LB575
2015

LEGISLATIVE BILL 575

Introduced by Murante, 49.

A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to elections; to amend sections 13-404, 23-148, 23-2, 108, 32-227, 32-228, 32-330, 32-528, 32-569, 32-612, 32-813, 32-952, 32-1032, 32-1037, 32-1086, and 81-2901, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and sections 18-703.01, 32-181, 32-208, 32-304, 32-567, 32-687, 32-615, 32-710, 32-941, 32-942, 32-947, 32-953, 32-1203, and 60-4,144, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2014; to change provisions relating to election expenses, filling vacancies, election commissioners, payment and service of election workers, implementation of the electronic voter registration application process, the voter registration register, county commissioners, candidate filings, deadlines for write-in candidates, political party conventions, statewide general election ballots, ballots for early voting, special elections by mail, inspection of election materials, and the board of state canvassers; to provide access to certain commercial driver’s license information; to eliminate obsolete provisions; to harmonize provisions; to provide operative dates; to repeal the original sections; and to declare an emergency.

Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

Section 1. Section 10-703.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2014, is amended to read:

10-703.01 In all special elections called for voting on the question of issuing bonds of the school district, the county clerk or election commissioner or, if the school district lies in more than one county, the county clerk or election commissioner in the county having the greatest number of electors entitled to vote on the question shall designate the polling places and appoint the election officials, who need not be the regular election officials, and otherwise conduct the election as provided under the Election Act except as otherwise specifically provided in this section. Any special election held under this section shall be subject to section 32-405. The school district shall designate the form of ballot and reimburse the county clerk or election official for the expenses of conducting the election as provided in sections 32-1201 to 32-1208 and at the minimum rate as described in subdivision (2)(d) of section 32-1203. The school district officers shall give notice of the election at least twenty days prior to the election and cause the sample ballot to be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the school district one time not more than ten days nor less than three days prior to the election, and no notice of the election shall be required to be given by the county clerk or election commissioner. The notice of election shall state where ballots for early voting may be obtained.

The ballots shall be counted by the county clerk or election commissioner conducting the election and two disinterested persons appointed by him or her. When the polls are closed, the receiving board shall deliver the ballots to the county clerk or election commissioner conducting the election who, with the two disinterested persons appointed by him or her, shall proceed to count the ballots.

Ballots for early voting shall be furnished to the county clerk or election commissioner and ready for distribution by the county clerk or election commissioner conducting the election not less than fifteen days prior to the election.

When a school district lies in more than one county, the county clerk or election commissioner in any other county containing part of such school district shall, upon request, certify its registration books for those precincts in which the school district is located to the county clerk or election commissioner conducting the election and shall immediately forward all requests for ballots for early voting to the county clerk or election commissioner conducting the election who, with the two disinterested persons appointed by him or her, shall proceed to count the ballots.

All ballots cast at the election shall be counted by the same board. When all the ballots have been counted, the returns of such election shall be turned over to the school board or board of education of the district in which the election was held for the purpose of making a canvass thereof.

The two disinterested persons appointed on the counting board shall receive wages at no less than the minimum rate set in section 48-1203 for each hour of service rendered.

Sec. 2. Section 13-404, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

13-404 Every civil office in a political subdivision filled by appointment shall be vacant upon the happening of any one of the events listed in section 32-560 except as provided in section 32-561. The resignation of the incumbent of such a civil office may be made as provided in section 32-562. Vacancies in
such a civil office shall be filled as provided in section 32-567 and section 13 of this act and shall be subject to section 32-563.

Sec. 3. Section 23-148, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

23-148 The county board of commissioners in all counties having not more than three hundred thousand inhabitants shall consist of three persons except as follows:

(1) The registered voters in any county containing not more than three hundred thousand inhabitants may vote at any general election as to whether their county board shall consist of three or five commissioners. Upon the completion of the canvass by the county canvassing board, the proposition shall be decided and, if the number of commissioners is increased from three to five commissioners, it is deemed to exist as provided in section 32-567 and section 13 of this act shall be instituted; and

(2) The registered voters of any county under township organization voting to discontinue township organization may also vote as to the number of county commissioners as provided in sections 23-292 to 23-299.

Sec. 4. Section 23-2,106, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

23-2,106 (1) If a township board has become inactive, the county board of supervisors shall hold a public hearing on the issue of termination of the township board. Notice of the hearing shall be published for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the county. For purposes of this section, a township board has become inactive when two or more board positions are vacant and the county board has been unable to fill such positions in accordance with section 32-567 and section 13 of this act for six or more months.

(2) If no appointment to the township board has been made within thirty days after the public hearing because no resident of the township has provided written notice to the county board that he or she will serve on the township board, the county board may adopt a resolution to terminate the township board. The resolution shall state the effective date of the termination.

(3) Between the date of the public hearing and the date of termination of the township board, the township board shall be held responsible for the duties of the township board as required by this subsection. No tax distributions shall be made to the township. Such funds shall be held by the county board in a separate township fund and disbursed only to pay outstanding obligations of the township board. All claims against the township board shall be filed with the county clerk and heard by the county board. Upon allowance of a claim, the county board shall direct the county clerk to issue a warrant to the township for the amount of the claim. The warrant shall be signed by the chairperson of the county board and countersigned by the county clerk.

(4) Upon termination of a township board, the county board shall settle all unfinished business of the township board and shall dispose of all property under ownership of the township. Any proceeds of such sale shall first be disbursed to pay any outstanding obligations of the township, and remaining funds shall be credited to the road fund of the county board. Any remaining township board members serving as of the date of termination shall deposit with the county clerk all township records, papers, and documents pertaining to the affairs of the township and shall certify to the county clerk the amount of outstanding indebtedness on the date of termination. The county board shall levy a tax upon the taxable property located within the boundaries of the township to pay any outstanding indebtedness not paid for under this subsection or subsection (3) of this section.

(5) If more than fifty percent of the township boards in a county have been terminated, the county board shall file with the election commissioner or county clerk a resolution supporting the discontinuance of the organization of the county pursuant to subsection (2) of section 23-293.

Sec. 5. Section 32-101, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2014, is amended to read:

32-101 Sections 32-101 to 32-1551 and section 13 of this act shall be known and may be cited as the Election Act.

