LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA ONE HUNDRED FOURTH LEGISLATURE FIRST SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 238

Introduced by Groene, 42. Read first time January 14, 2015 Committee: Urban Affairs

1	A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to the Community Development Law; to amend
2	sections 18-2107, 18-2116, and 18-2117.01, Reissue Revised Statutes
3	of Nebraska, and sections 18-2103 and 18-2147, Revised Statutes
4	Cumulative Supplement, 2014; to define a term; to change provisions
5	relating to tax-increment financing; to harmonize provisions; to
6	provide an operative date; and to repeal the original sections.
7	Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

Section 1. Section 18-2103, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
 2014, is amended to read:

3 18-2103 For purposes of the Community Development Law, unless the4 context otherwise requires:

5 (1) An authority means any community redevelopment authority created 6 pursuant to section 18-2102.01 and a city or village which has created a 7 community development agency pursuant to the provisions of section 8 18-2101.01 and does not include a limited community redevelopment 9 authority;

10 (2) Limited community redevelopment authority means a community
 11 redevelopment authority created pursuant to section 18-2102.01 having
 12 only one single specific limited pilot project authorized;

13 (3) City means any city or incorporated village in the state;

(4) Public body means the state or any municipality, county,
township, board, commission, authority, district, or other political
subdivision or public body of the state;

17 (5) Governing body or local governing body means the city council,
18 board of trustees, or other legislative body charged with governing the
19 municipality;

20 (6) Mayor means the mayor of the city or chairperson of the board of
21 trustees of the village;

22 (7) Clerk means the clerk of the city or village;

(8) Federal government means the United States of America, or any
agency or instrumentality, corporate or otherwise, of the United States
of America;

(9) Area of operation means and includes the area within the
corporate limits of the city and such land outside the city as may come
within the purview of sections 18-2123 and 18-2123.01;

(10) Substandard areas means an area in which there is a
 predominance of buildings or improvements, whether nonresidential or
 residential in character, which, by reason of dilapidation,

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1 deterioration, age or obsolescence, inadequate provision for ventilation, 2 light, air, sanitation, or open spaces, high density of population and overcrowding, or the existence of conditions which endanger life or 3 4 property by fire and other causes, or any combination of such factors, is conducive to ill health, transmission of disease, infant mortality, 5 juvenile delinquency, and crime, (which cannot be remedied through 6 construction of prisons), and is detrimental to the public health, 7 safety, morals, or welfare; 8

9 (11) Blighted area means an area, which (a) by reason of the presence of a substantial number of deteriorated or deteriorating 10 structures, existence of defective or inadequate street layout, faulty 11 lot layout in relation to size, adequacy, accessibility, or usefulness, 12 insanitary or unsafe conditions, deterioration of site or other 13 14 improvements, diversity of ownership, tax or special assessment delinquency exceeding the fair value of the land, defective or unusual 15 16 conditions of title, improper subdivision or obsolete platting, or the existence of conditions which endanger life or property by fire and other 17 causes, or any combination of such factors, substantially impairs or 18 arrests the sound growth of the community, retards the provision of 19 housing accommodations, or constitutes an economic or social liability 20 and is detrimental to the public health, safety, morals, or welfare in 21 its present condition and use and (b) in which there is at least one of 22 23 the following conditions: (i) Unemployment in the designated area is at 24 least one hundred twenty percent of the state or national average; (ii) 25 the average age of the residential or commercial units in the area is at least forty years; (iii) more than half of the plotted and subdivided 26 property in an area is unimproved land that has been within the city for 27 28 forty years and has remained unimproved during that time; (iv) the per capita income of the area is lower than the average per capita income of 29 the city or village in which the area is designated; or (v) the area has 30 had either stable or decreasing population based on the last two 31

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1 decennial censuses. In no event shall a city of the metropolitan, 2 primary, or first class designate more than thirty-five percent of the city as blighted, a city of the second class shall not designate an area 3 4 larger than fifty percent of the city as blighted, and a village shall 5 not designate an area larger than one hundred percent of the village as blighted. A redevelopment project involving a formerly used defense site 6 7 as authorized under section 18-2123.01 shall not count towards the 8 percentage limitations contained in this subdivision;

