five cents per one hundred dollars of valuation authorized for support of an agreement or agreements to be levied by the political subdivision for the purpose of supporting that political subdivision's share of revenue required under an agreement or agreements executed pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act or the Joint Public Agency Act. If an allocation by a county would cause another county to exceed its levy authority under this section, the second county may exceed the levy authority in order to levy the amount allocated.

 (9) Municipal counties may levy or authorize a maximum levy of one dollar
- (9) Municipal counties may levy or authorize a maximum levy of one dollar per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy. The municipal county may allocate levy authority to any political subdivision or entity subject to allocation under section 77-3443.
- (10) Beginning July 1, 2016, rural and suburban fire protection districts may levy a maximum levy of ten and one-half cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy if (a) such district is located in a county that had a levy pursuant to subsection (8) of this section in the previous year of at least forty cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy or (b) for any rural or suburban fire protection district that had a levy request pursuant to section 77-3443 in the previous year, the county board of the county in which the greatest portion of the valuation of such district is located did not authorize any levy authority to such district in the previous year.
- the valuation of such district is located did not authorize any levy authority to such district in the previous year.

 (11) Property tax levies (a) for judgments, except judgments or orders from the Commission of Industrial Relations, obtained against a political subdivision which require or obligate a political subdivision to pay such judgment, to the extent such judgment is not paid by liability insurance coverage of a political subdivision, (b) for preexisting lease-purchase contracts approved prior to July 1, 1998, (c) for bonds as defined in section 10-134 approved according to law and secured by a levy on property except as provided in section 44-4317 for bonded indebtedness issued by educational service units and school districts, and (d) for payments by a public airport to

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retire interest-free loans from the <u>Division</u> <u>Department</u> of Aeronautics <u>of the Department of Transportation</u> in lieu of bonded indebtedness at a lower cost to the public airport are not included in the levy limits established by this section.

- (12) The limitations on tax levies provided in this section are to include all other general or special levies provided by law. Notwithstanding other provisions of law, the only exceptions to the limits in this section are those provided by or authorized by sections 77-3442 to 77-3444.
- provided by or authorized by sections 77-3442 to 77-3444.

 (13) Tax levies in excess of the limitations in this section shall be considered unauthorized levies under section 77-1606 unless approved under section 77-3444.
- (14) For purposes of sections 77-3442 to 77-3444, political subdivision means a political subdivision of this state and a county agricultural society.
- (15) For school districts that file a binding resolution on or before May 9, 2008, with the county assessors, county clerks, and county treasurers for all counties in which the school district has territory pursuant to subsection (7) of section 79-458, if the combined levies, except levies for bonded indebtedness approved by the voters of the school district and levies for the refinancing of such bonded indebtedness, are in excess of the greater of (a) one dollar and twenty cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy or (b) the maximum levy authorized by a vote pursuant to section 77-3444, all school district levies, except levies for bonded indebtedness approved by the voters of the school district and levies for the refinancing of such bonded indebtedness, shall be considered unauthorized levies under section 77-1606.
- Sec. 270. Section 77-3443, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, is amended to read:
- 77-3443 (1) All political subdivisions, other than (a) school districts, community colleges, natural resources districts, educational service units, cities, villages, counties, municipal counties, rural and suburban fire protection districts that have levy authority pursuant to subsection (10) of section 77-3442, and sanitary and improvement districts and (b) political subdivisions subject to municipal allocation under subsection (2) of this section, may levy taxes as authorized by law which are authorized by the county board of the county or the council of a municipal county in which the greatest portion of the valuation is located, which are counted in the county or municipal county levy limit provided in section 77-3442, and which do not collectively total more than fifteen cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation on any parcel or item of taxable property for all governments for which allocations are made by the municipality, county, or municipal county, except that such limitation shall not apply to property tax levies for preexisting lease-purchase contracts approved prior to July 1, 1998, for bonded indebtedness approved according to law and secured by a levy on property, and for payments by a public airport to retire interest-free loans from the Division Department of Aeronautics of the Department of Transportation in lieu of bonded indebtedness at a lower cost to the public airport. The county board or council shall review and approve or disapprove the levy request of all political subdivisions subject to this subsection. The county board or council may approve all or a portion of the levy request and may approve a levy request that would allow the requesting political subdivision to levy a tax at a levy greater than that permitted by law. The county board of a county or the council of a municipal county which contains a transit authority created pursuant to section 14-1803 shall allocate no less than three cents per one hundred dollars of taxable property within the city or municipal county s
- (2) All city airport authorities established under the Cities Airport Authorities Act, community redevelopment authorities established under the Community Development Law, transit authorities established under the Transit Authority Law, and offstreet parking districts established under the Offstreet Parking District Act may be allocated property taxes as authorized by law which are authorized by the city, village, or municipal county and are counted in the city or village levy limit or municipal county levy limit provided by section 77-3442, except that such limitation shall not apply to property tax levies for preexisting lease-purchase contracts approved prior to July 1, 1998, for bonded indebtedness approved according to law and secured by a levy on property, and for payments by a public airport to retire interest-free loans from the Division Department of Aeronautics of the Department of Transportation in lieu of bonded indebtedness at a lower cost to the public airport. For offstreet parking districts established under the Offstreet Parking District Act, the tax shall be counted in the allocation by the city proportionately, by dividing the total taxable valuation of the taxable property within the district by the total taxable valuation of the taxable property within the city multiplied by the levy of the district. The city council of a city which has created a transit authority pursuant to section 14-1803 or the council of a municipal county which contains a transit authority shall allocate no less than three

cents per one hundred dollars of taxable property subject to the levy to the transit authority if requested by such authority. The city council, village board, or council shall review and approve or disapprove the levy request of the political subdivisions subject to this subsection. The city council, village board, or council may approve all or a portion of the levy request and may approve a levy request that would allow a levy greater than that permitted by law. The levy allocated by the municipality or municipal county may be exceeded as provided in section 77-3444.

