AMENDMENTS TO LB203

Introduced by Albrecht, 17.

1. Strike the original sections and insert the following new sections:

Section 1. Section 48-626, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

48-626 (1) For any benefit year beginning before October 1, 2018, any otherwise eligible individual shall be entitled during any benefit year to a total amount of benefits equal to whichever is the lesser of (a) twenty-six times his or her benefit amount or (b) one-third of his or her wages in the employment of each employer per calendar quarter of his or her base period; except that when any individual has been separated from his or her employment with a base period employer under the circumstances under which he or she was or could have been determined disqualified under subdivision (1)(a) or (2) of section 48-628, the total benefit amount based on the employment from which he or she was so separated shall be reduced by an amount equal to the number of weeks for which he or she is or would have been disqualified had he or she filed a claim immediately after the separation, multiplied by his or her weekly benefit amount, but not more than one reduction may be made for each separation. In no event shall the benefit amount based on employment for any employer be reduced to less than one benefit week when the individual was or could have been determined disqualified under subdivision (1)(a) of section 48-628.

(2) For any benefit year beginning on or after October 1, 2018, any otherwise eligible individual shall be entitled during any benefit year to a total amount of benefits equal to whichever is the lesser of (a) twenty-six times his or her weekly benefit amount or (b) one-third of his or her wages in the employment of each employer per calendar quarter of
his or her base period; except that when any individual has been
separated from his or her employment with a base period employer under
circumstances under which he or she was or could have been determined
disqualified under subdivision (1)(b) or (2) of section 48-628, the total
benefit amount based on the employment from which he or she was so
separated shall be reduced by an amount determined pursuant to subsection
(3) of this section, but not more than one reduction may be made for each
separation. In no event shall the benefit amount based on employment for
any employer be reduced to less than one benefit week when the individual
was or could have been determined disqualified under subdivision (1)(b)
of section 48-628.

(3) For purposes of determining the reduction of benefits described
in subsection (2) of this section:

(a) If the claimant has been separated from his or her employment
under circumstances under which he or she was or could have been
determined disqualified under subdivision (1)(b) of section 48-628, his
or her total benefit amount shall be reduced by:

(i) Two times his or her weekly benefit amount if he or she left
work voluntarily for the sole purpose of accepting previously secured,
permanent, full-time, insured work, which he or she does accept, which
offers a reasonable expectation of betterment of wages or working
conditions, or both, and for which he or she earns wages payable to him
or her; or

(ii) Thirteen times his or her weekly benefit amount if he or she
left work voluntarily without good cause for any reason other than that
described in subdivision (3)(a)(i) of this section.

(b) If the claimant has been separated from his or her employment
under circumstances under which he or she was or could have been
determined disqualified under subdivision (2) of section 48-628, his or
her total benefit amount shall be reduced by fourteen times his or her
weekly benefit amount.
For purposes of sections 48-623 to 48-626, wages shall be counted as wages for insured work for benefit purposes with respect to any benefit year only if such benefit year begins subsequent to the date on which the employer by whom such wages were paid has satisfied the conditions of section 48-603 or subsection (3) of section 48-661 with respect to becoming an employer.

In order to determine the benefits due under this section and sections 48-624 and 48-625, each employer shall make reports, in conformity with reasonable rules and regulations adopted by the commissioner, of the wages of any claimant. If any such employer fails to make such report within the time prescribed, the commissioner may accept the statement of such claimant as to his or her wages, and any benefit payments based on such statement of earnings, in the absence of fraud or collusion, will be final as to amount.

Sec. 2. Section 48-627, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week, only if the Commissioner of Labor finds:

(1) He or she has registered for work at, and thereafter continued to report at, an employment office in accordance with such rules and regulations as the commissioner may prescribe, except that the commissioner may, by rule and regulation, waive or alter either or both of the requirements of this subdivision as to individuals attached to regular jobs and as to such other types of cases or situations, with respect to which he or she finds that compliance with such requirements, would be oppressive, or would be inconsistent with the purposes of the Employment Security Law, except that no such rule or regulation shall conflict with section 48-623;