9 (12) Redevelopment project means any work or undertaking in one or more community redevelopment areas: (a) To acquire substandard and 10 blighted areas or portions thereof, including lands, structures, 11 or improvements the acquisition of which is necessary or incidental to the 12 proper clearance, development, or redevelopment of such substandard and 13 14 blighted areas; (b) to clear any such areas by demolition or removal of existing buildings, structures, streets, utilities, or other improvements 15 16 thereon and to install, construct, or reconstruct streets, utilities, parks, playgrounds, public spaces, public parking facilities, sidewalks 17 or moving sidewalks, convention and civic centers, bus stop shelters, 18 19 lighting, benches or other similar furniture, trash receptacles, and pedestrian and vehicular 20 shelters, skywalks overpasses and underpasses, and any other necessary public improvements essential to the 21 preparation of sites for uses in accordance with a redevelopment plan; 22 23 (c) to sell, lease, or otherwise make available land in such areas for 24 residential, recreational, commercial, industrial, or other uses, 25 including parking or other facilities functionally related or subordinate to such uses, or for public use or to retain such land for public use, in 26 27 accordance with a redevelopment plan; and may also include the 28 preparation of the redevelopment plan, the planning, survey, and other work incident to a redevelopment project and the preparation of all plans 29 and arrangements for carrying out a redevelopment project; (d) to dispose 30 of all real and personal property or any interest in such property, or 31

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1 assets, cash, or other funds held or used in connection with residential, 2 recreational, commercial, industrial, or other uses, including parking or other facilities functionally related or subordinate to such uses, or any 3 4 public use specified in a redevelopment plan or project, except that such disposition shall be at its fair value for uses in accordance with the 5 redevelopment plan; (e) to acquire real property in a community 6 7 redevelopment area which, under the redevelopment plan, is to be repaired or rehabilitated for dwelling use or related facilities, repair or 8 9 rehabilitate the structures, and resell the property; and (f) to carry 10 out plans for а program of voluntary or compulsory repair, rehabilitation, or demolition of buildings or other improvements in 11 accordance with the redevelopment plan; 12

13 (13) Redevelopment plan means a plan, as it exists from time to time 14 for one or more community redevelopment areas, or for a redevelopment project, which (a) conforms to the general plan for the municipality as a 15 16 whole and (b) is sufficiently complete to indicate such land acquisition, 17 demolition and removal of structures, redevelopment, improvements, and rehabilitation as may be proposed to be carried out in the community 18 redevelopment area, zoning and planning changes, if any, land uses, 19 maximum densities, and building requirements; 20

(14) Redeveloper means any person, partnership, or public or private corporation or agency which enters or proposes to enter into a redevelopment contract;

(15) Redevelopment contract means a contract entered into between an
authority and a redeveloper for the redevelopment of an area in
conformity with a redevelopment plan;

(16) Real property means all lands, including improvements and fixtures thereon, and property of any nature appurtenant thereto, or used in connection therewith, and every estate, interest and right, legal or equitable, therein, including terms for years and liens by way of judgment, mortgage, or otherwise, and the indebtedness secured by such

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1 liens;

2 (17) Bonds means any bonds, including refunding bonds, notes,
3 interim certificates, debentures, or other obligations issued pursuant to
4 the Community Development Law except for bonds issued pursuant to section
5 18-2142.04;

6 (18) Obligee means any bondholder, agent, or trustee for any 7 bondholder, or lessor demising to any authority, established pursuant to 8 section 18-2102.01, property used in connection with a redevelopment 9 project, or any assignee or assignees of such lessor's interest or any 10 part thereof, and the federal government when it is a party to any 11 contract with such authority;

(19) Person means any individual, firm, partnership, limited
liability company, corporation, company, association, joint-stock
association, or body politic and includes any trustee, receiver,
assignee, or other similar representative thereof;

16 (20) Community redevelopment area means a substandard and blighted
17 area which the community redevelopment authority designates as
18 appropriate for a renewal project;

19 (21) Redevelopment project valuation means the valuation for 20 assessment of the taxable real property in a redevelopment project last 21 certified for the year prior to the effective date of the provision 22 authorized in section 18-2147;

(22) Enhanced employment area means an area not exceeding six
hundred acres (a) within a community redevelopment area which is
designated by an authority as eligible for the imposition of an
occupation tax or (b) not within a community redevelopment area as may be
designated under section 18-2142.04;

(23) Employee means a person employed at a business as a result of a
 redevelopment project;

30 (24) Employer-provided health benefit means any item paid for by the31 employer in total or in part that aids in the cost of health care