- (3) On or before August 1, all political subdivisions subject to county, municipal, or municipal county levy authority under this section shall submit a preliminary request for levy allocation to the county board, city council, village board, or council that is responsible for levying such taxes. The preliminary request of the political subdivision shall be in the form of a resolution adopted by a majority vote of members present of the political subdivision's governing body. The failure of a political subdivision to make a preliminary request shall preclude such political subdivision from using preliminary request shall preclude such political subdivision from using procedures set forth in section 77-3444 to exceed the final levy allocation as
- procedures set forth in section 77-3444 to exceed the final levy allocation as determined in subsection (4) of this section.

 (4) Each county board, city council, village board, or council shall (a) adopt a resolution by a majority vote of members present which determines a final allocation of levy authority to its political subdivisions and (b) forward a copy of such resolution to the chairperson of the governing body of each of its political subdivisions. No final levy allocation shall be changed after September 1 except by agreement between both the county board, city council, village board, or council which determined the amount of the final levy allocation and the governing body of the political subdivision whose final levy allocation is at issue. levy allocation is at issue.

Sec. 271. Section 79-604, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended

79-604 The Department of $\underline{\text{Transportation}}$ Roads shall post on state highways signs reading: Unlawful to pass school buses stopped to load or unload children. These signs shall be adequate in size and number to properly inform the public. School districts may obtain and post such signs on other bus route roads upon the approval of appropriate county officials. The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads may furnish such signs at cost to school districts.

Sec. 272. Section 81-101, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended

81-101 The civil administration of the laws of the state is vested in the Governor. For the purpose of aiding the Governor in the execution and administration of the laws, the executive and administrative work shall be divided into the following agencies: (1) Department of Agriculture; (2) Department of Labor; (3) Department of Transportation Roads; (4) Department of Natural Resources; (5) Department of Banking and Finance; (6) Department of Insurance; (7) Department of Motor Vehicles; (8) Department of Administrative Services; (9) Department of Economic Development; (10) Department of Correctional Services; (11) Nebraska State Patrol; and (12) Department of Health and Human Services Health and Human Services.

Sec. 273. Section 81-102, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

81-102 The Governor shall appoint heads for the various agencies listed in section 81-101, subject to confirmation by a majority vote of the members elected to the Legislature. Such appointments shall be submitted to the Legislature within sixty calendar days following the first Thursday after the Legislature within sixty calendar days following the first Thursday after the first Tuesday in each odd-numbered year. The officers shall be designated as follows: (1) The Director of Agriculture for the Department of Agriculture; (2) the Commissioner of Labor for the Department of Labor; (3) the Director-State Engineer for the Department of Transportation Roads; (4) the Director of Natural Resources for the Department of Natural Resources; (5) the Director of Banking and Finance for the Department of Banking and Finance; (6) the Director of Insurance for the Department of Insurance; (7) the Director of Administrative Services for the Department of Administrative Services; (9) the Director of Correctional Services for the Department of Correctional Services: Director of Correctional Services for the Department of Correctional Services; (10) the Director of Economic Development for the Department of Economic Development; (11) the Superintendent of Law Enforcement and Public Safety for the Nebraska State Patrol; (12) the Property Tax Administrator as the chief administrative officer of the property assessment division of the Department of Revenue; and (13) the chief executive officer for the Department of Health and Human Services. Whoever shall be so nominated by the Governor and shall fail to receive the number of votes requisite for confirmation, shall not be subject to nomination or appointment for this or any other appointive state office requiring confirmation by the Legislature during the period for which his or her appointment was sought. In case of a vacancy in any of such offices during the recess of the Legislature, the Governor shall make a temporary appointment until the next meeting of the Legislature, when he or she shall nominate some person to fill such office. Any person so nominated who is confirmed by the Legislature, shall hold his or her office during the remainder of the term if a Legislature, shall hold his or her office during the remainder of the term if a specific term has been provided by law, otherwise during the pleasure of the Governor subject to the provisions of this section; except any such officers may be removed by the Governor pursuant to Article IV of the Constitution of Nebraska.

Sec. 274. Section 81-161.04, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

81-161.04 (1) Whenever any using agency has any personal property for which it no longer has any need or use, it shall notify the materiel division in writing setting forth a description of the property and the approximate length of time that the property has been in the possession of the using agency. The materiel division shall appraise the property and notify all other using agencies of the state that the materiel division has the property for sale and that the property can be bought at the appraised price. No property will be sold until first offered to using agencies as provided by this section unless the property is unusable. If the materiel division fails to receive an offer from any using agency, it may sell or dispose of the property by any method which is most advantageous to the State of Nebraska, including auction, sealed bid, private or public sale, or trade-in for other property, with priorities given to the other political subdivisions. All sales shall be made in the name of the State of Nebraska. The materiel division shall charge an administrative fee for the disposition of surplus property. Such administrative administrative fee for the disposition of surplus property. Such administrative fee shall be a percentage of the amount of the sale of the surplus property. In the event surplus property is determined to have no market value, the materiel administrator may waive the administrative fee.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the proceeds of the sales shall be deposited with the State Treasurer and credited to the General Fund unless the using agency certifies to the materiel division that the property was purchased in part or in total from either cash accounts or federal funds or from a percentage of such accounts or funds, in which case the proceeds of the sale to that extent shall be credited to the cash or federal account in the percentage used in originally purchasing the property. The cost of selling surplus property shall be deducted from the proceeds of the surplus property sold. The proceeds received from the sale of passenger-carrying motor vehicles originally purchased with money from the General Fund, other than passenger-carrying motor vehicles used by the Nebraska State Patrol, less selling costs, shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited by the State Treasurer to the Transportation Services Bureau Revolving Fund. The proceeds received from the sale of passenger-carrying motor vehicles used by the Nebraska State Patrol, less selling costs, shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited by the State Treasurer to the Nebraska State Patrol Vehicle Replacement Cash Fund. The proceeds received from the sale of micrographic equipment, other than that of the University of Nebraska and state colleges, less selling costs, shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited by the State Treasurer to the Records Management Micrographics Services Revolving Fund. The proceeds received from the sale of aircraft, less selling costs, shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited by the selling costs, shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited by the

State Treasurer to the Department of Aeronautics Cash Fund.