(2) He or she has made a claim for benefits, in accordance with section 48-629;
(3) He or she is able to work and is available for work. No individual, who is otherwise eligible, shall be deemed ineligible, or unavailable for work, because he or she is on vacation without pay during such week, if such vacation is not the result of his or her own action as distinguished from any collective action by a collective-bargaining agent or other action beyond his or her individual control, and regardless of whether he or she has not been notified of the vacation at the time of his or her hiring. An individual who is otherwise eligible shall not be deemed unavailable for work or failing to engage in an active work search solely because such individual is seeking part-time work if the majority of the weeks of work in an individual's base period include part-time work. For purposes of this subdivision, seeking only part-time work shall mean seeking less than full-time work having comparable hours to the individual's part-time work in the base period, except that the individual must be available for work at least twenty hours per week. Receipt of a non-service-connected total disability pension by a veteran at the age of sixty-five or more shall not of itself bar the veteran from benefits as not able to work. An otherwise eligible individual while engaged in a training course approved for him or her by the commissioner shall be considered available for work for the purposes of this section. An inmate in a penal or custodial institution shall be considered unavailable for work for purposes of this section;

(4) He or she has been unemployed for a waiting period of one week. No week shall be counted as a week of unemployment for the purpose of this subdivision (a) unless it occurs within the benefit year, which includes the week with respect to which he or she claims payment of benefits, (b) if benefits have been paid with respect thereto, or (c) unless the individual was eligible for benefits with respect thereto, as provided in sections 48-627 and 48-628, except for the requirements of this subdivision and of subdivision (6) of section 48-628;

(5)(a) For any benefit year beginning on or after January 1, 2006,
he or she has, within his or her base period, been paid a total sum of
wages for employment by employers equal to not less than two thousand
five hundred dollars, of which sum at least eight hundred dollars has
been paid in each of two quarters in his or her base period, and
subsequent to filing the claim which establishes the previous benefit
year, the individual has earned wages in insured work of at least six
times his or her weekly benefit amount for the previous benefit year.

(b) For any benefit year beginning on or after July 1, 2011, he or
she has (i) within his or her base period, been paid a total sum of wages
for employment by employers equal to not less than three thousand seven
hundred seventy dollars, of which sum at least one thousand eight hundred
fifty dollars has been paid in one quarter in his or her base period and
eight hundred dollars has been paid in a second quarter of his or her
base period, and (ii) subsequent to filing the claim which establishes
the previous benefit year, earned wages in insured work of at least six
times his or her weekly benefit amount for the previous benefit year.

Commencing January 1, 2012, and each January 1 thereafter, the amount
which an individual is required to earn within his or her base period
shall be adjusted annually. The adjusted amount shall be equal to the
then current amount adjusted by the cumulative percentage change in the
Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by the Federal
Bureau of Labor Statistics for the one-year period ending on the previous
September 30. If such adjusted amount is not a whole dollar amount, the
adjusted amount shall be rounded down to the nearest whole dollar amount.

(c) For the purposes of this subdivision (5), (i) for the
determination of monetary eligibility, wages paid within a base period
shall not include wages from any calendar quarter previously used to
establish a valid claim for benefits, (ii) wages shall be counted as
wages for insured work for benefit purposes with respect to any benefit
year only if such benefit year begins subsequent to the date on which the
employer, by whom such wages were paid, has satisfied the conditions of
section 48-603 or subsection (3) of section 48-661, with respect to becoming an employer, and (iii) with respect to weeks of unemployment beginning on or after January 1, 1978, wages for insured work for benefit purposes with respect to any benefit year shall include wages paid for services as defined by subdivision (4)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of section 48-604 to the extent that such services were not services in employment under subdivision (4)(a) of section 48-604 or section 48-661 immediately prior to September 2, 1977, even though the employer by whom such wages were paid had not satisfied the conditions of subdivision (8), (9), (10), or (11) of section 48-603 with respect to becoming an employer at the time such wages were paid except to the extent that assistance under Title II of the federal Emergency Jobs and Unemployment Assistance Act of 1974 was paid on the basis of such services; and

(6) He or she is participating in reemployment services at no cost to such individual as directed by the commissioner, such as job search assistance services, if the individual has been determined to be likely to exhaust regular benefits and to need reemployment services pursuant to a profiling system established by rule and regulation of the commissioner which is in compliance with section 303(j)(1) of the federal Social Security Act, unless the commissioner determines that: (a) The individual has completed such services; or (b) there is justifiable cause for the claimant's failure to participate in such services.