Sec. 6. Section 32-288, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2014, is amended to read:

32-288 The election commissioner in counties having a population of more than one hundred thousand inhabitants shall be a registered voter, a resident of such county for at least one year, and of good moral character and integrity and capacity. No person who is a candidate for any elective office or is a deputy, clerk, or employee of any person who is a candidate for any elective office shall be eligible for the office of election commissioner. The election commissioner shall not hold any other elective office or become a candidate for any elective office during his or her term of office or within thirty days after leaving office. An election commissioner may be appointed to an elective office during his or her term of office as election commissioner, and acceptance of such appointment shall be deemed to be his or her resignation from the office of election commissioner.

Sec. 7. Section 32-227, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

32-227 (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, the judges and clerks of election, precinct and district inspectors, and other temporary election workers shall receive wages at no less than the minimum rate set in section 48-1203 for each hour of service rendered. The election commissioner shall determine the rate of pay and may vary the rate based on the duties of each position. Each such election worker shall sign an
affidavit stating the number of hours he or she has worked.

(2) Any judge or clerk of election, precinct or district inspector, or other temporary election worker may choose not to be paid for the hours he or she works. An election worker that chooses not to be paid shall sign a waiver agreeing not to be paid for each election for which he or she chooses not to be paid.

(3) Any judge or clerk of election, precinct or district inspector, or other temporary election worker may choose to have his or her election pay used by the election commissioner to contract with an organization authorized by the election commissioner to recruit election workers if the election commissioner contracts with such an organization. To be eligible to enter into such a contract, the organization shall be exempt for federal tax purposes under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, as defined in section 49-801.01.

Sec. 8. Section 32-228, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

32-228 (1) The election commissioner shall notify each person appointed as a judge or clerk of election, precinct inspector, district inspector, member of a canvassing board, or a county or state election worker of his or her appointment. Such letter shall be mailed at least fifteen days prior to the required reporting date for each statewide primary and general election. Each appointee shall, at the time fixed in the notice of appointment, report to the office of the election commissioner or other designated location to complete any informational forms and receive training regarding his or her duties. The training shall include instruction as required by the Secretary of State and any other training deemed necessary by the election commissioner. Each appointee, if found qualified and unless excused by reason of ill health or other good and sufficient reason, shall serve for the term of his or her appointment.

(2) No person who is a qualified prospective election worker is exempt from being appointed for a term of election service, except that any person who is seventy years of age or older and who requests to be exempted from such service at the time the election worker questionnaire form is filed with the election commissioner from election service.

(3) An appointee who fails to serve for the such term of his or her appointment, unless excused by reason of ill health or other good and sufficient reason, is guilty of a Class V misdemeanor. The election commissioner shall submit the names of appointees violating this subsection to the local law enforcement agency for citation pursuant to sections 32-1549 and 32-227.

Sec. 9. Section 32-304, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2014, is amended to read:

32-304 (1) The Secretary of State in conjunction with the Department of Motor Vehicles shall, on or before September 1, 2015, develop and implement a registration application process which may be used statewide to register to vote and update voter registration records electronically using the Secretary of State’s web site. An applicant who has a valid Nebraska motor vehicle operator’s license or state identification card may use the application process to register to vote or to update his or her voter registration record with his or her information or signature from the Department of Motor Vehicles’ records of his or her motor vehicle operator’s license or state identification card for purposes of voter registration.

(2) The application shall contain substantially all the information provided in section 32-312 and the following informational statements:

(a) An applicant who submits this application electronically is affirming that the information in the application is true. Any applicant who submits this application electronically knowing that any of the information in the application is false shall be guilty of a Class IV felony under section 32-1562 of the statutes of Nebraska. The penalty for a Class IV felony is up to five years imprisonment, a fine of up to ten thousand dollars, or both;

(b) An applicant who submits this application electronically is agreeing to the use from the Department of Motor Vehicles’ records of his or her motor vehicle operator’s license or state identification card for purposes of voter registration;

(c) To vote at the polling place on election day, the completed application must be submitted on or before the third Friday before the election; and

(d) The election commissioner or county clerk will, upon receipt of the application for registration, send an acknowledgment of registration to the applicant indicating whether the application is proper or not.

Sec. 10. Section 32-330, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

32-330 (1) The voter registration register shall be a public record. Any person may examine the register at the office of the election commissioner or county clerk, but no person other than the election commissioner, county clerk, or law enforcement shall not be allowed to make copies of the register. Copies of the register shall only be used for list maintenance as provided in section 32-229 or law enforcement purposes. The electronic records of the original voter registrations created pursuant to section 32-301 may constitute the voter registration register. The election commissioner or county clerk shall withhold
information in the register designated as confidential under section 32-331.

(2) The election commissioner or county clerk shall make available for the purpose of registration the information required under section 32-312 and, if requested, a list that only contains registered voters who have voted in an election held more than thirty sixty days prior to the request for the list. The election commissioner or county clerk shall establish the price of the lists at a rate that fairly covers the actual production cost of the lists, not to exceed three cents per name. Lists shall be used solely for purposes related to elections, political activities, voter registration, law enforcement, or jury selection. Lists shall not be used for commercial purposes.

(3) Any person who acquires a list of registered voters under subsection (2) of this section shall take and subscribe to an oath in substantially the following form:

I hereby swear that I will use the list of registered voters of .... County, Nebraska, only for the purposes prescribed in section 32-330 and for no other purpose and that I will not permit the use or copying of such list for unauthorized purposes.

I hereby declare under the penalty of election falsification that the statements above are true to the best of my knowledge.

The penalty for election falsification is a Class IV felony.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this .... day of .... 20...

Name of officer)

Official title of officer)

(4) The election commissioner or county clerk shall provide, upon request and free of charge, a complete and current listing of all registered voters and their addresses to the Clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Nebraska. Such list shall be provided no later than December 31 of each even-numbered year.

(5) The election commissioner or county clerk shall provide, upon request and free of charge, a complete and current listing of all registered voters and their addresses to the state party headquarters of each political party and to the county chairperson of each political party. Such list shall be provided no later than thirty-five days prior to the statewide primary and statewide general elections.

Sec. 11. Section 32-528, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

32-528 (1) In counties having a county board of three commissioners, two commissioners shall be elected at the statewide general election in 1994 and each four years thereafter, and one commissioner shall be elected at the statewide general election in 1996 and each four years thereafter. In counties having a county board of five commissioners, three commissioners shall be elected at the statewide general election in 1994 and each four years thereafter, and two commissioners shall be elected at the statewide general election in 1996 and each four years thereafter. In counties having a county board of seven or more commissioners, one commissioner shall be elected in each odd-numbered commissioner district at the statewide general election in 1994 and each four years thereafter, and one commissioner shall be elected in each even-numbered commissioner district at the statewide general election in 1996 and each four years thereafter.