Sec. 275. Section 81-188.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

81-188.01 (1) The State Building Renewal Assessment Fund is created. The fund shall be under the control of the Governor for allocation to building renewal projects of the various agencies and shall be administered in a manner consistent with the administration of the Building Renewal Allocation Fund pursuant to the Deferred Building Renewal Act. No amounts accruing to the State Building Renewal Assessment Fund shall be expended in any manner for purposes other than as provided in this section or as appropriated by the Legislature to meet the cost of administering the act. Transfers may be made from the fund to the General Fund at the direction of the Legislature.

(2) Revenue credited to the State Building Renewal Assessment Fund shall

- include amounts derived from charges assessed pursuant to subdivision (4)(b) of section 81-1108.17 and such other revenue as may be incident administration of the fund.
- (3) Amounts appropriated from the fund shall be expended to conduct renewal work as defined in section 81-173 and to complete other improvements incident to such renewal work as deemed necessary or appropriate by the task force. From amounts accruing to the fund as the result of depreciation charges assessed pursuant to subdivision (4)(b) of section 81-1108.17, expenditures for capital improvements shall be limited to improvements to only those facilities for which such charges have been assessed and remitted. From amounts accruing to the found as the result of depreciation charges assessed pursuant to section 81-188.02 prior to July 1, 2011, expenditures for capital improvement projects shall be limited to exclude (a) capital improvement projects relating to facilities, structures, or buildings owned, leased, or operated by the (i) University of Nebraska, (ii) Nebraska state colleges, (iii) Department of Aeronautics, (iv) Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads, (iv) Game and Parks Commission, or $\underline{(v)}$ Board of Educational Lands and Funds and (b) capital improvement projects relating to facilities, structures, or buildings for which depreciation charges are assessed pursuant to subdivision (4)(b) of section
- (4) Any money in the fund available for investment shall be invested by the state investment officer pursuant to the Nebraska Capital Expansion Act and the Nebraska State Funds Investment Act.

Sec. 276. Section 81-701.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

81-701.01 The Director-State Engineer shall have full control, management, supervision, administration, and direction of the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads. All powers and duties lawfully conferred upon the department shall be exercised under the direction of the Director-State Engineer.

Sec. 277. Section 81-701.02, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

amended to read:

The 81-701.02 Director-State Engineer, for the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads, shall:

- (1) Have charge of the records of the department;
- (2) Cause accurate and complete books of account to be kept;
- (3) Supervise the signing of vouchers and orders for supplies, materials, and any other expenditures;
- (4) Contract for consulting services;
 (5) Employ all engineers, assistants, clerks, agents, and other employees required for the proper transaction of the business of <u>the</u> <u>his</u> office or of the department and fix their titles, determine their duties and compensation, and discharge them in his <u>or her</u> discretion; and
- (6) Sign and execute or supervise the signing and executing of all documents and papers, including contracts and agreements for highway construction and the purchase of machinery, materials, and supplies.

 Sec. 278. Section 81-701.03, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

amended to read:

- 81-701.03 (1) The Beginning on July 1, 2009, the Department of Transportation Roads shall assume responsibility for the powers and duties of the highway safety program of the Department of Motor Vehicles, except that the Department of Motor Vehicles shall retain jurisdiction over the Motorcycle Safety Education Act.
- (2) On and after July 1, 2017, whenever the Department of Roads referred to or designated by any contract or other document in connection with the duties and functions of the Department of Transportation, such reference or designation shall apply to the Department of Transportation. All contracts entered into by the Department of Roads prior to July 1, 2017, are hereby recognized, with the Department of Transportation retaining all rights and obligations under such contracts. Any cash funds, custodial funds, gifts, trusts, grants, and any appropriations of funds from prior fiscal years available to satisfy obligations incurred under such contracts shall be appropriated to the Department of Transportation for the payments of such obligations. All documents and records transferred, or copies of the same, may be authenticated or certified by the Department of Transportation for all legal
- (3) No suit, action, or other proceeding, judicial or administrative, lawfully commenced prior to July 1, 2017, or which could have been commenced prior to that date, by or against the Department of Roads, or the Director-State Engineer or any employee thereof in such Director-State Engineer's or employee's official capacity or in relation to the discharge of his or her official duties, shall abate by reason of the change of name of the Department of Roads to the Department of Transportation.
- (4) On and after July 1, 2017, unless otherwise specified, whenever any provision of law refers to the Department of Roads in connection with duties and functions of the Department of Transportation, such law shall be construed <u>as referring to the Department of Transportation.</u>

Section 81-701.04, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, Sec. 279. amended to read:

81-701.04 There shall be paid to the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads in advance for the services of the department, or any officer or employee thereof by the party demanding or necessitating the service, the following fees: For typing a transcript or copy of any instrument recorded or filed in any office of the department, fifteen cents for each one hundred words; reconstillation of the department of the department of the department of the department. of any map or drawing, or photostatic copy of any record, a reasonable sum to be fixed by the department in an amount estimated to cover the actual cost of preparing such a reproduction; for other copies of drawing, two dollars per hour for the time actually employed; and for certificate and seal, one dollars. The Director-State Engineer shall keep a record of all fees received. Such fees shall be currently deposited with the State Treasurer by the Director-State Engineer for the use of the Highway Cash Fund and the Director-State Engineer shall take his or her receipt therefor and file the same with the records of his <u>or her</u>office.