Sec. 3. Section 48-628, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

48-628 An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:

(1)(a) For any benefit year beginning before October 1, 2018:

(i) For the week in which he or she has left work voluntarily without good cause, if so found by the commissioner, and for the thirteen weeks which immediately follow such week. A temporary employee of a temporary help firm has left work voluntarily without good cause if the temporary employee does not contact the temporary help firm for
reassignment upon completion of an assignment and the temporary employee
has been advised by the temporary help firm of his or her obligation to
contact the temporary help firm upon completion of assignments and has
been advised by the temporary help firm that the temporary employee may
be denied benefits for failure to do so; or

(ii) (b) For the week in which he or she has left work voluntarily
for the sole purpose of accepting previously secured, permanent, full-
time, insured work, which he or she does accept, which offers a
reasonable expectation of betterment of wages or working conditions, or
both, and for which he or she earns wages payable to him or her, if so
found by the commissioner, and for the two weeks which immediately follow
such week; or

(b) For any benefit year beginning on or after October 1, 2018, for
the week in which he or she has left work voluntarily without good cause,
if so found by the commissioner, and for all subsequent weeks until the
individual has earned wages in insured work in an amount of at least four
times his or her weekly benefit amount and has separated from the most
recent subsequent employment under nondisqualifying conditions. A
temporary employee of a temporary help firm has left work voluntarily
without good cause if the temporary employee does not contact the
temporary help firm for reassignment upon completion of an assignment and
the temporary employee has been advised by the temporary help firm of his
or her obligation to contact the temporary help firm upon completion of
assignments and has been advised by the temporary help firm that the
temporary employee may be denied benefits for failure to do so;

(2) For the week in which he or she has been discharged for
misconduct connected with his or her work, if so found by the
commissioner, and for the fourteen weeks which immediately follow such
week. If the commissioner finds that such individual's misconduct was
gross, flagrant, and willful, or was unlawful, the commissioner shall
totally disqualify such individual from receiving benefits with respect
to wage credits earned prior to discharge for such misconduct. In
addition to the fourteen-week benefit disqualification assessed under
this subdivision, the commissioner shall cancel all wage credits earned
as a result of employment with the discharging employer if the
commissioner finds that the individual was discharged for misconduct in
connection with the work which was not gross, flagrant, and willful or
unlawful but which included being under the influence of any intoxicating
beverage or being under the influence of any controlled substance listed
in section 28-405 not prescribed by a physician licensed to practice
medicine or surgery when the individual is so under the influence on the
worksite or while engaged in work for the employer;

(3)(a) For any week of unemployment in which he or she has failed,
without good cause, to apply for available, suitable work when so
directed by the employment office or the commissioner, to accept suitable
work offered him or her, or to return to his or her customary self-
employment, if any, and the commissioner so finds, and for the twelve
weeks which immediately follow such week, and his or her total benefit
amount to which he or she is then entitled shall be reduced by an amount
equal to the number of weeks for which he or she has been disqualified by
the commissioner.

(b) In determining whether or not any work is suitable for an
individual, the commissioner shall consider the degree of risk involved
to the individual's health, safety, and morals, his or her physical
fitness and prior training, his or her experience and prior earnings, his
or her length of unemployment and prospects for securing local work in
his or her customary occupation, and the distance of the available work
from his or her residence.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Employment Security
Law, no work shall be deemed suitable and benefits shall not be denied
under such law to any otherwise eligible individual for refusing to
accept new work under any of the following conditions: (i) If the
position offered is vacant due directly to a strike, lockout, or other labor dispute; (ii) if the wages, hours, or other conditions of the work offered are substantially less favorable to the individual than those prevailing for similar work in the locality; or (iii) if, as a condition of being employed, the individual would be required to join a company union or to resign from or refrain from joining any bona fide labor organization.

(d) Notwithstanding any other provisions in subdivision (3) of this section, no otherwise eligible individual shall be denied benefits with respect to any week in which he or she is in training with the approval of the commissioner, by reason of the application of the provisions in subdivision (3) of this section relating to failure to apply for or a refusal to accept suitable work.