(2) Except for commissioners first elected after the county adopts the commissioner form of government or has increased the number of commissioners, the term of each county commissioner shall be four years or until his or her successor is elected and qualified. At the first election held to choose the board of commissioners in any county having three commissioners, the person having the highest number of votes shall serve for four years and the two receiving the next highest number of votes shall serve for two years, and if any three or more persons have the same number of votes, their terms of office shall be determined by the county canvassing board. The county commissioners shall meet the qualifications found in section 23-150. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the reelection of a commissioner holding office if the commissioner is reelected to represent his or her respective district.

The county commissioners shall be elected on the partisan ballot.

(b) In counties having a population of more than one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants, one commissioner shall be nominated and elected from each district by the registered voters of the district.

(b) In counties having a population of more than one hundred fifty thousand but not more than three hundred thousand inhabitants, one commissioner shall be nominated and elected from each district by the registered voters of the district and shall be elected by the registered voters of the entire county. Beginning in 2010 in counties having a population of more than one hundred fifty thousand but not more than three hundred thousand inhabitants, one commissioner shall be nominated and elected from each district by the registered voters of the district as provided in subsection (5) of this section.

(c) In counties having more than three hundred thousand inhabitants, one commissioner shall be nominated and elected from each district by the registered voters of the district.

(4) In counties in which a majority has voted to have five commissioners as provided in section 23-148, the three commissioners of such county whose terms of office will expire after the election shall continue in office until the expiration of the terms for which they were elected and until their
successors are elected and qualified. Two commissioners shall be appointed pursuant to section 32-567 and section 13 of this act to serve until the first Thursday, after the first Tuesday in January following the next statewide general election. At the next statewide general election, commissioners shall be elected to fill the positions of any commissioners appointed under this section. At the first primary election after such appointments, filings shall be accepted for terms of two years and for terms of four years so that two commissioners will be elected to four-year terms at one election and three commissioners will be elected to four-year terms at the next election.

(5) In counties having more than one hundred fifty thousand but not more than three hundred thousand inhabitants; which are changing from nominating by district and electing at large to nominating and electing by district as provided in this section, the commissioners shall continue in office until the expiration of the terms for which they were elected and until their successors are elected and qualified.

(a) At the primary election in 2010, one commissioner in such counties shall be nominated from each odd-numbered district, and at . At the ensuing general election, one commissioner shall be elected from each odd-numbered district. Their successors shall be nominated and elected every four years thereafter; and

(b) At the primary election in 2012, one commissioner in such counties shall be nominated from each even-numbered district, and at . At the ensuing general election, one commissioner shall be elected from each even-numbered district. Their successors shall be nominated and elected every four years thereafter.

Section 12. Section 32-567, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2014, is amended to read:

32-567 Vacancies in office shall be filled as follows:
(1) In state and judicial district offices and in the membership of any board or commission created by the state when no other method is provided, by the Governor;
(2) In county offices, by the county board;
(3) In the membership of the county board, by the county clerk, county attorney, and county treasurer;
(4) In the membership of the city council, according to section 32-568 or 32-569, as applicable;
(5) In township offices, by the township board or, if there are two or more vacancies on the township board, by the county board;
(6) In offices in public power and irrigation districts, according to section 76-615;
(7) In offices in natural resources districts, according to section 2-3215;
(8) In offices in community college areas, according to section 85-1514;
(9) In offices in educational service units, according to section 79-1217;
(10) In offices in hospital districts, according to section 23-3534;
(11) In offices in metropolitan utilities districts, according to section 14-2184;
(12) In membership on airport authority boards, according to section 3-502, 3-611, or 3-703, as applicable;
(13) In membership on the board of trustees of a road improvement district, according to section 39-1607;
(14) In membership on the council of a municipal county, by the council; and
(15) For learning community coordinating councils, according to section 32-546.01.

Unless otherwise provided by law, all vacancies shall be filled within forty-five days after the vacancy occurs unless good cause is shown that the requirement imposes an undue burden.

Section 13. Unless otherwise provided by law, all vacancies shall be filled within forty-five days after the vacancy occurs unless good cause is shown that the requirement imposes an undue burden.

Section 14. Section 32-569, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

32-569 (1)(a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2) or (3) of this section or section 32-568, vacancies in city and village elected offices shall be filled by the mayor and council or board of trustees for the balance of the unexpired term. Notice of a vacancy, except a vacancy resulting from the death of the incumbent, shall be in writing and presented to the council or board of trustees at a regular or special meeting and shall appear as a part of the minutes of such meeting. The council or board of trustees shall at once give public notice of the vacancy by causing to be published in a newspaper of general circulation within the city or village or by posting in three public places in the city or village the office vacated and the length of the unexpired term.

(b) The mayor or chairperson of the board shall call a special meeting of the council or board of trustees or place the issue of filling such vacancy on the agenda at the next regular meeting at which time the mayor or chairperson shall submit the name of a qualified registered voter to fill the vacancy for the balance of the unexpired term. The regular or special meeting shall occur upon the death of the incumbent or within four weeks after the meeting at which such notice of vacancy has been presented. The council or board of trustees shall vote upon such nominee, and if a majority votes in favor of such nominee, the vacancy shall be declared filled. If the nominee fails to receive a
majority of the votes, the nomination shall be rejected and the mayor or
city commissioner or board of trustees shall continue to
to fill the vacancy after the date of the
council or board of trustees shall continue to
vote upon such nominations at such meeting until the vacancy is filled. The
mayor shall cast his or her vote for or against the nominee in the case of a
tie vote of the council. All council members and trustees present shall cast a
ballot for or against the nominee. Any member of the city council or board of
to fill a vacancy on the council or board shall have the same rights, including voting, as if such person were elected.

(3) If vacancies exist in the offices of one-half or more a majority of the
city council or village board, the Secretary of State shall
special city election to fill such vacancy.

Sec. 15. Section 32-607, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2014, is
amended to read:
32-607 All candidate filing forms shall contain the following statement: I
hereby swear that I will abide by the laws of the State of Nebraska regarding
results of the primary and general elections, that I am a registered voter and
qualified to be elected, and that I will serve if elected. Candidate filing
forms shall also contain the candidate's name; residence address; mailing
address if different from the residence address; telephone number; office
sought; and party affiliation if the office sought is a partisan office. Candidate
filing forms shall also contain the candidate's name; residence address; mailing
address if different from the residence address; telephone number; office
sought; and party affiliation if the office sought is a partisan office. Candidate
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address if different from the residence address; telephone number; office
sought; and party affiliation if the office sought is a partisan office.