Sec. 280. Section 81-701.05, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

81-701.05 The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads shall oversee outstanding agreement between a railroad and the Nebraska Railway Council as of August 27, 2011, including making any outstanding payment due to a railroad.

Sec. 281. Section 81-710, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

81-710 The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads shall establish, operate, and maintain state wayside areas. Pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act, the department may adopt and promulgate rules and regulations necessary to govern the use of state wayside areas and may establish fees for services, including overnight camping.

The department may contract with public or private entities for the operation and maintenance of state wayside areas.

If the department determines that an area is no longer suited or needed as a state wayside area, the department may close such area or any part thereof and declare such area or facilities as surplus. The department shall offer to convey the surplus land or facilities to all local political subdivisions in the vicinity, and if such offers are rejected, the department may sell such lands and facilities.

Sec. 282. Section 81-8,310, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016,

is amended to read:

81-8,310 (1) The Nebraska Sesquicentennial Commission shall develop programs and plans for official observance of the one hundred fiftieth anniversary of Nebraska statehood in 2017. The commission shall work closely with various state agencies, boards, commissions, and political subdivisions, including the State Department of Education, the Department of Transportation Roads, the Nebraska State Historical Society, the Nebraska State Fair Board, the Game and Parks Commission, and the Nebraska Tourism Commission, to execute commemorative events and to implement educational activities with emphasis on events and activities that promote Nebraska and its economy by focusing on the state's history, cultural diversity, and unique geography. The commission may also seek the guidance and support of any other groups or organizations the commission deems necessary or helpful in fulfilling its purpose.

- (2) The commission may employ personnel, contract for services, and receive, expend, and allocate gifts, grants, and donations to aid in the performance of its duties. The commission is empowered to expend and allocate any appropriations authorized by the Legislature to carry out the purposes of sections 81-8,309 and 81-8,310.
- (3) The commission shall expend and allocate at least five percent of the money in the Nebraska 150 Sesquicentennial Plate Proceeds Fund on January 1, 2017, for awarding one or more grants to any person who applies to the commission for support for a local sesquicentennial event or project according to standards and guidelines determined by the commission.
- (4) The commission shall report electronically to the Legislature on or before July 1 in 2016, 2017, and 2018 detailing the expenditures made from the fund pursuant to this section.
- Sec. 283. Section 81-916, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 81-916 Effective July 1, 1982, all property, assets, and liabilities relating to those federal surplus and excess property programs which are consolidated by Public Law 94-519 and operated by the Department of Transportation Roads shall be transferred to the Department of Correctional Services.

Sec. 284. Section 81-917, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended

81-917 All employees employed in those federal surplus and excess property programs which are consolidated by Public Law 94-519 and have been transferred to the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads may be transferred to the Department of Correctional Services. All employees so transferred shall be: (1) Employed under and compensated through the State Personnel System; and (2) considered as new employees solely for purposes of performance evaluation and subject to all applicable policies and procedures for such transfer. All employees so transferred shall keep all accrued benefits such as sick leave, vacation leave, and retirement benefits after such transfer has been completed.

Sec. 285. Section 81-1108.15, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, is amended to read:

81-1108.15 (1) Except as provided in the Nebraska State Capitol Preservation and Restoration Act, the division shall have the primary functions and responsibilities of statewide facilities planning, facilities construction, facilities administration and shall adopt and promulgate regulations to carry out this section.

- (2) Facilities planning shall include the following responsibilities and duties:
- (a) To maintain utilization records of all state-owned, state-occupied, and vacant facilities;
 - (b) To coordinate comprehensive capital facilities planning;
- (c) To define and review program statements based on space utilization standards;
 - (d) To prepare or review planning and construction documents;
- (e) To develop and maintain time-cost schedules for capital construction projects;
 (f) To assist the Governor and the Legislative Fiscal Analyst in the
- preparation of the capital construction budget recommendations; (g) To maintain a complete inventory of all state-owned,
- state-occupied, and vacant sites and structures and to review the proposals for naming such sites and structures;
- (h) To determine space needs of all state agencies and establish spaceallocation standards; and
- (i) To cause a state comprehensive capital facilities plan to be developed.
 - (3) Facilities construction shall include the following powers and duties:
- (a) To maintain close contact with and conduct inspections of each project so as to assure execution of time-cost schedules and efficient contract performance if such project's total design and construction cost is equal to or greater than the project cost set by subdivision (1)(a) of section 81-1108.43; (b) To perform final acceptance inspections and evaluations; and
- (c) To coordinate all change or modification orders and progress payment orders.
- (4) Facilities administration shall include the following powers and duties:
- (a) To serve as state leasing administrator or agent for all facilities to be leased for use by the state and for all state-owned facilities to be rented to state agencies or other parties subject to section 81-1108.22. The division

shall remit the proceeds from any rentals of state-owned facilities to the State Treasurer for credit to the State Building Revolving Fund and the State Building Renewal Assessment Fund;