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services, including, but not limited to, health insurance, health savings
 accounts, and employer reimbursement of health care costs;

3 (25) Equivalent employees means the number of employees computed by
4 (a) dividing the total hours to be paid in a year by (b) the product of
5 forty times the number of weeks in a year;

6 (26) Business means any private business located in an enhanced7 employment area;

8 (27) New investment means the value of improvements to real estate 9 made in an enhanced employment area by a developer or a business;

10 (28) Number of new employees means the number of equivalent 11 employees that are employed at a business as a result of the 12 redevelopment project during a year that are in excess of the number of 13 equivalent employees during the year immediately prior to the year that a 14 redevelopment plan is adopted;—and

15 (29) Occupation tax means a tax imposed under section 18-2142.02;
16 and -

<u>(30) Public works means streets, roads, public utilities, other</u>
 public infrastructure, and other public facilities.

Sec. 2. Section 18-2107, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, isamended to read:

21 18-2107 An authority shall constitute a public body corporate and 22 politic, exercising public and essential governmental functions and 23 having all the powers necessary or convenient to carry out and effectuate 24 the purposes and provisions of the Community Development Law and sections 25 18-2147 to 18-2151, including the power:

(1) To sue and to be sued; to have a seal and to alter the same at
pleasure; to have perpetual succession; to make and execute contracts and
other instruments necessary or convenient to the exercise of the powers
of the authority; and to make and from time to time amend and repeal
bylaws, rules, and regulations not inconsistent with the Community
Development Law;

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1 (2) To prepare or cause to be prepared and recommend redevelopment 2 plans to the governing body of the city and to undertake and carry out 3 redevelopment projects within its area of operation;

4 (3) To arrange or contract for the furnishing or repair, by any 5 person or agency, public or private, of services, privileges, works, streets, roads, public utilities, or other public facilities for or in 6 connection with a redevelopment project; and, notwithstanding anything to 7 the contrary contained in the Community Development Law or any other 8 9 provision of law, to agree to any conditions that it may deem reasonable and appropriate attached to federal financial assistance and imposed 10 pursuant to federal law relating to the determination of prevailing 11 salaries or wages or compliance with labor standards, in the undertaking 12 13 or carrying out of a redevelopment project, and to include in any 14 contract let in connection with such a project provisions to fulfill such federally imposed conditions as it may deem reasonable and appropriate; 15

16 (4) Within its area of operation, to purchase, lease, obtain options 17 upon, or acquire by gift, grant, bequest, devise, eminent domain, or otherwise any real or personal property or any interest therein, together 18 with any improvements thereon, necessary or incidental to a redevelopment 19 20 project; to hold, improve, clear, or prepare for redevelopment any such property; to sell, lease for a term not exceeding ninety-nine years, 21 exchange, transfer, assign, subdivide, retain for its own use, mortgage, 22 pledge, hypothecate, or otherwise encumber or dispose of any real or 23 24 personal property or any interest therein; to enter into contracts with 25 redevelopers of property containing covenants, restrictions, and conditions regarding the use of such property for residential, 26 commercial, industrial, or recreational purposes or for public purposes 27 in accordance with the redevelopment plan and such other covenants, 28 restrictions, and conditions as the authority may deem necessary to 29 prevent a recurrence of substandard and blighted areas or to effectuate 30 the purposes of the Community Development Law; to make any of the 31

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covenants, restrictions, or conditions of the foregoing contracts 1 2 covenants running with the land and to provide appropriate remedies for any breach of any such covenants or conditions, including the right in 3 4 the authority to terminate such contracts and any interest in the 5 property created pursuant thereto; to borrow money, issue bonds, and provide security for loans or bonds; to establish a revolving loan fund; 6 7 to insure or provide for the insurance of any real or personal property or the operation of the authority against any risks or hazards, including 8 9 the power to pay premiums on any such insurance; to enter into any contracts necessary to effectuate the purposes of the 10 Community Development Law; and to provide grants, loans, or other means of 11 financing to public or private parties in order to accomplish the 12 13 rehabilitation or redevelopment in accordance with a redevelopment plan. 14 No statutory provision with respect to the acquisition, clearance, or disposition of property by other public bodies shall restrict 15 an 16 authority exercising powers hereunder, in such functions, unless the 17 Legislature shall specifically so state;

(5) To invest any funds held in reserves or sinking funds or any funds not required for immediate disbursement in property or securities in which savings banks or other banks may legally invest funds subject to their control; and to redeem its bonds at the redemption price established therein or to purchase its bonds at less than redemption price, and such bonds redeemed or purchased shall be canceled;