(1) For candidates for national, state, or congressional office, directors
of public power and irrigation districts, directors of reclamation districts,
directors of natural resources districts, members of the boards of educational
service units, members of governing boards of community colleges, delegates to
national conventions, and other offices filled by election held in more than
one county and judges desiring retention, in the office of the Secretary of
State;

(2) For officers elected within a county, in the office of the election
commissioner or county clerk. If the candidate is not a resident of the county,
the candidate shall submit a certificate of registration obtained under section
32-316 with the candidate filing form;

(3) For officers in school districts which include land in adjoining
counties, in the office of the election commissioner or county clerk of the
county in which the greatest number of registered voters entitled to vote for
the officers resides. If the candidate is not a resident of the county,
the candidate shall submit a certificate of registration obtained under section
32-316 with the candidate filing form;

(4) For city or village officers, in the office of the election
commissioner or county clerk.

Sec. 16. Section 32-612, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended
to read:
32-612 (1) A change of political party affiliation by a registered voter
so as to affiliate with the political party named in the candidate filing form
or in an affidavit as a write-in candidate pursuant to section 32-615 after the
first Friday in December prior to the statewide primary election shall not be
effective to meet the requirements of section 32-610 or 32-611 or subsection
(4) of this section, except that any person may change his or her political
party affiliation after the first Friday in December prior to the statewide
primary election to become a candidate of a new political party which has
successfully completed the petition process required by section 32-716.

(2) No registered voter, candidate, or proposed candidate shall swear
falsely as to political party affiliation or shall swear that he or she
affiliates with two or more political parties. Any candidate who swears falsely
as to political party affiliation or swears that he or she affiliates with two or
more political parties shall not be the candidate of such party and shall not
be assumed to assume the office for which he or she filed even if he or she
receives a majority or plurality of the votes therefor at the following
general election.

(3) The name of a candidate shall not appear printed on more than one
political party ballot. A candidate who is the nominee of a registered voter
of one political party shall not accept the nomination of another political party.

(4) If the candidate is not a registered voter of that political party unless the political party allows candidates not
affiliated with the party by not adopting a rule under section 32-762.

Sec. 17. Section 32-615, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2014, is
amended to read:
32-615 (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2) of this section,
any candidate engaged in or pursuing a write-in campaign shall file a notarized
affidavit of his or her intent together with the receipt for any filing fee
with the filing officer as provided in section 32-608 no earlier than December
1 and no later than the second Friday in December prior to the election.

(2) For any county office elected pursuant to sections 32-517 to 32-529
which is subject to subdivision (1)(b) of section 32-811, a candidate may

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engage in or pursue a write-in campaign if he or she files a notarized affidavit of his or her intent together with the receipt for the filing fee with the filing officer as provided in section 32-608 on or before March 3 of the year of the statewide primary election. If such an affidavit is filed as prescribed, the election commissioner or county clerk shall place that county office on the statewide primary election ballot with the names of the candidate properly filed for the nomination of the applicable political party and a line for write-in candidates.

(3) A candidate submitting an affidavit under this section for a partisan office shall be a registered voter of the political party named in the affidavit unless the political party allows candidates not affiliated with the party by not adopting a rule under section 32-702.

A candidate who has been defeated as a candidate in the primary election or defeated as a write-in candidate in the primary election shall not be eligible as a write-in candidate for the same office in the general election unless (a) a vacancy on the ballot exists pursuant to section 32-625 or (b) the candidate was a candidate for an office described in sections 32-512 to 32-550 and the candidate lost the election as a result of a determination pursuant to section 32-520 in the case of a write-in vote.

(5) A candidate who files a notarized affidavit shall be entitled to all write-in votes for the candidate even if only the last name of the candidate has been written if such last name is reasonably close to the proper spelling.

Sec. 18. Section 32-710, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2014, is amended to read:

32-710 Each political party shall hold a state postprimary convention biennially on a date to be fixed by the state central committee but not later than September 1. Candidates for elective offices may be nominated at such conventions pursuant to section 32-627 or 32-721. Such nominations shall be certified by the chairperson of the state central committee or postprimary convention. The certificates shall have the same force and effect as nominations in primary elections. A political party may not nominate a candidate at the convention for an office for which the party did not nominate a candidate at the primary election except as provided for new political parties. The convention shall formulate and promulgate a state platform, select a state central committee, select electors for President and Vice President of the United States, and transact the business which is properly before it. One presidential elector shall be chosen from each congressional district, and two presidential electors shall be chosen at large. The officers of the convention shall certify the names of the electors to the Governor and Secretary of State.

Sec. 19. Section 32-813, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

32-813 (1) The names of all candidates and all proposals to be voted upon at the general election shall be arranged upon the ballot in parts separated from each other by bold lines in the order the offices and proposals are set forth in this section. If any office is not subject to the upcoming election, the office shall be omitted from the ballot and the remaining offices shall move up so that the same relative order is preserved. The order of any offices may be altered to allow for the best utilization of ballot space in order to avoid printing a second ballot when one ballot would be sufficient if an optical-scan ballot is used. All proposals on the ballot submitted by a political subdivision shall remain separate from the offices, and the proposals shall follow all offices on the ballot submitted by a political subdivision.

(2)(a) If the election is in a year in which a President of the United States is to be elected, the names and spaces for voting for candidates for President and Vice President shall be entitled Presidential Ticket in boldface type.

(b) The names of candidates for President and Vice President for each political party shall be grouped together, and each group shall be enclosed with brackets with the political party name next to the brackets and one square or oval opposite the names in which the voter indicates his or her choice.

(c) The names of candidates for President and Vice President who have successfully petitioned on the ballot for the general election shall be grouped together with the candidates appearing on the same petition being grouped together, enclosed with brackets with the words "By Petition" next to the brackets and one square or oval opposite the names in which the voter indicates his or her choice.

(d) Beneath the names of the candidates for President and Vice President certified by the officers of the national political party conventions pursuant to section 32-712 and beneath the names of all candidates for President and Vice President placed on the general election ballot by petition, two write-in lines shall be provided in which the voter may fill in the names of the candidates of his or her choice. The lines shall be enclosed with brackets with one square or oval opposite the names in which the voter indicates his or her choice. The name appearing on the top line shall be considered to be the candidate, and the name appearing on the second line shall be considered to be the candidate for Vice President.

(3) The names and spaces for voting for candidates for United States Senator if any are to be elected shall be entitled United States Senatorial Ticket in boldface type.