- (b) To provide all maintenance, repairs, custodial duties, security, and administration for all buildings and grounds owned or leased by the State of Nebraska except as provided in subsections (5) and (6) of this section;
- (c) To be responsible for adequate parking and the designation of parking stalls or spaces, including access aisles, in offstreet parking facilities for the exclusive use of handicapped or disabled or temporarily handicapped or disabled persons pursuant to section 18-1737;
- (d) To ensure that all state-owned, state-occupied, and vacant facilities are maintained or utilized to their maximum capacity or to dispose of such facilities through lease, sale, or demolition;
- (e) To submit electronically an annual report to the Appropriations Committee of the Legislature and the Committee on Building Maintenance regarding the amount of property leased by the state and the availability of state-owned property for the needs of state agencies;
- (f) To report monthly time-cost data on projects to the Governor and the Clerk of the Legislature. The report submitted to the Clerk of the Legislature shall be submitted electronically;
- (g) To administer the State Emergency Capital Construction Contingency Fund;
- (h) To submit status reports to the Governor and the Legislative Fiscal Analyst after each quarter of a construction project is completed detailing change orders and expenditures to date. The report submitted to the Legislative Fiscal Analyst shall be submitted electronically. Such reports shall be required on all projects costing five hundred thousand dollars or more and on such other projects as may be designated by the division; and
- (i) To submit a final report on each project to the Governor and the Legislative Fiscal Analyst. The report submitted to the Legislative Fiscal Analyst shall be submitted electronically. Such report shall include, but not be limited to, a comparison of final costs and appropriations made for the project, change orders, and modifications and whether the construction complied with the related approved program statement. Such reports shall be required on all projects costing five hundred thousand dollars or more and on such other projects as may be designated by the division.
- (5) Subdivisions (4)(b), (c), and (d) of this section shall not apply to (a) state-owned facilities to be rented to state agencies or other parties by the University of Nebraska, the Nebraska state colleges, the Department of Aeronautics, the Department of Transportation Roads, and the Board of Educational Lands and Funds, (b) buildings and grounds owned or leased for use by the University of Nebraska, the Nebraska state colleges, and the Board of Educational Lands and Funds, (c) buildings and grounds owned, leased, or operated by the Department of Correctional Services, (d) facilities to be leased for nonoffice use by the Department of Transportation Roads, (e) buildings or grounds owned or leased by the Game and Parks Commission if the application of such subdivisions to the buildings or grounds would result in ineligibility for or repayment of federal funding, (f) buildings or grounds of the state park system, state recreation areas, state historical parks, state wildlife management areas, or state recreational trails, or (g) other buildings or grounds owned or leased by the State of Nebraska which are specifically exempted by the division because the application of such subdivisions would result in the ineligibility for federal funding or would result in hardship on an agency, board, or commission due to other exceptional or unusual circumstances, except that nothing in this subdivision shall prohibit the assessment of building rental depreciation charges to tenants of facilities owned by the state and under the direct control and maintenance of the division.
- (6) Security for all buildings and grounds owned or leased by the State of Nebraska in Lincoln, Nebraska, except the buildings and grounds described in subsection (5) of this section, shall be the responsibility of the Nebraska State Patrol. The Nebraska State Patrol shall consult with the Governor, the Chief Justice, the Executive Board of the Legislative Council, and the State Capitol Administrator regarding security policy within the State Capitol and capitol grounds.
- (7) Each member of the Legislature shall receive an electronic copy of the reports required by subdivisions (4)(f), (h), and (i) of this section by making a request for them to the State Building Administrator. The information on such reports shall be submitted to the division by the agency responsible for the project.
- Sec. 286. Section 81-1108.22, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 81-1108.22 (1) The division shall have the responsibility of providing office space in leased and state-owned buildings in the proximity of the State Capitol and in other locations.
- (2) When any board, agency, commission, or department of the state government not otherwise specifically authorized by law desires to use funds available for the purpose of renting office space outside of the State Capitol, it shall submit a request to the Director of Administrative Services. If the director approves the lease, the terms and location shall be approved by the director and the administrator in writing and the leases shall be entered into and administered by the administrator on behalf of the board, agency, commission, or department. A copy of all such lease contracts shall be kept on

file by the state building division and shall be open to inspection by the Legislature and the public during normal business hours.

- (3)(a) The administrator shall develop a system of charges to cover basic rental, maintenance, renovations, and operation of such leased and owned properties. The charges to state agencies, boards, commissions, or departments of state government shall be paid from funds available for the purpose of renting space on a regular basis and placed, as applicable, in the State Building Revolving Fund and the State Building Renewal Assessment Fund. The administrator shall make payments for basic rentals, renovations, and maintenance and operational costs of all leased and owned buildings from the State Building Revolving Fund except for expenses relating to security provided by the Nebraska State Patrol as provided in subdivision (b) of this subsection.
- (b) The State Building Revolving Fund is created. The fund shall be administered by the administrator. The fund shall consist of rental charges and other receipts collected pursuant to contractual agreements between the state building division and other entities as authorized by law. The fund shall only be used to support the operation of the state building division as provided by law, except that the Legislature shall make fund transfers each fiscal year through the budget process from the State Building Revolving Fund to the Capitol Security Revolving Fund to help pay non-general-fund costs associated with the operation of the state capitol security division of the Nebraska State Patrol. Any money in the State Building Revolving Fund available for investment shall be invested by the state investment officer pursuant to the Nebraska Capital Expansion Act and the Nebraska State Funds Investment Act.
- (4) The charges for such leased and owned properties shall only be adjusted by the administrator on July 1. Prior to any adjustment in the system of charges, the Department of Administrative Services, on or before December 1 of the year preceding the effective date of such adjustment, shall provide electronic notification to the Committee on Building Maintenance, the Clerk of the Legislature, and the Legislative Fiscal Analyst of the proposed adjustment to the system of charges.
- (5) Commencing on April 18, 1992, all leases of real property entered into by any state agency, board, commission, or department shall be subject to this section. Leases held by a state agency, board, commission, or department on such date shall be valid until the lease contract is terminated or is subject to renewal. The division shall monitor all such leases and determine when the lease is subject to renewal. Once the determination is made, the division shall cancel the lease as of the renewal date and shall treat the need of the agency, board, commission, or department as an original request for space and subject to this section. This subsection shall not apply to (a) state-owned facilities to be rented to state agencies or other parties by the University of Nebraska, the Nebraska state colleges, the Department of Aeronautics, the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads, and the Board of Educational Lands and Funds, (b) facilities to be leased for use by the University of Nebraska, the Nebraska state colleges, and the Board of Educational Lands and Funds, (c) facilities to be leased for nonoffice use by the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads, or (d) facilities controlled by the State Department of Education, which were formerly controlled by the Nebraska School for the Visually Handicapped, to be rented to state agencies or other parties by the department.