24 (6) To borrow money and to apply for and accept advances, loans, grants, contributions, and any other form of financial assistance from 25 the federal government, from the state, county, municipality, or other 26 public body, or from any sources, public or private, including charitable 27 28 funds, foundations, corporations, trusts, or bequests, for purposes of the Community Development Law, to give such security as may be required, 29 and to enter into and carry out contracts in connection therewith; and 30 notwithstanding any other provision of law, to include in any contract 31

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for financial assistance with the federal government for a redevelopment project such conditions imposed pursuant to federal law as the authority may deem reasonable and appropriate and which are not inconsistent with the purposes of the Community Development Law;

5 (7) Acting through one or more members of an authority or other persons designated by the authority, to conduct examinations and 6 investigations and to hear testimony and take proof under oath at public 7 or private hearings on any matter material for its information; to 8 9 administer oaths and to issue commissions for the examination of witnesses who are outside of the state or unable to attend before the 10 11 authority or excused from attendance; and to make available to appropriate agencies or public officials, including those charged with 12 the duty of abating or requiring the correction of nuisances or like 13 14 conditions, demolishing unsafe or insanitary structures, or eliminating conditions of blight within its area of operation, its findings and 15 recommendations with regard to any building or property where conditions 16 17 exist which are dangerous to the public health, safety, morals, or 18 welfare;

(8) Within its area of operation, to make or have made all surveys, appraisals, studies, and plans, but not including the preparation of a general plan for the community, necessary to the carrying out of the purposes of the Community Development Law and to contract or cooperate with any and all persons or agencies, public or private, in the making and carrying out of such surveys, appraisals, studies, and plans;

25 (9) To prepare plans and provide reasonable assistance for the relocation of families, business concerns, and others displaced from a 26 27 redevelopment project area to permit the carrying of out the 28 redevelopment project to the extent essential for acquiring possession of and clearing such area or parts thereof; and to make relocation payments 29 30 to or with respect to such persons for moving expenses and losses of property for which reimbursement or compensation is not otherwise made, 31

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1 including the making of such payments financed by the federal government;

2 (10) To make such expenditures as may be necessary to carry out the 3 purposes of the Community Development Law; and to make expenditures from 4 funds obtained from the federal government without regard to any other 5 laws pertaining to the making and approval of appropriations and 6 expenditures;

7 (11) To certify on or before September 20 of each year to the governing body of the city the amount of tax to be levied for the 8 succeeding fiscal year for community redevelopment purposes, not to 9 exceed two and six-tenths cents on each one hundred dollars upon the 10 taxable value of the taxable property in such city, which levy is subject 11 to allocation under section 77-3443 on and after July 1, 1998. The 12 13 governing body shall levy and collect the taxes so certified at the same 14 time and in the same manner as other city taxes are levied and collected, and the proceeds of such taxes, when due and as collected, shall be set 15 16 aside and deposited in the special account or accounts in which other revenue of the authority is deposited. Such proceeds shall be employed to 17 assist in the defraying of any expenses of redevelopment plans and 18 projects, including the payment of principal and interest on any bonds 19 issued to pay the costs of any such plans and projects; 20

(12) To exercise all or any part or combination of powers granted inthis section;

(13) To plan, undertake, and carry out neighborhood development programs consisting of redevelopment project undertakings and activities in one or more community redevelopment areas which are planned and carried out on the basis of annual increments in accordance with the Community Development Law and sections 18-2145 and 18-2146 for planning and carrying out redevelopment projects;

(14) To agree with the governing body of the city for the imposition
of an occupation tax for an enhanced employment area; and

31 (15) To demolish any structure determined by the governing body of

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1 the city to be unsafe or unfit for human occupancy in accordance with 2 section 18-1722.01.

3 Sec. 3. Section 18-2116, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
4 amended to read:

18-2116 (1) Following such hearing, the governing body may approve a 5 redevelopment plan if (a) it finds that the plan is feasible and in 6 conformity with the general plan for the development of the city as a 7 whole and the plan is in conformity with the legislative declarations and 8 9 determinations set forth in the Community Development Law and (b) it finds that, if the plan uses funds authorized in section 18-2147, (i) the 10 redevelopment project in the plan would not be economically feasible 11 without the use of tax-increment financing, (ii) the redevelopment 12 project would not occur in the community redevelopment area without the 13 use of tax-increment financing, and (iii) the costs and benefits of the 14 redevelopment project, including costs and benefits to other affected 15 16 political subdivisions, the economy of the community, and the demand for public and private services have been analyzed by the governing body and 17 have been found to be in the long-term best interest of the community 18 impacted by the redevelopment project, and (iv) the funds received from 19 the issuance of bonds or other indebtedness will only be used for 20 expenditures by the city for land acquisition and site preparation and on 21 22 public works.