(4) The names and spaces for voting for candidates for Representatives in Congress shall be entitled Congressional Ticket in boldface type. Above the candidates' names, the office shall be designated For Representative in
The candidates shall be designated the office for which they are candidates, arranged in the order prescribed by the Secretary of State. The candidates for Governor of each political party receiving the highest number of votes in the primary election shall be grouped together with the candidates appearing on the same petition being grouped together. Each group shall be enclosed with brackets with the political party name next to the brackets and one square or oval opposite the names in which the voter indicates his or her choice for Governor and Lieutenant Governor jointly. The candidates for Governor and Lieutenant Governor who have successfully petitioned on the general election ballot shall be grouped together with the candidates appearing on the same petition being grouped together. Each group shall be enclosed with brackets with the words "By Petition" next to the brackets and one square or oval opposite the names in which the voter indicates his or her choice for Governor and Lieutenant Governor jointly. Beneath the names of the candidates for Governor nominated at a primary election by political party and their respective candidates for Lieutenant Governor and beneath the names of all candidates for Governor and Lieutenant Governor placed on the general election ballot by petition, one write-in line shall be provided in which the registered voter may fill in the name of the candidate for Governor of his or her choice and one square or oval opposite the line in which the voter indicates his or her choice for Governor.

The names and spaces for voting for nonpartisan candidates shall be entitled Nonpartisan Ticket in boldface type. The names of all nonpartisan candidates shall appear in the order listed in this subsection, except that when using an optical-scan ballot, the order of offices may be altered to allow for the best utilization of ballot space to avoid printing a second ballot when one would be sufficient:

(a) Legislature;
(b) State Board of Education;
(c) Board of Regents of the University of Nebraska;
(d) Chief Justice of the Supreme Court;
(e) Judge of the Supreme Court;
(f) Judge of the Court of Appeals;
(g) Judge of the Nebraska Workers' Compensation Court;
(h) Judge of the District Court;
(i) Judge of the Separate Juvenile Court;
(j) Judge of the County Court; and
(k) County officers in the order prescribed by the election commissioner or county clerk.

The names and spaces for voting for the various county offices and for measures submitted to the county vote only or in only a part of the county shall be entitled County Ticket in boldface type. If the election commissioner or county clerk deems it advisable, the measures may be submitted on a separate ballot if using a paper ballot or on either side of an optical-scan ballot if the ballot is placed in a ballot envelope or sleeve before being deposited in a ballot box.

The candidates for office in the precinct only or in the city or village only shall be printed on the ballot, except that if the election commissioner or county clerk deems it advisable, candidates for these offices may be submitted on a separate ballot if using a paper ballot or on either side of an optical-scan ballot if the ballot is placed in a ballot envelope or sleeve before being deposited in a ballot box.

All proposals submitted by initiative or referendum and proposals for constitutional amendments shall be placed on a separate ballot when a paper ballot is used which requires that the ballot after being voted be folded and placed in a ballot box. When an optical-scan ballot is used which requires a ballot envelope or sleeve in which the ballot after being voted is placed before being deposited in a ballot box, initiative or referendum proposals and proposals for constitutional amendments may be placed on either side of the ballot, shall be separated by a bold line, and shall follow all other offices placed on the same side of the ballot. Initiative or referendum and constitutional amendments so arranged shall constitute a separate ballot. Proposals for constitutional amendments proposed by the Legislature shall be placed on the ballot as provided in sections 49-201 to 49-211.

Sec. 20. Section 32-941, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2014, is amended to read:

32-941 Any registered voter permitted to vote early pursuant to section 32-938 may, not more than one hundred twenty days before any election and not later than 4 p.m. on the Wednesday preceding the election, request a ballot for the election to be mailed to a specific address. A registered voter shall request a ballot in writing to the election commissioner or county clerk in the county where the registered voter has established his or her home and shall indicate his or her residence address, the address to which the ballot is to be mailed if different, and his or her political party, telephone number if available, and precinct if known. The registered voter may use the form published by the election commissioner or county clerk pursuant to section 32-908. The registered voter shall sign the request. A registered voter may use a facsimile machine or electronic mail for the submission of a request for a ballot. The election commissioner or county clerk shall include a registration

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application with the ballots if the person is not registered. Registration applications shall not be mailed after the third Friday preceding the election. If a person registers to vote, the registration application shall be returned not later than the closing of the polls on the day of the election. No ballot issued under this section shall be counted unless such registration application is properly completed and processed.

Sec. 21. Section 32-942, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2014, is amended to read:

32-942 (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2) of this section, a registered voter of this state who anticipates being absent from the county of his or her residence on the day of any election may appear in person before the election commissioner or county clerk not more than thirty days prior to the day of election and obtain his or her ballot. The registered voter shall vote the ballot in the office of the election commissioner or county clerk or shall return the ballot to the office not later than the closing of the polls on the day of the election. A registered voter who is present in the county on the day of the election and who chooses to vote on the day of the election shall vote at the polling place assigned to the precinct in which he or she resides unless he or she is returning a ballot for early voting or voting pursuant to section 32-943.

(2) If a person registers to vote and requests a ballot at the same time under this section, he or she shall (a) present one of the address confirmation documents as prescribed in subdivision (1)(a) of section 32-318.03, (ii) present proof that he or she is a member of the armed forces of the United States who by reason of active duty has been absent from his or her place of residence where the member is otherwise eligible to vote, is a member of the United States Merchant Marine who by reason of service has been away from his or her place of residence where the member is otherwise eligible to vote, or dependent of a member of the armed forces of the United States or United States Merchant Marine who has been absent from his or her place of residence due to the service of that member, or resides outside the United States and but for such residence would be qualified to vote in the state if the state was the last place in which the person was domiciled before leaving (i) the State of Nebraska, or (ii) state that he or she is elderly or handicapped and has requested to vote by alternative means other than by casting a ballot at his or her polling place on election day or (b) vote a ballot which is placed in an envelope with the voter's name and address and other necessary identifying information and kept securely for counting as provided in this subsection. This subsection does not extend the deadline for voter registration specified in section 32-362. A ballot cast pursuant to subdivision (b) of this subsection shall be rejected and shall not be counted if the acknowledgment of registration sent to the registrant pursuant to section 32-322 is returned as undeliverable for a reason other than clerical error within ten days after it is mailed, otherwise after such ten-day period, the ballot shall be counted.

(3) This section applies only to a person who appears in person to obtain a ballot as provided in subsection (1) of this section and does not apply to a ballot mailed to a voter pursuant to section 32-945.