Sec. 287. Section 81-1108.43, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, is amended to read:

- 81-1108.43 (1) No state agency or department shall:

 (a) Perform for itself any of the services normally performed by a professional engineer or architect in the preparation of plans and specifications for the construction, reconstruction, or alteration of any building or in the administration of the construction documents and final approval of the project when the total project cost is four hundred thousand approval of the project when the total project cost is four hundred thousand
- dollars or more; and

 (b) Employ its own work force for any such construction, reconstruction, or alteration of capital facilities when the total project cost is fifty thousand dollars or more.
- (2) The Department of Administrative Services shall adjust the dollar amounts in subsection (1) of this section every four years beginning January 1, 2002, to account for inflationary and market changes. The adjustments shall be based on percentage changes in a construction cost index and any other published index relevant to operations and utilities costs, as selected by the department.
- (3) This section shall not apply to the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads or to any public power district, public power and irrigation district, irrigation district, or metropolitan utilities district. If, during the program statement review provided for under section 81-1108.41, it is determined that existing or standard plans and specifications are available or required for the project, the division may authorize an exemption from this section. The Director of Administrative Services shall not issue any warrant in payment for any work on a capital construction project unless the state agency or department files a certificate that it has complied with the provisions of this section.

288. Section 81-1114, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

81-1114 The building division shall have the following powers, duties, and responsibilities:

(1) Shall prepare, for submittal to the Governor and to the office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst, analyses of the cost of every desired land and

building acquisition, new building construction, either underway or proposed, major repair or remodeling of new, newly acquired, or existing buildings, and each and every structural improvement to land, utilities, roads, walks, and parking lots, costing four hundred thousand dollars or more, but excluding right-of-way projects of the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads. The analyses submitted to the Legislative Fiscal Analyst shall be submitted electronically. The Department of Administrative Services shall adjust the dollar amount in this section every four years beginning January 1, 2002, to account for inflationary and market changes. The adjustment shall be based on percentage changes in a construction cost index and any other published index relevant to

operations and utilities costs, as selected by the department;
(2) Shall record the relationship between the proposed capital facilities and the individual or departmental agencies' operating programs with particular attention to needs of immediate or future operations of the department or

agency submitting such plan;

- (3) Shall make recommendations to the Governor, the committee of the Legislature which shall from time to time have responsibility for preparing recommendations for appropriations, and the individual department or agency concerned, on the probable costs of such acquisition, construction, repair, or remodeling. The recommendations submitted to the committee shall be submitted
- electronically; and

 (4) Shall require the submission by each department and agency of the state of copies of all written contracts for acquisition, construction, repair, or remodeling, including federal contracts, before such contracts are executed by the executive officer of the state authorized to execute such contracts, and shall maintain copies of such contracts on file for inspection by Legislative Fiscal Analyst.
- Sec. 289. Section 81-1711, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 81-1711 The Department of Administrative Services shall, with the advice of each agency, prescribe by administrative rules procedures for the determination of a project under its jurisdiction. The Department of Transportation Roads shall prescribe such procedures for highway construction projects. Such procedures may include:
- (1) Determination of a project which constitutes a grouping of minor
- construction, rehabilitation, or renovation activities; and (2) Determination of a project which constitutes

substantially similar construction, rehabilitation, or renovation activities.

Sec. 290. Section 81-2801, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

81-2801 No agency of this state shall purchase, lease, or acquire real estate from any railroad over a right-of-way outside of incorporated cities and villages which has been permitted to be abandoned by a federal agency without prior approval by the Legislature of such purchase, lease, or acquisition, except that (1) the Game and Parks Commission may acquire all or any part of a railroad right-of-way proposed to be abandoned for interim trail use pursuant to sections 37-303 and 37-914 and (2) the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads may acquire such real estate solely for the purpose of highway construction or improvements when such right-of-way is adjacent to an existing state highway or when such right-of-way is needed to maintain existing improvements that have previously been located upon such right-of-way through agreements, easements, or leases. Real estate acquired by the department pursuant to this section which is in excess of that needed or is deemed no longer necessary shall be disposed of as provided for in section 39-1325.

Sec. 291. Section 81-3711.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, is amended to read: 81-3711.01 (1) The commission may mark significant tourism attractions in

Nebraska.

- (2) The commission may (a) determine what tourism attractions are significant to the State of Nebraska, (b) expend funds for the purchase of highway tourism markers, (c) designate the approximate location of highway tourism markers, (d) preserve, replace, or modify highway tourism markers, and (e) accept gifts and encourage local participation in and contribution to the erection of highway tourism markers through the use of gifts and matching-fund agreements. Such funds shall be deposited into the State Visitors Promotion Cash Fund. The commission shall not expend funds for the purchase of highway tourism markers until funding has been secured through gifts or otherwise.
- (3) The commission may appoint and delegate to a special committee the duties of research and investigation to assist in the determination of tourism attractions that should be designated by highway tourism markers. The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads shall erect and maintain highway tourism markers and shall determine the exact location of highway tourism markers with consideration given for the safety and welfare of the public.
- (4) The commission may secure payment to the state for the actual replacement cost of any highway tourism markers damaged or destroyed, accidentally or otherwise. Any funds so collected shall be remitted to the State Treasurer for credit to the State Visitors Promotion Cash Fund for the procurement of highway tourism markers.
- (5) Nothing in this section shall be construed to restrict the placement of any marker or signage on private property.