23 (2) In connection with the approval of any redevelopment plan which 24 includes the designation of an enhanced employment area, the governing body may approve the redevelopment plan if it determines that any new 25 investment within such enhanced employment area will result in at least 26 (a) two new employees and new investment of one hundred twenty-five 27 28 thousand dollars in counties with fewer than fifteen thousand inhabitants, (b) five new employees and new investment of two hundred 29 fifty thousand dollars in counties with at least fifteen thousand 30 inhabitants but fewer than twenty-five thousand inhabitants, (c) ten new 31

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1 employees and new investment of five hundred thousand dollars in counties 2 with at least twenty-five thousand inhabitants but fewer than fifty thousand inhabitants, (d) fifteen new employees and new investment of one 3 million dollars in counties with at least fifty thousand inhabitants but 4 5 fewer than one hundred thousand inhabitants, (e) twenty new employees and new investment of one million five hundred thousand dollars in counties 6 with at least one hundred thousand inhabitants but fewer than two hundred 7 thousand inhabitants, (f) twenty-five new employees and new investment of 8 9 two million dollars in counties with at least two hundred thousand inhabitants but fewer than four hundred thousand inhabitants, or (g) 10 thirty new employees and new investment of three million dollars in 11 counties with at least four hundred thousand inhabitants. Any business 12 that has one hundred thirty-five thousand square feet or more and annual 13 gross sales of ten million dollars or more shall provide an employer-14 provided health benefit of at least three thousand dollars annually to 15 16 all new employees who are working thirty hours per week or more on average and have been employed at least six months. In making such 17 determination, the governing body may rely upon written undertakings 18 provided by any redeveloper in connection with application for approval 19 of the redevelopment plan. 20

21 Sec. 4. Section 18-2117.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 22 amended to read:

18-2117.01 (1) On or before December 1 each year, each city which has approved one or more redevelopment plans which are financed in whole or in part through the use of tax-increment financing as provided in section 18-2147 shall provide a report to the Property Tax Administrator on each such redevelopment plan which includes the following information:

(a) A copy of the redevelopment plan and any amendments thereto if
they have not been previously filed, including the date upon which the
redevelopment plan was approved, the effective date for dividing the ad
valorem tax as provided to the county assessor pursuant to subsection (3)

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of section 18-2147, and the location and boundaries of the property in
 the redevelopment project; and

3 (b) A short narrative description of the type of development 4 undertaken by the city or village with the financing and the type of 5 business or commercial activity locating within the redevelopment project 6 area as a result of the redevelopment project; and -

7 <u>(c) A certification by the city that the funds received from the</u> 8 <u>issuance of bonds or other indebtedness have only been used for</u> 9 <u>expenditures by the city for land acquisition and site preparation and on</u> 10 <u>public works.</u>

(2) The Property Tax Administrator shall compile a report for each 11 active redevelopment project, based upon information provided by the 12 13 cities pursuant to subsection (1) of this section and information reported by the county assessor or county clerk on the certificate of 14 taxes levied pursuant to section 77-1613.01. Each report shall be 15 16 electronically transmitted to the Clerk of the Legislature not later than 17 March 1 each year. The report may include any recommendations of the Property Tax Administrator as to what other information should be 18 19 included in the report from the cities so as to facilitate analysis of the uses, purposes, and effectiveness of tax-increment financing and the 20 process for its implementation or to streamline the reporting process 21 22 provided for in this section to eliminate unnecessary paperwork.