(e) No individual shall be disqualified for refusing to apply for available, full-time work or accept full-time work under subdivision (3) (a) of this section solely because such individual is seeking part-time work if the majority of the weeks of work in an individual's base period include part-time work. For purposes of this subdivision, seeking only part-time work shall mean seeking less than full-time work having comparable hours to the individual's part-time work in the base period, except that the individual must be available for work at least twenty hours per week;

(4) For any week with respect to which the commissioner finds that his or her total unemployment is due to a stoppage of work which exists because of a labor dispute at the factory, establishment, or other premises at which he or she is or was last employed, except that this subdivision shall not apply if it is shown to the satisfaction of the commissioner that (a) the individual is not participating in, financing, or directly interested in the labor dispute which caused the stoppage of work and (b) he or she does not belong to a grade or class of workers of which, immediately before the commencement of the stoppage, there were
members employed at the premises at which the stoppage occurs, any of whom are participating, financing, or directly interested in the dispute. If in any case, separate branches of work, which are commonly conducted as separate businesses in separate premises, are conducted in separate departments of the same premises, each such department shall, for the purposes of this subdivision, be deemed to be a separate factory, establishment, or other premises;

(5) For any week with respect to which he or she is receiving or has received remuneration in the form of (a) wages in lieu of notice, or a dismissal or separation allowance, (b) compensation for temporary disability under the workers' compensation law of any state or under a similar law of the United States, (c) retirement or retired pay, pension, annuity, or other similar periodic payment under a plan maintained or contributed to by a base period or chargeable employer, or (d) a gratuity or bonus from an employer, paid after termination of employment, on account of prior length of service, or disability not compensated under the workers' compensation law. Such payments made in lump sums shall be prorated in an amount which is reasonably attributable to such week. If the prorated remuneration is less than the benefits which would otherwise be due, he or she shall be entitled to receive for such week, if otherwise eligible, benefits reduced by the amount of such remuneration. The prorated remuneration shall be considered wages for the quarter to which it is attributable. Military service-connected disability compensation payable under 38 U.S.C. chapter 11 and primary insurance benefits payable under Title II of the Social Security Act, as amended, or similar payments under any act of Congress shall not be deemed to be disqualifying or deductible from the benefit amount. No deduction shall be made for the part of any retirement pension which represents return of payments made by the individual. In the case of a transfer by an individual or his or her employer of an amount from one retirement plan to a second qualified retirement plan under the Internal Revenue Code,
the amount transferred shall not be deemed to be received by the claimant until actually paid from the second retirement plan to the claimant. No deduction shall be made for any benefit received under a supplemental unemployment benefit plan described in subdivision (29)(g) of section 48-602;

(6) For any week with respect to which or a part of which he or she has received or is seeking unemployment benefits under an unemployment compensation law of any other state or of the United States, except that if the appropriate agency of such other state or of the United States finally determines that he or she is not entitled to such unemployment benefits, this disqualification shall not apply;

(7) For any week of unemployment if such individual is a student. For the purpose of this subdivision, student shall mean an individual registered for full attendance at and regularly attending an established school, college, or university, unless the major portion of his or her wages for insured work during his or her base period was for services performed while attending school, except that attendance for training purposes under a plan approved by the commissioner for such individual shall not be disqualifying;

(8) For any week of unemployment if benefits claimed are based on services performed:

(a) In an instructional, research, or principal administrative capacity for an educational institution, if such week commences during the period between two successive academic years or terms, or when an agreement provides instead for a similar period between two regular, but not successive, terms during such period, if such individual performs such services in the first of such academic years or terms and if there is a contract or reasonable assurance that such individual will perform services in any such capacity for any educational institution in the second of such academic years or terms;

(b) In any other capacity for an educational institution, if such
week commences during a period between two successive academic years or terms, if such individual performs such services in the first of such academic years or terms, and if there is a reasonable assurance that such individual will perform such services in the second of such academic years or terms, except that if benefits are denied to any individual for any week under subdivision (8)(b) of this section and such individual was not offered an opportunity to perform such services for the educational institution for the second of such academic years or terms, such individual shall be entitled to a retroactive payment of the benefits for each week for which the individual filed a timely claim for benefits and for which benefits were denied solely by reason of subdivision (8)(b) of this section;

(c) In any capacity described in subdivision (8)(a) or (b) of this section if such week commences during an established and customary vacation period or holiday recess if such individual performs such services in the period immediately before such vacation period or holiday recess, and there is a reasonable assurance that such individual will perform such services in the period immediately following such vacation period or holiday recess;

(d) In any capacity described in subdivision (8)(a) or (b) of this section in an educational institution while in the employ of an educational service agency, and such individual shall be disqualified as specified in subdivisions (8)(a), (b), and (c) of this section. As used in this subdivision, educational service agency shall mean a governmental agency or governmental entity which is established and operated exclusively for the purpose of providing services to one or more educational institutions; and