 Sec. 292. Section 82-120, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended

to read:

82-120 The Nebraska State Historical Society shall have authority to

determine what historical events, personalities, sites, and traditions are of importance to the State of Nebraska and to justify the expenditure of public funds for the purchase of markers of uniform style, to be known as Highway Historical Markers; to procure such markers by expending any funds specifically appropriated by the Legislature for such purpose and to designate the approximate location of such markers; to preserve present markers; to accept gifts; and have power of eminent domain to be exercised as provided in sections 76-704 to 76-724. The Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads shall erect and maintain such markers and shall determine the exact location of such markers, having due regard for the safety and welfare of the motoring public.

Sec. 293. Section 82-505, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

82-505 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, the head of any state agency having jurisdiction over a proposed state or state-funded undertaking, which has potential to affect archaeological resources or sites, shall, prior to the approval of the expenditure of any state funds on the undertaking, notify the State Archaeology Office of the undertaking and cooperate with the office to identify and develop measures to mitigate the effect of the undertaking on any archaeological site or resource that is included in or eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic

- (2) The Department of $\underline{\text{Transportation}}$ Roads shall be exempt from the provisions of the Nebraska Archaeological Resources Preservation Act as long as a cooperative agreement exists between the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads and the Nebraska State Historical Society which ensures that all highway construction projects meet federal historic preservation legislation and regulations, and such federal preservation legislation and regulations fulfill or exceed the objectives and standards of the act.
- (3) Nothing in the Nebraska Archaeological Resources Preservation Act shall be construed to abridge the rights of private property owners and in no case shall a private property owner be required to pay for activities undertaken by the State Archaeology Office.

Sec. 294. Section 83-137, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

83-137 Upon written request being filed with the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads by the chief executive officer of any state institution, located more than one-half mile and not exceeding three miles from a railroad unloading track or permanent highway leading to a railroad unloading track, requesting aid for the improvement of a highway connecting the institution with the permanent highway or railroad unloading track, the department shall make a careful estimate of the cost of improving the highway, and the amount of the special benefits to abutting property, together with the excess of the cost of the improvement above the benefits. If the local authorities in charge of the highway shall adequately provide for the payment of the special benefits and one-half of the excess of the cost of the improvement, the department shall pay the remaining one-half of the excess from funds appropriated for that purpose.

Sec. 295. Section 85-1008, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

85-1008 (1) To assist the center in carrying out its purposes and functions, the Board of Regents may establish a Nebraska Safety Center Advisory Council composed of the following members:

- (a) One representative from the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads;(b) One representative from the Department of Motor Vehicles;
- (c) One representative from the State Department of Education;
- (d) One representative from the Game and Parks Commission;(e) One representative from the Department of Labor;
- (f) One person representing the community college areas;
- (g) One person representing private business and industry; (h) One person representing the University of Nebraska;
- (i) One person representing the medical profession;(j) One person representing the area of law enforcement in this state;
- (k) One person representing the Safety Council of Nebraska, Inc.;
- (1) One person representing the area of transportation;(m) One person representative of emergency medical services;
- (n) One person representing the judiciary in the State of Nebraska;
- (o) One person representing city government;(p) One person representing county government;
- (q) One person representing the area of agriculture;
- (r) One person representing the local public school system;(s) One person representing fire safety;
- (t) One representative of the Coordinating Commission for Postsecondary Education;
 - (u) One person representing the Red Cross; and
 - (v) One person representing the state colleges.
- Representatives selected to serve on the council shall appropriate education, training, and experience in the field of fire safety, industrial safety, recreational safety, domestic safety, or traffic safety.

 Sec. 296. Section 86-707, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended

to read:

86-707 If the right to construct, operate, and maintain the telecommunications lines and related facilities is granted along, upon, across, or under a state or federal highway, the location and installation of such lines and related facilities, insofar as they pertain to the present and future use of the right-of-way for highway purposes, is subject to rules and regulations of the Department of $\frac{1}{2}$ state or federal highway requires the moving or relocating of the facilities, such facilities shall be removed or relocated by the owner at the owner's cost and expense and as directed by the Department of Transportation Roads except as provided by section 39-1304.02.

Sec. 297. Section 90-238, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

90-238 The Department of $\underline{\text{Transportation}}$ Roads is authorized to acquire from the Chicago and North Western Transportation Company its abandoned rightof-way described as follows: All of Chicago and North Western Transportation Company abandoned right-of-way in section 34, township 15 north, range 7 east, Saunders County, Nebraska. The department is also authorized to acquire all rights, interests, and titles related to such abandoned right-of-way.

Sec. 298. Section 90-260, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

90-260 The Game and Parks Commission is authorized and directed to convey to the Department of <u>Transportation</u> Roads the following described real estate situated in the county of Dawson, in the State of Nebraska, to wit: A tract of land located in the northeast quarter of section 20, township 9 north, range 21 west of the 6th principal meridian, Dawson County, Nebraska, described as follows: Beginning at the northeast corner of section 20; thence westerly on the north line of the northeast quarter of section 20 a distance of 2,360.8 feet; thence southeasterly 133 degrees, 47 minutes left a distance of 34.3 feet; thence continuing southeasterly 21 degrees, 49 minutes left a distance of 107.5 feet; thence continuing southeasterly 21 degrees, 49 minutes right a distance of 734.9 feet to point of curvature; thence continuing southeasterly on a 718.5-foot radius curve to the left (initial tangent of which coincides with the last-described course) a distance of 331.3 feet to point of tangency; thence continuing southeasterly tangent a distance of 787.3 feet; thence thence continuing southeasterly tangent, a distance of 787.3 feet; thence continuing southeasterly 2 degrees, 11 minutes left a distance of 686.6 feet to a point on the east line of the northeast quarter; thence northerly on the east line a distance of 1,256.9 feet to the point of beginning, containing 39.04 acres, more or less.

acres, more or less.