Sec. 22. Section 32-947, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2014, is amended to read:

32-947 (1) Upon receipt of an application or other request for a ballot to vote early, the election commissioner or county clerk shall determine whether the applicant is a registered voter and is entitled to vote as requested. If the election commissioner or county clerk determines that the applicant is a registered voter entitled to vote early and the application was received at or before 4 p.m. on the Wednesday preceding the election, the election commissioner or county clerk shall deliver a ballot to the applicant in person or by mail, postage paid. The election commissioner or county clerk shall attach a reasonable fee to the application with the ballots if the person is not registered. Registration applications shall not be mailed after the third Friday preceding the election. If a person registers to vote, the registration application shall be returned not later than the closing of the polls on the day of the election. No ballot issued under this section shall be counted unless such registration application is properly completed and processed.

(2) An unsealed identification envelope shall be delivered with the ballot, and upon the back of the envelope shall be printed a form substantially as follows:

VOTER'S OATH

I, the undersigned voter, declare that the enclosed ballot or ballots contained no voting marks of any kind when I received them, and I caused the ballot or ballots to be marked, enclosed in the identification envelope, and sealed in such envelope.

To the best of my knowledge and belief, I declare under penalty of election falsification that:

(a) I, .................., am a registered voter in ................. County;

(b) I reside in the State of Nebraska at ..................;

(c) I have voted the enclosed ballot and am returning it in compliance with Nebraska law; and

(d) I have not voted and will not vote in this election except by this ballot.

ANY PERSON WHO SIGNS THIS FORM KNOWING THAT ANY OF THE INFORMATION IN THE FORM IS FALSE SHALL BE GUILTY OF ELECTION FALSIFICATION, A CLASS IV FELONY UNDER SECTION 32-1502 OF THE STATUTES OF NEBRASKA. THE PENALTY FOR ELECTION FALSIFICATION IS IMPRISONMENT FOR UP TO FIVE YEARS OR A FINE NOT TO EXCEED TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS, OR BOTH.

I also understand that failure to sign below will invalidate my ballot.
amended to read:

(3) If the ballot and identification envelope will be returned by mail or by someone other than the voter, the election commissioner or county clerk shall include with the ballot an identification envelope upon the face of which shall be printed the official title and post office address of the election commissioner or county clerk.

(4) The election commissioner or county clerk shall also enclose with the ballot materials:

(a) A registration application, if the election commissioner or county clerk has determined that the applicant is not a registered voter pursuant to section 32-945, with instructions that failure to return the completed and signed application indicating the residence address as it appears on the voter’s request for a ballot to the election commissioner or county clerk by the close of the polls on election day will result in the ballot not being counted;

(b) A registration application and the oath pursuant to section 32-946, if the voter is without a residence address, with instructions that the residence address of the voter shall be deemed that of the office of the election commissioner or county clerk of the county of the voter’s prior residence and that failure to return the completed and signed application and oath to the election commissioner or county clerk by the close of the polls on election day will result in the ballot not being counted;

(5) The election commissioner or county clerk may enclose with the ballot materials:

(a) Written instructions directing the voter to submit a copy of an identification document pursuant to section 32-318.01 if the voter is required to present identification under such section and advising the voter that failure to submit identification to the election commissioner or county clerk by the close of the polls on election day will result in the ballot not being counted.

(b) Written instructions directing the voter to submit a copy of an identification document pursuant to section 32-318.01 if the voter is required to present identification under such section and advising the voter that failure to submit identification to the election commissioner or county clerk by the close of the polls on election day will result in the ballot not being counted.

(6) The election commissioner or county clerk has determined a date for the election which is not the same date as another election in which the registered voters of the political subdivision are eligible to vote; and

(7) The Secretary of State has approved a written plan for the conduct of the election, including a written timetable for the conduct of the election, submitted by the election commissioner or county clerk. The written plan shall include provisions for the notice of election to be published and for the application for ballots for early voting notwithstanding other statutory provisions regarding the content and publication of a notice of election or the application for ballots for early voting.

Sec. 24. Section 32-953, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2014, is amended to read:

32-953 (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2) of this section, the election commissioner or county clerk shall mail the official ballot to all registered voters of the political subdivision or the district or ward of the political subdivision at the addresses appearing on the voter registration register on the same day. The ballots shall be mailed by nonforwardable first-class mail not sooner than the twentieth day before the date set for the election; if mailed later than the tenth day before the date set for the election. The election commissioner or county clerk shall include with the ballot an unsealed identification envelope meeting the requirements of subsection (2) of section 32-947 and instructions sufficient to describe the voting process.

(2) The election commissioner or county clerk may choose not to mail a ballot to all registered voters who have been sent a notice pursuant to section 32-329 and failed to respond to the notice. If the election commissioner or county clerk chooses not to mail a ballot to such voters, he or she shall mail
a notice to all such registered voters explaining how to obtain a ballot and stating the applicable deadlines.

Sec. 25. Section 32-1032, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
32-1032 Upon the completion of the canvass by the county canvassing board, all books shall again be sealed, and the election commissioner or county clerk shall keep all election materials, including the ballots-cast containers and any other materials used in the conduct of elections and certification of results, the precinct sign-in register, the sealed envelopes containing the precinct list of registered voters, the precinct sign-in register, the official summary or summaries of votes cast, and the container for early voting materials, for not less than twenty-two months when statewide primary, general, or special elections involve federal offices, candidates, and issues and not less than thirty days for local elections not held in conjunction with a statewide primary, general, or special election. The election commissioner or county clerk shall keep on file one copy of each ballot face used in each precinct of the official partisan, nonpartisan, constitutional amendment, and initiative and referendum ballots, as used for voting, and all election notices used at each primary and general election for twenty-two months. The precinct sign-in register, the record of each early voter, the official summary of votes cast, and the container for early voting materials, for not less than twenty-two months when statewide primary, general, or special election. The election commissioner or county clerk shall not allow any other election materials to be inspected, including ballots and provisional ballot envelopes, except when an election is contested or the materials become necessary to be used in evidence in the courts. The election commissioner or county clerk shall direct the destruction of such materials after such time, except that the election commissioner or county clerk may retain materials for the purposes of establishing voter histories.