Sec. 5. Section 18-2147, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
24 2014, is amended to read:

18-2147 (1) Any redevelopment plan as originally approved or as later modified pursuant to section 18-2117 may contain a provision that any ad valorem tax levied upon real property, or any portion thereof, in a redevelopment project for the benefit of any public body shall be divided, for a period not to exceed fifteen years after the effective date as identified in the project redevelopment contract or in the resolution of the authority authorizing the issuance of bonds pursuant to

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2 (a) That portion of the ad valorem tax which is produced by the levy 3 at the rate fixed each year by or for each such public body upon the 4 redevelopment project valuation shall be paid into the funds of each such 5 public body in the same proportion as are all other taxes collected by or for the body. When there is not a redevelopment project valuation on a 6 parcel or parcels, the county assessor shall determine the redevelopment 7 8 project valuation based upon the fair market valuation of the parcel or 9 parcels as of January 1 of the year prior to the year that the ad valorem 10 taxes are to be divided. The county assessor shall provide written notice of the redevelopment project valuation to the authority as defined in 11 section 18-2103 and the owner. The authority or owner may protest the 12 valuation to the county board of equalization within thirty days after 13 the date of the valuation notice. All provisions of section 77-1502 14 except dates for filing of a protest, the period for hearing protests, 15 16 and the date for mailing notice of the county board of equalization's 17 decision are applicable to any protest filed pursuant to this section. The county board of equalization shall decide any protest filed pursuant 18 to this section within thirty days after the filing of the protest. The 19 county clerk shall mail a copy of the decision made by the county board 20 of equalization on protests pursuant to this section to the authority or 21 owner within seven days after the board's decision. Any decision of the 22 23 county board of equalization may be appealed to the Tax Equalization and 24 Review Commission, in accordance with section 77-5013, within thirty days 25 after the date of the decision;

(b) That portion of the ad valorem tax on real property, as provided in the redevelopment contract or bond resolution, in the redevelopment project in excess of such amount, if any, shall be allocated to and, when collected, paid into a special fund of the authority to be used solely to pay the principal of, the interest on, and any premiums due in connection with the bonds of, loans, notes, or advances of money to, or indebtedness

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incurred by, whether funded, refunded, assumed, or otherwise, 1 such authority for financing or refinancing, in whole or in part, the 2 redevelopment project. When such bonds, loans, notes, advances of money, 3 4 or indebtedness, including interest and premiums due, have been paid, the 5 authority shall so notify the county assessor and county treasurer and all ad valorem taxes upon taxable real property in such a redevelopment 6 project shall be paid into the funds of the respective public bodies; and 7 (c) Any interest and penalties due for delinquent taxes shall be 8 9 paid into the funds of each public body in the same proportion as are all other taxes collected by or for the public body. 10

11 (2) The effective date of a provision dividing ad valorem taxes as 12 provided in subsection (1) of this section shall not occur until such 13 time as the real property in the redevelopment project is within the 14 corporate boundaries of the city. This subsection shall not apply to a 15 redevelopment project involving a formerly used defense site as 16 authorized in section 18-2123.01.

(3) Beginning August 1, 2006, all notices of the provision for 17 dividing ad valorem taxes shall be sent by the authority to the county 18 assessor on forms prescribed by the Property Tax Administrator. The 19 notice shall be sent to the county assessor on or before August 1 of the 20 year of the effective date of the provision. Failure to satisfy the 21 notice requirement of this section shall result in the taxes, for all 22 23 taxable years affected by the failure to give notice of the effective 24 date of the provision, remaining undivided and being paid into the funds for each public body receiving property taxes generated by the property 25 the redevelopment project. However, the redevelopment project 26 in valuation for the remaining division of ad valorem taxes in accordance 27 28 with subdivisions (1)(a) and (b) of this section shall be the last certified valuation for the taxable year prior to the effective date of 29 the provision to divide the taxes for the remaining portion of the 30 fifteen-year period pursuant to subsection (1) of this section. 31

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1	(4) Notwithstanding any provision of the Community Development Law
2	to the contrary, (a) bonds that are issued and paid for through the use
3	of tax-increment financing shall not have an interest rate exceeding the
4	prime rate published by the Federal Reserve Board plus two percentage
5	<u>points, (b) such bonds must be sold at a public sale after notice</u>
6	published prior to such sale in a legal newspaper having general
7	circulation in the city where the redevelopment project is located or in
8	such other medium of publication as the authority may deem appropriate,
9	and (c) the proceeds from the issuance of such bonds shall only be used
10	for expenditures by the city for land acquisition and site preparation
11	and on public works.
12	Sec. 6. This act becomes operative on January 1, 2016.
13	Sec. 7. Original sections 18-2107, 18-2116, and 18-2117.01, Reissue
14	Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and sections 18-2103 and 18-2147, Revised

15 Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2014, are repealed.