Sec. 299. This act becomes operative on July 1, 2017.

Sec. 300. Original sections 3-101, 3-102, 3-103, 3-104, 3-105, 3-107, 3-108, 3-109, 3-110, 3-111, 3-113, 3-114, 3-115, 3-116, 3-117, 3-118, 3-119, 3-120, 3-121, 3-123, 3-124, 3-125, 3-126, 3-127, 3-128, 3-131, 3-133, 3-134, 3-135, 3-137, 3-139, 3-140, 3-141, 3-142, 3-143, 3-144, 3-145, 3-146, 3-147, 3-148, 3-149, 3-152, 3-154, 3-155, 3-156, 3-157, 3-158, 3-201, 3-201.01, 3-215, 3-218, 3-222, 3-227, 3-228, 3-239, 3-332, 3-403, 3-404, 3-405, 3-407, 3-409, 12-1205, 13-912, 13-1203, 14-2113, 18-601, 18-613, 25-2501, 31-925, 39-102, 39-103, 39-202, 39-203, 39-204, 39-205, 39-206, 39-207, 39-208, 39-210, 39-211, 39-212, 39-213, 39-214, 39-216, 39-217, 39-218, 39-219, 39-220, 39-221, 39-222, 39-223, 39-224, 39-225, 39-308, 39-311, 39-312, 39-805, 39-822, 39-826.01, 39-826.02, 39-847, 39-847.01, 39-892, 39-1010, 39-1011, 39-1101, 39-1110, 39-1302, 39-1306.01, 39-1306.02, 39-1311, 39-1320, 39-1323.01, 39-1328.01, 39-1302, 39-1306.01, 39-1306.02, 39-1311, 39-1320, 39-1323.01, 39-1328.01, 39-1328.02, 39-1345.01, 39-1350, 39-1353, 39-1359.01, 39-1363, 39-1364, 39-1365.01, 39-1365.02, 39-1390, 39-1392, 39-1407, 39-1503, 39-1703, 39-1713, 39-1901, 39-2001, 39-2002, 39-2105, 39-2106, 39-2107, 39-2110, 39-2111, 39-2112, 39-2113, 39-2115, 39-2116, 39-2118, 39-2120, 39-2121, 39-2124, 39-2215, 39-2224, 39-2305, 39-2310, 39-2504, 39-2505, 39-2507, 39-2508, 39-2514, 39-2165, 39-2515, 39-2507, 39-2508, 39-2507, 39-2508, 39-2514, 39-2515, 39-2515, 39-2516, 39-2505, 39-2507, 39-2508, 39-2514, 39-2515, 39-2515, 39-2516, 39-2505, 39-2507, 39-2508, 39-2507, 39-2508, 39-2507, 39-2508, 39-2507, 39-2508, 39-39-2112, 39-2113, 39-2115, 39-2116, 39-2118, 39-2120, 39-2121, 39-2124, 39-2215, 39-2224, 39-2305, 39-2310, 39-2504, 39-2505, 39-2507, 39-2508, 39-2514, 39-2515, 39-2517, 39-2518, 39-2602, 39-2702, 39-2802, 39-2806, 46-251, 49-506, 55-181, 57-1102, 60-631, 60-658.01, 60-680, 60-695, 60-699, 60-6,101, 60-6,102, 60-6,103, 60-6,106, 60-6,107, 60-6,115, 60-6,118, 60-6,120, 60-6,120, 60-6,129, 60-6,130, 60-6,137, 60-6,138, 60-6,139, 60-6,145, 60-6,159, 60-6,164, 60-6,166, 60-6,167, 60-6,171, 60-6,176, 60-6,177, 60-6,186, 60-6,188, 60-6,189, 60-6,190, 60-6,193, 60-6,250, 60-6,292, 60-6,301, 60-6,311, 60-6,314, 60-6,335, 60-6,376, 60-1301, 60-1302, 60-1303, 66-6,109.02, 66-821, 66-822, 69-1701, 70-309, 72-108, 72-221, 72-221.01, 72-817, 74-1310, 74-1314, 74-1318, 74-1319, 74-1331, 74-1332, 74-1333, 74-1334, 74-1335, 74-1336, 74-1340, 74-1341, 74-1342, 74-1343, 75-713, 75-716, 76-1224, 79-604, 81-101, 81-102, 81-161.04, 81-188.01, 81-701.01, 81-701.02, 81-711.03, 81-701.04, 81-701.05, 81-710, 81-916, 81-917, 81-1108, 22, 81-1114, 91-1118, 81-161.04, 81-188.01, 81-701.01, 81-701.02, 81-701.03, .05, 81-710, 81-916, 81-917, 81-1108.22, 81-1114, 81-1711, 81-701.04, 81-701.05, 81-710, 81-701.04, 81-701.05, 81-710, 81-910, 81-917, 81-1108.22, 81-1114, 81-1711, 81-2801, 82-120, 82-505, 83-137, 85-1008, 86-707, 90-238, and 90-260, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and sections 3-106, 3-159, 3-303, 3-407.01, 3-408, 13-520, 13-1210, 13-1212, 49-617, 57-1407, 60-507, 60-6,144, 60-6,153, 60-6,154, 60-6,230, 60-6,267, 60-6,288, 60-6,294, 60-6,297, 60-6,298, 60-6,299, 60-6,378, 60-6,380, 60-3101, 66-489.02, 66-4,100, 66-4,144, 66-738, 73-507, 77-3442, 77-3443, 81-8,310, 81-1108.15, 81-1108.43, and 81-3711.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, are repealed.

Sec. 301. Since an emergency exists, this act takes effect when passed and approved according to law.