Sec. 26. Section 32-1037, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
32-1037 There shall be a board of state canvassers consisting of the Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor of Public Accounts, State Treasurer, and Attorney General. The board of state canvassers shall meet at the office of the Secretary of State or such other location within the State Capitol as designated by the Secretary of State on the Fourth Monday after each statewide primary and general election for the sole purpose of canvassing the votes cast for all officers and issues certified to the election commissioner or county clerk by the Secretary of State. The board of state canvassers may adjourn from day to day until all returns are received and all votes are tabulated. The Governor on the advice of the Secretary of State or the Attorney General may call an extraordinary session of the board of state canvassers. The board of state canvassers to canvass the votes is ministerial in nature.

Sec. 27. Section 32-1203, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2014, is amended to read:
32-1203 (1) Each city, village, school district, public power district, sanitary and improvement district, metropolitan utilities district, fire district, natural resources district, community college area, learning community coordinating council, educational service unit, hospital district, reclamation district, and library board shall pay for the costs of nominating and electing its officers as provided in subsection (2), (3), or (4) of this section, and shall pay for the cost of preparing and printing all ballot materials necessary for the conduct of elections, and certification of results, the precinct sign-in register, the record of each early voter, the official summary of votes cast, and the container for early voting materials, for not less than twenty-two months when statewide primary, general, or special election. The precinct sign-in register, the record of each early voter, the official summary of votes cast, and the container for early voting materials, for not less than twenty-two months when statewide primary, general, or special election. The election commissioner or county clerk shall not allow any other election materials to be inspected, including ballots and provisional ballot envelopes, except when an election is contested or the materials become necessary to be used in evidence in the courts. The election commissioner or county clerk shall direct the destruction of such materials after such time, except that the election commissioner or county clerk may retain materials for the purposes of establishing voter histories.

(2) The charge for each primary and general election shall be determined by (a) ascertaining the total cost of all chargeable costs as described in subsection 32-1202, (b) dividing the total cost by the number of precincts participating in the election to fix the cost per precinct, (c) prorating the cost per precinct by the inked ballot inch in each precinct for each political subdivision, and (d) totaling the cost for each precinct for each political subdivision, except that the minimum charge for each primary and general election of a political subdivision shall be one hundred fifty dollars. See Sec. 26. Section 32-1037, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
32-1037 There shall be a board of state canvassers consisting of the Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor of Public Accounts, State Treasurer, and Attorney General. The board of state canvassers shall meet at the office of the Secretary of State or such other location within the State Capitol as designated by the Secretary of State on the Fourth Monday after each statewide primary and general election for the sole purpose of canvassing the votes cast for all officers and issues certified to the election commissioner or county clerk by the Secretary of State. The board of state canvassers may adjourn from day to day until all returns are received and all votes are tabulated. The Governor on the advice of the Secretary of State or the Attorney General may call an extraordinary session of the board of state canvassers. The board of state canvassers to canvass the votes is ministerial in nature.

(3) In lieu of the charge determined pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, the election commissioner or county clerk may charge public power districts the fee for election costs set by section 70-610.

(4) In lieu of the charge determined pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, the election commissioner or county clerk may bill school districts directly for the costs of a recanvass held under section 70-783.01.

Sec. 28. Section 32-1308, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
32-1308 (1) If a majority of the votes cast at a recall election are against the removal of the official named on the ballot or the election results in a tie, the official shall continue in office for the remainder of his or her term but may be subject to further recall attempts as provided in section 13-1039.

(2) If a majority of the votes cast at a recall election are for the removal of the official named on the ballot, he or she shall, regardless of any technical defects in the recall petition, be deemed removed from office unless a recount is ordered. If the official is deemed removed, the removal shall result in a vacancy in the office which shall be filled as provided in this
section and sections 32-567 to 32-570 and section 13 of this act.

(3) If the election results show a margin of votes equal to one percent or less between the removal or retention of the official or telltale given by the Secretary of State, election commissioner, or county clerk shall order a recount of the votes cast unless the official named on the ballot files a written statement with the filing clerk that he or she does not want a recount.

(4) If there are vacancies in the offices of one-half a majority or more of the members of any governing body at one time due to the recall of such members, a special election to fill such vacancies shall be conducted as expeditiously as possible by the Secretary of State, election commissioner, or county clerk.

(5) No official who is removed at a recall election or who resigns after the initiation of the recall process shall be appointed to fill the vacancy resulting from his or her removal or the removal of any other member of the same governing body during the remainder of his or her term of office.

Sec. 29. Section 60-4,144, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2014, is amended to read:

64-4,144 (1) An applicant for issuance of any original or renewal commercial driver’s license or an applicant for a change of class of commercial motor vehicle, endorsement, or restriction shall demonstrate his or her knowledge and skills for operating a commercial motor vehicle as prescribed in the Motor Vehicle Operator’s License Act. An applicant for a commercial driver’s license shall provide the information and documentation required by this section and section 60-4,144.01. Such information and documentation shall include any additional information required by 49 C.F.R. parts 383 and 391 and also include:

(a) Certification that the commercial motor vehicle in which the applicant takes any driving skills examination is representative of the class of commercial motor vehicle the applicant operates or expects to operate;

(b) The names of all states where the applicant has been licensed to operate any type of motor vehicle in the ten years prior to the date of application.

(2)(a) Before being issued a CLP-commercial learner’s permit or commercial driver’s license, the applicant shall provide (i) his or her full legal name, date of birth, mailing address, gender, race or ethnicity, and social security number, (ii) two forms of proof of address of his or her principal residence unless the applicant is a program participant under the Address Confidentiality Act, except that a nondomiciled applicant for a CLP-commercial learner’s permit or nondomiciled commercial driver’s license holder does not have to provide proof of address in Nebraska, (iii) evidence of identity as required by this section, and (iv) a brief physical description of himself or herself.

(b) The applicant’s social security number shall not be printed on the CLP-commercial learner’s permit or commercial driver’s license and shall be used only (i) to furnish information to the United States Selective Service System under section 60-483, (ii) with the permission of the director in connection with the certification of the status of an individual’s driving record in this state or any other state, (iii) for purposes of child support enforcement pursuant to section 42-358.08 or 43-512.06, (iv) to furnish information regarding an applicant for or holder of a commercial driver’s license or endorsement to the Transportation Security Administration of the United States Department of Homeland Security or its agent, or (v) to furnish information to the Department of Revenue under section 77-362.02, or (vi) to furnish information to the Secretary of State for purposes of the Election Act.

(c) No person shall be a holder of a CLP-commercial learner’s permit or commercial driver’s license and a state identification card at the same time.

(3) Before being issued a CLP-commercial learner’s permit or commercial driver’s license, an applicant, except a nondomiciled applicant, shall provide proof that this state is his or her state of residence. Acceptable proof of residence is a document with the person’s name and residential address within this state.