(e) In any capacity described in subdivision (8)(a) or (b) of this section in an educational institution if such services are provided to or on behalf of the educational institution while in the employ of an organization or entity described in section 3306(c)(7) or 3306(c)(8) of
the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, 26 U.S.C. 3306(c)(7) or (8), and such individual shall be disqualified as specified in subdivisions (8)(a), (b), and (c) of this section;

(9) For any week of unemployment benefits if substantially all the services upon which such benefits are based consist of participating in sports or athletic events or training or preparing to so participate, if such week of unemployment begins during the period between two successive sport seasons or similar periods, if such individual performed such services in the first of such seasons or similar periods, and if there is a reasonable assurance that such individual will perform such services in the later of such seasons or similar periods;

(10) For any week of unemployment benefits if the services upon which such benefits are based are performed by an alien unless such alien is an individual who was lawfully admitted for permanent residence at the time such services were performed, was lawfully present for purposes of performing such services, or was permanently residing in the United States under color of law at the time such services were performed, including an alien who was lawfully present in the United States as a result of the application of section 212(d)(5) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. 1182(d)(5). Any data or information required of individuals applying for benefits to determine whether benefits are not payable to them because of their alien status shall be uniformly required from all applicants for benefits. In the case of an individual whose application for benefits would otherwise be approved, no determination that benefits to such individual are not payable because of his or her alien status shall be made except upon a preponderance of the evidence;

(11) Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Employment Security Law, no otherwise eligible individual shall be denied benefits for any week because he or she is in training approved under section 236(a)(1) of the federal Trade Act of 1974, 19 U.S.C. 2296(a)(1), nor shall such individual be denied benefits by reason of leaving work to enter such
training, if the work left is not suitable employment, or because of the application to any such week in training of provisions of the Employment Security Law, or any applicable federal unemployment compensation law, relating to availability for work, active search for work, or refusal to accept work. For purposes of this subdivision, suitable employment shall mean, with respect to an individual, work of a substantially equal or higher skill level than the individual's past adversely affected employment, as defined for purposes of the federal Trade Act of 1974, and wages for such work at not less than eighty percent of the individual's average weekly wage as determined for purposes of such act;

(12) For any week during which the individual is on a leave of absence; and

(13) For any week of unemployment benefits or for waiting week credit if he or she has been disqualified from the receipt of benefits pursuant to section 48-663.01 two or more times in the five-year period immediately prior to filing his or her most recent claim. This subdivision shall not apply if the individual has repaid in full any overpayments established in conjunction with the disqualifications assessed under section 48-663.01 during that five-year period.

Sec. 4. Section 48-632, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, is amended to read:

48-632 (1) Notice of a determination upon a claim shall be promptly given to the claimant by delivery thereof electronic notice or by mailing such notice to his or her last-known address. A claimant shall elect to receive either electronic notice or mailed notice when he or she files a new claim or establishes a new benefit year. A claimant may change his or her election at any time. In addition, notice of any determination, together with the reasons therefor, shall be promptly given in the same manner to any employer from whom claimant received wages on or after the first day of the base period for his or her most recent claim, and who has indicated prior to the determination, in such manner as required by
rule and regulation of the commissioner, that such individual may be
ineligible or disqualified under any provision of the Employment Security
Law. An employer shall provide information to the department in respect
to the request for information within ten days after the mailing or
electronic transmission of a request.

(2) If the employer provided information pursuant to subsection (7)
of section 48-652 on the claim establishing the previous benefit year but
did not receive a determination because of no involvement of base period
wages and there are wages from that employer in the base period for the
most recent claim, the employer shall be provided the opportunity to
provide new information that such individual may be ineligible or
disqualified under any provision of the Employment Security Law on the
current claim. This subsection shall not apply to employers who did not
receive a determination because the separation was determined to result
from a lack of work.

(3) On or after October 1, 2012, if an employer fails to provide
information to the department within the time period specified in
subsection (1) of this section, the employer shall forfeit any appeal
rights otherwise available pursuant to section 48-634.

Sec. 5. Original sections 48-626, 48-627, and 48-628, Reissue
Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and section 48-632, Revised Statutes
Cumulative Supplement, 2016, are repealed.