(4)(a) Before being issued a CLP-commercial learner’s permit or commercial driver’s license, an applicant shall provide proof of identity:

(i) A valid, unexpired United States passport;

(ii) A certified copy of a birth certificate filed with a state office of vital statistics or equivalent agency in the individual’s state of birth;

(iii) A Consular Report of Birth Abroad issued by the United States Department of State;

(iv) A valid, unexpired permanent resident card issued by the United States Department of Homeland Security or United States Citizenship and Immigration Services;

(v) An unexpired employment authorization document issued by the United States Department of Homeland Security;

(vi) An unexpired foreign passport with a valid, unexpired United States visa and a properly approved form documenting the applicant’s most recent admittance into the United States;

(vii) A Certificate of Naturalization issued by the United States Department of Homeland Security;


(ix) A driver’s license or identification card issued in compliance with the standards established by the REAL ID Act of 2005, Public Law 109-13,
(x) Such other documents as the director may approve.

If an applicant presents one of the documents listed under subdivision (b)(i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), or (viii) of this subsection, the verification of the applicant's identity will also provide satisfactory evidence of lawful status.

(d) If the applicant presents one of the identity documents listed under subdivision (b)(v), (vi), or (ix) of this subsection, the verification of the identity documents does not provide satisfactory evidence of lawful status. The applicant must also present a second document from subdivision (a)(b) of this section, a document from subsection (5) of this section, or documentation issued by the United States Department of Homeland Security or other federal agencies demonstrating lawful status as determined by the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services.

(e) An applicant may present other documents as designated by the director as proof of identity. Any documents accepted shall be recorded according to a written exceptions process established by the director.

(f) The following are acceptable as proof of citizenship or lawful status:

(i) A valid, unexpired United States passport;

(ii) A certified copy of a birth certificate filed with a state office of vital statistics or equivalent agency in the individual's state of birth, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, or the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands;

(iii) A Consular Report of Birth Abroad issued by the United States Department of State;

(iv) A Certificate of Naturalization issued by the United States Department of Homeland Security;

(v) A Certificate of Citizenship issued by the United States Department of Homeland Security; or


An applicant may present other documents as designated by the director as proof of lawful status. Any documents accepted shall be recorded according to a written exceptions process established by the director.

(7)(a) An applicant shall obtain a nondomiciled CLP-commercial driver's permit or nondomiciled CLP-commercial learner's permit:

(i) If the applicant is domiciled in a foreign jurisdiction and the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administrator has not determined that the commercial motor vehicle operator testing and licensing standards of that jurisdiction meet the standards contained in subparts G and H of 49 C.F.R. part 383; or

(ii) If the applicant is domiciled in a state that is prohibited from issuing commercial learners permits and commercial drivers' licenses in accordance with 49 C.F.R. 383.405. Such person is eligible to obtain a nondomiciled CLP-commercial learner's permit or nondomiciled commercial driver's license from Nebraska that complies with the testing and licensing standards contained in subparts F, G, and H of 49 C.F.R. part 383.

(b) An applicant for a nondomiciled CLP-commercial learner's permit and nondomiciled commercial driver's license must do the following:

(i) Complete the requirements to obtain a CLP-commercial learner's permit or a commercial driver's license under the Motor Vehicle Operator's License Act, except that an applicant domiciled in a foreign jurisdiction must provide an unexpired employment authorization document issued by the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services or an unexpired foreign passport accompanied by an approved I-94 form documenting the applicant's most recent admittance into the United States. No proof of domicile is required;

(ii) After receipt of the nondomiciled CLP-commercial learner's permit or nondomiciled commercial driver's license and, for as long as the permit or license remains in effect, notify the Department of Motor Vehicles of any adverse action taken by any jurisdiction or governmental agency, foreign or domestic, against his or her driving privileges. Such adverse actions include, but are not limited to, license disqualification or disqualification from operating a commercial motor vehicle for the convictions described in 49 C.F.R. 383.51. Notifications must be made within the time periods specified in 49 C.F.R. 383.32; and

(iii) Provide a mailing address to the Department of Motor Vehicles. If the applicant is applying for a foreign nondomiciled CLP-commercial learner's permit or foreign nondomiciled commercial driver's license, he or she must provide a Nebraska mailing address and his or her employer's mailing address to the Department of Motor Vehicles.

(c) An applicant for a nondomiciled CLP-commercial learner's permit or nondomiciled commercial driver's license is not required to surrender his or her foreign license.

(b) Any person applying for a CLP-commercial learner's permit or commercial driver's license must answer the following:

(a) Do you wish to register to vote as part of this application process?

(b) Do you wish to have the word "veteran" displayed on the front of your
operator's license to show that you served in the armed forces of the United States? (To be eligible you must register with the Nebraska Department of Veterans' Affairs registry.)

OPTIONAL - YOU ARE NOT REQUIRED TO ANSWER ANY OF THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS:

(c) Do you wish to be an organ and tissue donor?
(d) Do you wish to receive any additional specific information regarding organ and tissue donation and the Donor Registry of Nebraska?
(e) Do you wish to donate $1 to promote the Organ and Tissue Donor Awareness and Education Fund?

(g) Any person applying for a CLP-commercial learner's permit or commercial driver's license must make one of the certifications in section 60-4,144.01 and any certification required under section 60-4,146 and must provide such certifications to the Department of Motor Vehicles in order to be issued a CLP-commercial learner's permit or a commercial driver's license.

(h) Every person who holds any commercial driver's license must provide to the department medical certification as required by section 60-4,144.01. The department may provide notice and prescribe medical certification compliance requirements for all holders of commercial drivers' licenses. Holders of commercial drivers' licenses who fail to meet the prescribed medical certification compliance requirements may be subject to downgrade.

Sec. 30. Section 81-2901, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

81-2901 Every state civil office filled by appointment shall be vacant upon the happening of any one of the events listed in section 32-560 except as provided in section 32-561. The resignation of the incumbent of such a civil office may be made as provided in section 32-562. Vacancies in such a civil office shall be filled as provided in section 32-567 and section 13 of this act and shall be subject to section 32-563.

Sec. 31. Sections 9, 29, 31, 32, and 34 of this act become operative on their effective date. The other sections of this act become operative three calendar months after the adjournment of this legislative session.

Sec. 32. Original sections 32-304 and 60-4,144, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2014, are repealed.


Sec. 34. Since an emergency exists, this act takes effect when passed and approved according to law.